



PROGRAMMABLE AC POWER SOURCE

DP-G Series

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

DA00027114-007

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Preface

Thank you for purchasing our Programmable AC Power Source DP-G Series.

For safe and correct use of the electrical product, please first read "Safety Precautions" on the next page.

- Alert symbols in this manual

This manual uses the following alert symbols. The instructions by these alert symbols shall be carefully obeyed to ensure equipment operator's safety and prevent damage to equipment.

 WARNING

Equipment handling could result in death or serious injury. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.

 CAUTION

Equipment handling could result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.

- This manual consists of the following chapters.

If it is the first time for you to use this product, start with "1. Outline."

1. **Outline:** Explains the overview, configuration, and features of this product.
2. **Preparation before Use:** Explains the preparations carried out before installation or operation.
3. **Basic operation:** Explains the component names and basic operations.
4. **Advanced Operation:** Explains the operations more extensively.
5. **Description of Screen and Menu:** Explains the screen configuration and menu composition.
6. **Remote Control:** Explains the remote control via communication interface.
7. **Options:** Explains the available options.
8. **Troubleshooting:** Explains the remedies when an error message is displayed, or when a failure is suspected.
9. **Maintenance:** Explains the methods of storage, repackaging, transportation, and maintenance.
10. **Specifications:** Provides the list of specifications of functions and performance.

- Scope of contents

The description of this manual applies to products with firmware version 2.00 or above which are ordered after July 1st, 2019.

For details on checking the firmware version, see Chapter 9.4.

———— Safety Precautions ————

For safe use, ensure to obey the following warnings and considerations.

We are not responsible for damage resulting from failure to obey these warnings and considerations.

This product is an insulation Class I device (with a protective conductor terminal) complying with the JIS and IEC standards.

- Ensure you obey the instructions in this instruction manual.

This instruction manual contains instructions for safe operation and use of this product.

Before using this product, please read this manual first.

All the warning items contained in this instruction manual are intended for preventing risks that may lead to serious accidents. Ensure to obey them.

- Ensure to ground.

Ensure to connect the protective conductor terminal of the power input terminal of this product to an earth ground so that ground resistance is 100 Ω or less. If the product is not certainly grounded, an electric shock might occur.

To prevent electric shock, ensure that the protective grounding conductor is connected before you connect a cable to the power input terminals L, L1, L2, L3, and N.

For grounding, use the supplied power cable or an equivalent cable whose diameter is same or greater.

- Check the power supply voltage.

This product operates on the power supply voltage specified in "*2.4 Grounding and Power Connections*". Before connecting this product to a power supply, make sure that the voltage of distribution board conforms to the power supply voltage rating of the product. The input voltage is noted as line voltage in three-phase four-wire input, unless otherwise noted.

- If you notice anything strange

If this product produces smoke, unusual odor, or strange sound, immediately cut the power to the product and stop using it.

Should you encounter any anomaly like above, immediately contact us or our agent. Never use it until the repair is completed.

- Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.

An explosion or other such hazard may result.

- Do not remove the cover.

This product has high-voltage portions inside. Never remove the cover.

When inspection into the inside of the product is needed, never allow anybody to touch the innards except our certified service engineers.

- Do not modify the product.

Never modify the product. Modification to the product may pose a new risk. We may refuse the repair of a modified product at fault.

- Prevention of electric shock by output voltage

The maximum output of this product is ± 454 V. Be careful to avoid electric shock. Directly touching the output or changing the cable connection while the output is on may cause electric shock.

- This product weights over 18 kg.

Do not carry it alone, or you may suffer physical injury.

- Do not expose this product to water.

When this product is used in wet condition, it may cause an electric shock and a fire. If this product is exposed to water, cut the power at the distribution board immediately, and contact NF Corporation or one of our representatives.

- If lightning occurs, power off this product and cut the power at the distribution board.

A lightning may cause an electric shock, a fire and a failure.

- Safety symbols

The following shows the general definitions of the safety symbols used on the product main unit and in the instruction manual.



Refer to the instruction manual

This notifies the user of potential hazards and indicates that he/she must refer to the instruction manual.



Electric shock hazard

This indicates that an electric shock may occur under specific conditions.



Protection conductor terminal

This indicates that the terminal needs to be grounded in order to prevent electric shock accidents.

Before operating the equipment, ensure to connect this terminal to an earth ground so that ground resistance is 100Ω or less.



Warning

Equipment handling could result in death or serious injury. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.



Caution

Equipment handling could result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.

- Other symbol



This indicates that the terminal (or external conductor for a connector) is connected to the chassis.

- Request about disposal

For environmental preservation, pay attention to the followings when you dispose of this product.

- a) Do not discard this product in domestic household waste. This product shall be disposed of through an appropriate industrial waste disposer.
- b) This product does not include a battery.
- c) This product does not contain mercury.

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1. Outline

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1.1 Overview

The DP-G series offers a compact, lightweight, and highly-efficient power system, ranging from single-phase 1.5 kVA to three-phase 36 kVA at a maximum. It also provides various interfaces such as the external control input/output, communication interface, and remote controller (some of them are optional) to address a wide variety of usage. You can configure several products of the configurable single-phase model to participate in a single-phase three-wire system or three-phase four-wire system by using a System Cable (optional).

The AC output of DP-G series ranges from 0 to 320 V for voltage (phase voltage) and 1 to 550 Hz for frequency, and the DC voltage output ranges from -454 V to +454 V. The maximum output current (phase current) is 120 Arms continuous (single-phase 12 kVA, 100 V range), and if you use a capacitor input type rectified load, you can output a peak value of 480 Apk at a maximum (single-phase 12 kVA, 100 V range, crest factor of 4).

1.2 Series Line-up and Polyphase System Configuration

In the DP-G series, multiple models (single-phase model, polyphase model) are available with various combinations of output capacity and output phase configuration. The lineups of single-phase model and polyphase model are listed in Table 1-1.

The DP-G series also offers the Multi-phase model which can switch the output phase configuration (single-phase two-wire, single-phase three-wire, or three-phase four-wire) on a cabinet. When you set the "phase mode setting switch" of the Multi-phase model and then turn on the power, the model operates as single-phase model or polyphase model as shown in Table 1-2. The operation specification, performance specification, and manipulation method of the Multi-phase model follow those of the single-phase model and polyphase model of the DP-G series shown in Table 1-2.

The model naming system of the DP-G series is shown in Figure 1-1.

For the single-phase model, you can connect two or three products of the configurable model using an optional System Cable to allow single-phase three-wire output or three-phase four-wire output, respectively (polyphase system). The polyphase system configurations are listed in Table 1-3.

Table 1-1 Series Line-up (Single-phase Model, Polyphase Model)

	Rated Output per phase	Single-phase model						Poly-phase model						
		Single-phase (1P2W) model						Single-phase three-wire(1P3W) model			Three-phase (3P4W) model			
Number of power units per phase	1	1.5 kVA	DP015GS 1.5 kVA	1.5 kVA	1.5 kVA	1.5 kVA	DP030GD 3 kVA	3 kVA	3 kVA	3 kVA	—	DP045GT 4.5 kVA	4.5 kVA	—
	2	3 kVA	DP030GS 3 kVA	3 kVA	3 kVA	3 kVA	—	DP060GD 6 kVA	6 kVA	6 kVA	—	—	DP090GT 9 kVA	—
	3	4.5 kVA	—	DP045GS 4.5 kVA	4.5 kVA	4.5 kVA	—	—	DP090GD 9 kVA	9 kVA	—	—	—	—
	4	6 kVA	—	DP060GS 6 kVA	6 kVA	6 kVA	—	—	—	DP120GD 12 kVA	—	—	—	—
	5	7.5 kVA	—	—	DP075GS 7.5 kVA	7.5 kVA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	9 kVA	—	—	DP090GS 9 kVA	9 kVA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	10.5 kVA	—	—	—	DP105GS 10.5 kVA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	12 kVA	—	—	—	DP120GS 12 kVA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

The **bold** fonts indicate the products lined up for the series. The upper text indicates the model name, and the lower text indicates the rated output. The thin fonts indicate the output which can be achieved by changing the power unit energization setting in the product (bold) in the same column.

Table 1-2 Series Line-up (Multi-phase Model)

Setting of phase configuration setting switch	DP045GM	DP090GM
1φ2W: Single-phase two-wire (1P2W) output	Operates as DP045GS.	Operates as DP090GS.
	Does not support the polyphase system connection which uses the optional System Cable.	
1φ3W: Single-phase three-wire (1P3W) output	Operates as DP030GD.	Operates as DP060GD.
3φ4W: Three-phase four-wire (3P4W) output	Operates as DP045GT.	Operates as DP090GT.

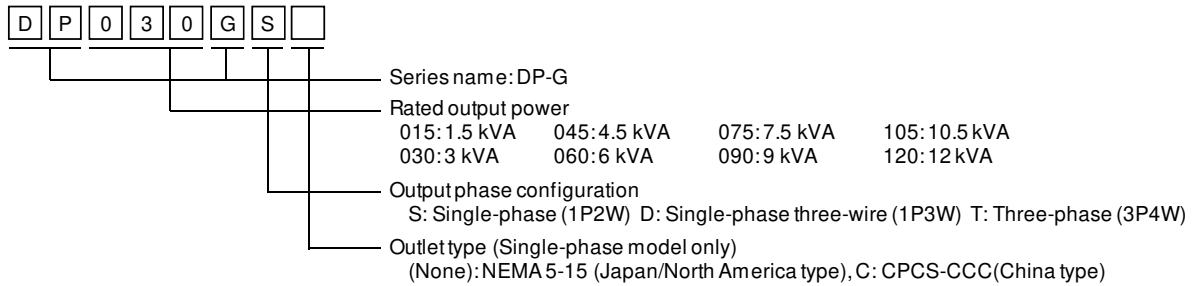


Figure 1-1 Model Naming System

Table 1-3 Polyphase System Configuration List

	DP015GS	DP030GS	DP045GS	DP060GS	DP075GS	DP090GS	DP105GS	DP120GS
DP015GS	1P3W: 3.0kVA 3P4W: 4.5kVA		×	×	×	×	×	×
DP030GS		1P3W: 6.0kVA 3P4W: 9.0kVA	×	×	×	×	×	×
DP045GS	×	×	1P3W: 9.0kVA 3P4W: 13.5kVA		×	×	×	×
DP060GS	×	×		1P3W: 12.0kVA 3P4W: 18.0kVA	×	×	×	×
DP075GS	×	×	×	×	1P3W: 15.0kVA 3P4W: 22.5kVA		×	×
DP090GS	×	×	×	×		1P3W: 18.0kVA 3P4W: 27.0kVA	×	×
DP105GS	×	×	×	×	×	×	1P3W: 21.0kVA 3P4W: 31.5kVA	
DP120GS	×	×	×	×	×	×		1P3W: 24.0kVA 3P4W: 36.0kVA

1.3 Features

■ Various interfaces to address a variety of usage

The interface to use for the remote controlling from a computer or sequencer is equipped. USB and RS232 interface are standard, and either GPIB or LAN (LXI 1.4) interface can be chosen when ordering. You can use a contact/TTL signal to turn the output on/off or switch the memory without using a computer. The product also offers the status output for showing the device status and the output which is synchronized with Sequence or Simulation step. With these functions you can achieve various types of systemization and automatization. The AGC function and Autocal function for calibrating the output voltage drop are also provided.

■ Variable current limiter

This function can limit the effective value and the positive/negative peak value of the output current where the limiting value is variable. You can set the limiter so that the output is turned off when the limited condition continues for a certain time.

■ Power input

This product of single-phase input supports a wide range of power input from 100 V to 230 V. However, with the model of which the output capacity is 6 kVA or more, the output power capacity will be limited when the power input is 170 V or less. For the model of which the output capacity is 4.5 kVA or more, it is powered from the single-phase mains or the three-phase three-wire mains or the three-phase four-wire mains, any of which can be chosen when ordering.

■ Feature-rich measurement function

The effective value, peak value, average DC value of the output voltage/current, current peak-hold value, active/reactive/apparent power, power factor, crest factor, and harmonic current can be measured and displayed.

■ Control Software included by default

You can perform the following operations by using Control Software included in the attached CD-ROM:

- Operations same as those performed on the control panel
- Data logging (importing the measured values)
- Editing/transferring/exporting*/performing Sequence
- Editing/transferring/exporting*/performing Simulation

*Exporting the data to USB memory allows the data to be set to the DP-G series.

■ USB memory support (supported format type: FAT32)

You can write/read the following data to/from a commercial USB memory stick:

- Basic setting
- Sequence
- Simulation

-
- Restriction of CO₂ emission (= power usage) and the display of CO₂ emission (= power usage) during operation

The efficiency is improved by about 27 % compared to the linear amplifier method by adopting the switching amplifier method. When the power output is low, the internal loss can be lowered by reducing the number of power units being powered on. The function for calculating and displaying the CO₂ emission from the internal loss or output power.

- Selecting specification when ordering

- Power Input

Single-phase input (1P2W) /three-phase three-wire input* (3P3W)
/three-phase four-wire input* (3P4W)

* Three-phase three-wire input and three-phase four-wire input can be selected for the model of which the output capacity is 4.5 kVA or more.

- Communication Interface

GPIB or LAN (LXI 1.4)

- Options (partial)

- Remote Controller

A remote controller with the numeric keypad, jog, and shuttle.

- System Cable (for single-phase three-wire/three-phase connection)

Connects the products of the configurable single-phase model by this cable to configure a polyphase output system.

- Power Cable

Cables for the power input.

- Cable Holder

By mounting it to this product, you can fix power cables and/or output cables.

■ Peripherals

Immunity Test Software, Voltage Dips Simulator, Reference Impedance Network are provided as peripherals of this product.

ES0406D, As-517A, As-537, ES4152, ES4153 which are peripherals of ES series cannot be used as those of this product.

● Immunity Test Software (DP0408)

It is application software that performs various low frequency immunity tests including IEC 61000-4-11. When using this product in combination with DP0408, the test specified by IEC 61000-4-13 and IEC 61000-4-17 cannot be executed.

● Voltage Dips Simulator (DP4170 Series)

By combining with this product, single-phase and three-phase voltage dips tests complying with IEC 61000-4-11 can be performed. In addition, "Large capacity model" is also available for IEC 61000-4-34 test.

In this document, it is written as DIP. When using this product in combination with DIP, consult NF Corporation.

Note: When performing the tests specified by the IEC standard, use both DIP and Immunity Test Software.

● Reference Impedance Network (DP4160 Series)

It is a network of resistance and inductance to simulate the impedance of the commercial power system. By combining with this product, impedance specified by IEC 61000-3-3 can be realized. In addition, "Large capacity model" is also available for IEC 61000-3-11 test.

In this document, it is written as RIN. When using this product in combination with RIN, consult NF Corporation.

2. Preparation before Use

2.1	Check before Use	8
2.2	About Installation Environment	9
2.3	Cautions during Moving and Transportation	13
2.4	Grounding and Power Connections	14
2.5	Output and System Cable Connection.....	19
2.6	How to Tilt Control Panel.....	30
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2.1 Check before Use

■ Check the safety.

To ensure equipment operator's safety, be sure to read the following sections of the instruction manual.

- *Safety Precautions* (Page ii)
- *2.4 Grounding and Power Connections*

■ Check the appearance and contents.

If there is any problem, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.

- Appearance check

Make sure that there is no damage or dent made during the transportation on the LCD screen, keys, jog, or shuttle of the control panel, or rear connectors.

- Contents (main unit and accessories) check

The contents are listed in Table 2-1. Make sure that all of the main unit and accessories are included.

Table 2-1 List of Content

Content		Quantity
Main unit	Main unit	1
Accessories	Instruction Manual	1
	CD-ROM Contents: Control Software for DP-G Series, LabVIEW Driver, Instruction Manual (Remote Control), Control Software for DP-G Series Instruction Manual	1
	Ferrite core (large) (multi-phase model only)	2
	Ferrite core (small) (multi-phase model only)	1
	Cable tie (multi-phase model only)	2
	Stabilizer (DP075GS/DP075GSC/DP090GS/DP090GSC/DP105GS /DP105GSC/DP120GS/DP120GSC/DP090GD/DP120GD /DP090GT/DP090GM only)	1

Note: Refer to Figure 2-2 and assemble the stabilizer, because it is necessary to ensure stability of DP-G series.

2.2 About Installation Environment

To use safely and maintain the reliability, take the followings into consideration:

- Install the product where the exhaust heat will not damage surroundings.
 - This product performs forced air cooling using a fan. Keep the front and rear, on which the air inlet and outlet are located, away from the wall at least 50 cm to secure air circulation.
 - This product exhausts the heat from the air outlet on the rear. Do not place heat-sensitive objects around the outlet.
 - If you install the product in a closed narrow room, air conditioning equipment is required. The heat value of this product is shown in Table 2-2.

Table 2-2 Heat Value

Model	Rated output	Heat value		
Single-phase	DP015GS	1.5 kVA	0.5 kW	430 kcal/h
	DP030GS	3 kVA	0.9 kW	780 kcal/h
	DP045GS	4.5 kVA	1.4 kW	1210 kcal/h
	DP060GS	6 kVA	1.8 kW	1550 kcal/h
	DP075GS	7.5 kVA	2.3 kW	1980 kcal/h
	DP090GS	9 kVA	2.7 kW	2320 kcal/h
	DP105GS	10.5 kVA	3.2 kW	2760 kcal/h
	DP120GS	12 kVA	3.6 kW	3100 kcal/h
Single-phase three-wire	DP030GD	3 kVA	0.9 kW	780 kcal/h
	DP060GD	6 kVA	1.8 kW	1550 kcal/h
	DP090GD	9 kVA	2.7 kW	2320 kcal/h
	DP120GD	12 kVA	3.6 kW	3100 kcal/h
Three-phase	DP045GT	4.5 kVA	1.4 kW	1210 kcal/h
	DP090GT	9 kVA	2.7 kW	2320 kcal/h
Multi-phase	DP045GM	4.5 kVA	1.4 kW	1210 kcal/h
	DP090GM	9 kVA	2.7 kW	2320 kcal/h

Note: Estimate at power input single-phase 200 V or three-phase three-wire 200 V or three-phase four-wire 380 V (phase voltage 220 V), rated output.

- Install the product on a sturdy place.
 - The floor needs to have enough strength to support the weight of the product. The mass of this product is shown in Table 2-3.

Table 2-3 Mass

Model		Mass	Model		Mass
Single-phase	DP015GS	38 kg approx.	Single-phase three-wire	DP030GD	50 kg approx.
	DP030GS	50 kg approx.		DP060GD	82 kg approx.
	DP045GS	70 kg approx.		DP090GD	122 kg approx.
	DP060GS	82 kg approx.		DP120GD	155 kg approx.
	DP075GS	110 kg approx.	Three-phase	DP045GT	70 kg approx.
	DP090GS	125 kg approx.		DP090GT	125 kg approx.
	DP105GS	140 kg approx.	Multi-phase	DP045GM	75 kg approx.
DP120GS	155 kg approx.	DP090GM		130 kg approx.	

- Do not install this product on a sloped surface. The Adjuster Foot is only for temporary fixing, and cannot support the unit's own weight. You also must not lean on this product or use it as a support. How to use the Adjuster Foot is shown in Figure 2-1.

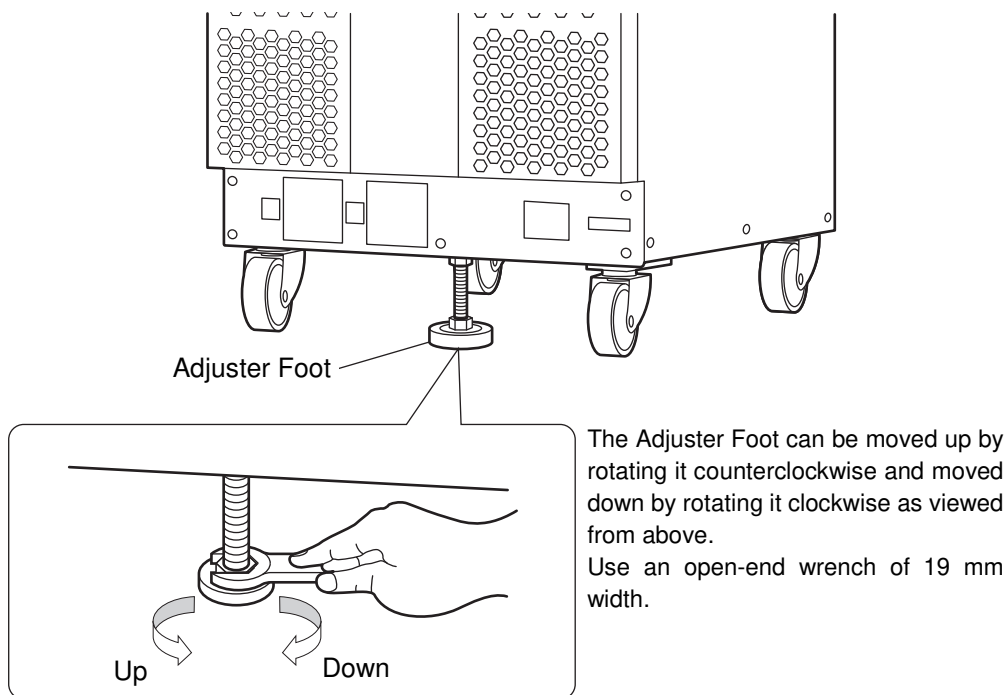
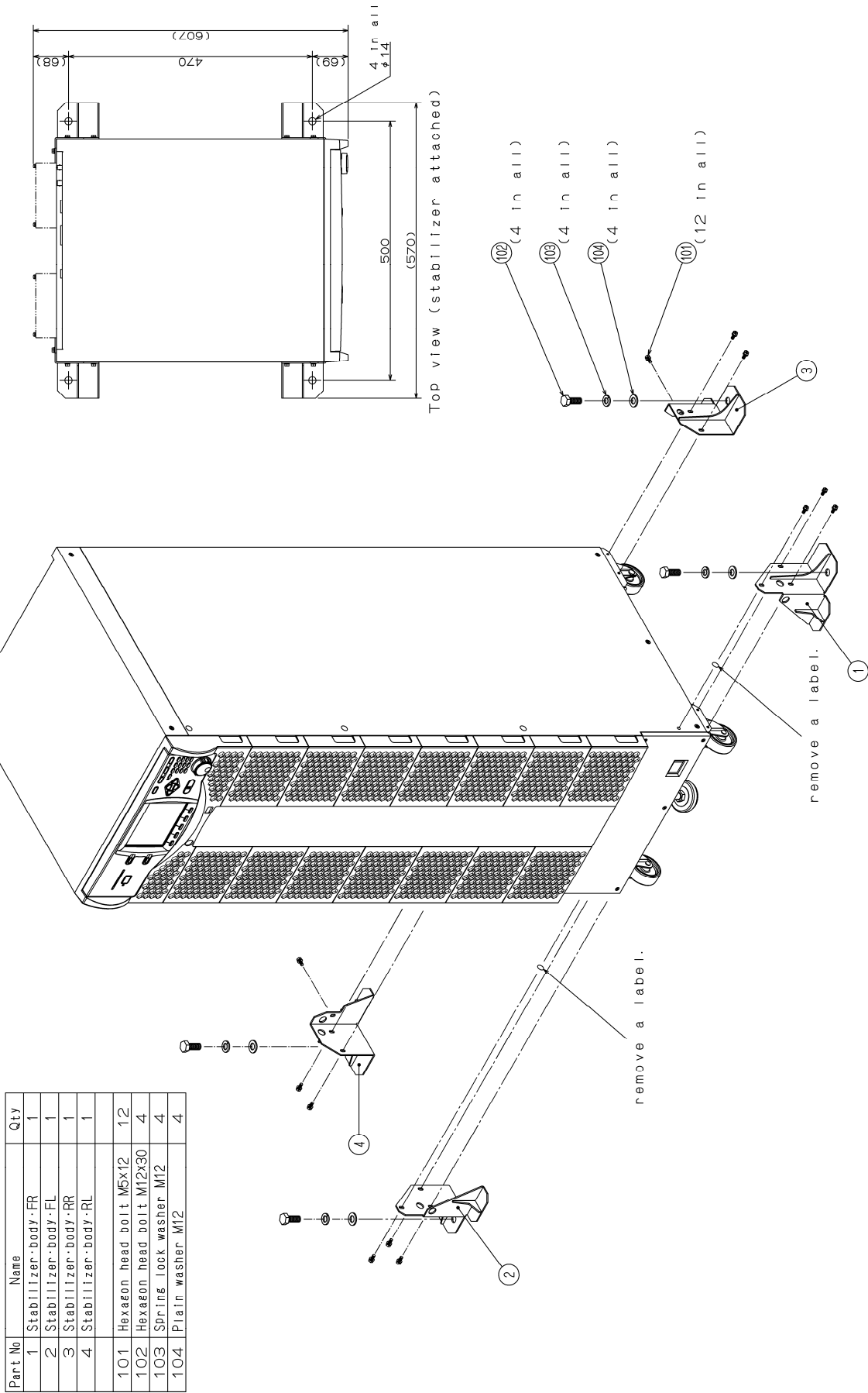


Figure 2-1 How to Use the Adjuster Foot

- Refer to Figure 2-2 Assembly Diagram of Stabilizer and assemble the stabilizer, because it is necessary to ensure stability of DP-G series.



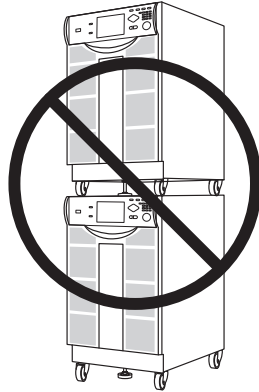
Part No	Name	Qty
1	Stabilizer-body-FR	1
2	Stabilizer-body-FL	1
3	Stabilizer-body-RR	1
4	Stabilizer-body-RL	1
101	Hexagon head bolt M5x12	12
102	Hexagon head bolt M12x30	4
103	Spring lock washer M12	4
104	Plain washer M12	4

Figure 2-2 Assembly Diagram of Stabilizer

■ About arrangement

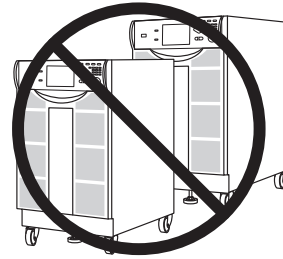
Stacking arrangement

- The center of gravity becomes high, which poses a risk of falling down.
- The product does not have a structure for supporting a heavy load.



Tandem arrangement

- The product placed behind another will be overheated by exhaust heat, which reduces the product's lifetime.



- Do not place the product on its side, back or top.
- Do not stack the product on top of the other, or place it in front or back of the other (arrangement which makes the cabinet placed behind inhale the exhaust heat of the other).
- When you use multiple cabinets to form a polyphase system, there is no limitation regarding the order of the phases to be arranged. Arrange them in your convenient order within the range of the length of the System Cable.

■ Other installation location conditions

- Use the product indoors, at altitude up to 2000 m.
- Use the product where the temperature is 0 to +50 degrees Celsius, and the humidity is 5 to 85 %RH (the absolute humidity should be 1 to 25 g/m³, without condensation). However, on some specifications, the temperature range limit is more strict.
- Do not install the product in the following places:
 - Place exposed to inflammable gas
→This may pose a risk of explosion. Never install and use the product in such a place.
 - Outdoors, place exposed to direct sunlight, or place near fire or heat source
→This may reduce the performance, or cause failure.
 - Place exposed to briny air
→This may cause salt damage.
 - Place exposed to corrosive gas or water, or humid place
→This may cause corrode or failure.
 - Place near electromagnetic field source, high-voltage equipment, or power line
→This may cause malfunction.
 - Place of frequent vibration
→This may cause malfunction or failure.
 - Dusty place
→This may cause failure. Especially do not install the product in a place with conductive dust.
- Electromagnetic emissions from this product may interfere with reception of radio and television broadcasts. Unless the user takes special measures to reduce electromagnetic emissions, using this product in a residential area must be avoided.

2.3 Cautions during Moving and Transportation

Follow the instructions below when moving or transporting this product.

- Remove all wirings connected to this product.

⚠ WARNING

- Before removing the wiring, be sure to turn off this product to cut the power from the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.

- Check before movement and transportation

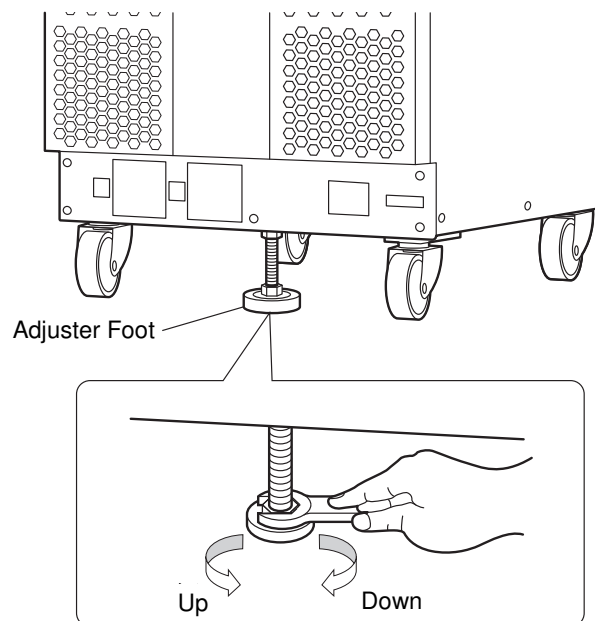
- Check the weight before moving the product (Table 2-3).

- Moving with casters

The casters attached to this product are intended for use to move the product on a horizontal surface. To move the product on a sloped or uneven surface, a licensed personnel should move it by operating a lifting machine or crane instead of the casters.

- As this product is heavy, whenever it is moved, at least two people are required to move it.
- Move the Adjuster Foot up enough from the floor by using an open-end wrench (19 mm width).

You can move the Adjuster Foot up by turning it counterclockwise as viewed from above.



⚠ WARNING

- Do not use the casters to move this product on a sloped surface. This product may move automatically due to its own weight, and cause physical injury.
- Do not use the casters to move this product on an uneven or irregular surface. This product may fall down, and cause physical injury.

2.4 Grounding and Power Connections

■ Ensure to ground.

This product uses a line filter. If the product is not grounded, an electric shock might occur.

WARNING

- Ensure to connect the protective conductor terminal of the power input terminal of this product to an earth ground so that ground resistance is 100Ω or less. If the product is not certainly grounded, an electric shock might occur.
 - To prevent electric shock, ensure that the protective grounding conductor is connected before you connect a cable to the power input terminals L, L1, L2, L3, and N.
 - For grounding, use the optional power cable or a power cable of sufficient ampacity for the maximum current consumption (see Table 2-6).
-

■ Before connecting the product to power source, check the followings.

WARNING

- The power supply for this product must be taken from the distribution board.
- Be sure to switch off the breaker or the switch at the distribution board before connecting this product to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Route the wire so that the distance between this product and the distribution board breaker or switch is 3 m or less. If the distance with the distribution board exceeds 3 m, install another breaker or switch within 3 m from this product to connect. Use a breaker complying with IEC 60947-2 or a switch complying with IEC 60947-3 which can disconnect all L, L1, L2, L3, and N. (Protective grounding must not be disconnected.) Mark the breaker or the switch with a sign indicating that it is a disconnecting device of power input for this product.

These are from requirements in IEC 61010-1.

CAUTION

- Condensation may form inside the product when the ambient temperature or humidity changes suddenly, for example, after transportation in winter. In such case, leave the product in room temperature enough time to evaporate the condensation, and then connect the product to the power source.
-

■ Check the power source

For safety, use the product in the ranges of input voltage and frequency described below (see Table 2-6). Connect the product to a distribution board which provides the power sufficiently higher than the maximum power consumption of each model (see Table 2-5). For the models of which rated output is 6 kVA or more, if the power input voltage is single-phase 170 V or less, the maximum output active power is restricted by the wattage limiter function of this product. For details, see 4.1.5.

Table 2-4 Power Input

	Power input		
	Single-phase input	Three-phase three-wire input	Three-phase four-wire input
Voltage range	90 V to 250 V	170 V to 250 V	323 V to 433 V (phase voltage 187 V to 250 V)
Frequency range	50 Hz \pm 2 Hz or 60 Hz \pm 2 Hz		

■ About power input terminal

Table 2-5 Power Input Terminal

	Power input	DP015, DP030	DP045, DP060	DP075, DP090	DP105, DP120
Screw	Single-phase input	M6		M8	
	Three-phase three-wire input	—	M6		
	Three-phase four-wire input	—	M6		

Note: The power input DP015 and DP030 is single-phase only.

■ About power cable

Use a cable of sufficient ampacity for the maximum current consumption (see Table 2-6). A protective grounding cable should have ampacity higher than or equal to the power cable. For optional power cable, see 7.5.

Table 2-6 Maximum Power/Current Consumption

Rated output	Maximum power consumption	Maximum current consumption			
		Single-phase 90 V	Single-phase 170 V	Three-phase three-wire 170 V	Three-phase four-wire 323 V (phase voltage: 187 V)
1.5 kVA	2.25 kVA	25 A	13 A		
3 kVA	4.50 kVA	50 A	26 A		
4.5 kVA	6.75 kVA	75 A	40 A	23 A	13 A
6 kVA	9.00 kVA		53 A	36 A	25 A
7.5 kVA	11.25 kVA		66 A	46 A	25 A
9 kVA	13.50 kVA		79 A	46 A	25 A
10.5 kVA	15.75 kVA		93 A	58 A	37 A
12 kVA	18.00 kVA		106 A	69 A	37 A

Note: The power input of DP015 and DP030 is single-phase only.

2. Preparation before Use

■ Power source connection procedure

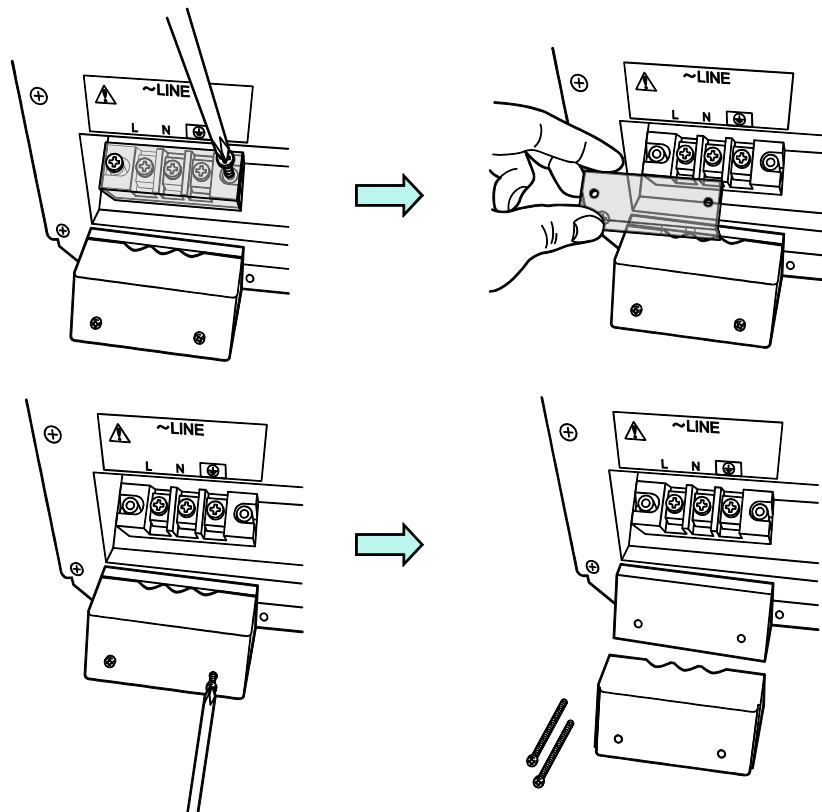
Check the current capacity of the distribution board before wiring. The wiring must be performed by a professional engineer.

⚠ WARNING

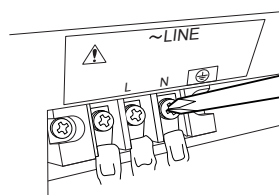
- Before connecting this product to the power source, be sure to cut the power to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
-

The figure in the following procedure is the figure that single-phase input is selected and when using the cable holder (option). For cable holder installation, see 7.6.

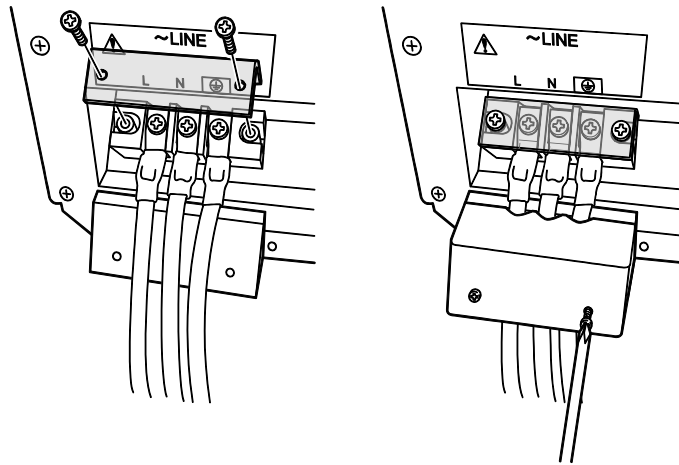
1. Remove the resin-molded power input terminal cover and the cable holder (option).



2. Connect the power cable to the power input terminal of this product. Be sure to tighten the screws firmly.



3. Attach the resin-molded power input terminal cover and the cable holder (option). Direct the folded part of the resin-molded power input terminal cover to the upper side of the product.



4. Ensure that the power switch of this product is turned off, and then connect the power cable to the distribution board.

⚠ WARNING

- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Use enough thick cables to prevent touching live conductive parts after attaching the resin-molded terminal cover. If a thin cable is connected, fingers may enter the gap between the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable, resulting in electric shock, therefore attach some additional guards.

⚠ CAUTION

- Be sure to check phases L, L1, L2, L3, and N are correctly connected between this product and the distribution board.
- If this product whose power input is three-phase four-wire input (3P4W) is used without connecting N, it may be damaged. Be sure to connect all power cables.

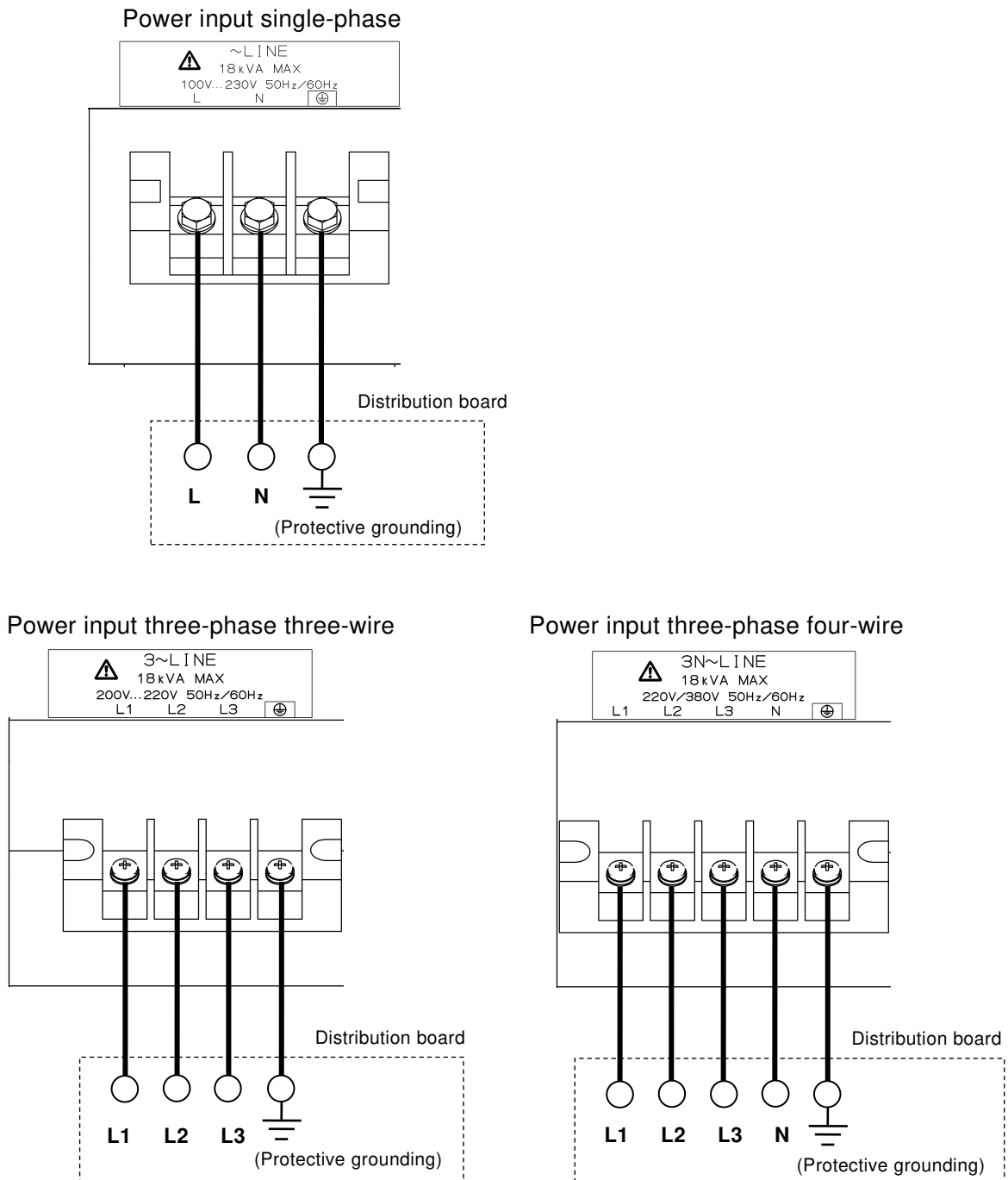


Figure 2-3 Power Input Terminal

Note: The figure shows the panel notation of the DP120GS.

2.5 Output and System Cable Connection

- Before connecting, check the followings.

WARNING

- Before touching the output terminal, be sure to turn off the power switch of this product, and cut the power to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.

CAUTION

- The output terminals that can be grounded are the Lo or N terminals. Do not ground the Hi, L1, L2, and L3 terminals.
-

- About output terminal

Table 2-7 Output Terminals

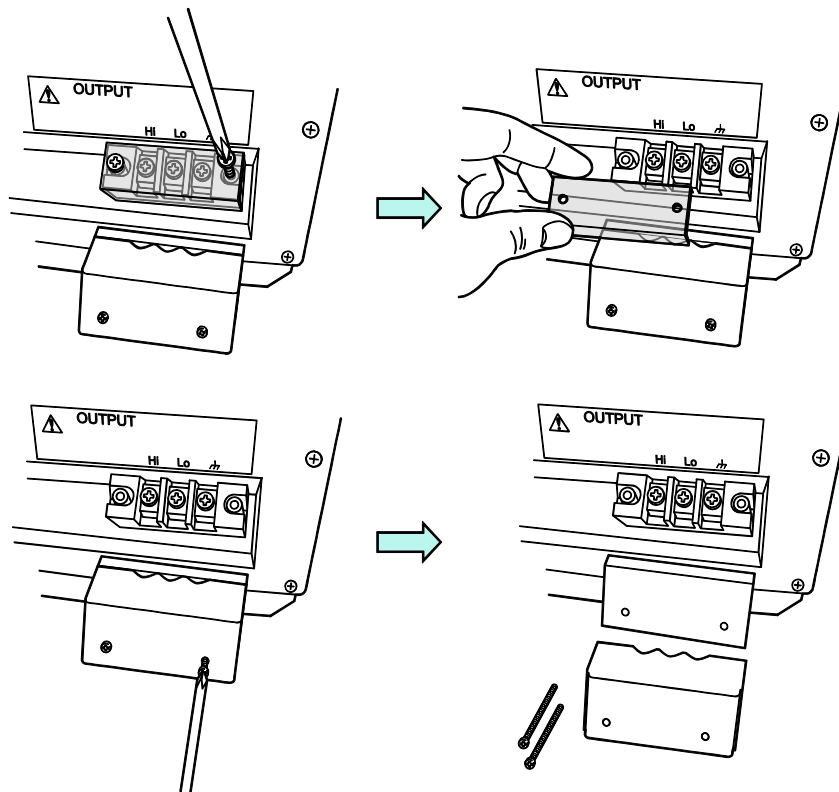
	DP015G, DP030G, DP045G, DP060G	DP090GD, DP090GT, DP120GD, DP090GM (polyphase output)	DP075GS, DP090GS, DP105GS, DP120GS, DP090GM (single-phase output)
Screw	M6		M8

2.5.1 Single-phase Model

■ Connection procedure

The figure in the following procedure is the figure when using the cable holder (option). For cable holder installation, see 7.6.

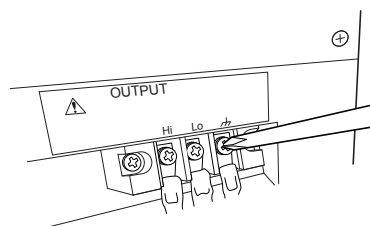
1. Remove the resin-molded output terminal cover and the cable holder (option) of the output terminal.



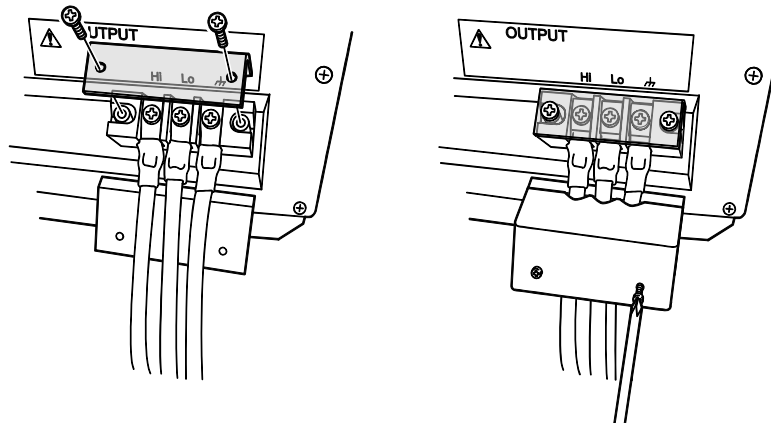
2. Connect the output terminal to the load with a cable. Be sure to tighten the screws firmly. If you want to ground the output terminal at one point only, ground the Lo terminal. The Hi terminal should not be grounded. If the load has a ground terminal, connect it to the chassis terminal of the output terminal of this product.

⚠ CAUTION

- The output terminal that can be grounded is the Lo terminals. Do not ground the Hi terminal.
-



3. Attach the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable holder (option). Direct the folded part of the resin-molded terminal cover to the upper side of the product.



⚠ WARNING

- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Use enough thick cables to prevent touching live conductive parts after attaching the resin-molded terminal cover. If a thin cable is connected, fingers may enter the gap between the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable, resulting in electric shock, therefore attach some additional guards.

■ About outlet

If you purchase a single-phase model, you need to specify the outlet type to either NEMA 5-15 (Japan/North America type) or CPCS-CCC (China type). The model name of this product is distinguished by this outlet type (Figure 1-1). The output terminals, the maximum voltage, the maximum current, and available output range are listed for each type in Table 2-8.

Each outlet can provide up to 15 A of current. If a current exceeding 15 A flows, the circuit breaker may operate to cut the output. When the circuit breaker operates, the button is pushed out forward. Pushing in this button resets the breaker, and power can be provided from the outlet.

The outlet is dedicated to AC output. It can be used in the AC or ACDC mode. In the settings below, the outlet is separated from the output by the internal relay of this product. However, only the Hi terminal is separated.

- When in DC mode (DC-INT, DC-VCA)
- When the outlet is the Japan/North America type (NEMA 5-15), and in the 200 V range

Table 2-8 Outlet List

Type	NEMA 5-15	CPCS-CCC
Form • Terminal		
Maximum Voltage	125 Vrms	250 Vrms
Maximum Current	15 Arms	15 Arms
Available Output range	100 V range	100 V range 200 V range

⚠ WARNING

- When using the outlet only and not using the outlet terminal, attach the resin-molded terminal cover so that the folded part of it is directed to the lower side of the product, in order to avoid contact with the output terminal.

⚠ CAUTION

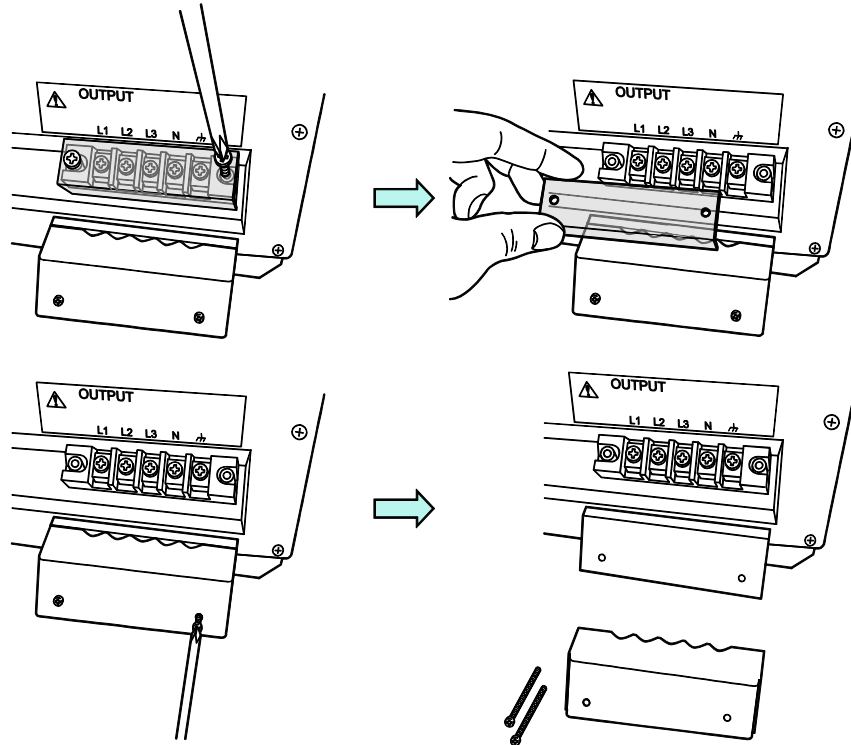
- Use the outlet only for AC output without DC offset. Do not take DC output or AC output with DC offset from the outlet.
- Use the outlet for 15 A or less output.

2.5.2 Polyphase model

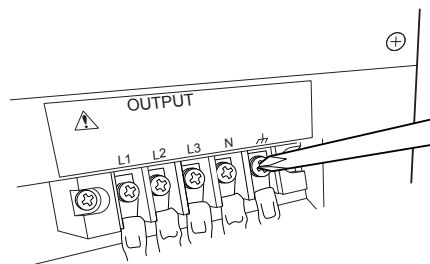
■ Connection procedure

The figure in the following procedure is the figure when using the cable holder (option). For cable holder installation, see 7.6.

1. Remove the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable holder (option) of the output terminal.



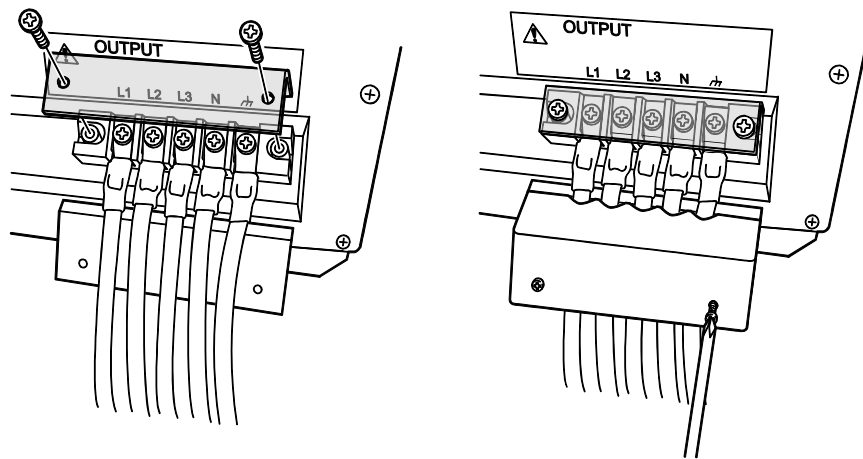
2. Connect the output terminal to the load with a cable. Connect voltage lines to the L1, L2, and L3 output terminals of this product. Connect a neutral line to the N terminal of output terminal of this product, if necessary. Be sure to tighten the screws firmly. In both single-phase three-wire model and three-phase model, the N terminal can be grounded. If the load has a ground terminal, connect it to the chassis terminal of the output terminal of this product.



⚠ CAUTION

- The output terminal that can be grounded is the N terminal. Do not ground any of the L1, L2, and L3 terminals.
 - Do not apply current exceeding the maximum current per phase (see 10.5 and 10.6) to any output terminal including N terminal.
-

3. Attach the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable holder (option). Direct the folded part of the resin-molded terminal cover to the upper side of the product.



⚠ WARNING

- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
 - Use enough thick cables to prevent touching live conductive parts after attaching the resin-molded terminal cover. If a thin cable is connected, fingers may enter the gap between the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable, resulting in electric shock, therefore attach some additional guards.
-

2.5.3 Multi-phase Model

The output terminal of DP045GM/DP090GM is divided into two terminals, the polyphase output terminal and the single-phase output terminal, as shown in Figure 2–2. The single-phase two-wire (1P2W) output uses the single-phase output terminal, and the single-phase three-wire (1P3W) output and the three-phase four-wire (3P4W) output use the polyphase output terminal.

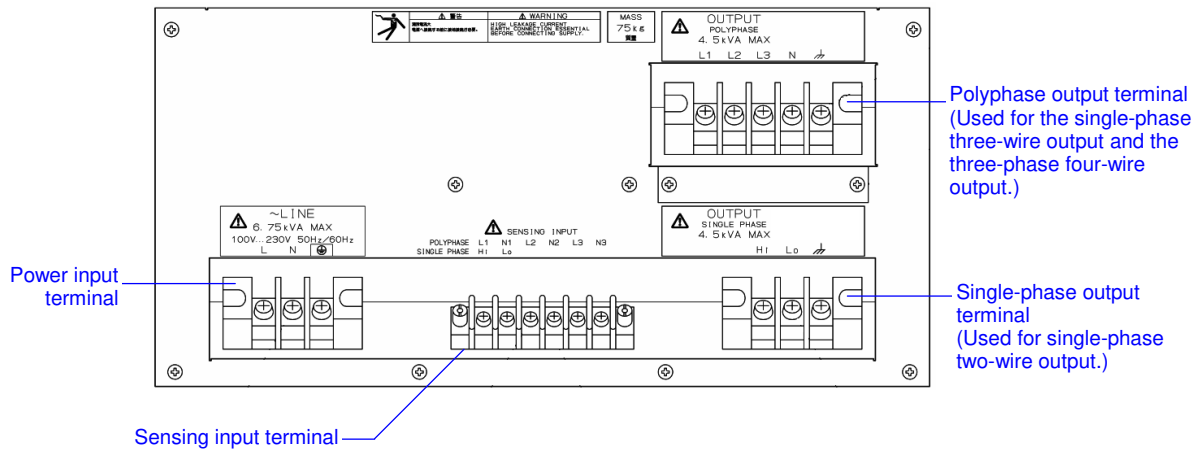


Figure 2-4 Terminal Panel Arrangement of Multi-phase Model (Rear)

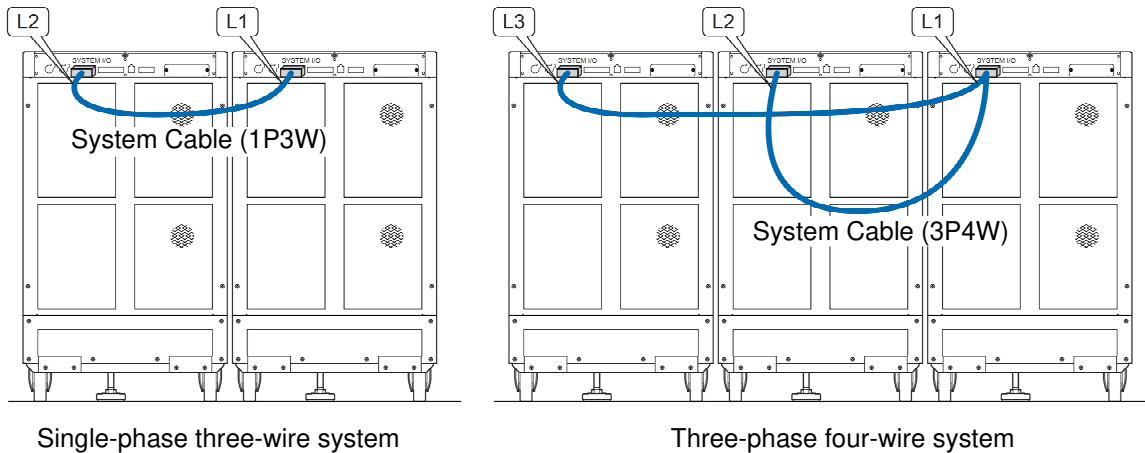
■ Connection procedure

The connection procedure of the single-phase output terminal follows the description in 2.5.1, and that of the polyphase output terminal follows 2.5.2.

⚠ CAUTION

- In the single-phase two-wire (1P2W) output, do not connect anything to the polyphase output terminal.
- In the single-phase three-wire (1P3W) output and the three-phase four-wire (3P4W) output, do not connect anything to the single-phase output terminal.
- In the single-phase three-wire (1P3W) output, do not connect anything to the L3 terminal.

2.5.4 Polyphase System



Optional System Cable should be connected to the SYSTEM I/O connector of this product. The cabinet which the L1 connector of the System Cable is connected to becomes L1 phase, and the output terminals Hi and Lo correspond to the L1 and N terminals, respectively. This is same for L2 and L3 phases. This product recognizes the polyphase system by checking the state of the system cable connection at power-on, so connect the System Cable before turning on the power.

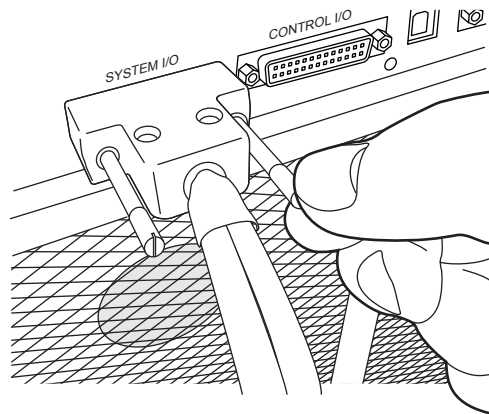
----- Notes -----

- The polyphase system can be configured only when the configurable single-phase models are connected with System Cables.
- Connection with polyphase model or Multi-phase model is not allowed.
- You cannot use a Multi-phase model to configure a polyphase system, even when it is used as a single-phase output.
- You cannot connect single-phase models in parallel to boost up a single-phase output.
- Turn on all power supplies within 20 seconds.
- The L2 and L3 cabinets in a polyphase system are restricted in their operation as follows:
 - Cannot use the communication interface (USB, RS232, GPIB, LAN).
 - Cannot use the external control function.
 - Cannot use a USB memory.
 - Cannot connect and use the remote controller.
 - Starts according to the contents of the Basic Setting Memory No.1 of the L1 cabinet.
 - Does not accept the control panel key operations except for special cases.
 - Can only display the output measured value of their own cabinet in the measurement display. The display format of the measured value (3.4.10) follows that of the L1 cabinet.

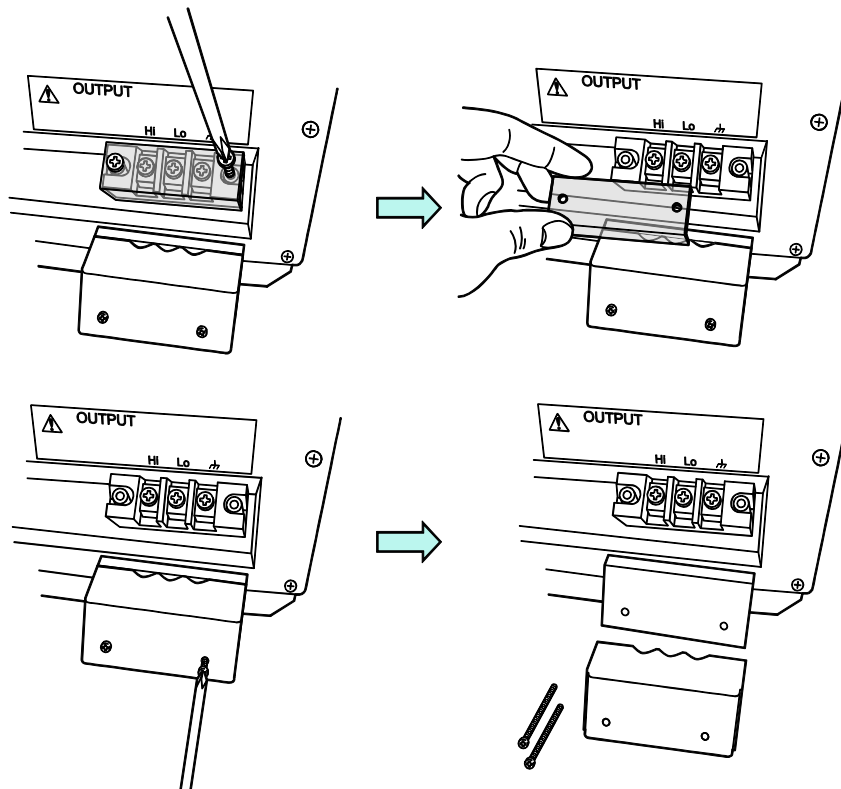
■ Connection procedure

The figure in the following procedure is the figure when using the cable holder (option). For cable holder installation, see 7.6.

1. Connect the connector L1 of the System Cable to the SYSTEM I/O connector of the cabinet which is to be L1 phase. Also connect the L2 and L3 connectors in the same way.



2. Remove the resin-molded output terminal cover and the cable holder (option) of each cabinet.



2. Preparation before Use

3. Connect the output terminal to the load with a cable. Connect a voltage line to the Hi output terminal of each cabinet. The neutral line can be connected to the Lo terminal with two methods described below. The neutral line can be grounded. If the load has a ground terminal, connect it to the chassis terminal of each output terminal. Be sure to tighten the screws firmly.

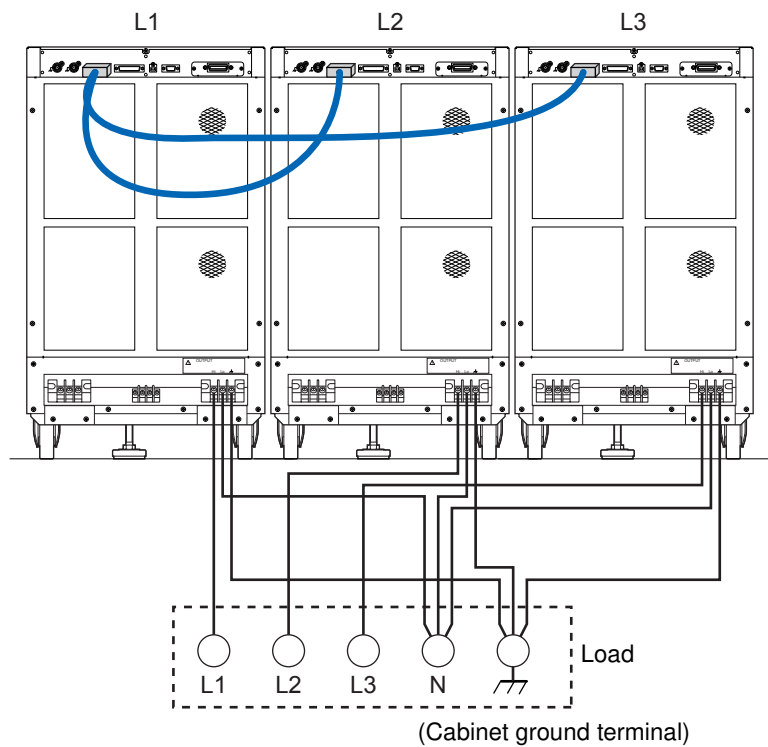
- (a) When connecting the load with the neutral line (single-phase three-wire or three-phase four-wire connection)

Connect the neutral point of load with the Lo terminal of each cabinet using cables with same length and diameter as the voltage line. Alternatively, connect between the Lo terminals of each cabinet by a cable which is as short as possible and has a diameter equal to or more than that of the voltage line, and then connect one of the Lo terminals with the neutral point of load by a cable with same length and diameter as the voltage line.

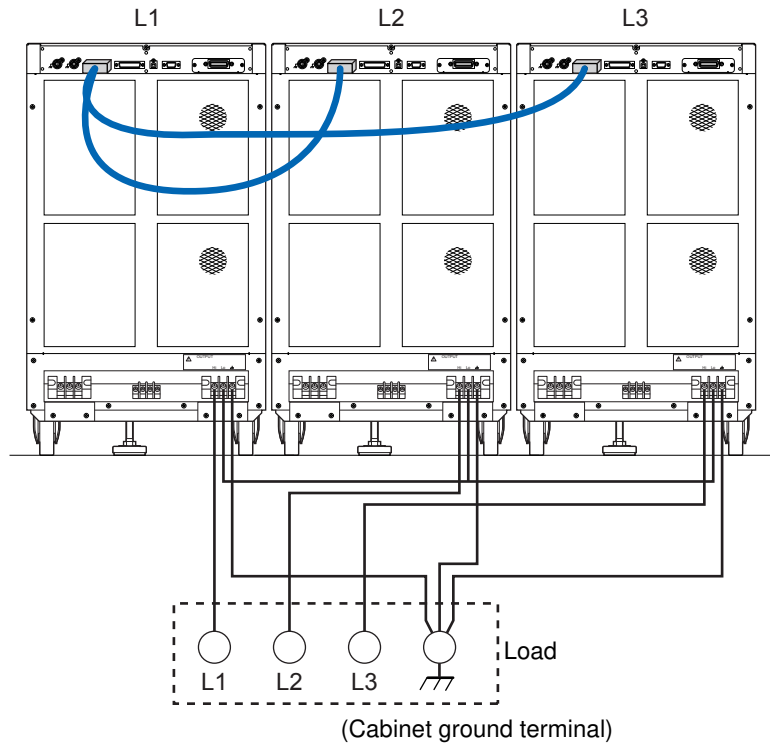
- (b) When not connecting the load with the neutral line (three-phase three-wire connection),
Connect between the Lo terminals of each cabinet by a cable which is as short and thick as possible (with a diameter equal to or more than that of the voltage line).

⚠ CAUTION

- The terminal which can be grounded is the Lo terminal of each cabinet. Do not ground the Hi terminal (L1, L2, and L3 voltage lines).
-

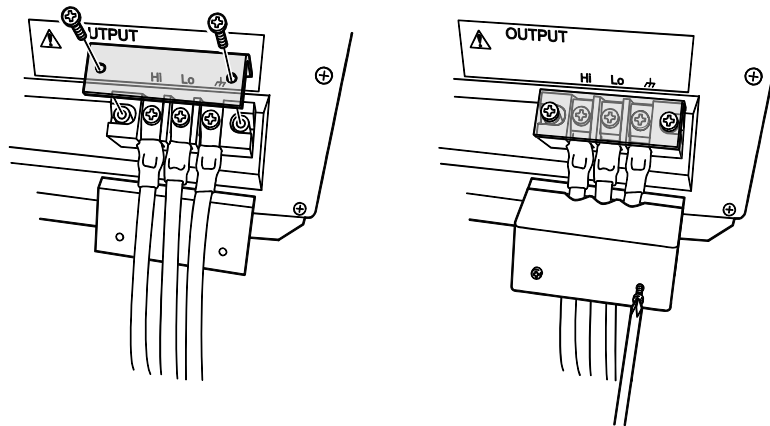


(a) Three-phase four-wire connection



(b) Three-phase three-wire connection

4. Attach the resin-molded output terminal cover and the cable holder (option) to each cabinet. Direct the folded part of the resin-molded terminal cover to the upper side of the product.



⚠ WARNING

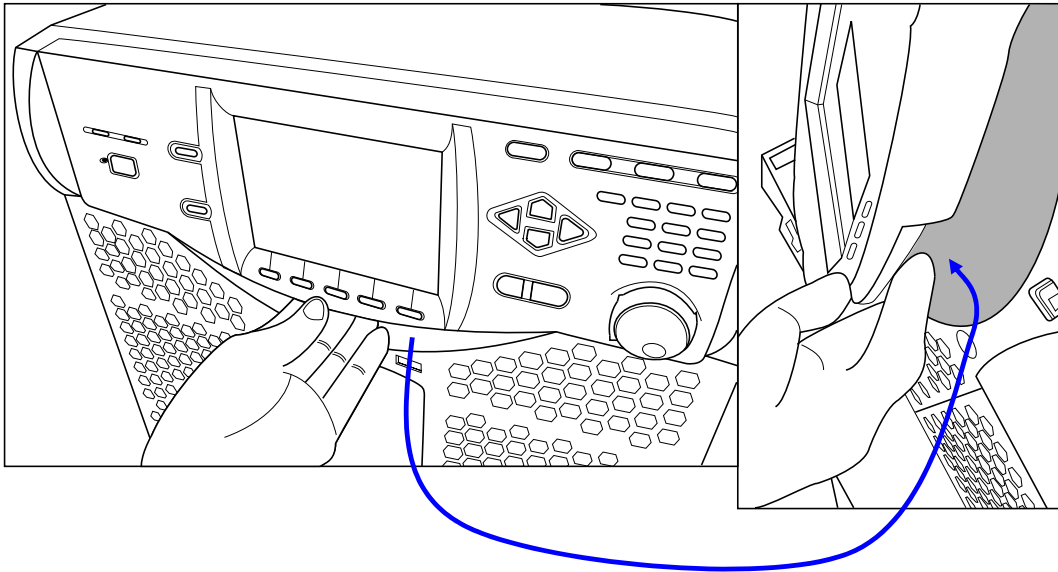
- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Use enough thick cables to prevent touching live conductive parts after attaching the resin-molded terminal cover. If a thin cable is connected, fingers may enter the gap between the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable, resulting in electric shock, therefore attach some additional guards.

2.6 How to Tilt Control Panel

You can tilt up the control panel to operate it. There is a lever in the back under the control panel, which is locked with the hook of the chassis, being pulled by a spring. The hook consists of two steps, which can be used to tilt the control panel and fix it in two ways.

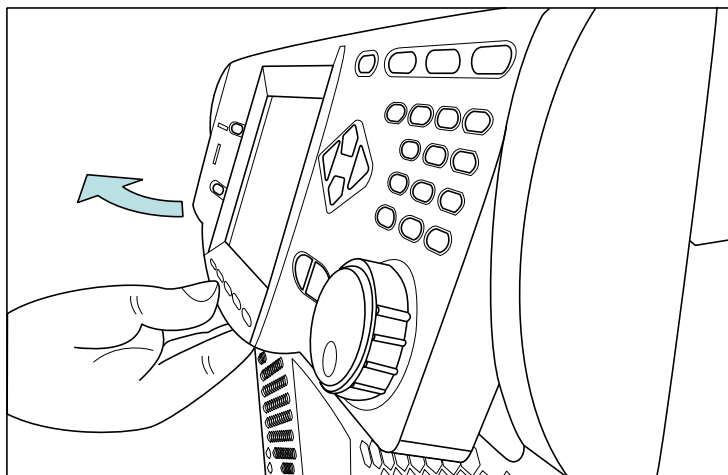
■ Operation procedure

1. Pull the lever in the back under the control panel. The handle moves toward you and the lock of the control panel is released.



Pull the lever in the back

2. While holding the lever in pulled position, tilt the control panel by desired degree.



3. Release the lever slowly. The control panel will be locked.

⚠ WARNING

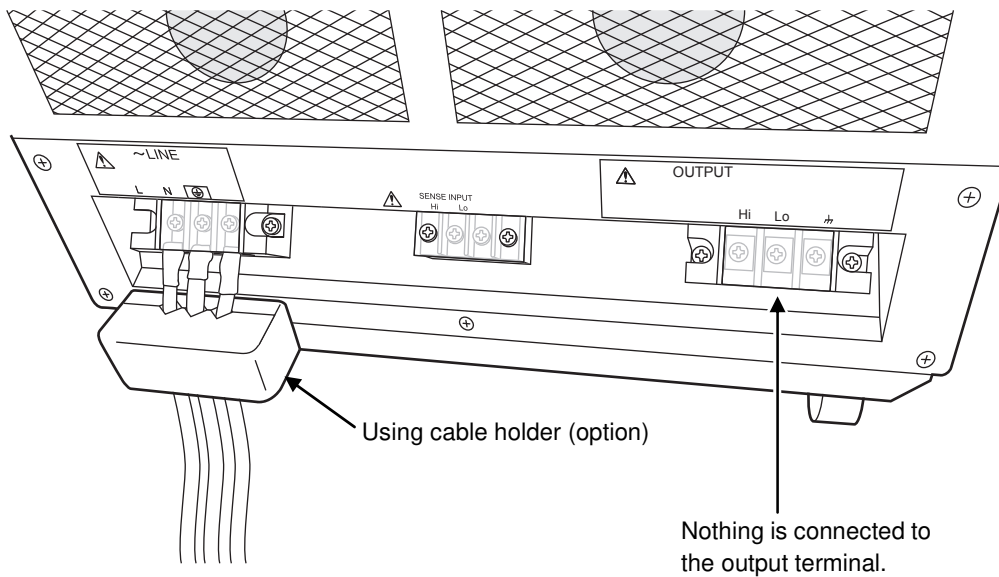
- When closing the control panel, pull the lever and press down on the panel slowly in order to avoid pinching your fingers.

2.7 Simple Operation Check

This section describes how to perform a simple operation check when you purchased a new product, or after storing the product for a long period. This check should be performed without load. For a polyphase system, remove the System Cable, and check the single-phase output for each cabinet. If you are not satisfied with the results verified at the operation check, please request the repair to us or our agent.

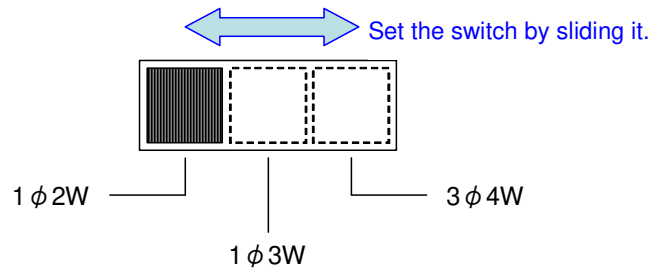
■ Operation procedure

1. Connect the power supply referring to "2.4 Grounding and Power Connections."
2. Attach the resin-molded output terminal cover without connecting anything to the output terminals or any other terminal/connector.

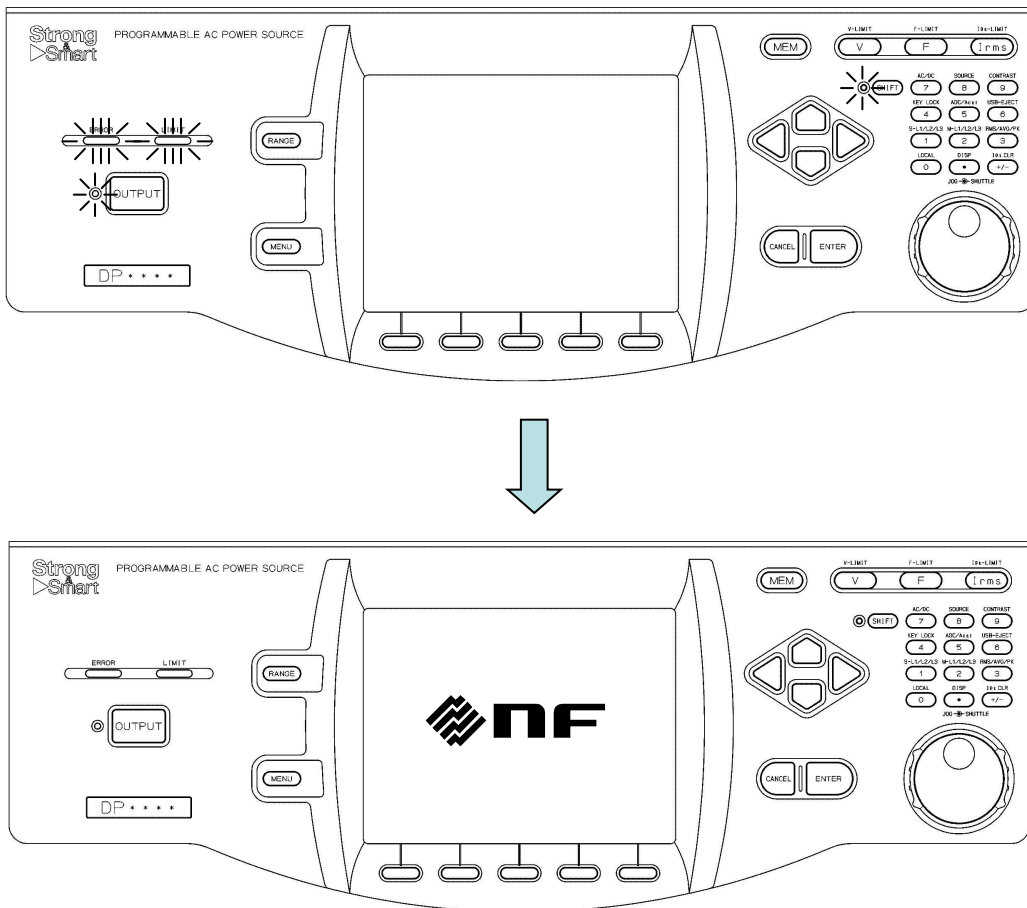


2. Preparation before Use

3. «Only for Multi-phase model» For the Multi-phase model, set the phase configuration setting switch according to the output phase configuration to be checked.

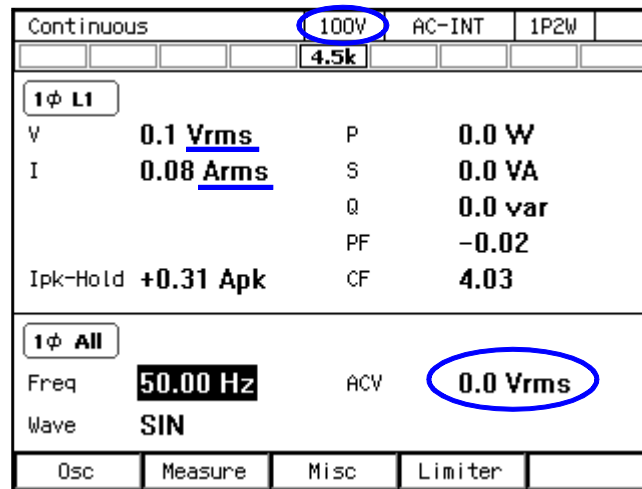


4. Turn on the switch of the distribution board, and then turn on the power switch of this product. Check that all LEDs on the control panel illuminate for several seconds, and then turn off, and that our logo mark appears on the LCD screen (see 3.2.4). If LAN interface is equipped, "LXI" is displayed below the logo mark.



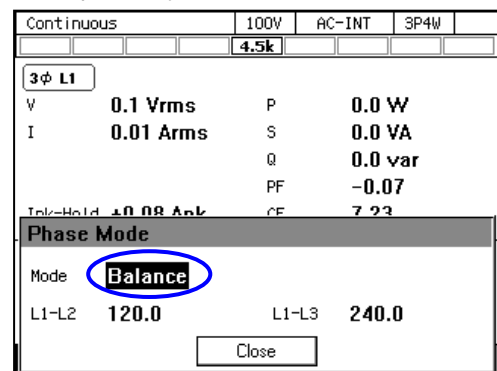
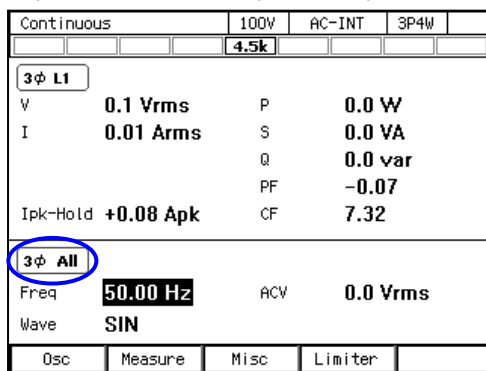
5. Except when you purchased a new product, refer to "4.26 Restoring to the Factory Default Setting (Reset)" to initialize the product to factory defaults. The product will be reset, and display the Continuous screen automatically.
6. When you purchased a new product, the product will start and then display the Continuous screen automatically.

- Check that the measured values of 100 V range, AC-INT, V, and I are displayed in rms, and that the AC voltage (ACV) is set to 0 V.

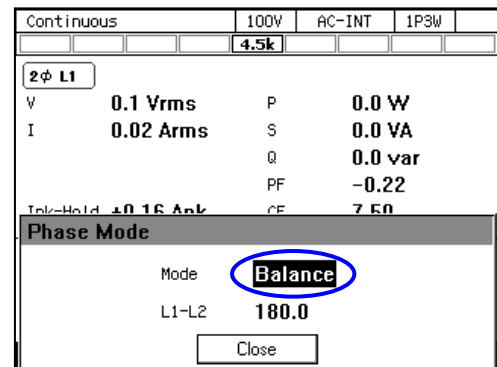
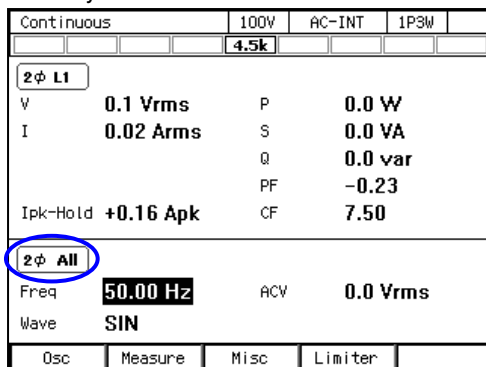


- «Only for the polyphase model, the polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, or the polyphase system» As shown in the figure below, for the three-phase model or three-phase system, check that the icon **3φ All** is displayed, and for the single-phase three-wire model or the single-phase three-wire system, check that the icon **2φ All** is displayed. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [6: Phs Mode] to display the [Phase Mode] window, and check that the mode is set to [Balance] (balanced mode).

Three-phase model, three-phase output of Multi-phase model, or three-phase system



Single-phase three-wire model, single-phase three-wire output of Multi-phase model, or single-phase three-wire system



2. Preparation before Use

9. Press the OUTPUT key to turn the output on. Press the V key to open the numerical entry box for AC voltage (ACV). Raise the AC voltage setting value gradually by using the jog, shuttle, arrow keys, and numeric keypad.

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	4.5k		
1φ LI			
V	75.0 Vrms	P	0.2 W
I	0.08 Arms	S	5.8 VA
		Q	5.8 var
		PF	0.03
Ipk-Hold	+0.31 Apk	CF	4.07
1φ All			
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms
Wave	SIN		75.0Vrms
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter

2.8 Calibration

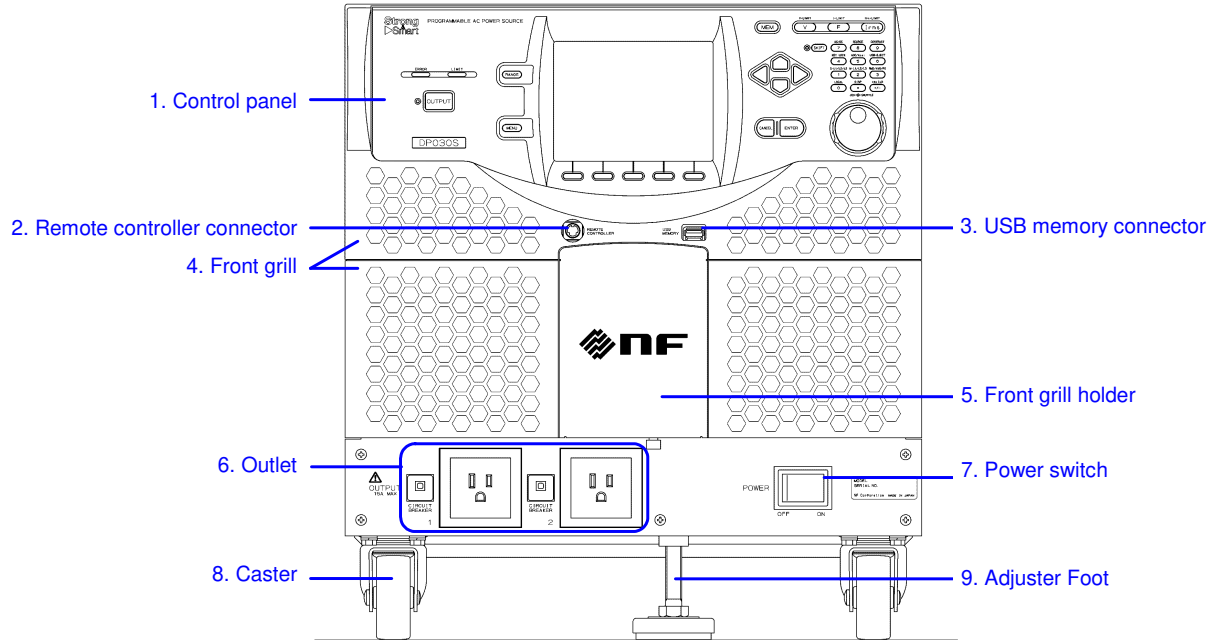
When the product needs calibration, contact us or our agent.

3. Basic Operation

3.1	Component Name.....	36
3.2	Power On/Off.....	41
3.3	Basic Key Operations	45
3.4	Using the Continuous Function	51

3.1 Component Name

3.1.1 Front



(Multi-phase model)

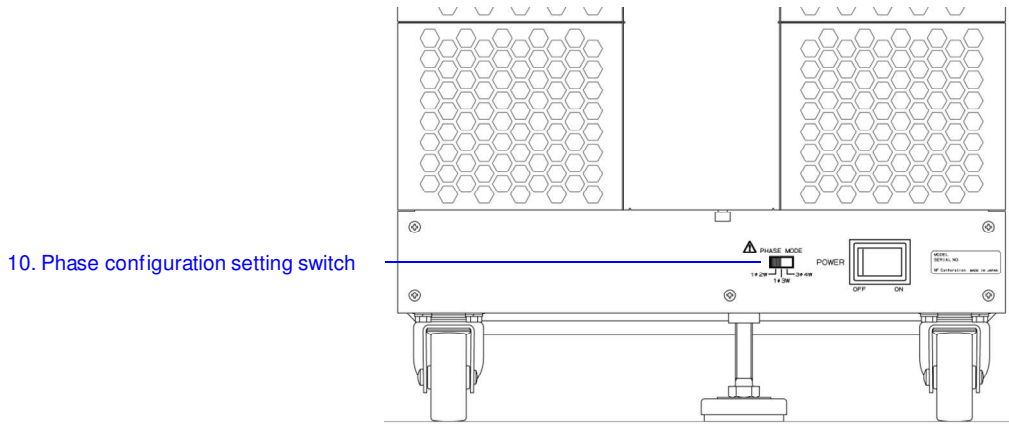
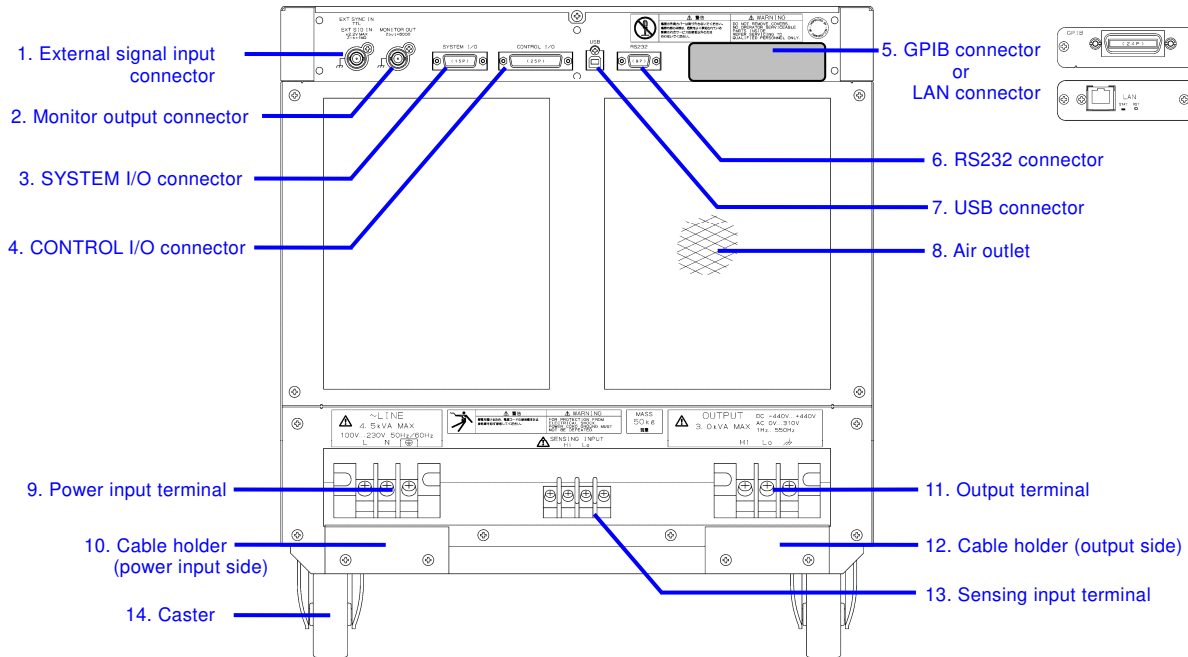


Figure 3-1 Component Name (Front)

Table 3-1 Component Name (Front)

Number	Name	Description	Refer to
1	Control panel	Configures the settings and turns the output on or off. Information such as setting values and measured values is displayed on the LCD screen.	3.1.3
2	Remote controller connector	Optional remote controller can be connected.	7.1
3	USB memory connector	USB memory can be connected.	4.8
4	Front grill	The fresh air inlet. An air filter is attached.	9.2
5	Front grill holder	Clasps for fixing the front grill.	9.2
6	Outlet (Only for the single-phase model)	Can provide up to 15 A of AC output per outlet.	2.5
7	Power switch	Turns the power on/off.	3.2
8	Caster	Caster with the freely movable front-wheels and fixed rear-wheels. Can be used to move this product in the horizontal location.	2.3
9	Adjuster Foot	Can be used to fix this product temporarily in the horizontal location.	2.2
10	Phase configuration setting switch (Multi-phase model only)	Set the output phase configuration.	3.2.2

3.1.2 Rear



(Multi-phase model)

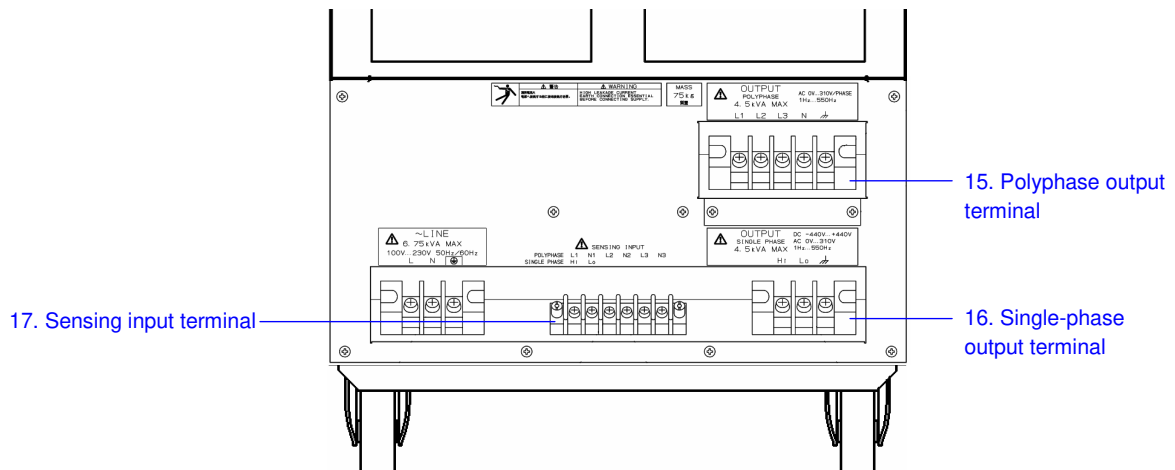


Figure 3-2 Component Name (Rear)

Table 3-2 Component Name (Rear)

Number	Name	Description	Refer to
1	External signal input connector	Used when controlling the voltage value setting by the external signal (VCA) and when synchronizing the output frequency with the external signal (SYNC).	4.16, 4.18,
2	Monitor output connector	Can observe waveforms of the output voltage and output current when connected to a unit such as oscilloscopes.	4.9
3	SYSTEM I/O connector	A System Cable [†] can be connected to make multiple single-phase models into a polyphase output system.	2.5.4
4	CONTROL I/O connector	Used to control this product externally by logic signal and non voltage contact. Also it can obtain the state of this product with a logic signal.	4.17
5	GPIB connector or LAN connector	GPIB or LAN communication interface. Either one can be chosen when ordering.	6.1.3, 6.1.4
6	RS232 connector	RS232 communication interface.	6.1.2
7	USB connector	USB communication interface.	6.1.1
8	Air outlet	Air outlet for exhausting the heat.	2.2
9	Power input terminal	Power input terminal. Power input is 1P2W or 3P3W or 3P4W, either of which can be chosen when ordering. (only for the model of which the output capacity is 4.5 kVA or more) Figure 3-2 shows the case of power input 1P2W.	2.4
10	Cable holder (power input side) *Option	Used to fix the power cable.	2.4, 7.6
11	Output terminal	Output terminal.	2.5
12	Cable holder (output side) *Option	Used to fix the output cable.	2.5, 7.6
13	Sensing input terminal (Single-phase model, Polyphase model)	Connect to the load end that is located in the distance from the main unit to detect its voltage.	4.10
14	Caster	Caster with the freely movable front-wheels and fixed rear-wheels. Can be used to move this product in the horizontal location.	2.3
15	Polyphase output terminal (Multi-phase model)	Output terminal for the single-phase three-wire and three-phase four-wire.	2.5.3
16	Single-phase output terminal (Multi-phase model)	Output terminal for the single-phase two-wire.	2.5.3
17	Sensing input terminal (Multi-phase model)	Connect to the load end that is located in the distance from the main unit to detect its voltage. Common among the single-phase two-wire, single-phase three-wire, and three-phase four-wire output.	4.10

3.1.3 Control Panel

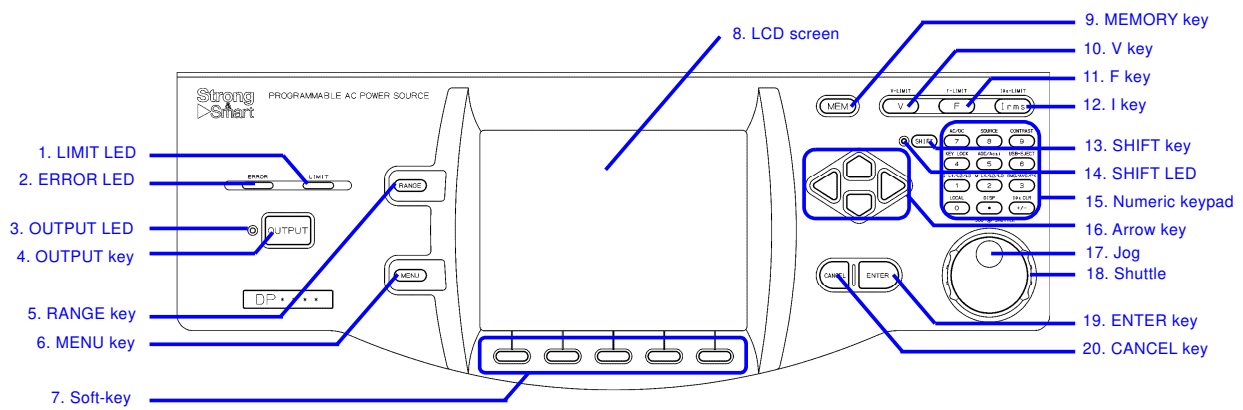


Figure 3-3 Component Name (Control Panel)

Table 3-3 Component Name (Control Panel)

Number	Name	Description	Refer to
1	LIMIT LED	Illuminates when the peak current limiter, RMS current limiter, or active wattage limiter activates.	4.1
2	ERROR LED	Illuminates when an error is detected.	8.1
3	OUTPUT LED	Illuminates in the output on state.	3.4.8
4	OUTPUT key	Turns the output on or off.	3.4.8
5	RANGE key	Switches between the 100 V and 200 V ranges.	3.4.2
6	MENU key	Displays the root menu.	3.3.1
7	Soft-key	Assigned with the functions displayed at the bottom of the LCD screen.	5.1
8	LCD screen	Displays the measured values or menu.	5.1
9	MEMORY key	Displays the Memory View.	4.7
10	V key	Opens the numerical entry box for the output voltage setting.	3.4.4, 3.4.5
11	F key	Opens the numerical entry box for the frequency setting.	3.4.6

Table 3-3 Component Name (Control Panel) (continued)

Number	Name	Description	Refer to
12	I key	Opens the RMS current limiter set window.	4.1.2
13	SHIFT key	Turns on or off the shift state, which enables shortcut operations.	3.3.7
14	SHIFT LED	Illuminates when the shift state is turned on.	3.3.7
15	Numeric keypad	Used to enter a value directly.	3.3.5
16	Arrow key	Used to move across the items or incrementing/decrementing the value by one step.	3.3
17	Jog	Used to move across the items or incrementing/decrementing the value by one step.	3.3
18	Shuttle	Used to move across the items in the selection box or incrementing/decrementing the value. The greater the turning angle is, the faster you move or increment/decrement.	3.3
19	ENTER key	Confirms the selection.	3.3
20	CANCEL key	Returns to the previous state without confirming the selection. The numerical entry box is closed when the value was incremented or decremented using the jog, shuttle, or arrow key.	3.3

3.2 Power On/Off

3.2.1 Before Turning on the Power

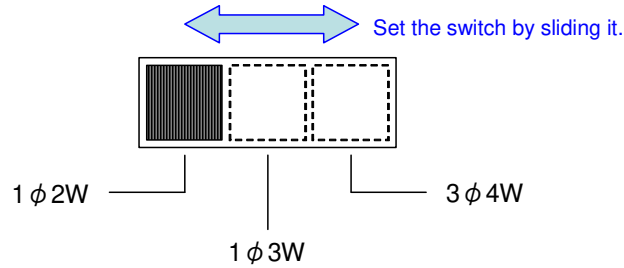
This product can output AC 320 V/DC 454 V at a maximum for a single-phase output in a single-phase model or Multi-phase model. In a single-phase three-wire model, a single-phase three-wire output in a Multi-phase model, or in a single-phase three-wire system, it can also output AC 640 V at a maximum between the wires. The wrong operations may cause the electric shock or result in malfunction of your load. Please check the following before starting operations.

- When you use this product for the first time, we recommend you to perform the test operation without any connection to the output (without loads) with the instruction manual at your side.
- Double-check the connection to the power supply. Ensure that the cable is appropriate for the current consumption and firmly connected.
- Double-check the connection to the output. Ensure that the cable is appropriate for the output current and firmly connected.

3.2.2 Set the Output phase configuration (Multi-phase model Only)

■ Operation procedure

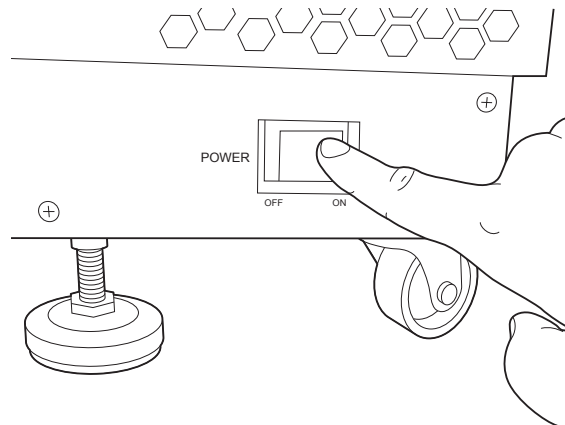
Switch the phase configuration setting switch in the power off state depending on the output phase configuration.



⚠ CAUTION

- Ensure that the power is off when you switch the phase configuration setting switch. If the power is on when you switch the phase configuration setting switch, the output phase configuration will not be switched. Also, this operation does not affect the behaviors of the product. If you move the phase mode setting switch by mistake in the power on state, be sure to move it back to the original position. Otherwise the product starts up in unexpected output phase configuration when at power-on next time.
-

3.2.3 Power On



Press "On" side of the power switch. If you configured a polyphase system, all cabinets need to be turned on within 20 seconds while the order does not matter.

3.2.4 Screen Display and Operations at Starting Up

When you power on the cabinet, all LEDs in the control panel illuminate. The LEDs are lighted off after a while and the following contents are displayed in the order below.

1. The "NF" logo mark is displayed for a few seconds or more than 10 seconds. The length for which this logo is displayed depends on your model and system.
2. The self check is performed and the result is displayed. If any problem is detected, if you change the polyphase system connection in the single-phase model, or if you change the output phase configuration in the Multi-phase model, the startup process halts in the self check screen shown in Figure 3-4. Check the self check result and press the ENTER key to resume the startup process.

Power On Self Test	100V	AC-INT	3P4W	
	4.5k			
Model	DP090GM			
Version	1.30			
Last Adjust	2009/10/02 14:30			
ROM CHECK				OK
RAM READ/WRITE CHECK				OK
MEMORY CHECK				OK
CALIBRATION MEMORY CHECK				OK
VERSION CHECK				OK
SYSTEM CONFIGURATION CHECK				Updt
ID:68 PU-ON Setting Updated				
Press Enter Key to Continue				

Figure 3-4 The Self Check Screen to be Displayed when Starting the Unit in Other System or in Other Output phase configuration than before

3. Depending on the output function selection setting at power-on, the Continuous function screen, Sequence function screen, or Simulation function screen is displayed. For detailed information about the output function selection at power-on setting, see 4.2.10 and 4.3.10.
4. If the output function selection is set to the Continuous function and the output-on at power-on setting is on, the output is turned on after the confirmation message to inform that the output is automatically turned on is displayed for about 10 seconds. If you press the ENTER key while this message is displayed, you can cancel the setting of automatic output-on. For detailed information about the output-on at power-on setting, see 4.20.

3.2.5 The Settings Loaded after Startup

For the Continuous function, the output settings are invoked from the Basic Setting Memory No.1 and other settings are loaded from the System Setting Memory. For details, see 4.7 and 10.23.

For the Sequence function and the Simulation function, the factory default settings are loaded for the content of each step.

If you changed the configuration of a polyphase system or the output phase configuration in a Multi-phase model, the settings are invoked depending on the output phase configuration.

3.2.6 Checking the Rated Power

On the screen after startup, the rated power icon is displayed in the position shown in Figure 3-5. The value in the icon indicates the maximum electric power that can be output. In Figure 3-5, the maximum electric power is 6.0 kVA.

If the rated power is restricted by the power unit energization setting, the icon is highlighted as shown in Table 3-4. For detailed information about the power unit energization setting, see 4.22.

In some models, the maximum output active power may be restricted when the power supply voltage is less than or equal to 170 V. In that case, the restricted maximum output active power value is displayed using the normal icon as shown in Table 3-4. For the restriction applied to the maximum output active power due to the power supply voltage, see 4.1.5.

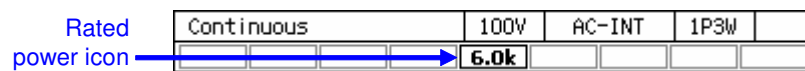


Figure 3-5 The Rated Power Icon

Table 3-4 How the Rated Power Icon is Displayed Depending on the Power Unit Energization Setting

Normal icon Example: 6.0k	All power unit energization settings are enabled. The rated power is set to the maximum value that the model system and the power supply voltage can provide.
Highlighted icon Example: 4.5k	Because some power unit energization settings are disabled, the rated power is restricted.

- Notes -----
- For a polyphase model, the total rated power of all phases is displayed.
 - For a polyphase system, the rated power is displayed for each phase.
-

3.2.7 Power Off

Disable the output and ensure the OUTPUT LED is off before pressing "Off" side of the power switch. All screens disappear and all LEDs turn off, then the power input and the output are blocked inside the system. For a polyphase system, although the order for turning off cabinets is not significant, a communication error message may appear if the interval between the operations of turning off the cabinets is too long. This does not cause any problem.

3.3 Basic Key Operations

3.3.1 Changing the Output Function (Continuous/Sequence/Simulation)

To change the Continuous/Sequence/Simulation function, press the MENU key. This operation displays the root menu shown in Figure 3–6.

Five icons are available in the root menu. The cursor location is informed by the highlighted icon. The description of the icon at the cursor location is displayed in the box located at the bottom of the screen.

Move the cursor to the function you want to select by using arrow keys or the jog. Each icon in upper line represents the Continuous function, Sequence function, and Simulation function from the left. When you press the ENTER key, the screen for the selected function is displayed. You cannot change the function in the output on state. However, you can move to the Memory function screen or System function screen.

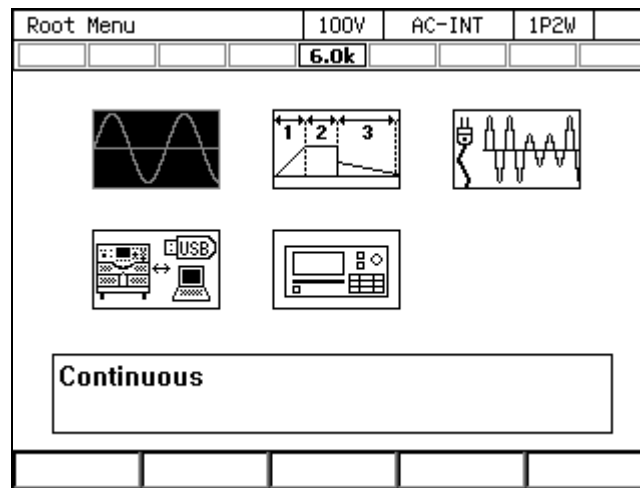



Figure 3-6 The Root Menu

3.3.2 Item Selection

You can move the cursor (highlighted icon) by using arrow keys or the jog. However, some items cannot be selected depending on your model or system. These items are skipped when moving the cursor. If you press the ENTER key, the item under the cursor is selected and run. If the item is a menu, the menu screen, window, or selection box is displayed. If you press the CANCEL key, the menu in the upper hierarchy is displayed without selection or execution of that item.

■ Selection box

If the menu has numbers before its menu items as shown in Figure 3–7 (selection box), pressing the corresponding number on the numeric keypad also selects and runs the item. You can also move the cursor by using the shuttle.

If you select an item with  on the right, the selection box in the lower hierarchy menu is displayed. In addition to the ENTER key, you can also use → arrow key to open the selection box of that menu.

You cannot select grayed items in a selection box, which are different depending on your model or

setting.

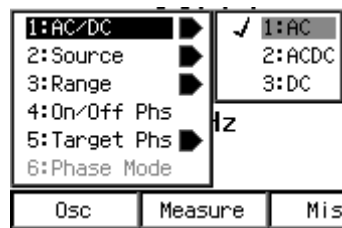


Figure 3-7 The Example of a Selection Box

■ Data list box

When selecting data in the memory, the data list box shown in Figure 3–8 is displayed. To select a data in a data list box, hover the cursor over the box by using the arrow keys or jog and press the ENTER key. This operation enables the cursor to move over each data in the data list box. Hover the cursor over the item you want to select by pressing the up or down arrow key or turning the jog or shuttle and press the ENTER key.

No.	Name
1	seq01
2	seq02
3	seq03
4	seq04
5	seq05

Figure 3-8 The Example of a Data List Box

3.3.3 Using Soft-keys

When the soft-key function is displayed at the bottom of the LCD screen as shown in Figure 3–9, pressing a soft-key performs the function assigned to that key.

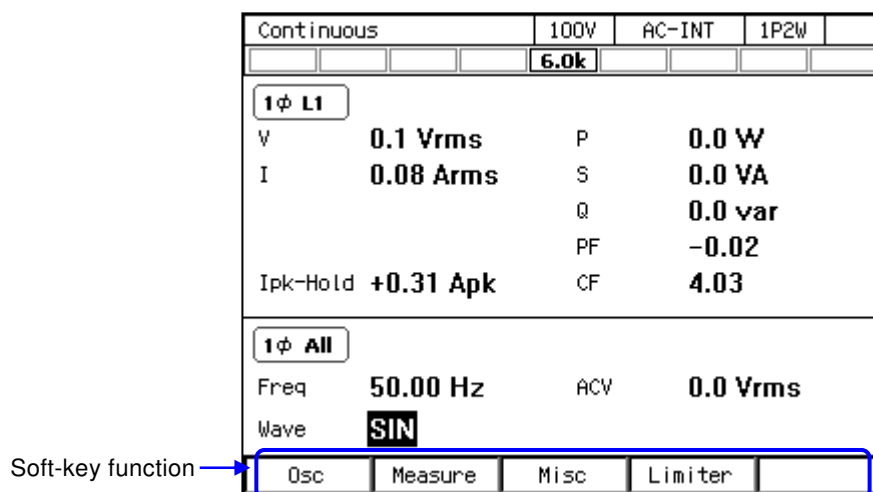


Figure 3-9 Soft-key Function

3.3.4 Closing Windows

■ The window with the [Close] button

Following three methods are available to close the window with the [Close] button shown in Figure 3-10.

- Move the cursor to the [Close] button in the window by using the arrow keys or the jog and press the ENTER key.
- Press the CANCEL key.
- Press the soft-key under the [Close] button (third button from the left).

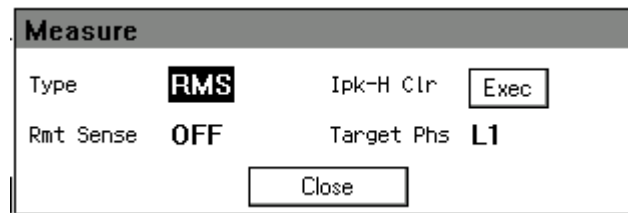


Figure 3-10 The Example of the Window with the [Close] Button

■ Window with the [OK]/[Cancel] button

Following three methods are available to close the window with the [OK]/[Cancel] button shown in Figure 3-11.

- Move the cursor to the [OK] button or [Cancel] button in the window by using the arrow keys or the jog and press the ENTER key.
- Press the CANCEL key. To do so, perform the same operation as you did to select the [Cancel] button.
- Pressing the soft-key under the [OK] button (fourth button from the left) means same as selecting the [OK] button. Similarly, pressing the soft-key under the [Cancel] button (second button from the left) means same as selecting the [Cancel] button.

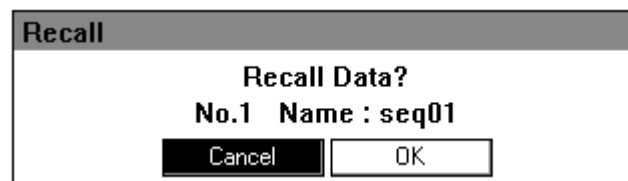


Figure 3-11 The Example of the Window with the [OK]/[Cancel] Button

3.3.5 Entering Values (Numerical Entry Box)

■ Entering values with arrow keys/jog or shuttle

For an item to set value, hover the cursor over the value (which will be highlighted) and press the ENTER key to open a numerical entry box shown in Figure 3–12 in which you can enter a value. Move to the desired digit by using the right or left arrow key and increment/decrement the value by using the up or down arrow key/the jog or shuttle. During the edit, the value is confirmed every time it is incremented or decremented. The value for the voltage or frequency output is applied even during the edit. If you press the ENTER key or the CANCEL key, the numerical entry box is closed.

■ Enter values directly by using the numeric keypad

For an item required to set values, hover the cursor over a value (which will be highlighted) and enter a new value by using the numeric keypad. A numerical entry box opens as you start entering a value, and the entered value is displayed. Press the ENTER key to confirm the value. The previous values for the voltage or frequency output are held until you press the ENTER key. If you press the CANCEL key, the settings are not changed.

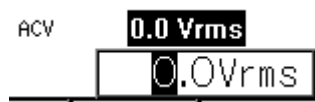


Figure 3-12 The Numerical Entry Box

- Notes -----
- If you already know the value to set, the direct entry using the numeric keypad will be convenient.
 - If you want to increment/decrement the value by one step at one time, use the up and down arrow key.
 - If you want to increment/decrement the value by a large amount step by step, use the jog.
 - If you want to increment/decrement the value by a large amount quickly, use the shuttle.
-

3.3.6 Entering Strings (Character String Entry Box)

Enter the name of the data when saving it to the internal memory or USB memory. In this case, hover the cursor over the string (which will be highlighted) and press the ENTER key. This operation opens a character string entry box shown in Figure 3-13.

When you turn the jog or press the up or down arrow key in a character string entry box, the character at the cursor (highlighted character) is changed in a way shown in Table 3-5. When you press a key in the numeric keypad, the corresponding value or symbol is entered. To move the cursor position, use the right or left arrow key. When you press the ENTER key, the edited string is confirmed and the character string entry box is closed.

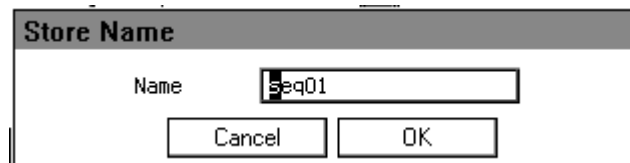


Figure 3-13 Character String Entry Box

Table 3-5 Character String Entry List

← Turning the jog in the counterclockwise direction Turning the jog in the clockwise direction
Pressing the down arrow key Pressing the up arrow key →

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789!#\$%&'()+,-.:/;=@[]^_`{ }~□
--

(Note) □ indicates a space.

Notes

- The name of the data which will be saved in the internal memory or USB memory must be 20 characters long at a maximum.

3.3.7 Using Shortcut Operations (SHIFT Key)

When you press the SHIFT key, the SHIFT LED illuminates. In this state (shift state), when you press one of the V, F, I, and any keys in the numeric keypad, as shown in Table 3-6 you can perform the shortcut operations. In this instruction manual, pressing a key in the shift state is denoted by "SHIFT + X."

If you press the SHIFT key once more in the shift state, the SHIFT LED is lighted off and the shift state exits.

Notes

- The shift state is kept until you press the SHIFT key next time. Therefore, continuous shortcut operations can be performed.
- You do not have to hold down the SHIFT key while you press another key.

Table 3-6 Shortcut Operations

Shortcut	Item	Description	Refer to
SHIFT + V	V-LIMIT	Opens the setting window for the voltage setting range limit.	4.1.3
SHIFT + F	F-LIMIT	Opens the setting window for the frequency setting range limit.	4.1.4
SHIFT + I _{rms}	Ipk-LIMIT	Opens the peak current limiter set window.	4.1.1
SHIFT + 1	S-L1/L2/L3 [†]	Switches the target phase to be configured in the following order: L1, L2, L3 (unbalanced mode), All Phase, and All Line (balanced mode).	3.4.5, 4.14
SHIFT + 2	M-L1/L2/L3 [†]	Switches the target phase of which the measured value is displayed in the following order: L1, L2, L3, L1-L2, L2-L3, L3-L1.	3.4.13
SHIFT + 3	RMS/AVG/PK [†]	Switches the display format of the measured value in the following order: RMS, AVG, PK.	3.4.10
SHIFT + 4	KEY LOCK	Enables/Disables the key lock.	4.23
SHIFT + 5	AGC/Acal	Opens the AGC/Autocal set window.	4.11, 4.12
SHIFT + 6	USB-EJECT	Performs the eject operation for removing a USB memory.	4.8
SHIFT + 7	AC/DC	Switches the AC/DC mode in the following order: AC, ACDC, DC.	3.4.1
SHIFT + 8	SOURCE	Switches the signal source in the following order: INT, VCA, SYNC.	3.4.1
SHIFT + 9	CONTRAST	Changes to the state in which the contrast is selected in the LCD set window.	4.25
SHIFT + 0	LOCAL	Exits the Remote state between the device connected to the communication interface and enters the Local state in which the panel operations are accepted.	6.2
SHIFT + •	DISP	Switches the measured value display mode between normal and simple.	3.4.11
SHIFT + +/-	Ipk CLR	Clears the current peak-hold value.	3.4.12

Note: If you change the item presented with † symbol using shortcut operations, the setting is not saved in the System Setting Memory (see 10.23).

3.4 Using the Continuous Function

3.4.1 Setting the AC/DC Mode and the Signal Source

The description of the AC/DC mode is shown in Table 3-7. The description of the signal source is shown in Table 3-8. The selectable combinations of the AC/DC mode and the signal source are shown in Table 3-9.

Notes

- If the load is a transformer whose core saturates even with small amount of DC component, select the AC mode.
- If you output AC less than 40 Hz, select the ACDC mode. You cannot set the frequency to less than 40 Hz in the AC mode.
- In the AC mode, if the output is a waveform that has a long cycle or is dissymmetric in terms of positive and negative (e.g. when the phase is changed rapidly or the different values are set for the positive and negative in the peak current limiter), the waveform may be transformed by the DC component removing function of the AC mode. If you want to make the output waveform similar to the signal source, select the ACDC mode.

Table 3-7 Description of the AC/DC Mode

AC/DC Mode	Description
AC	Only the AC voltage can be set. The AC coupling is used between the signal source and the amplification section and the DC component is removed.
ACDC	The AC voltage and the DC voltage can be set respectively. The DC coupling is used between the signal source and the amplification section and both of the AC component and the DC component are output.
DC	Only the DC voltage can be set; the AC voltage is fixed to zero. The DC coupling is used between the signal source and the amplification section.

Table 3-8 The Description of the Signal Source

Signal source	Description
INT	The signal source is internal. Set the output voltage, output waveform, frequency, output on phase, and output off phase through the control panel or the remote control.
VCA	The signal source is internal. The output voltage can be controlled with the external DC input signal. The output voltage setting cannot be set through the control panel or the remote control. All conditions except for output voltage setting is same as INT.
SYNC	The signal source is internal. The frequency of the internal signal source is synchronized with the external input signal or the power line. The frequency setting cannot be set through the control panel or the remote control. All conditions except for output frequency setting is same as INT.

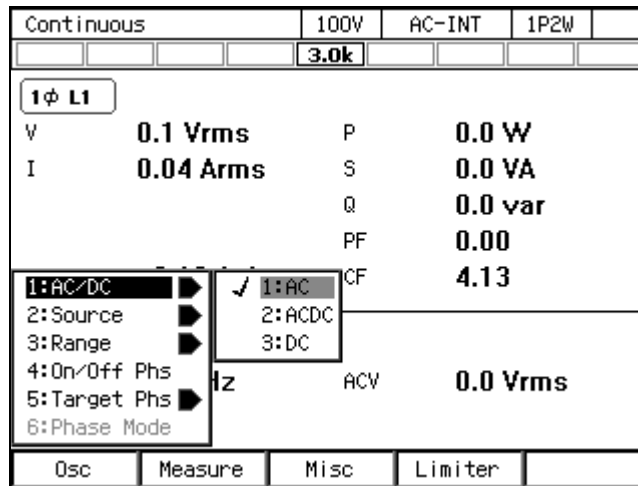
Table 3-9 List of the Selectable Combinations of the AC/DC Mode and the Signal Source

Output Phase mode	AC/DC mode	Signal source		
		INT	VCA	SYNC
1P2W	AC	AC-INT	AC-VCA	AC-SYNC
	ACDC	ACDC-INT	-	ACDC-SYNC
	DC	DC-INT	DC-VCA	-
1P3W	AC	AC-INT	AC-VCA	AC-SYNC
	ACDC*1	ACDC-INT	-	ACDC-SYNC
	DC	-	-	-
3P4W	AC	AC-INT	AC-VCA	AC-SYNC
	ACDC*1	ACDC-INT	-	ACDC-SYNC
	DC	-	-	-

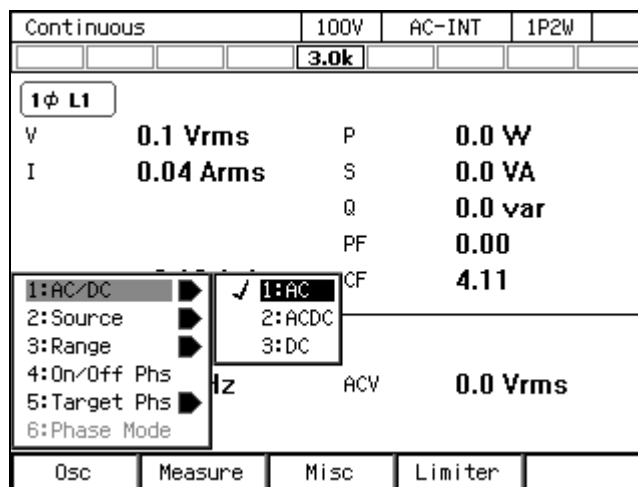
*1: The DC voltage cannot be set in 1P3W or 3P4W of the ACDC mode.

■ Operation procedures using soft-keys

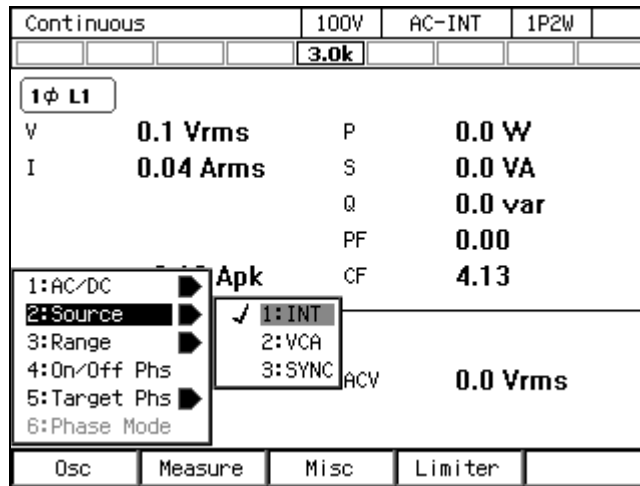
1. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [1: AC/DC].



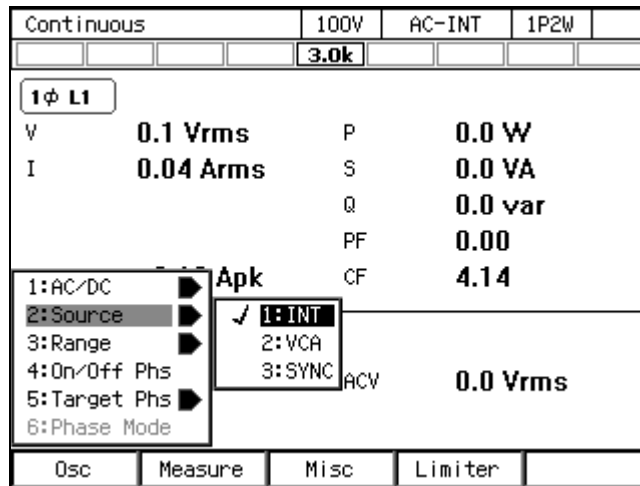
2. In the displayed selection box, select the desired AC/DC mode.



3. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [2: Source].



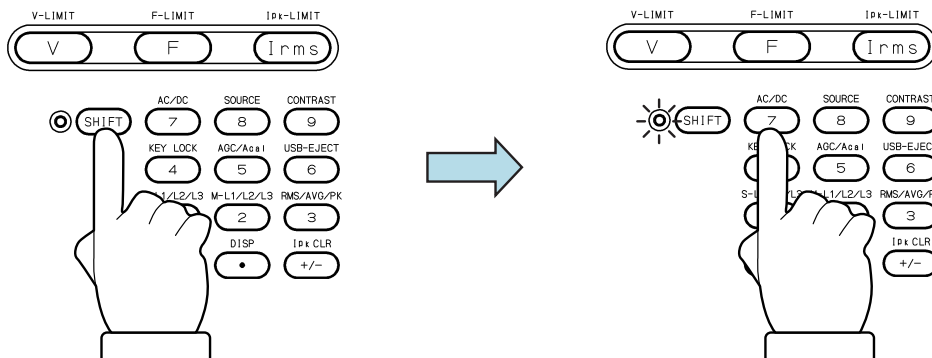
4. In the displayed selection box, select the desired signal source.



■ Operation procedures by using shortcuts

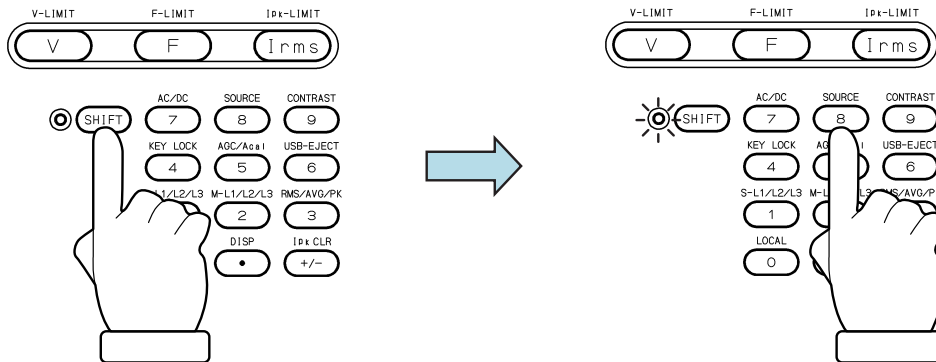
1. **[SHIFT]** + **[7]** Switching the AC/DC mode

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the 7 key of the numeric keypad during the shift state, the AC/DC mode is switched in the following order: AC, ACDC, DC, AC. Some modes may be skipped and cannot be selected depending on the signal source.



2. **SHIFT** + **8** Switching the signal source

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the 8 key of the numeric keypad during the shift state, the signal source is switched in the following order: INT, VCA, SYNC, INT. Some signal sources may be skipped and cannot be selected depending on the AC/DC mode.



3.4.2 Setting the Output Range

You can select the 100 V range or 200 V range. Table 3-10 shows the setting range for each range.

- Notes -----
- You cannot switch the output range in the output on state.
-

Table 3-10 The Setting Range per Output Range

Setting Item				setting range		
				100 V range	200 V range	Unit
DC voltage				-227.0 to +227.0	-454.0 to +454.0	V
AC voltage	Phase Voltage		SIN, CLP	0.0 to 160.0	0.0 to 320.0	Vrms
	Line voltage	1P3W	SIN	0.0 to 320.0	0.0 to 640.0	Vrms
		3P4W	SIN	0.0 to 277.2	0.0 to 554.2	Vrms
External input gain				0.0 to 227.0	0.0 to 454.0	Times
Peak current limiter (positive)				See 10.13		
Peak current limiter (negative)						
RMS current limiter						
Voltage Setting Limit				See 10.14		

■ Operation procedures using soft-keys

1. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [3:Range].

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ L1				
Vmax	+0.3 Vpk	P		0.0 W
Vmin	-0.3 Vpk	S		0.0 VA
Imax	+0.04 Apk	Q		0.0 var
Imin	-0.08 Apk	PF		0.00
	Apk	CF		1.73
1:AC/DC 2:Source 3:Range 4:On/Off Phs 5:Target Phs 6:Phase Mode		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1:100V <input type="checkbox"/> 2:200V		ACV 0.0 Vrms
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. In the displayed selection box, select the desired output range.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ L1				
Vmax	+0.3 Vpk	P		0.0 W
Vmin	-0.1 Vpk	S		0.0 VA
Imax	+0.04 Apk	Q		0.0 var
Imin	-0.08 Apk	PF		0.00
	Apk	CF		1.73
1:AC/DC 2:Source 3:Range 4:On/Off Phs 5:Target Phs 6:Phase Mode		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1:100V <input type="checkbox"/> 2:200V		ACV 0.0 Vrms
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

■ Operation procedures using the RANGE key

The range is toggled between 100 V range and 200 V range every time you press the RANGE key.

3.4.3 Setting Waveforms

You can select a waveform of the internal signal source from sine wave (SIN) and clipped sine wave (CLP, three types available). For the clipped sine wave, see 4.6.

----- Notes -----

- The AC and DC voltage settings (ACV and DCV) are common regardless of the waveform setting.
-

■ Operation procedure

1. Select the [Wave] item.

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	3.0k		
1φ LI			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Ipk-Hold	+0.16 Apk	CF	4.13
1φ All			
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms
Wave	SIN		
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter

2. In the displayed selection box, select the desired waveform (SIN, CLP).

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	3.0k		
1φ LI			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Ipk-Hold	+0.16 Apk	CF	4.11
1φ All			
	1:SIN		
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms
Wave	2:CLP		
	SIN		
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter

3. If you select CLP, the [Select] icon (**Select**) is displayed next to it. When you hover the cursor over the [Select] icon, the clip ratio or crest factor is displayed. When you press the ENTER key, the setting window opens. Set or select items as needed in this window.

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	3.0k		
1φ LI			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Ipk-Hold	+0.16 Apk	CF	4.13
1φ All			
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms
Wave	CLP	Select	
	90.0 %		
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter

3.4.4 Setting the Output Voltage (Single-phase Output)

Set the AC component and DC component separately for the output voltage of the internal signal source. For the AC component, set the output voltage in the ACV item. For the DC component, set it in the DCV item.

Notes

- The AC and DC voltage settings (ACV and DCV) are common regardless of the waveform setting.
- In the ACDC mode, the voltage setting range limit is applied to the additional values of the AC voltage setting (recalculated to a peak value) and the DC voltage setting. For details, see 4.1.3.

■ Operation procedures for setting the AC voltage

1. Select the [ACV] item and then enter a numeric value. For how to enter values, see 3.3.5.

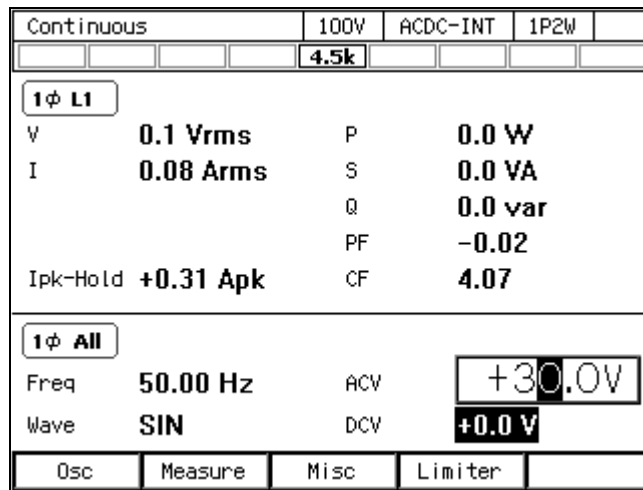
Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		4.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.08 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	-0.01	
Ipk-Hold	+0.31 Apk	CF	2.05	
1φ All				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	100.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN		80.0Vrms	
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limit	

Notes

- Set the effective value for the voltage.

■ Operation procedures for setting the DC voltage

1. Select the [DCV] item and then enter a numeric value. For how to enter values, see 3.3.5.

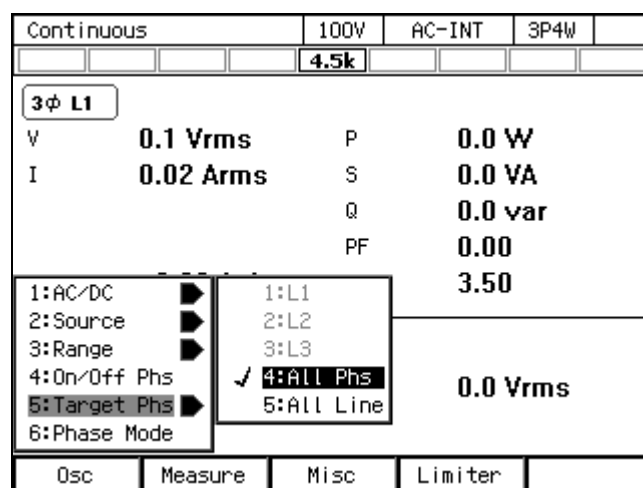


3.4.5 Setting the Output Voltage (Polyphase Output)

This section describes the operations in the balanced mode in a polyphase model and a polyphase system. In the balanced mode, the phase voltage and the line voltage are set for all phases at once. To enter the balanced mode, select the [Osc] soft-key → [6: Phase Mode] to open the phase mode set window, and select [1:Balance] in the Mode item. For details on the unbalanced mode, see 4.14.

■ Operation procedures for setting the phase voltage

1. Check the icon in the output display area (see 5.1) is **2φ All** (single-phase three-wire model or single-phase three-wire system)/**3φ All** (three-phase model or three-phase system). If the different icon is shown, press the [Osc] soft-key and select [5:Target Phs] → [4:All Phs]. Or perform the Shortcut operation **SHIFT** + **1** to switch to [All Phs].



2. Select the [ACV] item and then enter a numeric value. For how to enter values, see 3.3.5.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	3P4W
		4.5k		
3ϕ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.02 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.08 Apk	CF	3.50	
3ϕ All				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN		100.0Vrms	
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

■ Operation procedures for setting the line voltage

1. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [5:Target Phs] → [5:All Line]. Or perform the shortcut operation **SHIFT** + **1** to switch to [All Line]. Check that the icon in the output display area (see 5.1) is **2 ϕ Line** (single-phase three-wire model or single-phase three-wire system)/**3 ϕ Line** (three-phase model or three-phase system).

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	3P4W
		4.5k		
3ϕ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.01 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	-0.07	
			7.14	
1:AC/DC ▶ 2:Source ▶ 3:Range ▶ 4:On/Off Phs 5:Target Phs ▶ 6:Phase Mode		1:L1 2:L2 3:L3 ✓ 4:All Phs 5:All Line		0.0 Vrms
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. Select the [ACV] item and then enter a numeric value. For how to enter values, see 3.3.5.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	3P4W
		4.5k		
3ϕ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.01 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	-0.07	
Ipk-Hold	+0.08 Apk	CF	7.40	
3ϕ Line				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN		200.0Vrms	
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

- Notes -----
- The line voltage can be set only for the sine wave in the balanced mode.
-

3.4.6 Setting the Output Frequency

Set the AC component frequency of the internal signal source.

■ Operation procedure

1. Select the [Freq] item and follow the instructions in 3.3.5 to enter a value.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		4.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.08 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	-0.02	
Ipk-Hold	+0.31 Apk	CF	4.10	
1φ All				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	100.0 Vrms	
Wave	60.00Hz			
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

3.4.7 Setting the Output On/Off Phase

Set the phases when the output turns on/off. After the output-on operation, the voltage output is started from the output on phase. After the output off operation, the voltage output is completed when it reaches the output off phase. The output off phase can be disabled. If disabled, the output is turned off immediately after the operation of output off.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [4:On/Off Phs]. The output on/off phase setting window opens.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		4.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.08 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	-0.02	
		CF	2.05	
1:AC/DC 2:Source 3:Range 4:On/Off Phs 5:Target Phs 6:Phase Mode		Apk		
		Hz	ACV	100.0 Vrms
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

- Set the on and off phase in the [On Phase] item and [Off Phase] item respectively. If you want to disable the off phase, select [Disable].

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		4.5k		
1ϕ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.08 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	-0.02	
Ipk-Hold	+0.31 Apk	CF	2.05	
On/Off Phase				
On Phase	90.0 deg	Off Phase	Enable	0.0 deg
Close				

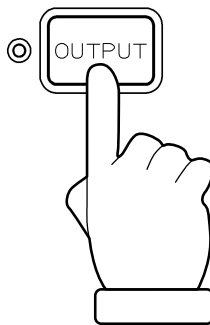
- Close the window. For how to close the window, see 3.3.4.

Notes

- The output on/off phase setting is invalid for the Sequence and the Simulation.

3.4.8 Turning the Output On or Off

Use the OUTPUT key to turn the output on or off. The OUTPUT LED illuminates in the output on state.



Notes

- For how to turn the output on or off rapidly, see 4.19.

3.4.9 Using the Measurement Function

The measured values are displayed in the measured value area (see 5.1). The main measurement functions of this product are shown in Table 3-11. For details of the display items of the measured value, see 5.1.2.

Table 3-11 Main Measurement Functions

Item		Description	Unit
V	Output voltage effective value	The effective (RMS) value of the output voltage on the output terminal.	Vrms
Vavg	Output voltage average value	The average DC value of the output voltage on the output terminal.	V
Vmax	Output voltage maximum peak value	The maximum peak value of the output voltage on the output terminal.	Vpk
Vmin	Output voltage minimum peak value	The minimum peak value of the output voltage on the output terminal.	Vpk
I	Output current effective value	The effective (RMS) value of the output current. When the line voltage display is L1-L2/L2-L3/L3-L1, the phase current of the L1/L2/L3 phase is displayed respectively.	Arms
Iavg	Output current average value	The average DC value of the output current.	A
Imax	Output current maximum peak value	The maximum peak value of the output current. When the line voltage display is L1-L2/L2-L3/L3-L1, the phase current of the L1/L2/L3 phase is displayed respectively.	Apk
Imin	Output current minimum peak value	The minimum peak value of the output current. When the line voltage display is L1-L2/L2-L3/L3-L1, the phase current of the L1/L2/L3 phase is displayed respectively.	Apk
Ipk-Hold	Output Current Peak-Hold Value	The hold value of Imax or Imin, either of which the value is bigger. When the line voltage display is L1-L2/L2-L3/L3-L1, the phase current of the L1/L2/L3 phase is displayed respectively.	Apk
P	Active power	The active power provided to the load. The power of the phase is displayed when in the phase voltage display. The total power of all phases is displayed when in the line voltage display.	W
S	Apparent power	The apparent power provided to the load. The power of the phase is displayed when in the phase voltage display. The total power of all phases is displayed when in the line voltage display.	VA
Q	Reactive power	The reactive power provided to the load. The power of the phase is displayed when in the phase voltage display. The total power of all phases is displayed when in the line voltage display.	var

Table 3-11 Main Measurement Functions (continued)

Item		Description	Unit
PF	Power factor	The power factor of the load. The power factor of the phase is displayed when in the phase voltage display in the polyphase model and polyphase system. It is not displayed when in the line voltage display.	—
CF	Crest factor	The crest factor of the output current (peak value/effective value). It is not displayed for the line voltage display in the polyphase model and polyphase system.	—
F	Synchronization frequency	The measured frequency value of the synchronization signal source when the signal source is SYNC.	Hz

3.4.10 Switching the Display Format (RMS/AVG/Peak) of the Measured Value

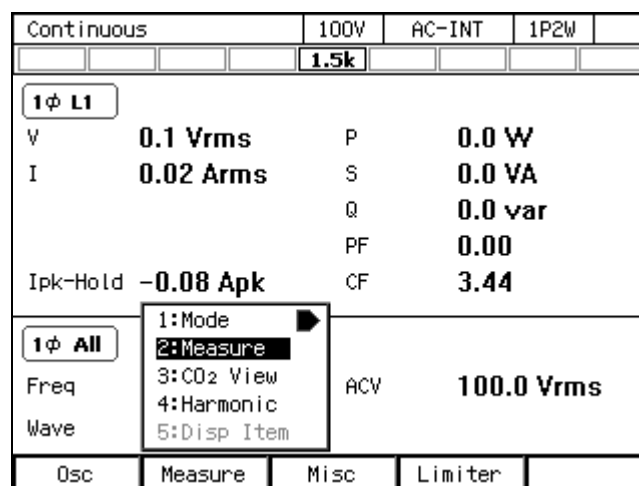
You can switch the display format of the measured value (RMS/AVG/Peak) for the output voltage and output current. The items which are displayed in each measuring mode are shown in Table 3-12.

Table 3-12 The Measuring Mode for the Measured Values of the Output Voltage and Output Current

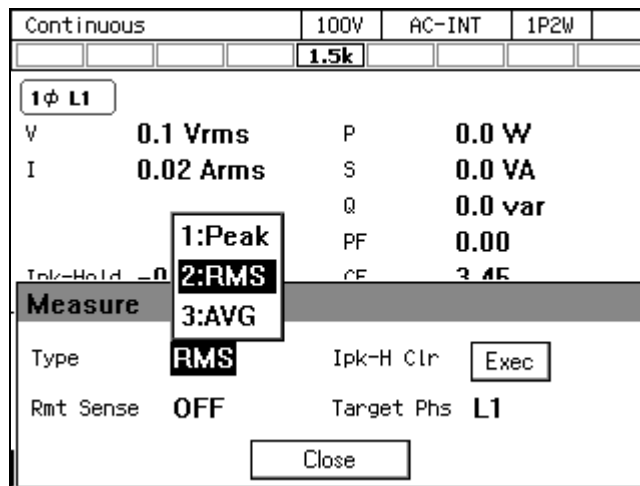
Measuring mode	Items to be Displayed (Output Voltage, Output Current)
RMS	V, I, Ipk-Hold
AVG	Vavg, Iavg, Ipk-Hold
Peak	Vmax, Vmin, Imax, Imin, Ipk-Hold

■ Operation procedures using soft-keys

1. Press the [Measure] soft-key and select [2: Measure]. The [Measure] window opens.



2. Select the [Type] item. In the displayed selection box, select the desired measuring mode.

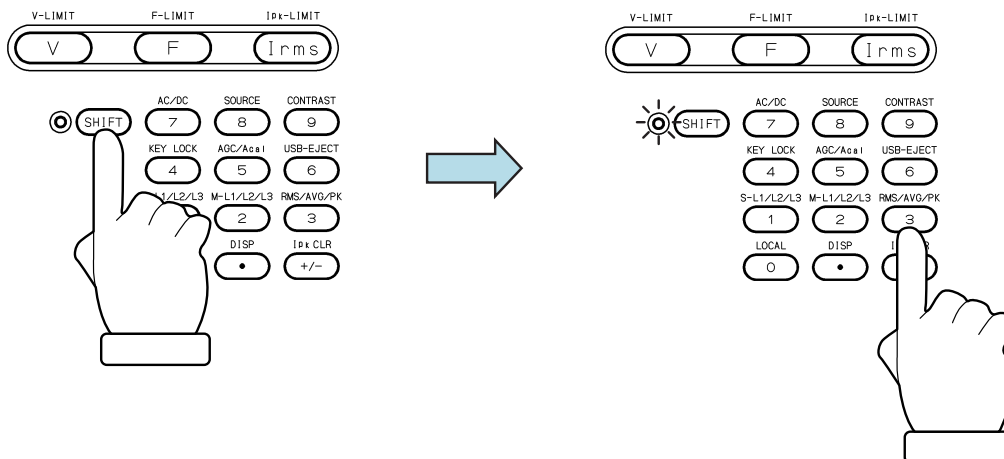


3. Close the window. For how to close the window, see 3.3.4.

■ Operation procedures by using shortcuts

1. **SHIFT** + **3** Switching the display format of the measured values

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the 3 key of the numeric keypad during the shift state, the measuring mode is switched in the following order: RMS, AVG, Peak, RMS. Some measuring modes may be skipped and cannot be selected depending on the AC/DC mode.



3.4.11 Enlarge Display Letters for the Measured Value

You can switch the measured value display mode between normal (normal) and the mode in which the letters are enlarged (simple) shown in Figure 3–14. In the Simple View mode, three types of measured values are displayed. You can select the measured value being displayed in the Simple View mode.

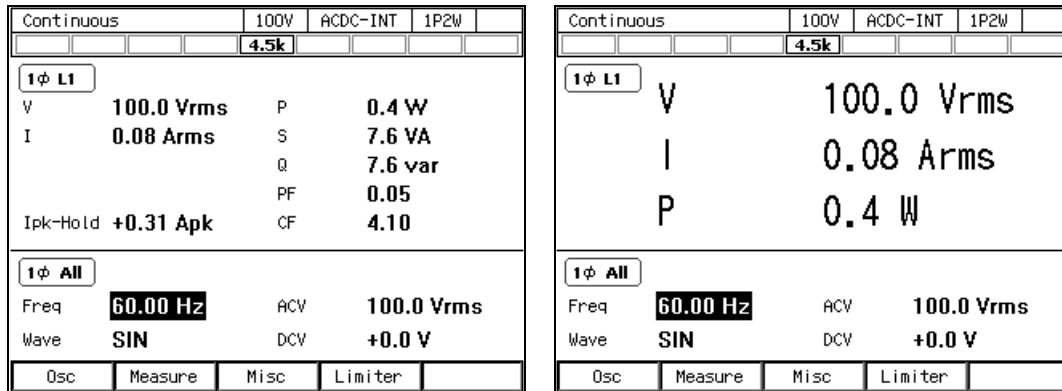


Figure 3-14 The Normal View (left) and the Simple View Mode (right)

Notes

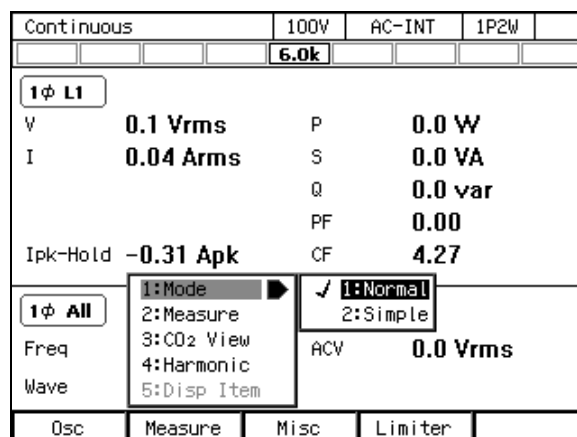
- If the measured value display mode is changed to Peak in the Simple View mode, the maximum peak values (Vmax/Imax) are displayed instead of the voltage/current measured value. Also, if the measured value display mode is changed to RMS/AVG from Peak, the effective/average values are displayed instead of the maximum and minimum peak values.
- If the AC/DC mode and the signal source are changed in the Simple View mode, the measured voltage values are forced to be displayed instead of the items that are not displayed in the mode after the change, such as the power factor or crest factor. If this operation is applied to multiple items, the measured current value is displayed for the second item, and the current peak-hold value for the third.

■ Switching the measured value display mode (normal/simple)

The mode is toggled between normal and simple every time you perform the shortcut operation with

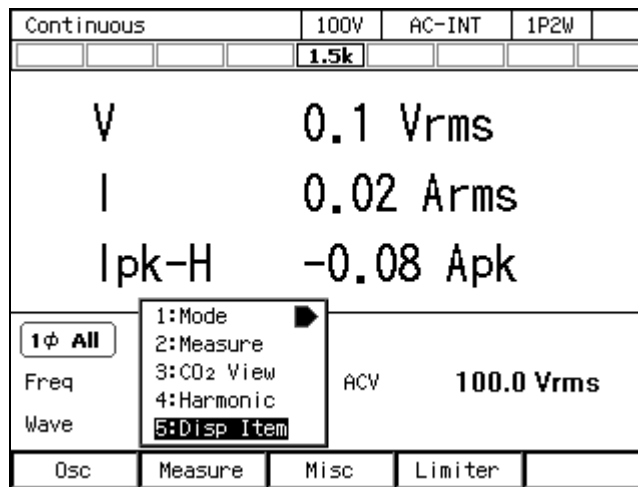
SHIFT + **[Mode]**. You can also change the mode by following the steps below.

1. Press the [Measure] soft-key and select [1:Mode].
2. Select 1: Normal/2: Simple.

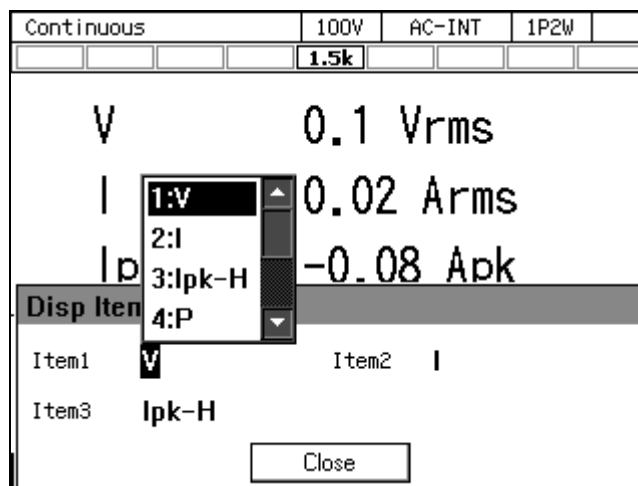


■ Selecting the measured value being displayed in the Simple View mode (procedure 1)

1. In the Simple View mode, press the [Measure] soft-key and select [5:Disp Item]. The setting window for display items opens.



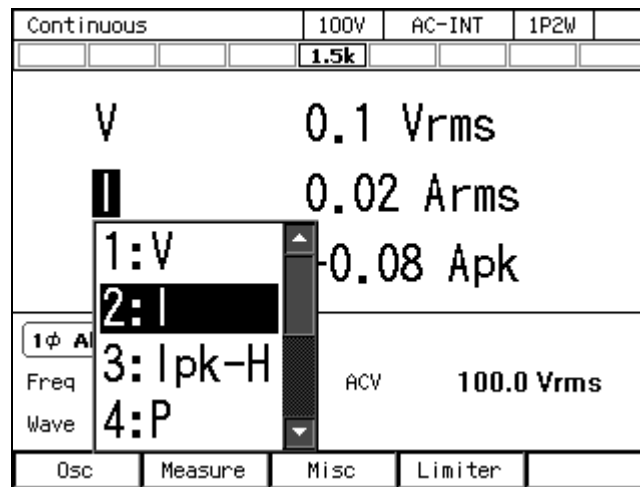
2. In the [Item1] to [Item3] items, select measured values to be displayed.



3. Close the window. For how to close the window, see 3.3.4.

- Selecting the measured value being displayed in the Simple View mode (procedure 2)

In the Simple View mode, hover the cursor over the measured value item and press the ENTER key. The selection box for choosing display items opens.

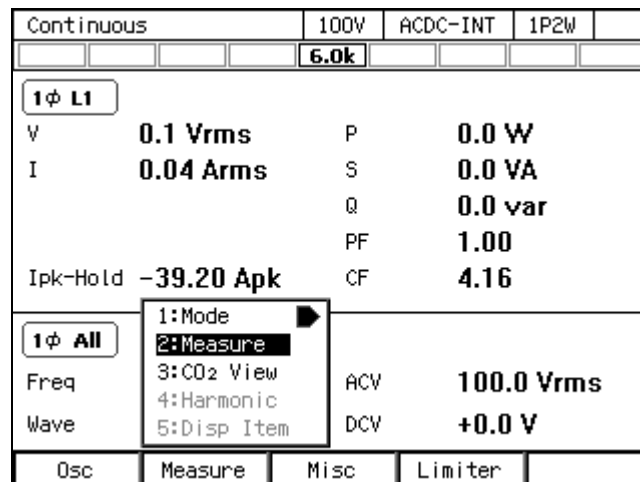


3.4.12 Clearing the Output Current Peak-hold Value

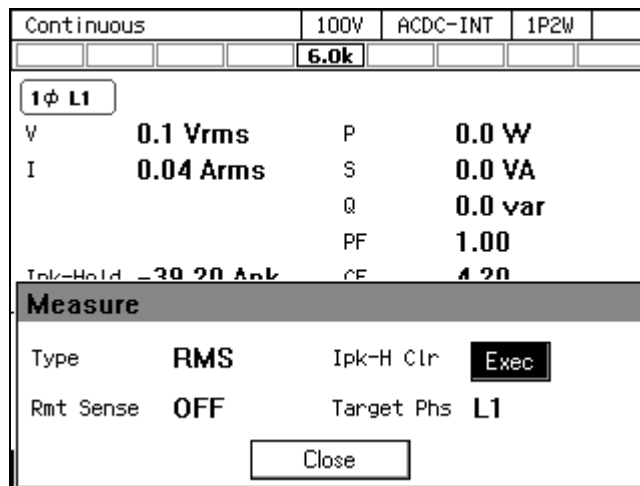
The output current peak-hold value is the maximum absolute value of the measured output current peak value, which is then updated appending signs and held. This held value can be cleared. After the held value is cleared, it is updated with the value measured after that. The held value is cleared when the power is turned off.

- Operation procedures using soft-keys

1. Press the [Measure] soft-key and select [2: Measure]. The [Measure] window opens.



2. Move the cursor to [Exec] of the [Ipk-H Clr] item and press the ENTER key.

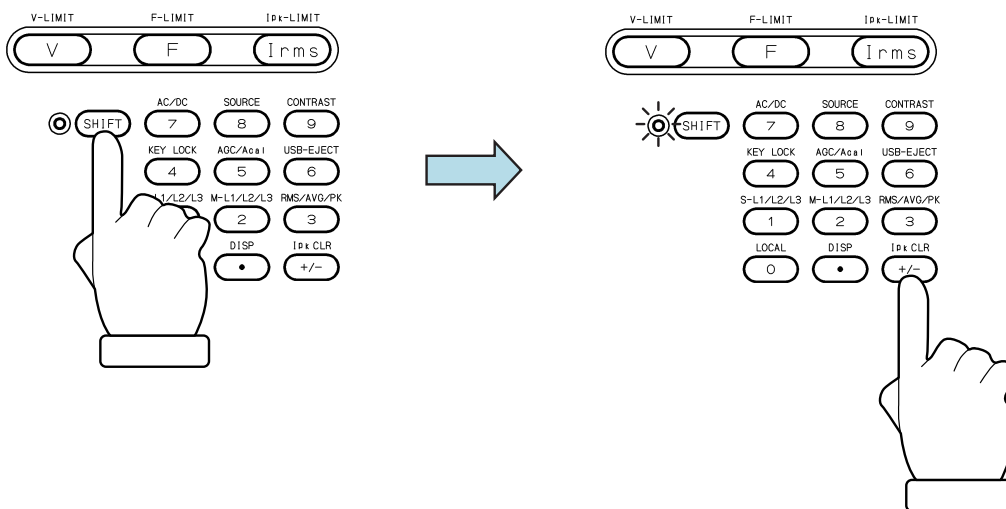


3. Close the window. For how to close the window, see 3.3.4.

■ Operation procedures by using shortcuts

1. **SHIFT** + **+/-** Clearing the current peak-hold value

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the +/- key in the numeric keypad in the shift state, the output current peak-hold value is cleared.



3.4.13 Switching the Target Phase of which the Measured Values are Displayed (Polyphase Output)

You can switch the phase of which the measured values is displayed on the LCD screen in the polyphase model and of L1 cabinet in the polyphase system. You can select the line voltage display.

Notes

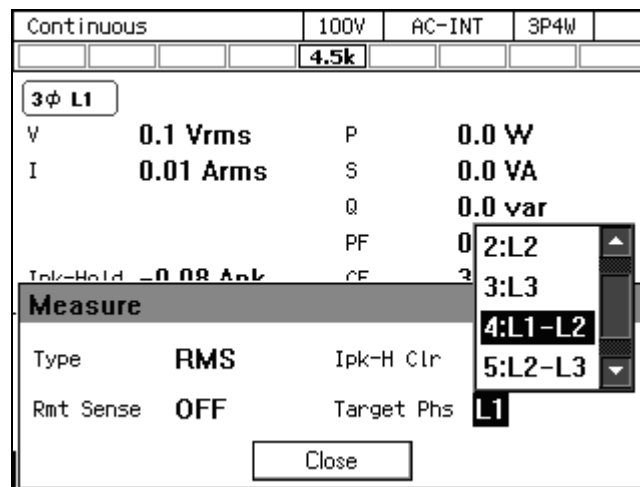
- Even if the line voltage display is selected, the phase voltage is displayed when Peak is selected for the measuring mode. If L1-L2, L2-L3, or L3-L1 is selected, the maximum and minimum peak values of the phase voltage for L1, L2, or L3 is displayed respectively.
- The line voltage display (RMS display) is not the line voltage value that is measured directly. This is the value that is calculated based on the phase setting value and the measured phase voltage value.
- In the line voltage display, the measured output current value indicates the phase current. If L1-L2, L2-L3, or L3-L1 is selected, measured values of the phase current for L1, L2, or L3 is displayed.
- In the line voltage display, the power factor and crest factor are not displayed.
- In the line voltage display, the measured output power value indicates the output power of the phase when in the phase voltage display, and total output power of all phases when in the line voltage display.

■ Operation procedures using soft-keys

1. Press the [Measure] soft-key and select [2: Measure]. The [Measure] window opens.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	3P4W
		4.5k		
3φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.01 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.14	
Ipk-Hold	-0.08 Apk	CF	3.67	
3φ All				
Freq		ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave				
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

- In the [Target Phs] item, select the phase of which the measured value is to be displayed. For the line voltage, select L1-L2, L2-L3, or L3-L1.

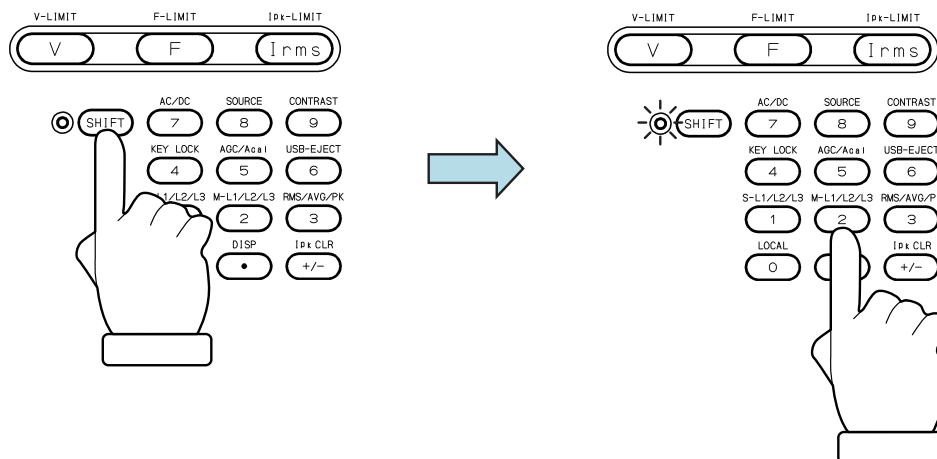


- Close the window. For how to close the window, see 3.3.4.

■ Operation procedures by using shortcuts

- SHIFT**+**2** Switches the target phase of which the measured value is displayed

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the 2 key in the numeric keypad in the shift state, the phase is switched in the order of L1→L2→L1-L2→L1 ... in the single-phase three-wire. In the three-phase, it is switched in the order of L1→L2→L3→L1-L2→L2-L3→L3-L1→L1 ...




4. Advanced Operation

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4.1 Using the Limiter, Setting Limiter

4.1.1 Using the Peak Current Limiter

Peak value of output current is limited by the peak current limiter. While the limiter is working, icon  is displayed and LIMIT LED illuminates.

Setting values of peak current limiter are variable, and kept independently for each of 100 V and 200 V ranges.



You can choose whether to make the output off or not upon the triggering of the peak current limiter. If you choose to set the output off, specify the continuous operation time of limiter until the output off becomes effective. Whether output off is set or not and the time setting are common regardless of the output ranges.

For the default setting range, see *10.13*.

----- Notes -----

- Output current value may be limited by a value that is different from the setting value, depending on the load.
- For an inductive load, overvoltage protection may be triggered due to the operation of peak current limiter. Overvoltage protection may be avoided by lowering the limiter setting value both for negative and positive values.
- When the number of power units that are energized is increased or decreased based on the power unit energization setting, the setting values of the peak current limiter are reset to the factory default setting corresponding to the ratings output power (e.g. reset to the factory default setting of 4.5 kVA model when only three units of 6 kVA model are in operation).
- In the polyphase model and the polyphase system, the setting of the peak current limiter is common to all phases.
- If the output off after the continuous operation of the limiter for the specified duration is enabled, the setting of output-off phase is ignored.
- In the case that the peak current limiter operates when the setting value of the peak current limiter is set as asymmetry between positive and negative in the AC mode, the DC component is generated in the output. Although the function to remove the DC component of the output works in the AC mode, when the peak current limiter operates intermittently, the DC component may not be removed sufficiently, or the output waveform may be modified.
- In the polyphase model, the neutral line current is not limited.

■ Operation procedure

1. Push [Limiter] soft-key to select 1: Ipk Limiter (or push  + ). Opens the peak current limiter set window.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ LI				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.02 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.08 Apk	CF	3.43	
1φ All				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	1:Ipk Limiter	S
Wave	SIN		2:Irms Limiter	
			3:V/F Limiter	
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. In the [+Iop]/[-Iop] item, set the peak current limiter value of positive/negative.


Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ LI				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.02 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk Limiter				
+Iop	63.0 Apk			
-Iop	-63.0 Apk			
Output OFF	Disable			
Close				

3. Set the [Output OFF] item as [Enable] or [Disable]. When setting to [Enable], also set the time from the start of limiter operation to the output off.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ LI				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.02 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk Limiter				
+Iop	1:Disable			
-Iop	2:Enable			
Output OFF	Disable			
Close				

4. Close the window.

4.1.2 Using the RMS Current Limiter

Effective value of output current is limited by the RMS current limiter. While the limiter is working, icon  is displayed and LIMIT LED illuminates.

Setting values of RMS current limiter are variable, and kept independently for each of 100 V and 200 V ranges.

You can choose whether to make the output off or not upon the triggering of the RMS current limiter. If you choose to set the output off, specify the continuous operation time of limiter until the output off becomes effective. Whether output off is set or not and the time setting are common regardless of the output ranges.

For the default setting range, see *10.13*.

Notes

- It will take time from the limiter starts operation until the output current is restricted enough, because the RMS current limiter needs to calculate effective value. Use the peak current limiter to limit the current quickly. For peak current limiter, see *4.1.1*.
 - When the number of units is increased or decreased based on the power unit energization setting, the setting is reset to the factory default setting corresponding to the capacity (e.g. reset to the factory default setting of 4.5 kVA model when only three units of 6 kVA model are in operation).
 - In the polyphase model and the polyphase system, the setting of the RMS current limiter is common to all phases.
 - If the output off after the continuous operation of the limiter for the specified duration is enabled, the setting of output-off phase is ignored.
 - In the polyphase model, the neutral line current is not limited.
-

CAUTION

- For loads with very low impedance (e.g. output short circuit, etc.), the RMS current limiter cannot sufficiently limit the output current and may exceed the rated current. Use within the rated current range by checking the current measured value and using the peak current limiter together etc.
-

■ Operation procedure

1. Push [Limiter] soft-key to select 2:Irms Limiter (or push I key). Opens the RMS current limiter set window.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.58	
1φ All				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV		
Wave	SIN			
			1:Ipk Limiter	
			2:Irms Limiter	
			3:V/F Limiter	
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. Set the value of RMS current limiter in [Io] item.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.71	
Irms Limiter				
Io	31.5 Arms			
Output OFF	Disable			
Close				

3. Set the [Output OFF] item as [Enable] or [Disable]. When setting to [Enable], also set the time from the start of limiter operation to the output off.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.62	
Irms Limiter				
Io			1:Disable	
			2:Enable	
Output OFF	Disable			
Close				

4. Close the window.

4.1.3 Using the Voltage Setting Range Limit

For the Continuous function, when the signal source is INT or SYNC, the range of the output voltage setting value to the internal signal source can be limited. Even if trying to set a voltage that exceeds the limit, the setting value is restricted to the limiting value. This can prevent mis-setting when you do not want to set values outside the range.

As for the voltage setting range limiting values, each value is kept independently for the following settings for 100 V and 200 V ranges respectively: AC mode, ACDC mode, and DC mode.

In case of polyphase output, the setting of the voltage setting range limit is common to all phases, and kept as the effective value of the phase voltage in this product. When the line voltage setting (effective value setting) is selected in balanced mode, it is converted into the effective value setting of the phase voltage according to the following formula and kept in this product.

Balanced three-phase output:

$$\text{Phase voltage} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \text{Line voltage}$$

Balanced single-phase three-wire output:

$$\text{Phase voltage} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{Line voltage}$$

The limiting value should be set using the effective value or the positive and negative peak value. The effective value can be used only when in the AC mode and the waveform is a sine wave or a clipped sine wave. The limiting value can be set using the line voltage in polyphase output when in AC mode and balanced mode, and the output voltage setting is a line voltage setting. In other cases, set using the positive and negative peak values of phase voltage.

For the default setting range, see 10.14.

Notes

- The voltage setting range limit is useful for the prevention of an excessive output when a setting value is rapidly increased or decreased by using the shuttle.
 - The limitation is applied to the additional values of the AC voltage setting (recalculated to a peak value) and the DC voltage setting.
 - The Sequence and the Simulation function do not include the voltage setting range limiting function.
 - The voltage setting range limit that does not include an output voltage already set cannot be set.
 - In polyphase output, the voltage setting range limit is common to all phases.
 - In ACDC mode, set the voltage setting range limit setting using the positive and negative peak values of the phase voltage regardless of the settings of the waveform, balanced/unbalanced mode, phase voltage/line voltage.
-

■ Operation procedure

1. Push [Limiter] soft-key to select 3: V/F Limiter (or push **SHIFT** + **V**). Opens the setting window for the voltage/frequency setting range limit.

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	1.5k		
1φ LI			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.15
1φ All			
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	1: Ipk Limiter
Wave	SIN		2: Irms Limiter
			3: V/F Limiter
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter

2. The screen for the effective value setting or the peak value setting opens depending on the signal source setting/output waveform settings made here. Set the voltage setting range limiting value in the [V] item (effective value setting) and [+Vop]/[-Vop] item (peak value setting).

Effective Value Setting

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	1.5k		
1φ LI			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.24
V/F Setting Range Limiter			
V	160.0 Vrms	Freq Up	550.00 Hz
		Freq Lo	40.00 Hz
Close			

Peak value setting

Continuous	100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
	1.5k		
1φ LI			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.23
V/F Setting Range Limiter			
+Vop	227.0 Vpk	Freq Up	550.00 Hz
-Vop	-227.0 Vpk	Freq Lo	1.00 Hz
Close			

3. Close the window.

4.1.4 Using the Frequency Setting Range Limit

You can limit the range of the frequency setting value for the internal signal source by using the frequency setting range limit. Even if trying to set a frequency that exceeds the limit, the setting value is restricted to the limiting value. This can prevent mis-setting when you do not want to set values outside the range.

The frequency setting range limiting value is common to both 100 V and 200 V ranges.

For the default setting range, see 10.14.

----- Notes -----

- The frequency setting range limit is useful for the prevention of an unintended frequency setting when a setting value is rapidly increased or decreased by using the shuttle.

■ Operation procedure

1. Push [Limiter] soft-key to select 3: V/F Limiter (or push **SHIFT** + **F**). Opens the setting window for the voltage/frequency setting range limit.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.15	
1φ All				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	1: Ipk Limiter 2: Irms Limiter 3: V/F Limiter	
Wave	SIN			
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. Set values in the [Freq Up]/[Freq Lo] item so that the upper value of the frequency setting range limit is higher than or equal to the lower limit.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		1.5k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.03 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.86 Apk	CF	5.15	
V/F Setting Range Limiter				
V	160.0 Vrms	Freq Up	550.00 Hz	
		Freq Lo	40.00 Hz	
Close				

3. Close the window.

4.1.5 About Wattage Limiter

The wattage limiter operates when trying to output the power exceeding the rated power. When the wattage limiter operates, the output voltage is suppressed until the active power per phase is the value in Table 4-1 (reference value). While the limiter is working, icon **WAT** is displayed and LIMIT LED illuminates.

Table 4-1 Wattage Limiter Value per Phase (Reference value, Unit: W)

	Rated output per phase	Single-phase model		Single-phase three-wire model		Three-phase model		
		Power Input		Power Input		Power Input		
		100 V system	200 V system	100 V system	200 V system	100 V system	200 V system	
Number of power units per phase	1	1.5 kVA	1575	1575	1575	1575	1575	
	2	3 kVA	3150	3150	2362.5	3150	1575	3150
	3	4.5 kVA	4725	4725	2362.5	4725		
	4	6 kVA	4725	6300	2362.5	6300		
	5	7.5 kVA	4725	7875				
	6	9 kVA	4725	9450				
	7	10.5 kVA	4725	11025				
	8	12 kVA	4725	12600				

Note: Power input 100 V system is for single-phase input 170 V or less, 200 V system is for single-phase input more than 170 V or three-phase three-wire input or three-phase four-wire input.

Notes

- If the wattage limiter operates, suppress the output wattage within the rated output power by lowering the output voltage setting value.
- Active power (unit: W) is restricted by the wattage limiter, however, reactive power (unit: var) is not restricted. Therefore, the apparent power (unit: VA) may exceed the rated power depending on the power factor of the load. Set the output voltage so that the apparent power does not exceed the rated power, regardless of the operation of the wattage limiter.
- The value of the wattage limiter cannot be changed. To limit the output power to a value that is lower than the rating, decrease the number of power units that are energized through the power unit energization setting, or use the peak current limiter or the RMS current limiter.
- When the power input voltage is single-phase 170 V or less, the maximum output active power of a model with the rated power of 6 kVA or higher is limited to 4.725 kW of maximum output active power by the wattage limiter. However, for a single-phase three-wire model and a three-phase model, the maximum output active power per phase is limited to 4.725 kW/2 and 4.725 kW/3.

4.2 Using the Sequence Function

4.2.1 Basics

By using Sequence function, an output setting can be changed step-by-step according to the program (sequence) created beforehand. This section describes the basics for using the Sequence function.

■ AC/DC Mode and Signal Source

Sequence function keeps the selection of the AC/DC mode and a signal source, independently from Continuous function/Simulation function. AC/DC mode can be selected from AC/ACDC/DC. A signal source is fixed as INT.

■ Keep a sequence setting

The sequence setting is kept per AC/DC mode. Every time AC/DC mode is changed, the sequence setting that is already kept is loaded. The sequence setting is cleared when the power is turned off. To save the setting, you need to save it in internal memory or USB memory (see 4.8).

■ Step

One sequence consists of a series of two or more steps. To use Sequence function, first set each step.

■ Step-control Parameters and intra-Step Parameters

There are the following two major types of parameters in Sequence function:

● Step-control parameter

Parameter to control the flow between two or more steps. This defines duration of each step and the next step to transition. Settings of step synchronous code and trigger output are included in step-control parameter for convenience.

● Intra-Step parameter

Parameter to define output state in each step. This defines basic parameters such as a waveform, frequency, and how they are changed in the step.

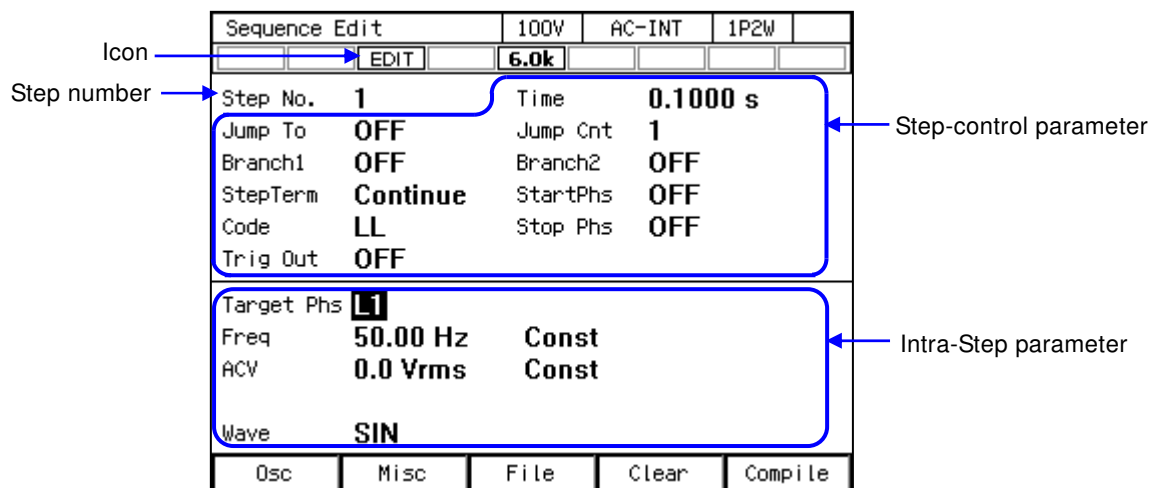


Figure 4-1 Step-control Parameters and intra-Step Parameters

■ Step No. 0

Step No. 0 is assigned to the stand-by state before the sequence starts. If the terminal specification of the step other than No. 0 is End, the execution transitions to step No. 0 and enters into the stand-by state. Step Time and the Step Behavior setting of No. 0 specifies the action to transit to No. 0 at the end of a sequence.

■ Step Behavior (Const, Keep, Sweep)

For the intra-Step parameter other than waveforms and phases, the following three patterns can be set as the method to change values in the step.

- Constant (Const)

Fixed to the value set in the step.

- Keep

Keeping the value immediately before transitioning to the step. That is, the value is changed depending on the status of the previous step. Although the parameter value can be set even if the operation type setting is Keep, the parameter setting value is ignored when sequence is executed.

- Sweep

It changes linearly from the value immediately before transitioning to the value set in the step, taking the Step Times. In other words, it reaches the setting value after the Step Time passes in the step. The starting value is changed depending on the status of the previous step.

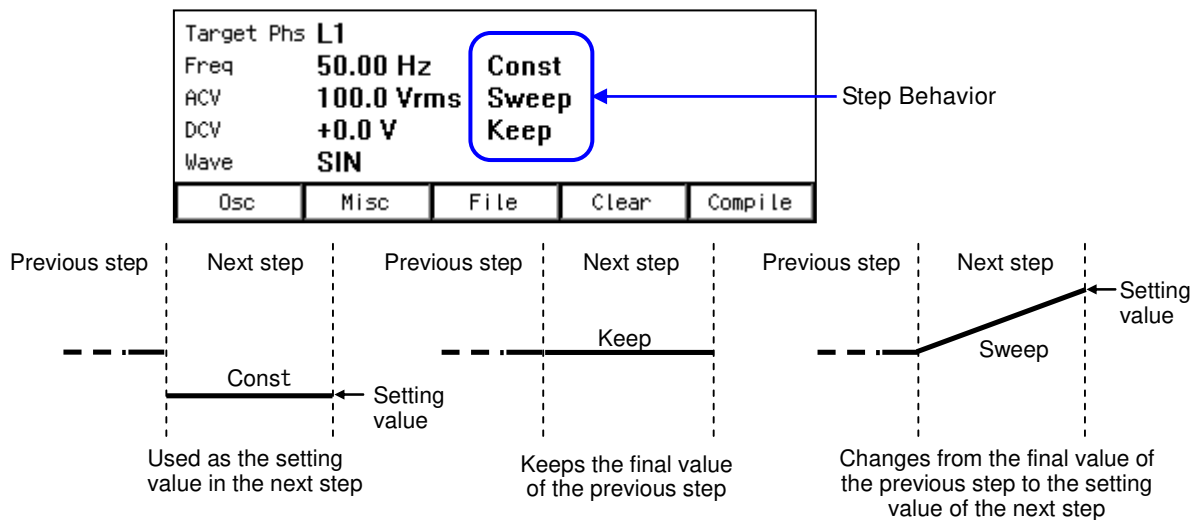


Figure 4-2 Step Behavior

Notes

- The Step Behavior for the waveform and phase is always Constant (Const).
- Keeps as many intra-Step parameter setting values as the number of phases in each step based on the output phase configuration.
- Cannot be set using line voltage in the single-phase three-wire output and three-phase output.
- The rate of crest factor/clip ratio cannot be changed though a clipped sine wave can be selected as an output waveform in Sequence function. Set these parameters beforehand using Continuous function.
- Sequence function displays the measured value in Sequence function, which is equivalent to that of the Continuous function. However, harmonic current measurement (see 4.4) cannot be displayed.

4.2.2 Parameters of Sequence Function

Table 4-2 shows the parameters of Sequence function. The common parameters are common to one sequence. In Sequence function, signal source is fixed to INT. In each step, set the step-control parameter and the intra-Step parameter. As for intra-Step parameter, the item and range that can be set differ depending on the output range (100 V/200 V range) and output mode (AC-INT/ACDC-INT/DC-INT) as in the case of Continuous function. This section describes intra-Step parameters and step-control parameters separately.

Table 4-2 Parameters of Sequence Function

Common parameter	Step-control parameter	Intra-Step parameter
Output range AC/DC mode	Step Time Jump-to step Jump count (1 to 9999, or infinite) Branch step Step termination Step sync code output (2bit) Start Phase Stop Phase Trigger output	Frequency Waveform Phase angle AC phase voltage DC voltage

- Frequency (Freq), waveform (Wave), phase angle (Phase), AC phase voltage (ACV), DC voltage (DCV)

The setting for the output of each step. In polyphase model/polyphase system, AC phase voltage and phase angle can be set for each phase. In the phase angle, set the phase difference with the L1 phase. Phase angle can also be set per step. The phase angle of L1 phase cannot be set, and is fixed as 0 deg.

- Step Time (Step Time)

Set the output time of that step. Unit can be selected from [s] or [ms].

- Jump-to step (Jump To)

When selected, the destination step of the jump at the end of the step can be specified. By specifying the Jump count ([Jump Cnt]), you can set up a loop to repeat the same step. After jumping for the times specified for one sequence, the action at the end of step follows the step termination setting.

If Jump-to is set to off, the action at the end of step follows the step termination setting.

----- Notes -----

- When the step termination is set as [Hold], the hold status is enabled before the jump.

- Jump count (Jump Cnt)

Number of times of jumps to jump to the step specified in Jump-to. This can be set when Jump-to ([Jump To]) is selected. When the Jump count is set to 0, infinite times of jumps occur.

----- Notes -----

- The number of times that a particular step is repeated is Jump count +1.

■ Branch step (Branch1, Branch2)

When the step is under execution or in the hold state, the step to transition when the branching instruction through panel operation or CONTROL I/O is detected can be specified. There are two systems of branch instructions (Branch1 and Branch2), and an instruction can be set for each.

----- Notes -----

- Transition using branch is executed immediately after a branching instruction is detected. Step Time, Stop Phase, and step termination setting are ignored.

■ Step termination (Step Term)

Specifies the action when the step completes. When [Continue] is selected, transitions to the step of the next number. When [End] is selected, the sequence is terminated and the execution transitions to step No. 0 and enter into the stand-by state. When [Hold] is selected, the output at the end of the step is suspended, and the execution transitions to the step of the next number when Resume instruction is detected.

----- Notes -----

- When [Step Term] is set to [Hold], the execution enters into hold state before jump. Jumps when Resume instruction is detected.
- When [Step Term] is set to [Hold], after the jumps repeated for the specified Jump count, the execution transitions to the step of the next number when Resume instruction is detected in hold state.
- While in the hold state due to the step termination in a step where step termination phase is enabled, the execution transitions to Jump-to step or the step of next number when Resume instruction is detected, after the hold state is kept until Stop Phase.

■ Step sync code output (Code)

State output to CONTROL I/O connector. Code to output while the execution of the step, which is specified by 2-bit H/L.

■ Start phase (StartPhs)

Determines the phase of AC waveform of L1 phase when the step starts. The phase when a step starts in L2 and L3 phase of polyphase model/polyphase system is the addition of the setting value of intra-Step parameter Phase and the setting value of the step Start Phase.

----- Notes -----

- Step Start Phase setting can be disabled. In that case, the phase when the phase starts becomes the phase when the previous step ended.
 - In DC mode, the step Start Phase cannot be set.
-

■ Stop phase (Stop Phs)

Determines the phase of AC waveform when the step ends. The phase when a step ends in L2 and L3 phase of polyphase model/polyphase system is the addition of the setting value of intra-Step parameter Phase and the setting value of the step Stop Phase. When the stop phase setting is active, the execution waits for the Step Time that was set pass, and keeps the output setting until it reaches the Stop Phase that was set, and then transitions to the next step. As the result, the actual step time is longer by one cycle at a maximum than the set Step Time. Figure 4–3 shows an example where both the Stop Phase of the previous step and the Start Phase of the next step are set to 0°.

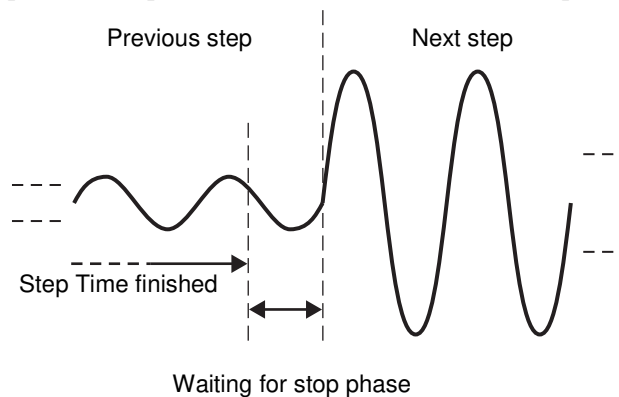


Figure 4-3 Stop Phase

----- Notes -----

- When the Step Behavior is set to [Sweep], output is constant while waiting for the step Stop Phase after the Step Time passes.
 - Step Stop Phase setting can be disabled. In this case, when the set Step Time has passed, the execution transitions to the next step without waiting for step Stop Phase.
 - In DC mode, the step Stop Phase cannot be set.
-

■ Trigger output (Trig Out)

State output to CONTROL I/O connector. This specifies whether the trigger output presents when the step starts. Polarity and pulse width of the trigger output complies with the trigger output setting (see 4.2.5).

4.2.3 Example of Output Using Sequence Function

As an example, consider the sequence that gradually changes DC voltage like Figure 4-4.

Set the output mode to DC-INT. Edit the sequence like Table 4-3. Parameters not included in this table should be left as the factory default setting.

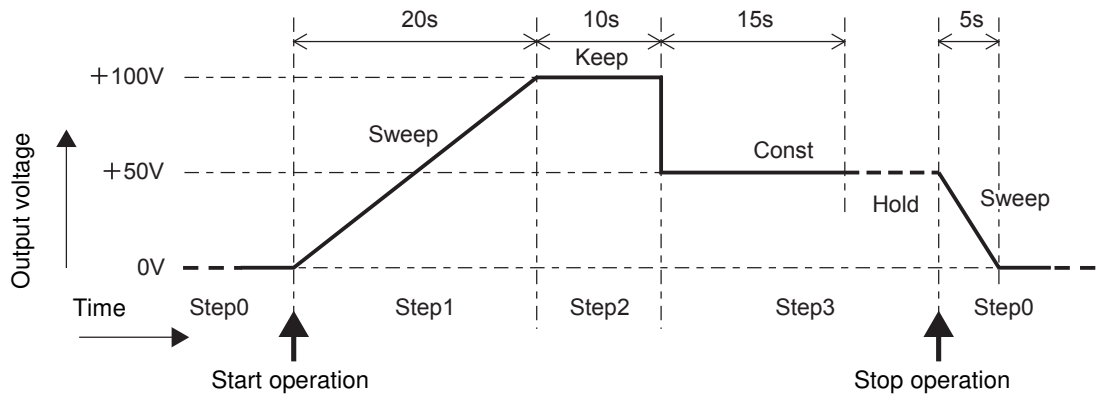


Figure 4-4 Example of Sequence

Table 4-3 Example of Editing Sequence

Step number		0	1	2	3
Step-control parameter	Step Time (Time)	5 s	20 s	10 s	15 s
	Jump-to (Jump To)	—	OFF	OFF	OFF
	Step termination (Step Term)	—	Continue	Continue	Hold
Intra-Step parameter	DC Voltage (DCV)	0 V	+100 V	(Optional)	+50 V
	Step Behavior	Sweep	Sweep	Keep	Const

Notes

- Step Time and the Step Behavior of step No. 0 specifies the action after the transition to step No. 0 at the end of a sequence.
- Jump-to of step No. 0 cannot be specified. The execution always transitions to step No. 1 when the sequence starts.
- In the case that the step termination is set to [Hold] (No. 3), and when the execution is in the Hold state, it transitions to step No. 0 and enters into the stand-by state if the Stop operation is executed. If you perform Resume operation here, the execution transitions to the step of the next number (No. 4).

4.2.4 Process Flow in a Step

Figure 4-5 shows the process flow in one step. The transition such as Figure 4-6 occurs by branch operation or stop operation, regardless of the flow in the step.

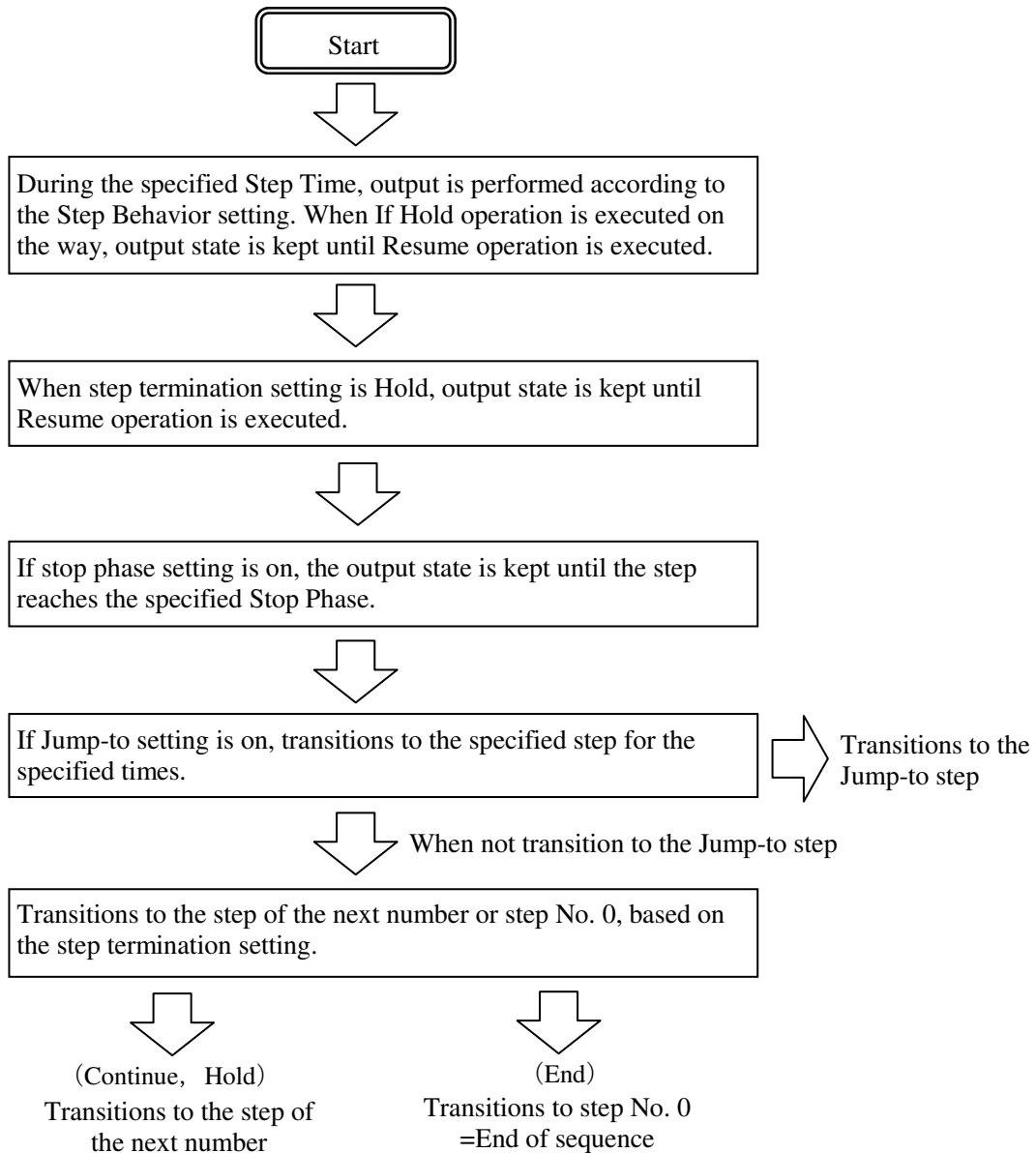


Figure 4-5 Process Flow in Sequence Step

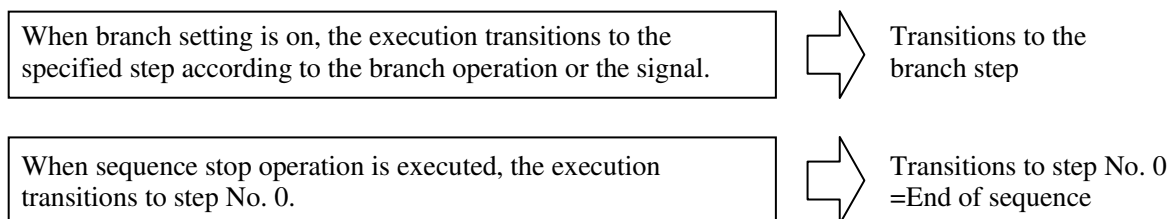


Figure 4-6 Branch Operation/Stop Operation

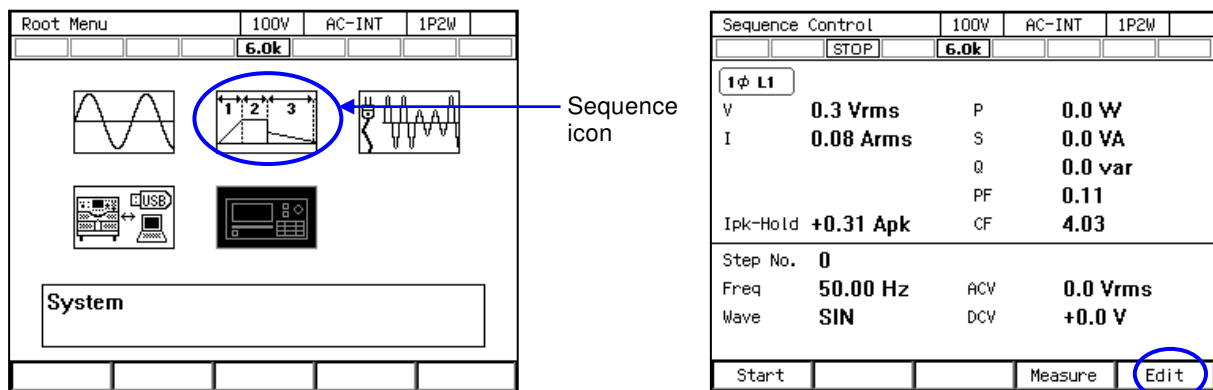
4.2.5 Edit a Sequence

----- Notes -----

- A sequence being edited is kept per AC/DC mode. If AC/DC mode is changed, the edited contents of sequence are loaded based on the change.
 - When the power is turned off, edited contents of the sequence are cleared, and all sequences have the default setting values when it is started next time. To keep the edited contents of sequence, save them in the Sequence Memory (see 4.2.8).
 - When the sequence is loaded from Sequence Memory, the sequence being edited at that time is discarded.
 - You can also turn the output on in the Sequence Edit View. In this case, the output will be set to the state set in the step No.0 when the sequence was last compiled (see 4.2.7).
-

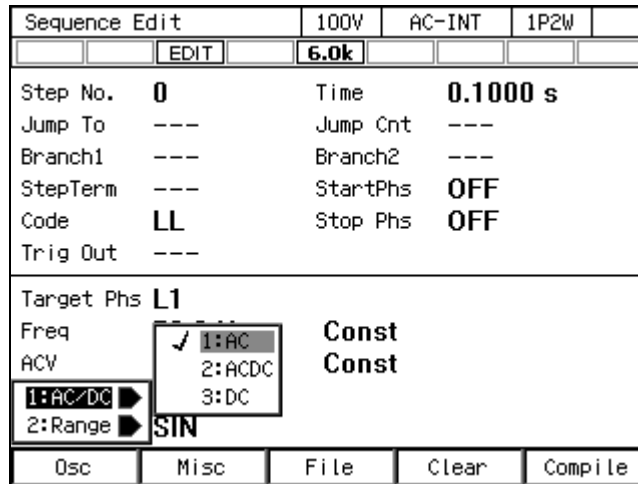
■ Transit to Sequence Edit View

Press the MENU key to open the root menu, then select [Sequence] (see 3.3.1). While the Sequence Control View is displayed, if you push the [Edit] soft-key, the execution transitions to the Sequence Edit View.

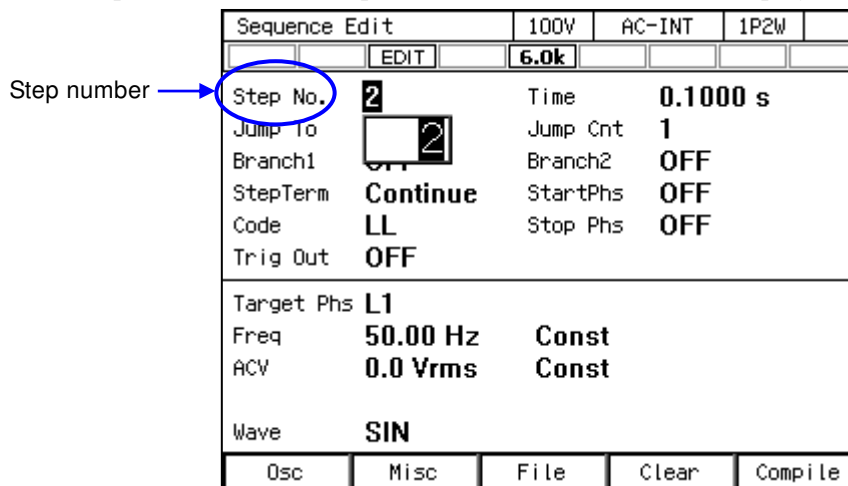


■ Edit a sequence

1. Push [Osc] soft-key on Sequence Edit View, then select AC/DC mode and 100 V/200 V range.
To edit the saved sequence, load the sequence (see 4.2.6).



2. Set the parameter of each step. You can move between each step by changing [Step No.].



3. You can select s or ms as the unit of Step Time by selecting the [Misc] soft-key → [1: TimeUnit].

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	2	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	OFF	Jump Cnt	1	
Branch1	OFF	Branch2	OFF	
StepTerm	Continue	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	OFF			
Target Phs L1				
Freq	50.00 Hz	Const		
ACV	0.0 Vrms	Const		
Wave	1:TimeUnit	2:ms	✓ 1:s	
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile

4. You can set polarity of trigger output and pulse width by selecting [Misc] soft-key → [2: Trig Out].

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	2	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	OFF	Jump Cnt	1	
Branch1	OFF	Branch2	OFF	
StepTerm	Continue	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	OFF			
Trig Out				
Polarity	Negative			
Width	10.0 ms			
Close				

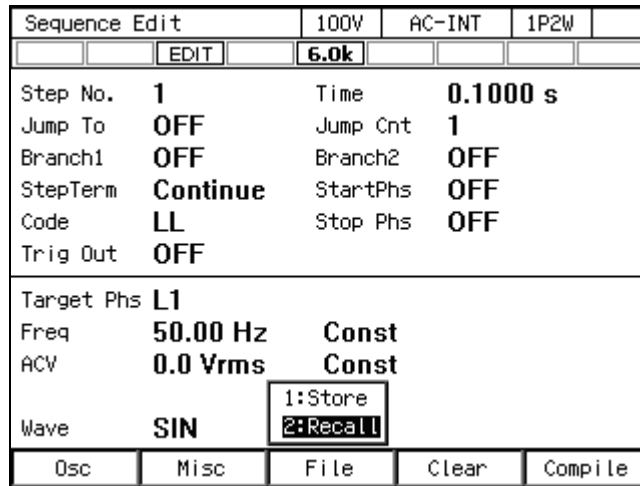
4.2.6 Load a Sequence

----- Notes -----

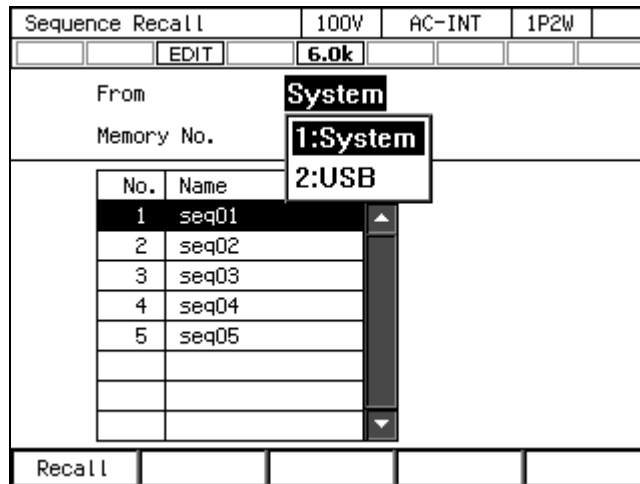
- When the sequence is loaded, the sequence being edited at that time is discarded.
- In Sequence Control View, a sequence cannot be loaded.

■ Load the sequence stored in the internal memory

1. In Sequence Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [2: Recall]. Sequence Recall View is opened.



2. In the [From] item, select [1: System].



- Specify the memory number of the sequence to be loaded in [Memory No.] item, and then push [Recall] soft-key.

Sequence Recall		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
From		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
5	seq05			
Recall				

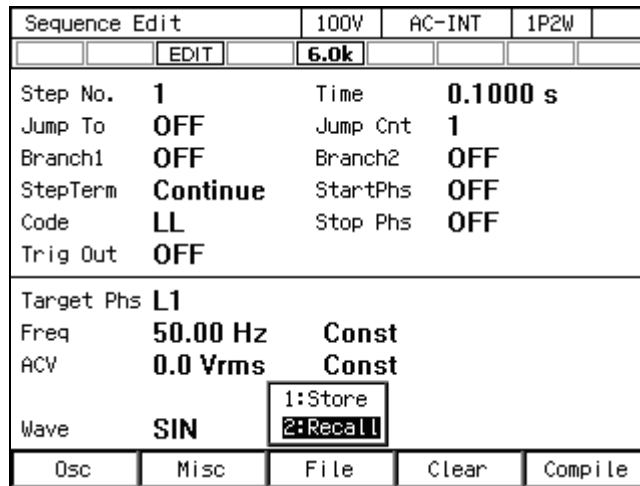
- The confirmation window for loading the sequence opens. Select [OK]. The sequence with the specified memory number is loaded.

Sequence Recall		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
From		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
Recall				
Recall Data?				
No.1 Name : seq01				
Cancel		OK		

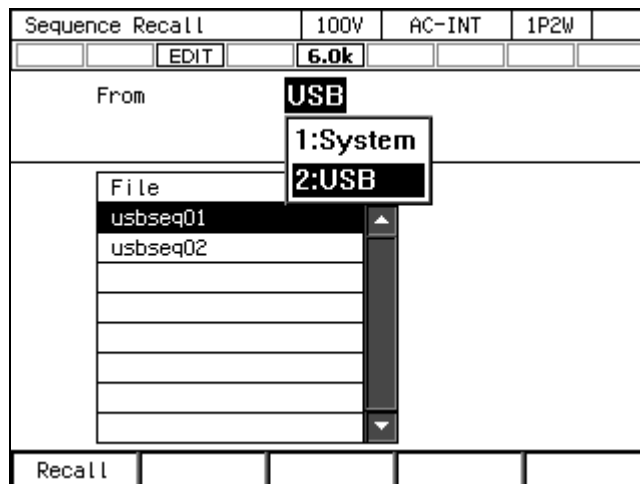
■ Load the sequence stored in the USB memory

For how to connect USB memory to this product, and how to disconnect from this product, see 4.8.

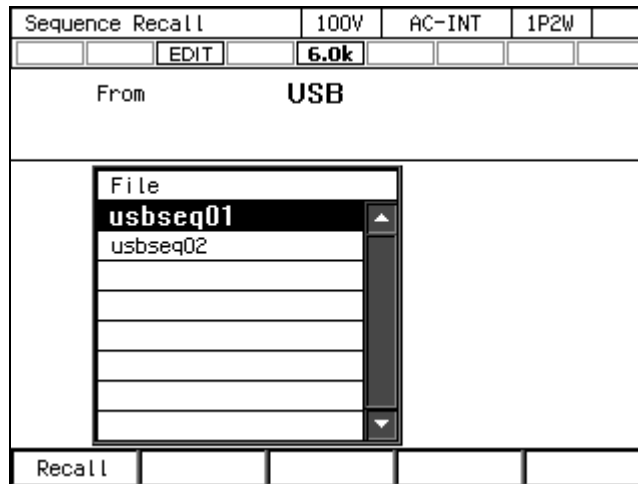
1. In Sequence Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [2: Recall]. Sequence Recall View is opened.



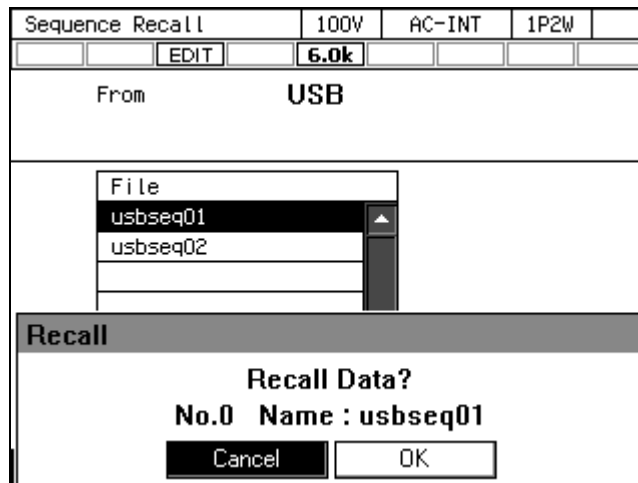
2. In the [From] item, select [2: USB].



3. From data list box, select the sequence to load.



4. Push the [Recall] soft-key.
5. The confirmation window for loading the sequence opens. Select [OK]. The specified sequence data is loaded.



----- Notes -----

- The number of sequence data files saved in a USB memory should be 500 or less. If the number of files exceeds this limit, this product cannot recognize the sequence data files in the USB memory.
-

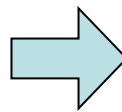
4.2.7 Execute a Sequence

The edited sequence can be executed after converted to executable program by compile operation.

■ Transition to Sequence Control View

When pushing [Compile] soft-key in the Sequence Edit View, the edited sequence is compiled, and then the screen transitions to Sequence Control View. If output is turned on in the Sequence Edit View, the output transitions to the state set in the step No.0 at the same time as compiling.

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	0	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	OFF	Jump Cnt	1	
Branch1	OFF	Branch2	OFF	
StepTerm	Continue	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	OFF			
Target Phs L1				
Freq	50.00 Hz	Const		
ACV	0.0 Vrms	Const		
Wave SIN				
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile



Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
STOP		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.16 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.03	
		CF	4.00	
Ipk-Hold +4.07 Apk				
Step No. 0				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave SIN				
Start		Measure	Edit	

Sequence Edit View

Sequence Control View

- Notes -----
- If an improper setting is detected during compilation, an error message is displayed and the screen does not transition to the Sequence Control View.
-

■ Start/Terminate a sequence

1. If output is turned off in the Sequence Edit View, the sequence can be executed when output is turned on in the Sequence Control View. At this point, the output is in the state set in the step No. 0. When a sequence is stopped, the **STOP** icon is displayed.

Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
STOP		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.31 Apk	CF	4.29	
Step No. 1				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
Start			Measure	Edit

2. When pushing [Start] soft-key, the sequence is started. While the sequence is executed, icon **RUN** is displayed.

Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
RUN		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.31 Apk	CF	4.23	
Step No. 4				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
	Stop	Hold	Bran1	Bran2

4. Advanced Operation

- When [Stop] soft-key is pushed while sequence is executed, the execution transitions to the output state that is set in the step No. 0, and then sequence is terminated. The output remains on.

Sequence Control		100W	AC-INT	1P2W
STOP		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.31 Apk	CF	4.29	
Step No. 1				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
Start			Measure	Edit

----- Notes -----

- In the output off state, the sequence cannot be started.
 - Output on/off setting is not active in sequence.
-

■ Return to Sequence Edit View

If you push the [Edit] soft-key, the execution transitions back to the Sequence Edit View.

■ Suspend a sequence

1. When pushing [Hold] soft-key while a sequence is executed, the sequence is suspended. The output state is kept while suspended. Icon **[HOLD]** is displayed.

Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
[RUN]		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.31 Apk	CF	4.23	
Step No. 4				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
Stop		Hold	Bran1	Bran2

2. To restart the sequence, push [Resume] soft-key. If you push [Stop] soft-key, the execution transitions to step No. 0 and the sequence is terminated.

Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
[HOLD]		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.31 Apk	CF	4.23	
Step No. 7				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
Resume	Stop		Bran1	Bran2

■ Branch a sequence

If you push [Bran1] or [Bran2] soft-key while a sequence is executing, the execution transitions to the branch step 1 or 2 that is set in the step being executed.

Sequence Control		100W	AC-INT	1P2W
[HOLD]		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.31 Apk	CF	4.23	
Step No. 7				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
Resume	Stop		Bran1	Bran2

4.2.8 Save a Sequence

----- Notes -----

- In Sequence Control View, a sequence cannot be saved.
 - All sequence data that are edited in each mode of AC/DC mode are saved as one memory number/file by one save operation.
-

■ Save a sequence to internal memory

1. In Sequence Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [1: Store]. Sequence Store View is opened.

Sequence Edit		100W	AC-INT	1P2W
[EDIT]		6.0k		
Step No.	1	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	OFF	Jump Cnt	1	
Branch1	OFF	Branch2	OFF	
StepTerm	Continue	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	OFF			
Target Phs L1				
Freq	50.00 Hz	Const		
ACV	0.0 Vrms	Const		
Wave	SIN	1:Store	2:Recall	
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile

2. In the [To] item, select [1: System].

Sequence Store		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To		System		
Memory No.		1:System		
		2:USB		
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
5	seq05			
Store		Clear	Rename	

3. Specify the memory number of location to save in [Memory No.] item, and then push [Store] soft-key.

Sequence Store		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
5	seq05			
Store		Clear	Rename	

4. A window to confirm the save name opens. Enter the name, and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.

Sequence Store		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
Store Name				
Name		seq01		
Cancel		OK		

■ Save a sequence to USB memory

For how to connect USB memory to this product, and how to disconnect from this product, see 4.8.

1. In Sequence Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [1: Store]. Sequence Store View is opened.

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	1	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	OFF	Jump Cnt	1	
Branch1	OFF	Branch2	OFF	
StepTerm	Continue	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	OFF			
Target Phs	L1			
Freq	50.00 Hz	Const		
ACV	0.0 Vrms	Const		
Wave	SIN	1:Store	2:Recall	
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile

2. In the [To] item, select [2: USB].

Sequence Store		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To	System			
Memory No.	1:System			
	2:USB			
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
5	seq05			
Store		Clear	Rename	

3. Push [New] soft-key to save for the first time. To overwrite the existing data, select the data to be overwritten in data list box, and push [Store] soft-key.

Sequence Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W								
	EDIT	6.0k									
To	USB										
File	<table border="1"> <tr><td>usbseq01</td></tr> <tr><td>usbseq02</td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> </table>			usbseq01	usbseq02						
usbseq01											
usbseq02											
Store	New	Delete	Rename								

4. A window to confirm the store name opens. Enter the name, and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.

Sequence Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W								
	EDIT	6.0k									
To	USB										
File	<table border="1"> <tr><td>usbseq01</td></tr> <tr><td>usbseq02</td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> </table>			usbseq01	usbseq02						
usbseq01											
usbseq02											
Store Name											
Name	new										
Cancel		OK									

----- Notes -----

- The number of sequence data files saved in a USB memory should be 500 or less. If the number of files exceeds this limit, this product cannot recognize the sequence data files in the USB memory.
-

4.2.9 Clear/Rename Sequence

■ Clear/Rename a sequence saved in internal memory

1. In Sequence Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [1: Store]. Sequence Store View is opened.

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	1	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	OFF	Jump Cnt	1	
Branch1	OFF	Branch2	OFF	
StepTerm	Continue	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	OFF			
Target Phs	L1			
Freq	50.00 Hz	Const		
ACV	0.0 Vrms	Const		
Wave	SIN	1:Store	2:Recall	
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile

2. In the [To] item, select [1: System].

Sequence Store		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To	System			
Memory No.	1:System			
	2:USB			
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
5	seq05			
Store		Clear	Rename	

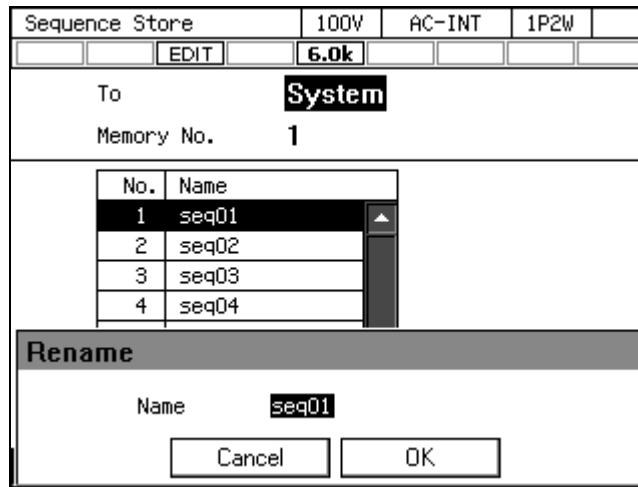
3. Specify the number of memory to be operated in [Memory No.] item.

Sequence Store		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
5	seq05			
Store		Clear	Rename	

4. To clear, push [Clear] soft-key. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. In the cleared number of the memory, the sequence data at factory shipment is stored.

Sequence Store		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	seq01			
2	seq02			
3	seq03			
4	seq04			
Clear				
Clear Data?				
No.1 Name : seq01				
Cancel		OK		

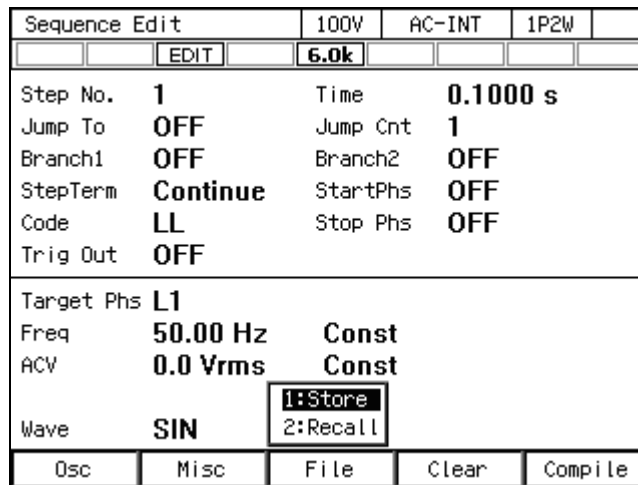
- To rename, push [Rename] soft-key. Rename window opens. Enter a new name and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.



■ Delete/Rename a sequence saved in USB memory

For how to connect USB memory to this product, and how to disconnect from this product, see 4.8.

- In Sequence Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [1: Store]. Sequence Store View is opened.



2. In the [To] item, select [2: USB].

Sequence Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	EDIT	6.0k	
To	System		
Memory No.	1:System		
	2:USB		
No.	Name		
1	seq01		
2	seq02		
3	seq03		
4	seq04		
5	seq05		
Store		Clear	Rename

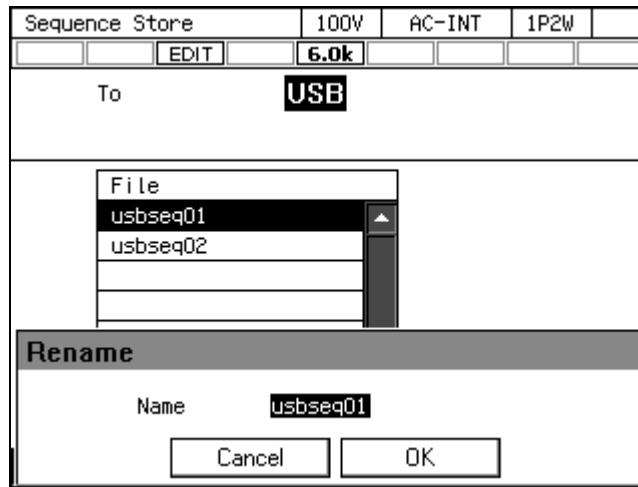
3. Select the data that is the target of the operation in the data list box.

Sequence Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	EDIT	6.0k	
To	USB		
File	usbseq01		
	usbseq02		
Store	New	Delete	Rename

4. To clear, push [Delete] soft-key. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. The corresponding file in USB memory is deleted.

Sequence Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	EDIT	6.0k	
To	USB		
File	usbseq01		
	usbseq02		
Delete			
Delete File?			
File : usbseq01			
Cancel		OK	

- To rename, push [Rename] soft-key. Rename window opens. Enter a new name and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.

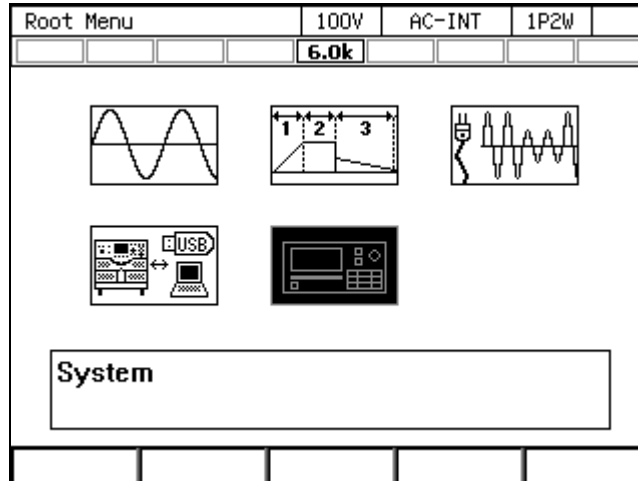


4.2.10 Set so as the Sequence Function is Selected at Power-on

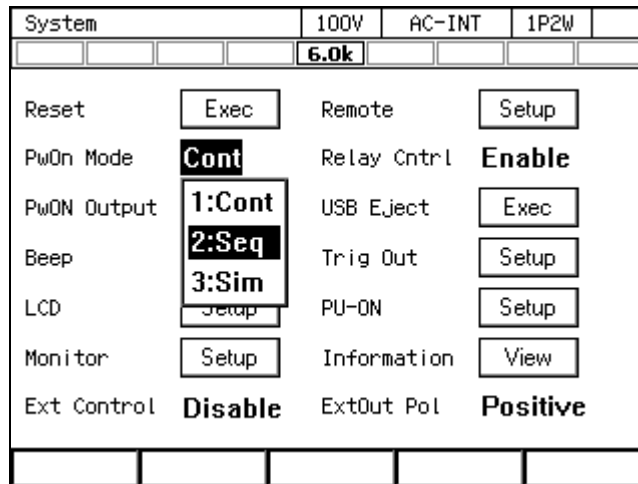
You can set so as the Sequence function is selected at power-on.

■ Operation procedure

- Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. In [PwOn Mode] item, select [2: Seq].



Notes

- To set so as to Continuous function is selected at power-on, select [1: Cont] in [PwOn Mode] item.

4.2.11 Sequence Control by CONTROL I/O

CONTROL I/O enables to start/stop/suspend/branch a sequence and to recall the memory. For details, see 4.17.1.

4.2.12 Screen Overview

The Sequence function view is broadly separated into the Sequence Edit View and the Sequence Control View. It is Sequence Edit View that is displayed when sequence icon is selected from the root menu. After pushing [Compile] soft-key in Sequence Edit View, the screen transitions to the Sequence Control View.

Notes

- You cannot transition to root menu by pushing the MENU key in the Sequence Control View. To transition to the root menu, first move to the Sequence Edit View and then push the MENU key.

■ Sequence Edit View

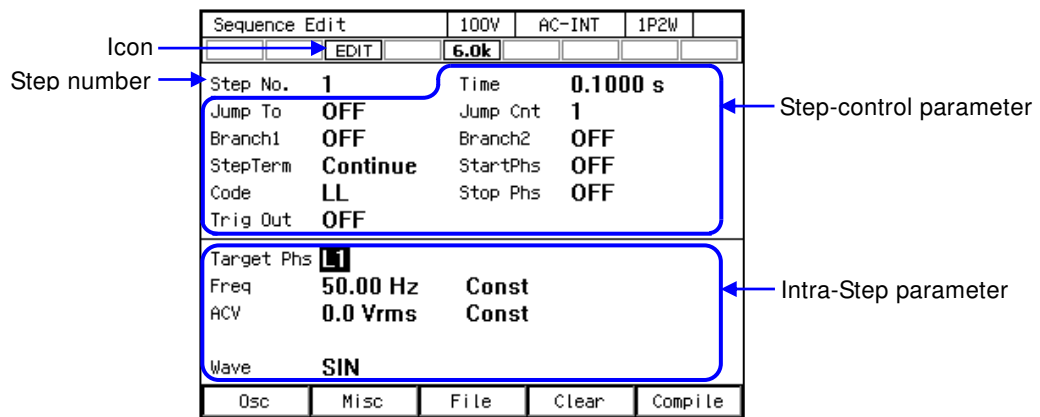


Figure 4-7 Sequence Edit View

■ Sequence Control View (output off state/sequence stopped)

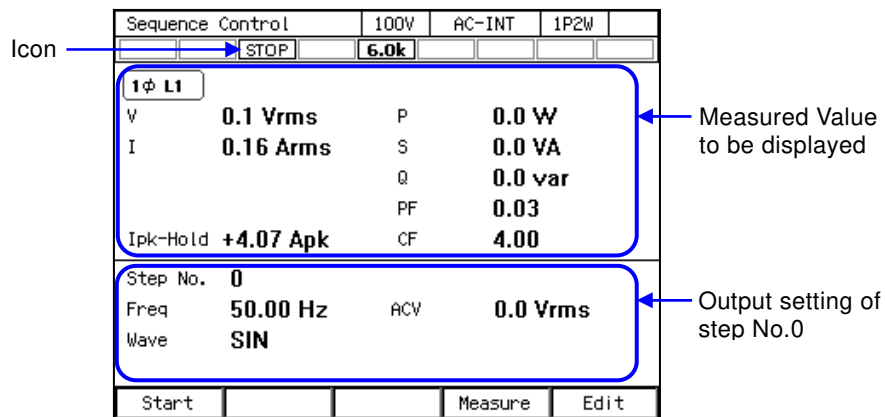


Figure 4-8 Sequence Control View (Output Off State)

■ Sequence Control View (output on state/sequence in execution)

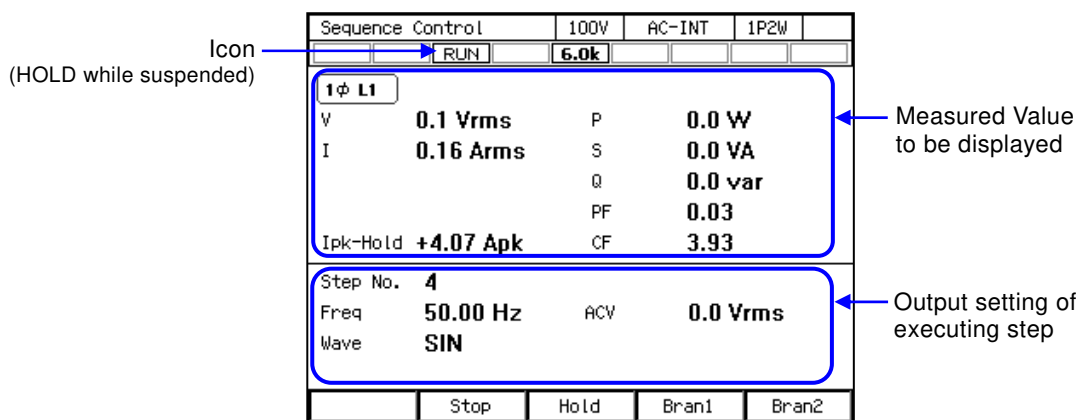


Figure 4-9 Sequence Control View (Output On State/Sequence in Execution)

■ Sequence Control View (output on state/sequence stopped)

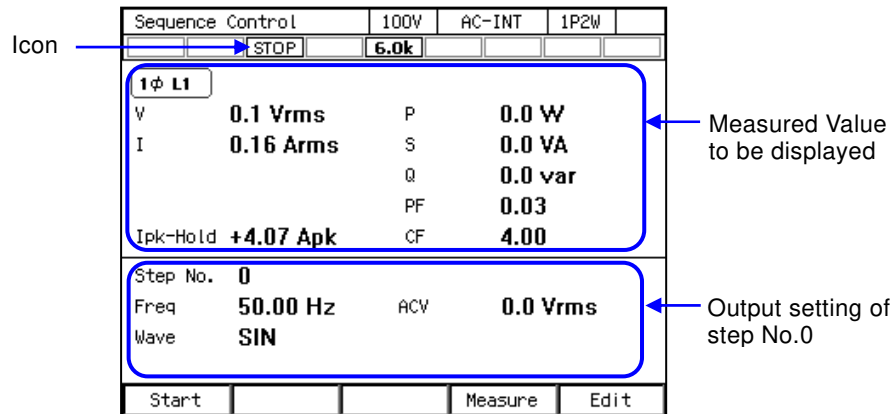


Figure 4-10 Sequence Control View (Output On State/Sequence Stopped)

4.2.13 Change Output Parameter during Output ON

Frequency and voltage of step No.0 can be changed on Sequence Edit View and it can be used like Continuous output function. Remote Sensing function and Autocal function can be enabled. See 4.10 and 4.12 for detail of Remote Sensing function and Autocal function.

1. Select frequency and voltage, input them in the Sequence Edit View step No.0 and turn ON output, setting voltage will be output. Changing setting value, it will be applied soon.

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	0	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	---	Jump Cnt	---	
Branch1	---	Branch2	---	
StepTerm	---	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	---			
Target Phs L1				
Freq	50.00 Hz	Const		
ACV	50.00Hz	nst		
Wave	SIN			
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile

Frequency setting

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	0	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	---	Jump Cnt	---	
Branch1	---	Branch2	---	
StepTerm	---	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
Trig Out	---			
Target Phs L1				
Freq	50.00 Hz	Const		
ACV	0.0 Vrms	Const		
Wave	100.0			
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile

Voltage setting

4. Advanced Operation

- When pushing [Compile] soft key in the Sequence Edit View, moved to Sequence Control View. You can check measurements in step No.0. When pushing [Start] soft-key, the sequence is started.

Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
STOP		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	0.2 W	
I	0.07 Arms	S	7.5 VA	
		Q	7.5 var	
		PF	0.02	
Ipk-Hold	-1.24 Apk	CF	4.14	
Step No. 0				
Freq	50.00 Hz	ACV	100.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
Start			Measure	Edit

- Remote Sensing function and Autocal function can be enabled in step No.0 in the Sequence Edit View and the Sequence Control View.

■ Turning on the Remote Sensing Function

- Open the AGC/Autocal set window by shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **5**.
- Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off.
- Close the window.

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	0	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	---	Jump Cnt	---	
Branch1	---	Branch2	---	
StepTerm	---	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
AGC/Auto Cal				
Rmt Sense	OFF			
AGC	1:OFF			
Auto Cal	2:ON			
Close				

Sequence Edit View

Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
STOP		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	0.1 W	
I	0.07 Arms	S	7.2 VA	
		Q	7.2 var	
		PF	0.01	
AGC/Auto Cal				
Rmt Sense	OFF			
AGC	1:OFF			
Auto Cal	2:ON			
Close				

Sequence Control View

■ Turning on the Autocal Function

- Turn on the output.
- Open the AGC/Autocal set window by shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **5**.
- Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off if necessary.
- Use the [Auto Cal] item to turn on the Autocal function. In case within operating range of Autocal when [ON] is selected here, the calibration factor of the Autocal function is calculated, and the calibration is started.
- Close the window.

Sequence Edit		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step No.	0	Time	0.1000 s	
Jump To	---	Jump Cnt	---	
Branch1	---	Branch2	---	
StepTerm	---	StartPhs	OFF	
Code	LL	Stop Phs	OFF	
AGC/Auto Cal				
Rmt Sense	1:OFF			
AGC	2:ON			
Auto Cal	OFF			
Close				

Sequence Edit View

Sequence Control		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
STOP		6.0k		
1φ L1				
SV	89.0 Vrms	P	0.1 W	
I	0.07 Arms	S	6.6 VA	
		Q	6.6 var	
		PF	0.02	
AGC/Auto Cal				
Rmt Sense	1:OFF			
AGC	2:ON			
Auto Cal	OFF			
Close				

Sequence Control View

Notes

- The Remote Sensing Function or Autocal function can be set to on in the AC-INT, ACDC-INT and DC-INT modes. However, for the AC or ACDC mode, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. If changing waveform to clipped sine wave or arbitrary wave when Remote Sensing setting is ON, Remote Sensing and Autocal setting is forcibly turned off.
- In ACDC mode Remote Sensing function and Autocal function cannot be enabled unless either AC voltage setting value or DC voltage setting value is 0 V. Also when such a setting is made by sequence memory recall, Remote Sensing and Autocal setting is forcibly turned off.
- Remote Sensing and Autocal setting is turned off if changing Output function or AC/DC mode. Turn on the setting if necessary.
- If changing setting by sequence memory recall or memory clear, the screen display will be changed, but the output will be applied after compile.

4.3 Using the Power Fluctuation Testing (Simulation) Function

4.3.1 Basics

The Power fluctuation testing (Simulation) function allows you to edit and output voltage patterns that simulate power line anomalies such as blackout, voltage rise, voltage drop, abrupt phase change, and abrupt frequency change. This section describes the basics for using the Simulation function.

■ AC/DC Mode and Signal Source

Simulation function sets the AC/DC mode and a signal source, independently from Continuous function/Sequence function. The setting is fixed to ACDC-INT.

■ Keep simulation setting file

The simulation setting is cleared when the power is turned off. To save the setting, you need to save it in internal memory or USB memory (see 4.8).

■ Step

The output by the Simulation function consists of six types of steps: Initial, Normal 1, Trans 1, Abnormal, Trans 2, and Normal 2. Before the simulation starts, the DP-G series stands by at the Initial Step. During the simulation, the step changes in the order of Initial, Normal 1, Trans 1, Abnormal, Trans 2, and Normal 2. After the simulation ends, the DP-G series returns to the Initial Step and stands by.

■ Step parameter

Each parameter of Step Time, AC voltage, frequency, start phase, stop phase, trigger output, and synchronization output can be set for each step. However, some parameters cannot be set in some steps.

■ Initial Step

Initial Step is assigned to the stand-by state before the simulation starts. The DP-G series also moves to the Initial Step and becomes stand-by state after the simulation ends, except when the repeat count is specified to 0 (= infinite count).

■ Transition Step (Trans 1 and Trans 2)

The Step Times of Trans 1 and Trans 2 can be set to zero for simulating the abrupt voltage and phase changes. When the Step Time is set to the value other than zero, the set voltage and frequency are swept linearly at the previous and next steps. Note that the AC voltage, frequency, start phase, and Stop Phase cannot be set in the Transition Steps.

■ Other issues

- The Exit operation is available during the simulation. Performing the Exit operation moves to the Initial Step. The output remains on.
- You can set the repeat on/off and repeat count for the simulation. When the repeat is set to on and the repeat count to zero (0), the testing repeats infinitely.

----- Notes -----

- The Simulation function does not support the standard tests defined by organizations such as IEC. Use this function for a preliminary testing.
-

4.3.2 Simulation Function Parameters

Table 4-4 shows the parameters of Simulation function. The common parameters are common to one simulation. In the Simulation function, the signal source is fixed to INT sine wave and the ACDC mode to ACDC mode. When in polyphase, the balanced mode is always used. In each step, set the step-control parameter and the intra-Step parameter. As for intra-Step parameter, the range that can be set differ depending on the output range (100 V/200 V range) as in the case of Continuous function.

Table 4-4 Simulation Function Parameters

Common parameter	Step-control parameter	Intra-Step parameter
Output range AC/DC mode (Fixed to ACDC) Waveform (Fixed to sine wave)	Step Time Start phase Stop phase Trigger output Step sync code output (2bit) Repeat count (1 to 9999 or infinite)	Frequency AC voltage

■ Relationship between each step and settable Step parameters

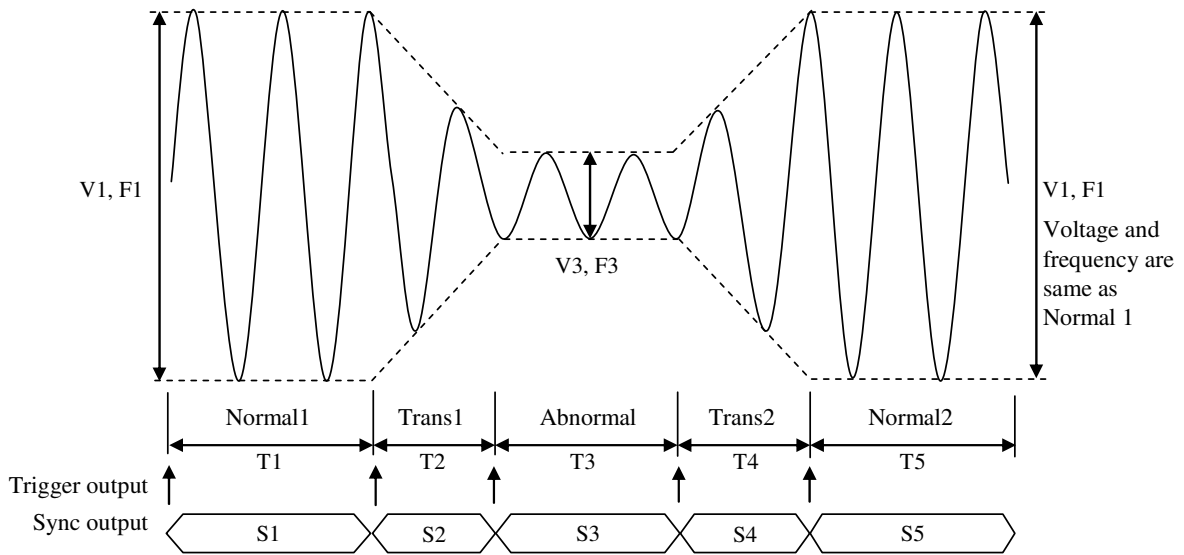


Figure 4-11 Simulation Function Steps

Table 4-5 Simulation Function Steps and Settable Step Parameters

Step	Initial	Normal 1	Trans 1	Abnormal	Trans 2	Normal 2
Step time	—	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
AC voltage	V0	V1	—	V3	—	—(=V1)
Frequency	F0	F1	—	F3	—	—(=F1)
Start phase	ON/OFF P0	ON/OFF P1	—	ON/OFF P3	—	ON/OFF P5
Stop Phase	ON/OFF Q0	ON/OFF Q1	—	ON/OFF Q3	—	ON/OFF Q5
Trigger output	—	ON/OFF	ON/OFF	ON/OFF	ON/OFF	ON/OFF
Sync code output	S0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5

Note: "—" means that this parameter cannot be set.

■ Start phase (Start Phs)

ON or OFF can be selected for the start phase. When ON is selected, the step starts at the specified start phase. When OFF is selected, the step starts at the phase in which the previous step ended. When selecting ON, a numerical entry box in which you can specify the start phase opens.

The start phase can be set at the Normal 1, Normal 2, and Abnormal steps. For other steps, the start phase is fixed to OFF and cannot be specified.

■ Stop phase (Stop Phs)

ON or OFF can be selected for the stop phase. When ON is selected, the step ends at the specified stop phase. If the phase is not the specified stop phase after the Step Time elapsed, the execution continues the output of that step until reaching the specified Stop Phase, then performs the next step. When OFF is selected, the step transitions to the next step when the Step Time has elapsed regardless of the phase. When selecting ON, a numerical entry box in which you can specify the stop phase opens.

The stop phase can be set at the Normal 1, Normal 2, and Abnormal steps. For other steps, the stop phase is fixed to OFF and cannot be specified.

■ Trigger output (Trig Out)

State output to CONTROL I/O connector. This specifies whether the trigger output presents when the step starts. Polarity and pulse width of the trigger output complies with the trigger output setting (see 4.3.5). At the Initial Step, the trigger output cannot be specified and thus no trigger is output.

■ Step sync code output (Code)

State output to CONTROL I/O connector. Code to output while the execution of the step, which is specified by 2-bit H/L. The step synchronization code can be specified also at the Initial Step.

■ Repeat (Repeat)

You can set to repeat the simulation in a series from the Normal 1 step to the Normal 2 step. Specify the ON or OFF of repeat and the repeat count. When Repeat is set to ON, the simulation repeats for the specified count. The simulation in a series is repeated for the repeat count + 1. Setting the repeat count to zero (0) means an infinite count. When Repeat is set to OFF, the DP-G series executes the simulation only once and finishes it without performing the repeat operation.

4.3.3 Output Examples Using Simulation Function

■ Voltage dip simulation

In this simulation, the 50 Hz 100 V power source repeats a 70 % voltage dip for 0.5 seconds three times at 10-second intervals as shown in Figure 4–12. For this case, set so that the total of Normal 1 and Normal 2 Step Times becomes 10 seconds and set the repeat count to 3. Set the Trans 1 and Trans 2 Step Times to zero (Table 4-6).

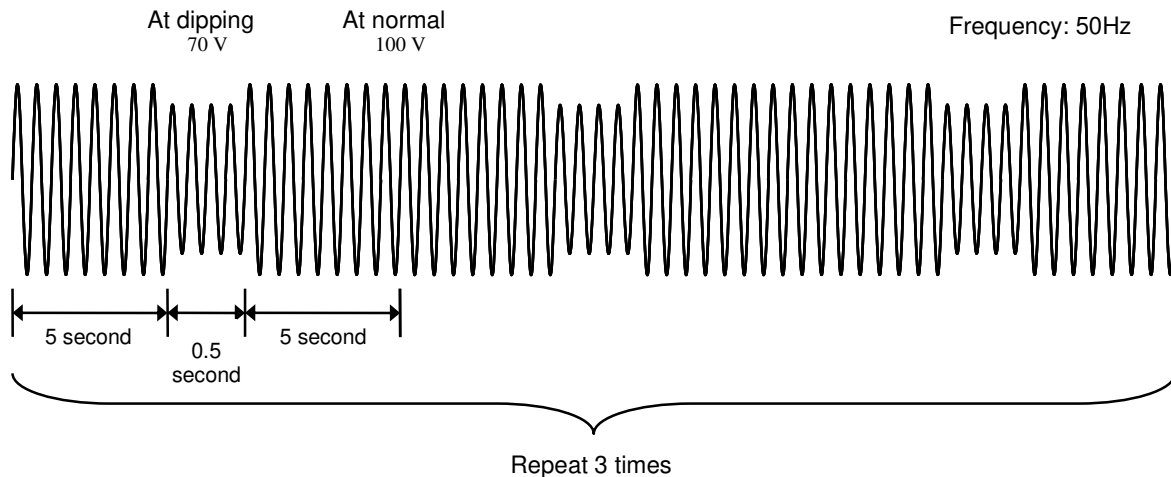


Figure 4-12 Voltage Dip Simulation Example

Table 4-6 Voltage Dip Simulation Edit Example

Step	Initial	Normal 1	Trans 1	Abnormal	Trans 2	Normal 2
Step Time	—	5 s	0 s	0.5 s	0 s	5 s
AC voltage	100 V	100 V	—	70 V	—	—
Frequency	50 Hz	50 Hz	—	50 Hz	—	—
Start phase	OFF	OFF	—	OFF	—	OFF
Stop Phase	OFF	OFF	—	OFF	—	OFF
Repeat count	2 times					

■ Voltage change simulation

In this simulation, the 50 Hz 100 V power source repeats the voltage change three times at 10-second intervals, while the voltage drops to 70 % and then linearly recovers in 0.5 seconds during one cycle as shown in Figure 4–13. For this case, set so that the total of Normal 1 and Normal 2 Step Times becomes 10 seconds and set the repeat count to 3. Set the Trans 1 Step Time to zero (Table 4-7).

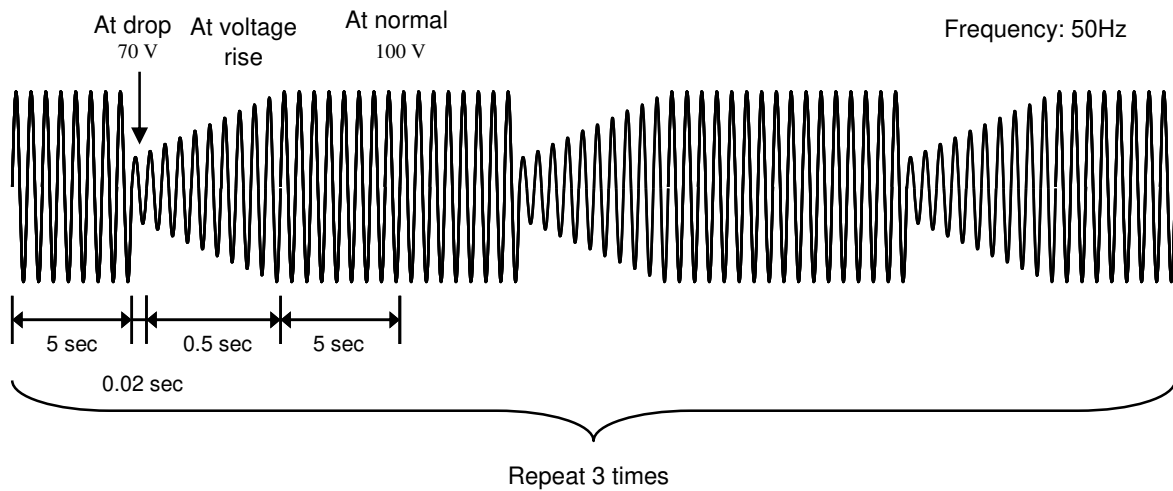


Figure 4-13 Voltage Change Simulation Example

Table 4-7 Voltage Change Simulation Edit Example

Step	Initial	Normal 1	Trans 1	Abnormal	Trans 2	Normal 2
Step Time	—	5 s	0 s	0.02 s	0.5 s	5 s
AC voltage	100 V	100 V	—	70 V	—	—
Frequency	50 Hz	50 Hz	—	50 Hz	—	—
Start phase	OFF	OFF	—	OFF	—	OFF
Stop Phase	OFF	OFF	—	OFF	—	OFF
Repeat count	2 times					

4.3.4 Process Flow in a Step

Figure 4–14 shows the process flow in one step. The End operation causes the transition as shown in Figure 4–15.

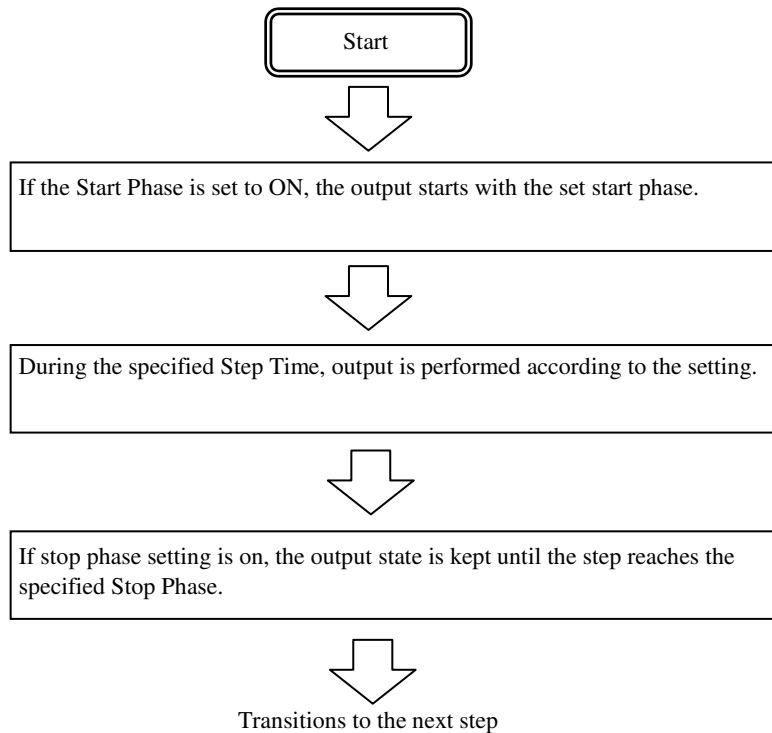


Figure 4-14 Process Flow through Simulation Steps

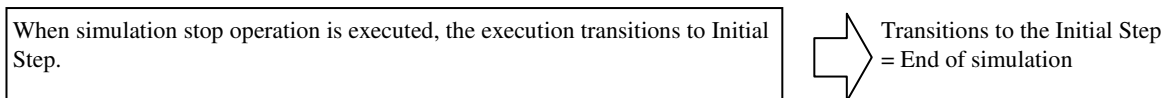


Figure 4-15 Stop Operation

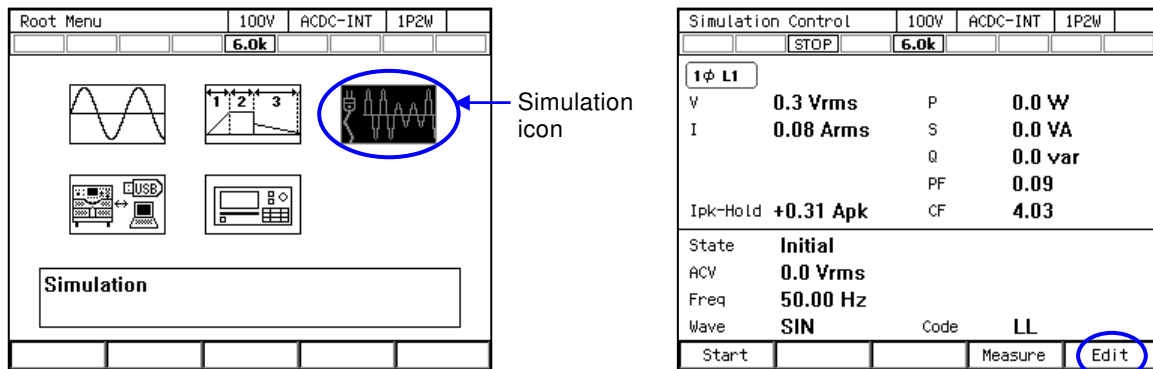
4.3.5 Editing Simulation

- Notes -----
- When the power is turned off, edited contents of the simulation are cleared, and all simulations have the default setting values when it is started next time. To keep the edited contents of simulation, save them in the Simulation Memory (see 4.3.8).
 - When a simulation is loaded from memory, the simulation you are editing is discarded.
 - You can also turn on output on the Simulation Edit View. In this case, the output will be set to the state set in the initial step when Power Fluctuation Testing was last compiled (see 4.3.7).
-

4. Advanced Operation

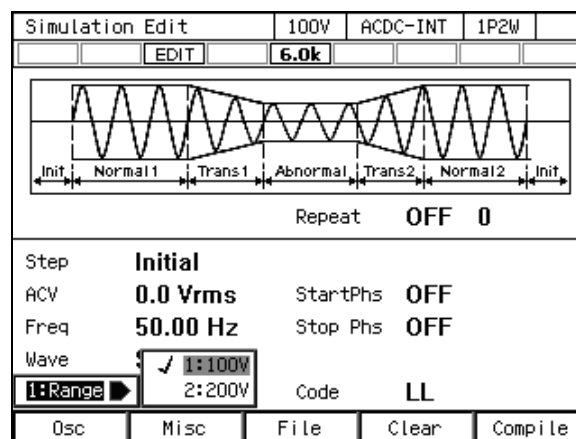
■ Transition to Simulation Edit View

Press the MENU key to open the root menu, then select [Simulation] (see 3.3.1). While the Simulation Control View is displayed, if you push the [Edit] soft-key, the execution transitions to the Simulation Edit View.

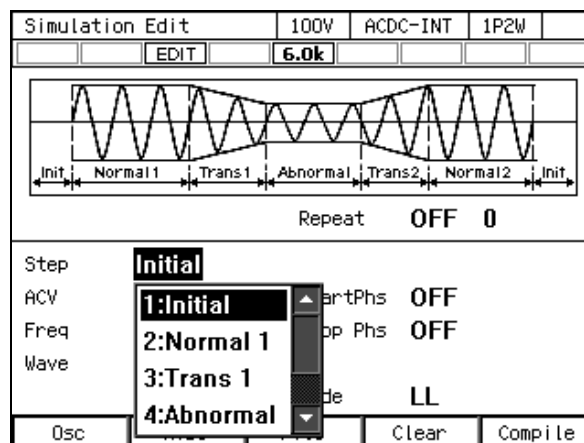


■ Creating (editing) a simulation

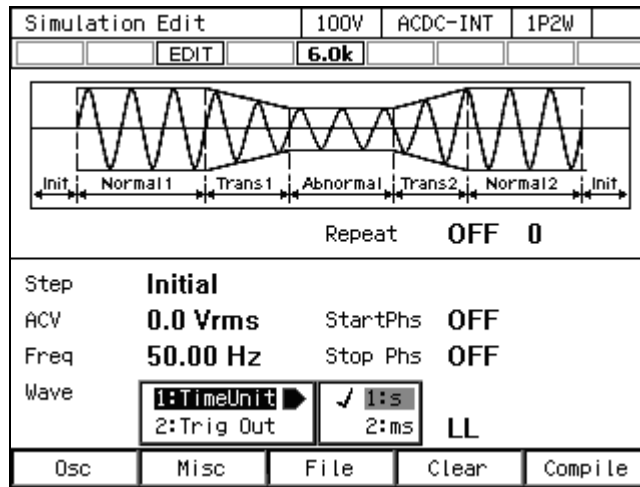
1. In the Simulation Edit View, press the [Osc] soft-key, and then select 100 V or 200 V range. To create a new simulation from an existing one, load the existing one (see 4.3.6).



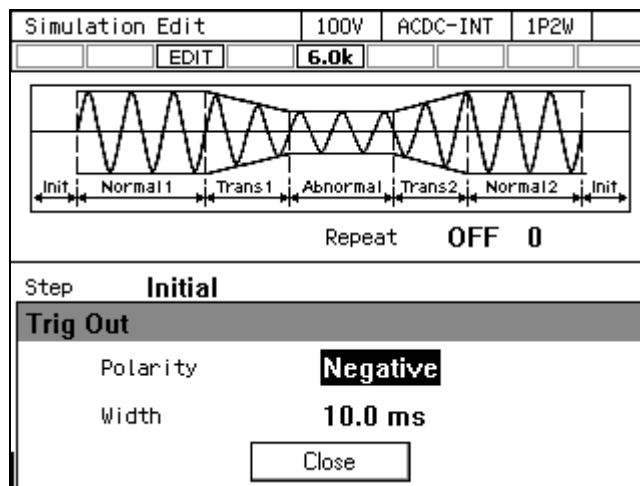
2. Set the parameter of each step. You can move between each step by changing [Step] item.



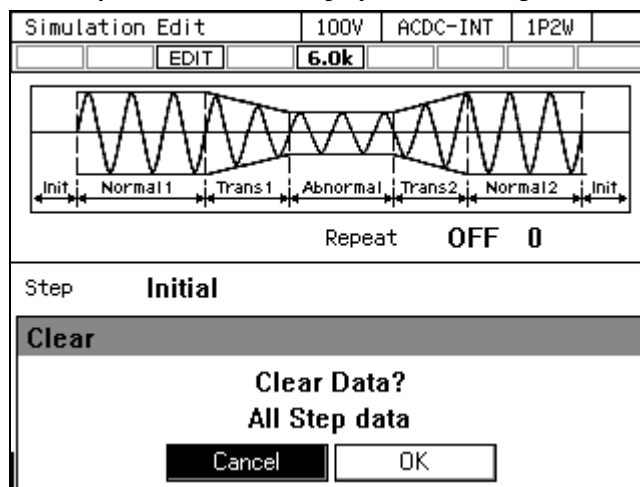
- You can select s or ms as the unit of Step Time by selecting the [Misc] soft-key → [1: TimeUnit].



- You can set polarity of trigger output and pulse width by selecting [Misc] soft-key → [2: Trig Out].



- Press the [Clear] soft-key to clear all the steps you are editing and return to the factory default.



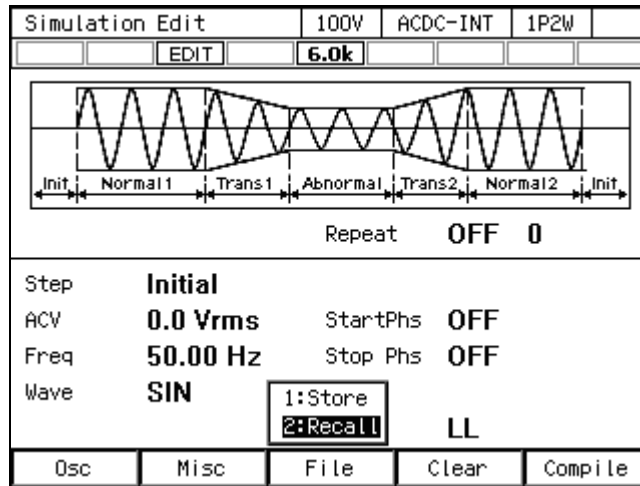
4.3.6 Loading a Simulation

----- Notes -----

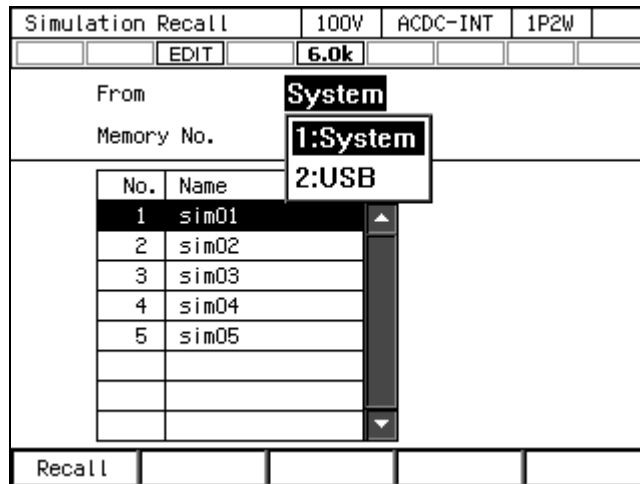
- When a simulation is loaded, the simulation you are editing is discarded.
- Simulation cannot be loaded in the Simulation Control View.

■ Load the simulation stored in the internal memory

1. In Simulation Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [2: Recall]. The Simulation Recall View opens.



2. In the [From] item, select [1: System].



- Specify the memory number of simulation to be loaded in [Memory No.] item, and then push [Recall] soft-key.

Simulation Recall		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
From		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	sim01			
2	sim02			
3	sim03			
4	sim04			
5	sim05			
Recall				

- The confirmation window for loading the simulation opens. Select [OK]. The simulation with the specified memory number is loaded.

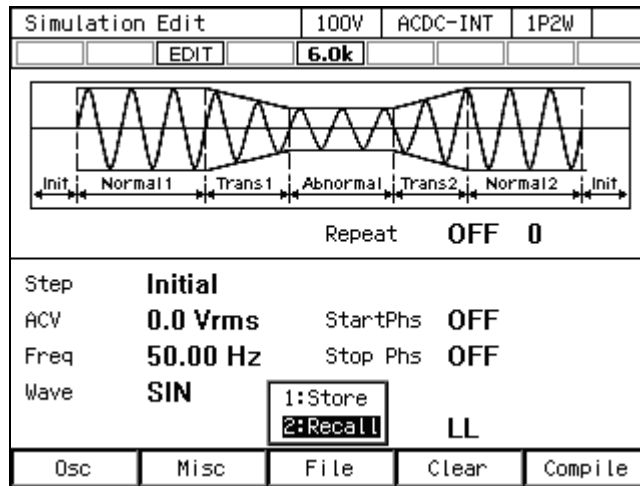
Simulation Recall		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
From		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	sim01			
2	sim02			
3	sim03			
4	sim04			
Recall				
Recall Data?				
No.1 Name : sim01				
Cancel		OK		

- Load the simulation stored in the USB memory

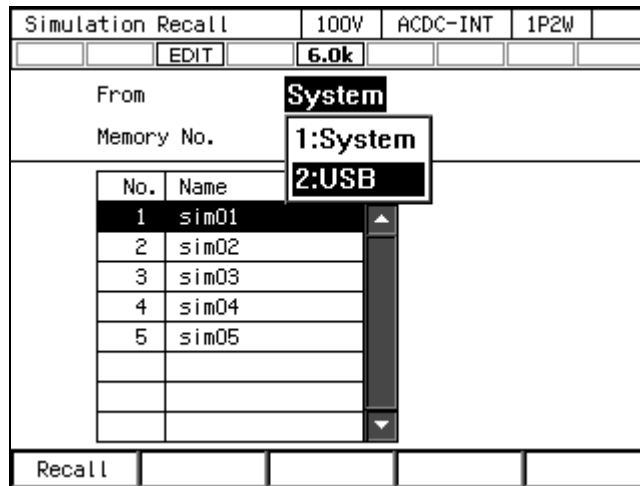
For how to connect USB memory to this product, and how to disconnect from this product, see 4.8.

4. Advanced Operation

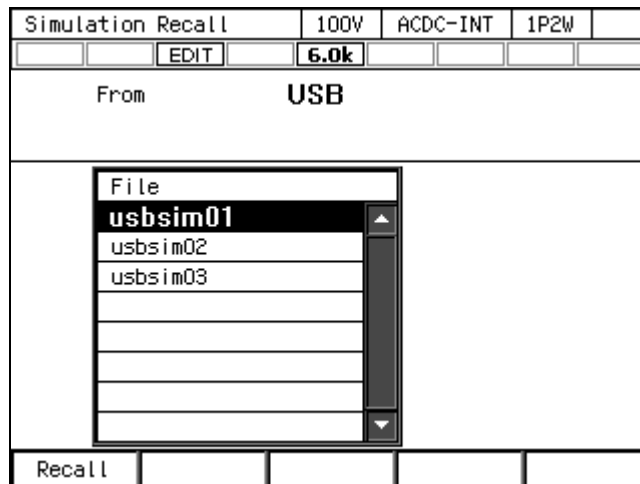
1. In Simulation Edit View, select [File] soft-key → [2: Recall]. The Simulation Recall View opens.



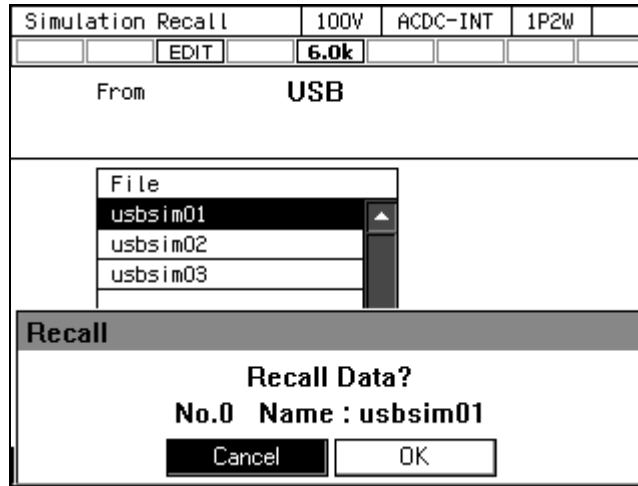
2. In the [From] item, select [2: USB].



3. In the data list box, select the simulation to load.



4. Push the [Recall] soft-key.
5. The confirmation window for loading the simulation opens. Select [OK]. The specified simulation data is loaded.



----- Notes -----

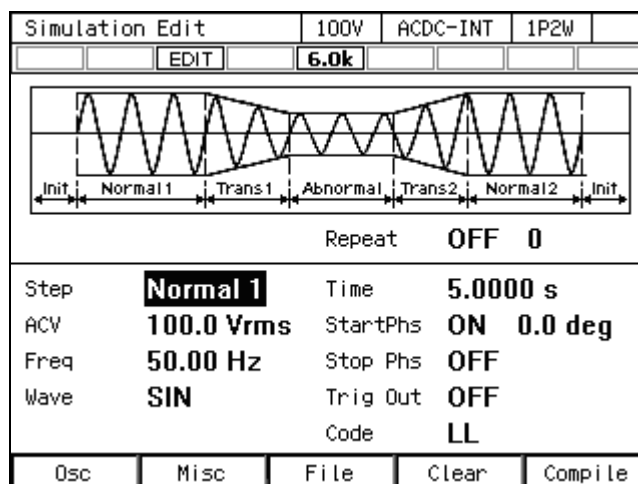
- The number of simulation data files saved in a USB memory should be 500 or less. If the number of files exceeds this limit, this product cannot recognize the simulation data files in the USB memory.

4.3.7 Executing Simulation

The edited simulation can be executed after converted to executable program by compile operation.

■ Transition to Simulation Edit View

When pushing [Compile] soft-key in the Simulation Edit View, the edited power fluctuation is compiled, and then the screen transitions to Simulation Control View. If output is turned on in the Simulation Edit View, the output transitions to the state set in the initial step, at the same time as compiling.



----- Notes -----

- If an improper setting is detected during compilation, an error message is displayed and the screen does not transition to the Simulation Control View.

■ Starting/ending a simulation

1. If output is turned off in the Simulation Edit View, the Power Fluctuation Test can be executed when output is turned on in the Simulation Control View. At this point, the output is in the state set in the Initial Step. When a simulation is stopped, the **[STOP]** icon is displayed.

Simulation Control		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
		[STOP]	6.0k	
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	1.00	
Ipk-Hold	-39.20 Apk	CF	4.23	
State	Normal 1	Time	5.0000 s	
ACV	100.0 Vrms	StartPhs	0.0 deg	
Freq	50.00 Hz			
Wave	SIN	Code	LL	
Start			Measure	Edit

2. Press the [Start] soft-key to start the simulation. While the simulation is executed, icon **[RUN]** is displayed.

Simulation Control		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
		[RUN]	6.0k	
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2750 W	
I	27.51 Arms	S	2750 VA	
		Q	10.0 var	
		PF	1.00	
Ipk-Hold	-39.35 Apk	CF	1.42	
State	Normal 1	Time	5.0000 s	
ACV	100.0 Vrms	StartPhs	0.0 deg	
Freq	50.00 Hz			
Wave	SIN	Code	LL	
	Stop			

- When [Stop] soft-key is pushed while simulation is executed, the execution transitions to the output that is set in the Initial Step, and then simulation is terminated.

Simulation Control		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
STOP		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	1.00	
Ipk-Hold	-39.35 Apk	CF	3.67	
State	Initial			
ACV	0.0 Vrms			
Freq	50.00 Hz			
Wave	SIN	Code	LL	
Start			Measure	Edit

Notes

- In the output off state, the simulation cannot be started.
- The output on/off phase setting is invalid for the Simulation.

■ Returning to Simulation Edit View

If you push the [Edit] soft-key, the execution transitions back to the Simulation Edit View.

4.3.8 Saving Simulation

Notes

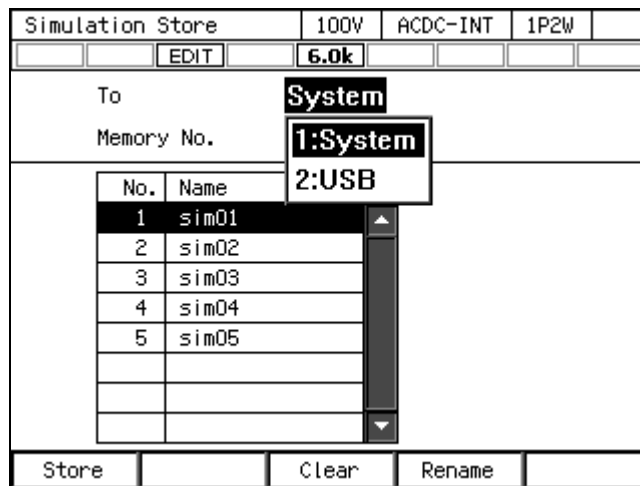
- Simulation cannot be saved in the Simulation Control View.

■ Saving the simulation in the internal memory

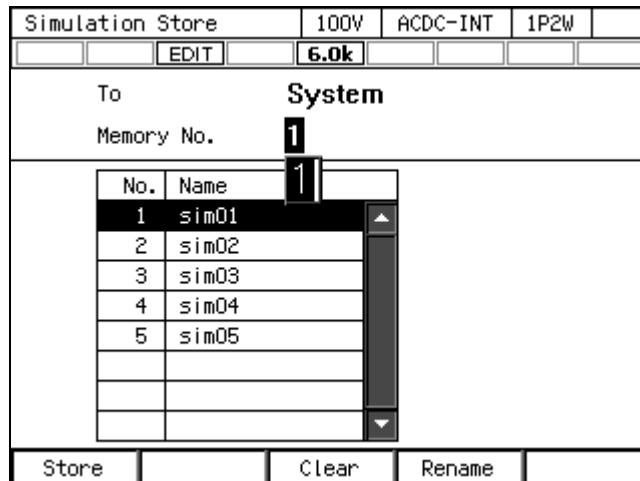
- In the Simulation Edit View, press the select the [File] soft-key - [1: Store]. The Simulation Store View opens.

Simulation Edit		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
Step	Initial			
ACV	0.0 Vrms	StartPhs	OFF	
Freq	50.00 Hz	Stop Phs	OFF	
Wave	SIN		LL	
		1:Store	2:Recall	
Osc	Misc	File	Clear	Compile

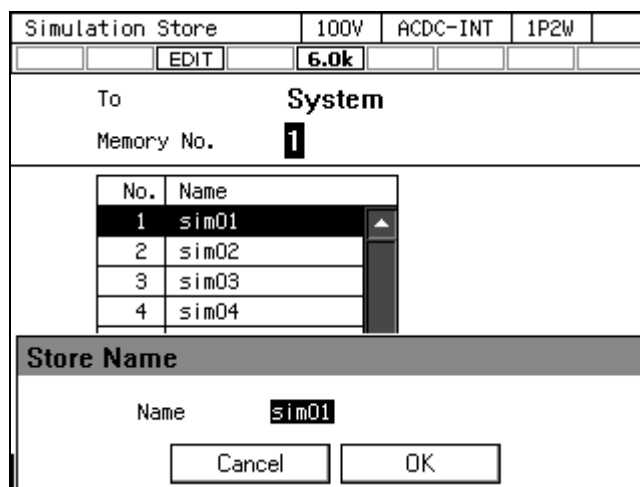
- In the [To] item, select [1: System].



- Specify the memory number of location to save in [Memory No.] item, and then push [Store] soft-key.



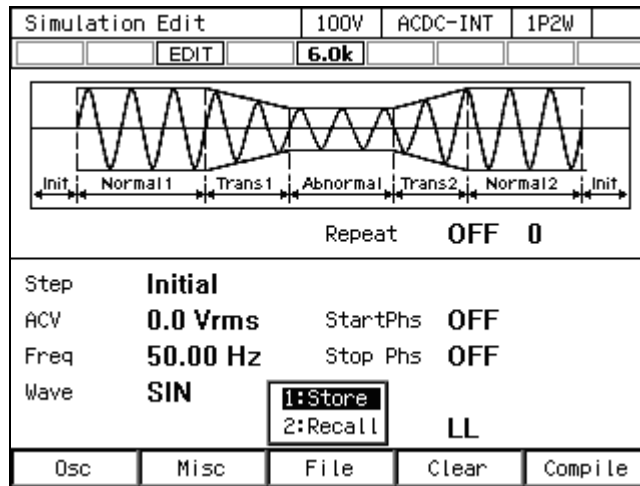
- A window to confirm the save name opens. Enter the name, and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.



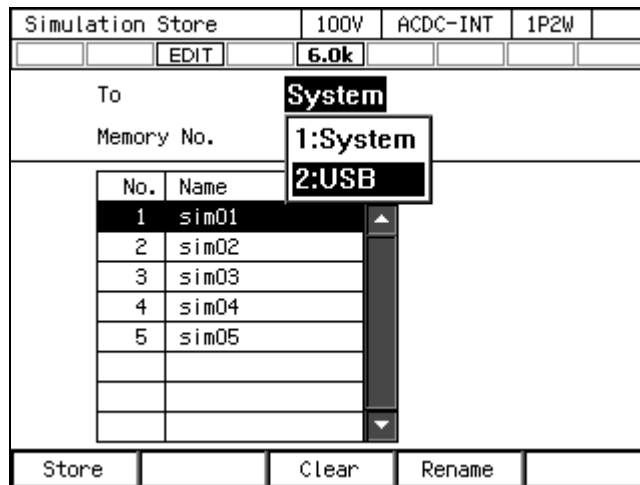
■ Saving the simulation in the USB memory

For how to connect USB memory to this product, and how to disconnect from this product, see 4.8.

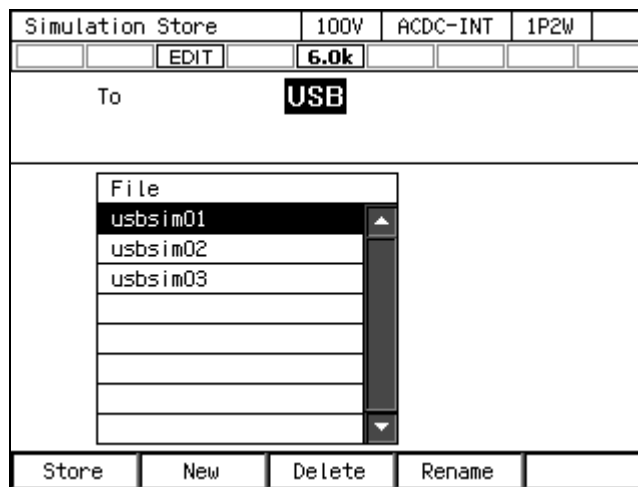
1. In the Simulation Edit View, press the select the [File] soft-key - [1: Store]. The Simulation Store View opens.



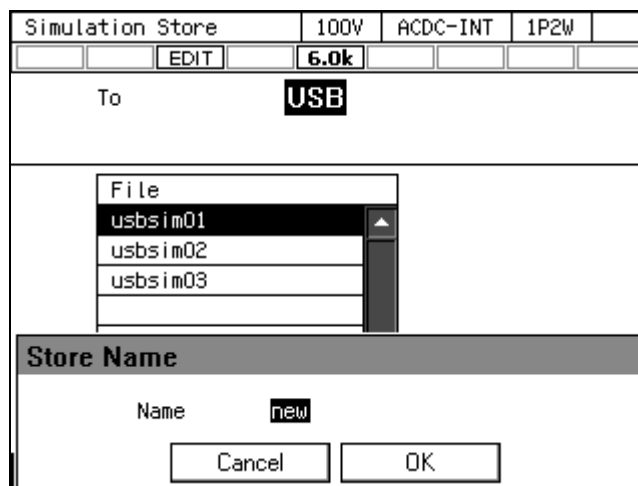
2. In the [To] item, select [2: USB].



3. Push [New] soft-key to save for the first time. To overwrite the existing data, select the data to be overwritten in data list box, and push [Store] soft-key.



4. A window to confirm the save name opens. Enter the name, and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.

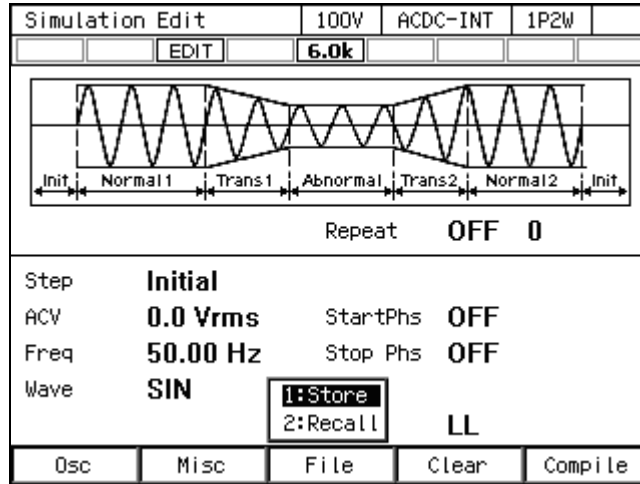


- Notes -----
- The number of simulation data files saved in a USB memory should be 500 or less. If the number of files exceeds this limit, the product cannot recognize the simulation data files in the USB memory.
-

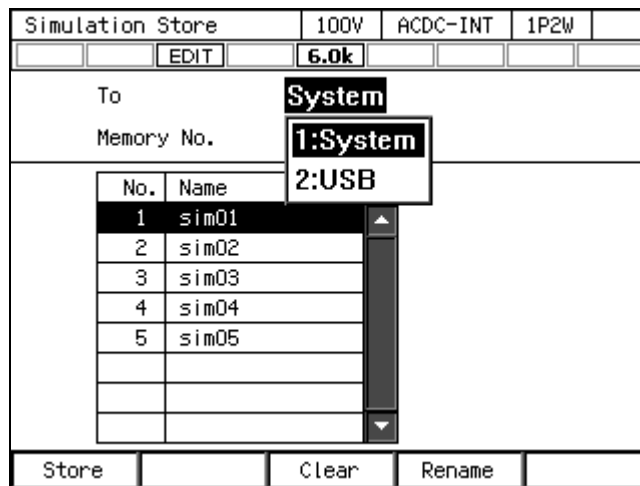
4.3.9 Clear/Rename Simulation

■ Clearing/renaming a simulation saved in internal memory

1. In the Simulation Edit View, press the select the [File] soft-key - [1: Store]. The Simulation Store View opens.



2. In the [To] item, select [1: System].



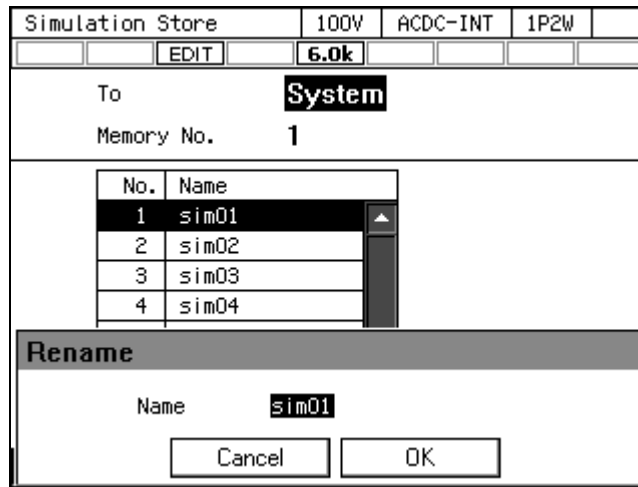
- Set the number of memory to be operated in [Memory No.] item.

Simulation Store		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	sim01			
2	sim02			
3	sim03			
4	sim04			
5	sim05			
Store		Clear	Rename	

- To clear, push [Clear] soft-key. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. In the cleared number of the memory, the simulation data at factory shipment is stored.

Simulation Store		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
EDIT		6.0k		
To		System		
Memory No.		1		
No.	Name			
1	sim01			
2	sim02			
3	sim03			
4	sim04			
Clear				
Clear Data?				
No.1 Name : sim01				
Cancel		OK		

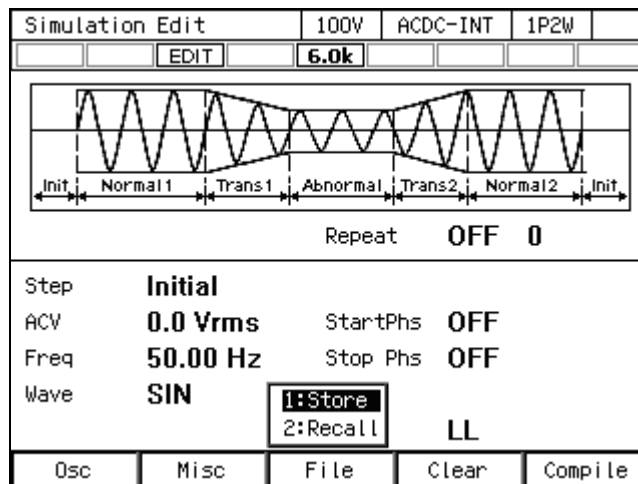
- To rename, push [Rename] soft-key. Rename window opens. Enter a new name and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.



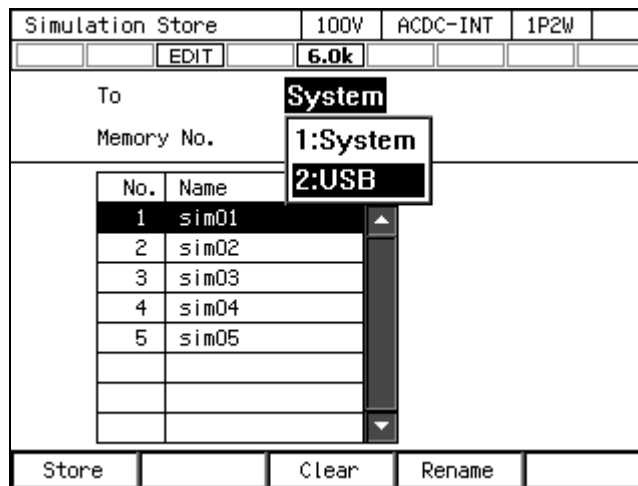
■ Erasing/renaming a simulation saved in USB memory

For how to connect USB memory to this product, and how to disconnect from this product, see 4.8.

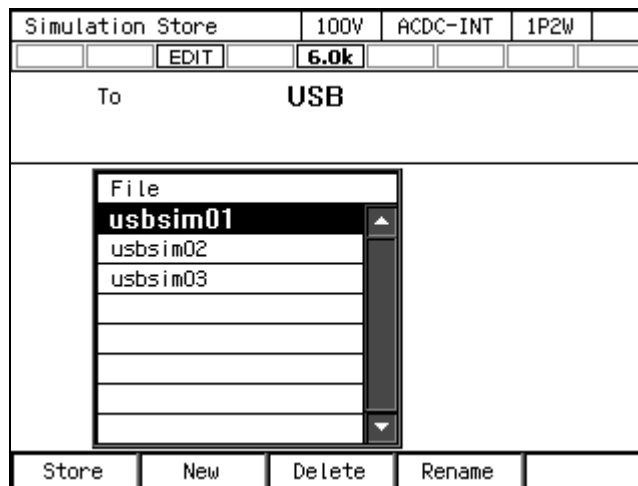
- In the Simulation Edit View, press the select the [File] soft-key - [1: Store]. The Simulation Store View opens.



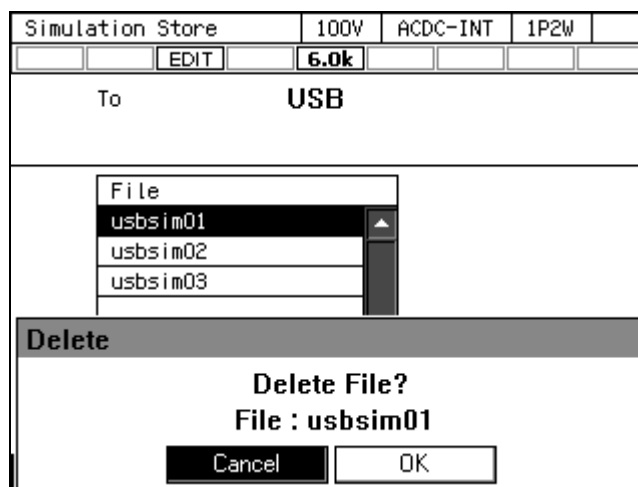
- In the [To] item, select [2: USB].



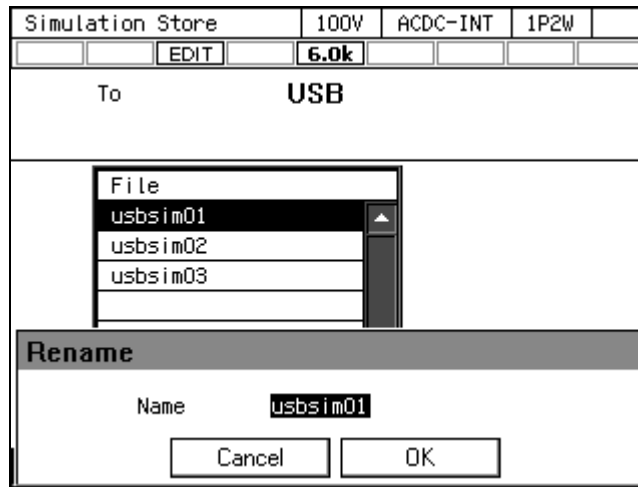
- Select the data that is the target of the operation in the data list box.



- To clear, push [Delete] soft-key. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. The corresponding file in USB memory is deleted.



- To rename, push [Rename] soft-key. Rename window opens. Enter a new name and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.

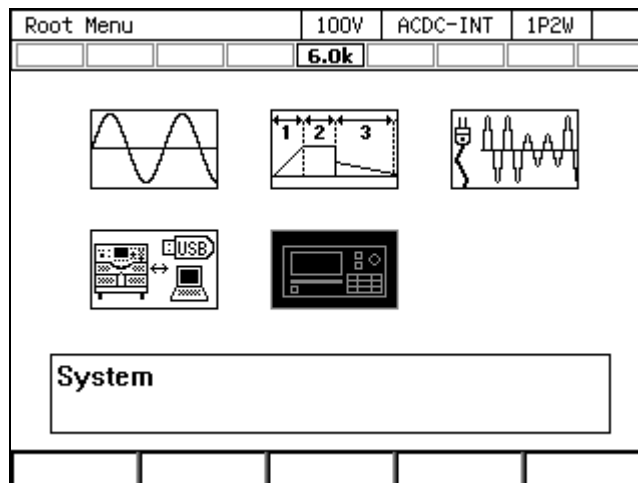


4.3.10 Set so as the Simulation Function is Selected at Power-on

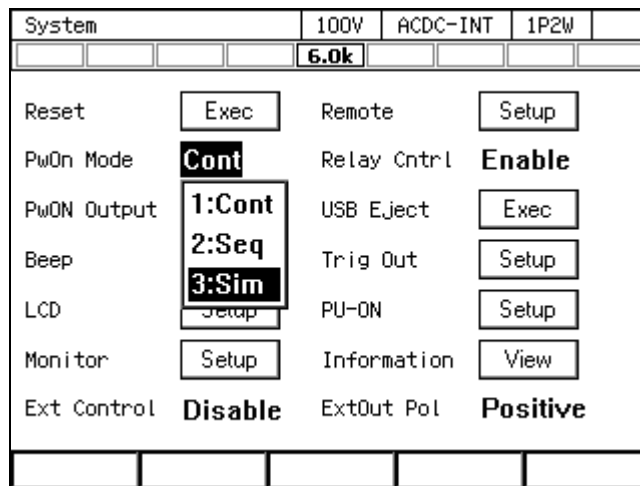
You can set so as the Simulation function is selected at power-on.

■ Operation procedure

- Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. In [PwOn Mode] item, Select [3: Sim].



- Notes -----
- To set so as to Continuous function is selected at power-on, select [1: Cont] in [PwOn Mode] item.
-

4.3.11 Simulation Control by CONTROL I/O

CONTROL I/O enables to start/stop a simulation and to recall the memory. For details, see 4.17.1.

4.3.12 Screen Overview

The Simulation function screen is broadly divided to the Simulation Edit View and the Simulation Control View. The Simulation Edit View opens when you select the power fluctuation testing (Simulation) icon from the root menu. After pushing [Compile] soft-key in Simulation Edit View, the screen transitions to the Simulation Control View.

- Notes -----
- You cannot transition to root menu by pushing the MENU key in the Simulation Control View. To transition to the root menu, first move to the Simulation Edit View and then push the MENU key.
-

■ Simulation Edit View

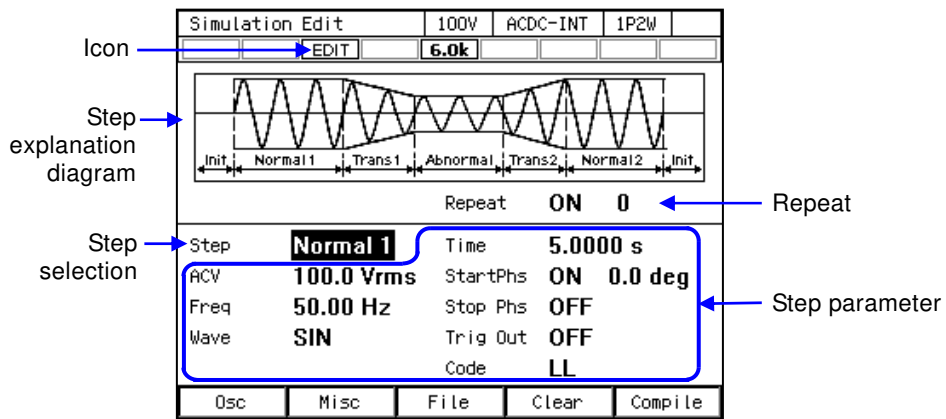


Figure 4-16 Simulation Edit View

■ Simulation Control View (output off state, simulation stopped)

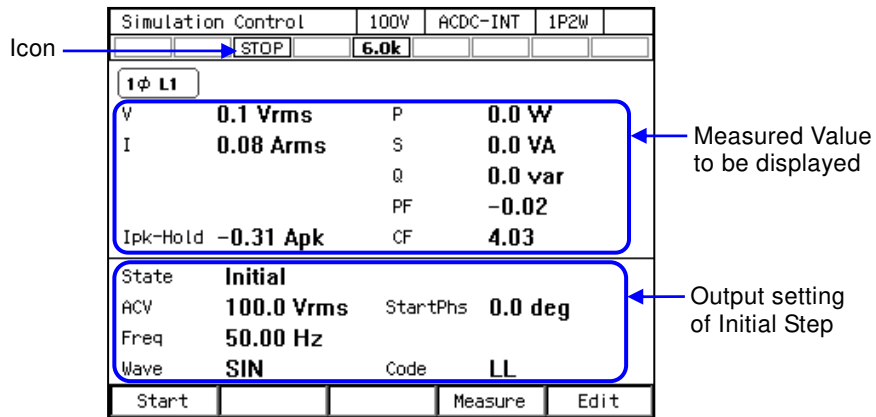


Figure 4-17 Simulation Control View (Output Off State, Simulation Stopped)

■ Simulation Control View (output on state, simulation running)

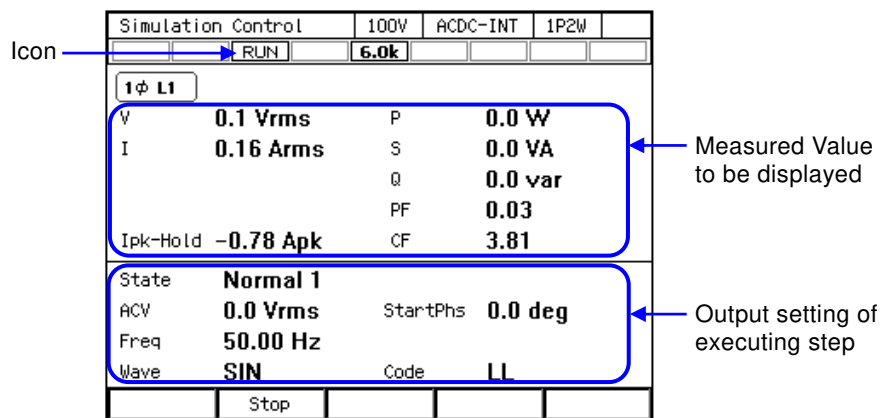


Figure 4-18 Simulation Control View (Output On State, Simulation Running)

■ Simulation Control View (output on state, simulation stopped)

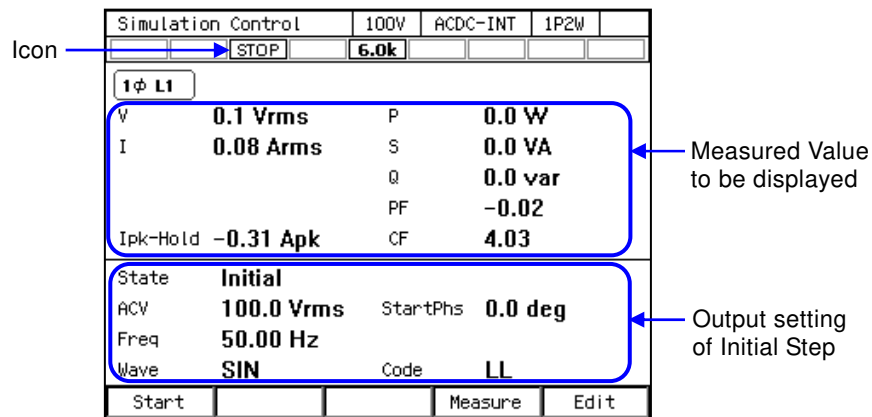


Figure 4-19 Simulation Control View (Output On State, Simulation Stopped)

4.4 Measuring Harmonic Current

4.4.1 Harmonic current

Some electric devices of AC power input have its input current waveform greatly distorted from the sine wave. When the power input section uses a capacitor input type rectifier circuit, the input current typically distorts as shown in Figure 4-20. A waveform distorted like this contains many harmonic components. If a current with many harmonic components is supplied to the power line in high volume, the line voltage is distorted, causing problems such as malfunction of devices and overheated transformer which may result in accidents.

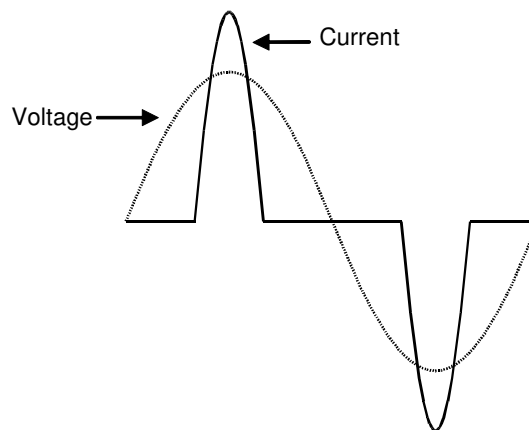


Figure 4-20 Current Waveform Containing Many Harmonic Components

4.4.2 Basics

Harmonic current measurement function is available only for the Continuous function, AC-INT, and set frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz.

The harmonic current components up to order 40 are displayed as the RMS and a percentage to fundamental wave component.

----- Notes -----

- The Harmonic current measurement function does not support the standard tests defined by organizations such as IEC. Use this function for a preliminary testing.
-

4.4.3 Measured Value Display Method

■ Operation procedure

1. In the Continuous function, select the [Measure] soft-key → [4: Harmonic].

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	86.6 Vrms	P	2058 W	
I	23.77 Arms	S	2058 VA	
		Q	8.6 var	
		PF	1.00	
Ipk-Hold	-42.16 Apk	CF	1.73	
1φ All				
Freq		ACV	300.0 Vpp	
Wave				
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. The view opens populated with the measured harmonic components of order 1 to 10.

Harmonic Current View		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ L1				
Harmonic	I (rms)	n th / 1st		
1st	23.56 A	100.0 %		
2nd	0.01 A	0.0 %		
3rd	2.62 A	11.1 %		
4th	0.00 A	0.0 %		
5th	0.94 A	4.0 %		
6th	0.00 A	0.0 %		
7th	0.48 A	2.1 %		
8th	0.00 A	0.0 %		
9th	0.29 A	1.2 %		
10th	0.00 A	0.0 %		
		Prev	Next	

- Press the [Next] soft-key to display the measured values for order 11 to 20. Press the [Prev] soft-key to return to the original view. Switch the view in the same manner for the measured values over order 21.

Harmonic Current View		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
6.0k				
1φ L1	Harmonic	I (rms)	n th / 1st	
	21th	0.05 A	0.2 %	
	22th	0.00 A	0.0 %	
	23th	0.05 A	0.2 %	
	24th	0.00 A	0.0 %	
	25th	0.04 A	0.2 %	
	26th	0.00 A	0.0 %	
	27th	0.03 A	0.1 %	
	28th	0.00 A	0.0 %	
	29th	0.03 A	0.1 %	
	30th	0.00 A	0.0 %	

- Press the CANCEL key to return to the Continuous function view.

4.5 Measuring Inrush Current

4.5.1 Inrush Current

On an electric device using a capacitor input type rectifier circuit for power input, an excessive current in comparison to the Normal state may flow for a short period of time immediately after the start of power supply. This current is called inrush current. If such a big current flows to the power line, the supply voltage may drop due to the impedance of the power line. Therefore, the inrush current is restricted below a certain level in some standards.

Figure 4-21 shows the inrush current waveform of a small electric drill. The inrush current flows at 14 A peak, which is about four times of the rated current of 3.5 A.

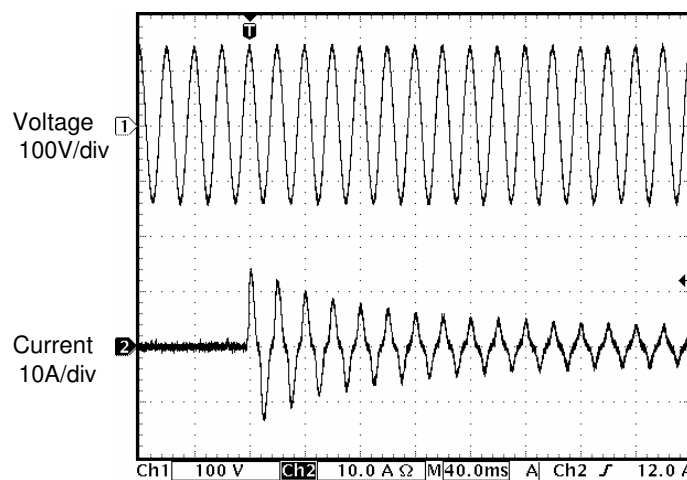


Figure 4-21 Inrush Current Example

It is necessary for an electric device with a large inrush current to use a power source with a sufficient current supplying capability. With a power source that cannot supply a sufficient inrush current, some electric devices may not start as they are not supplied with necessary power.

This product has the ability to supply peak current up to four times of the RMS rating. You can measure the maximum inrush current value using the current peak-hold function of the product.

4.5.2 Basics

- Output current peak-hold function holds either a positive or negative peak value, whichever is larger in absolute value.
- Current peak-hold value is displayed in all of the Average, RMS, and Peak measurement views in the Normal View.
- Clearing function for the current peak-hold value is provided. The clear operation clears the current peak-hold value (all phases) to 0 Apk.

Notes

- The peak hold value starts to update again immediately after the clear operation. The clear operation may not turn the current peak-hold value to 0 Apk even when no current is being output, because of noise or other reasons.

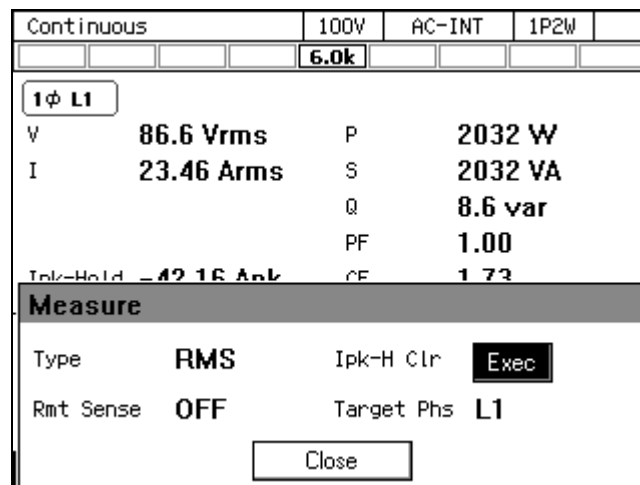
4.5.3 Measurement Method

■ Operation procedure

1. Before turning on the output, clear the current peak-hold value. Following two methods are available.

(a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **+/-**

(b) Select the [Measure] soft-key → [2: Measure]. Hover the cursor over [Exec] of the [Ipk-H Clr] item and press the ENTER key.



2. Turn on the power switch of the object to be measured.
3. Turn on the output.
4. Read current peak-hold value (Ipk-Hold). This is the maximum inrush current value.

4.5.4 Measurement Tips

- You can see the difference among inrush currents at each power-on phase by changing the phase setting at output on (see 3.4.7) before turning on the output.
- The object inrush current cannot be measured correctly when the maximum peak current exceeds the one that can be supplied by this product or the peak current limiter is activated.
- Correct peak value measurement may not be accomplished for a very small load impedance, such as when there is a short at the output terminal.

4.6 Using Clipped Sine Wave

Clipped sine wave is the waveform that has its sine wave peak clipped as shown in Figure 4–22. This product can select the clipped sine wave as the output waveform.

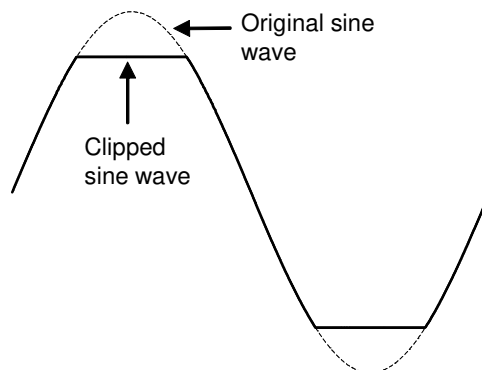


Figure 4-22 Clipped Sine Wave

The depth of clip is set using the crest factor or clip ratio. Each of them is defined by the following expression. The clip ratio is set in percentage.

$$\text{Crest factor} = \text{Peak value} / \text{RMS value}$$

$$\text{Clip ratio} = \text{Clipped sine wave peak value} / \text{Original sine wave peak value}$$

As shown in Table 4-8, the output voltage setting method differs depending on the clip depth setting method. Therefore, a clip ratio less than 100 % makes the output voltage smaller than the setting.

Table 4-8 Different Output Voltage Settings Depending on Clip Depth Setting Method

Clip Depth Setting Method	Output Voltage Setting Method
Crest factor	Sets the RMS of the clipped waveform
Clip ratio	Sets the RMS of the sine wave before clipping

----- Notes -----

- When the clipped sine wave is output in the AC mode, the clip of the output waveform may be tilted by the DC component remove function in the AC mode. To avoid this, switch to the ACDC mode.
-

■ Operation procedure

1. In the [Wave] item, select [CLP].

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		3.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	+0.16 Apk	CF	4.11	
1φ All 1:SIN				
Freq	2:CLP	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN			
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. Move the cursor to [Select], then select it. The clipped sine wave setting window opens.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		3.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	+0.16 Apk	CF	4.12	
1φ All				
Freq	50.00	85.0 %	ACV	0.0 Vrms
Wave	CLP	Select		
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

- In the [No.] item, select the clipped sine wave to load.

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	3.0k		
1φ L1			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Clipped sine			
No	CLP1		
Type	1:CLP1		
Clip	2:CLP2		Save
	3:CLP3		

- In the [Type] item, select [1: Clip] (clip ratio) or [2: CF] (crest factor).

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	3.0k		
1φ L1			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Clipped sine			
No	CLP1		
Type	Clip		
Clip	1:Clip		Save
	2:CF		

- In the [CF] (or [Clip]) item, enter the crest factor (or clip ratio).

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	3.0k		
1φ L1			
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA
		Q	0.0 var
		PF	0.00
Clipped sine			
No	CLP1		
Type	CF		
CF	1.20		Save
	Close		

6. To save the set content into memory, move the cursor to [Save], then press the ENTER key.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		3.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Clipped sine				
No	CLP1			
Type	CF			
CF	1.20	Save		
				Close

7. Move the cursor to [Close], then press the ENTER key. The clipped sine wave setting window closes.

Notes

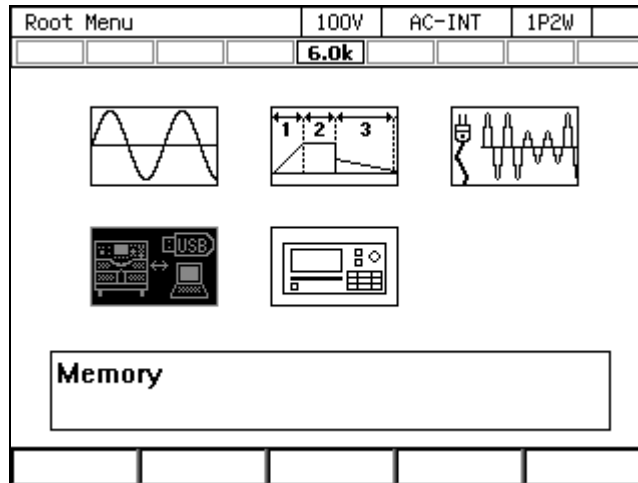
- Executing [Save] saves all the settings from CLP1 to CLP3 into the internal memory.
- Settings not saved in the internal memory are lost when the power is turned off.
- The clip ratio setting value and the crest factor setting value are held independently of each other. The setting value switch as the Type is changed. Each setting value is saved per waveform when the settings are saved into the internal memory.
- The clipped sine wave memory cannot be cleared (to the factory defaults). Manually set to the factory default settings of Clip = 100 %, CF = 1.41, Type = Clip, then save them.

4.7 Using the Memory Function

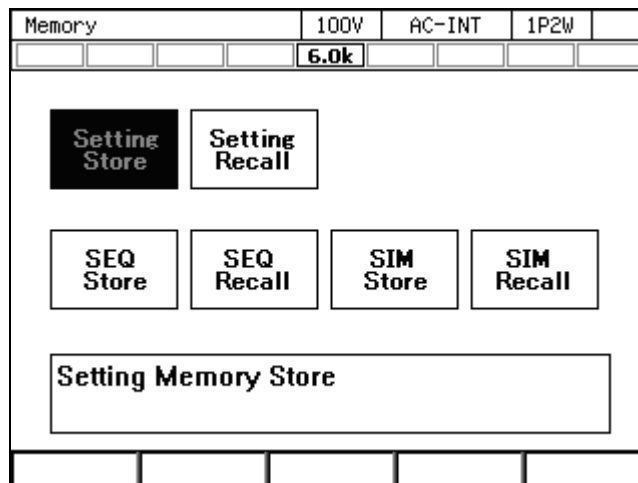
Using the Memory function, you can access this product's internal memory and USB memory to save, load, clear, and rename the basic setting, sequence, and simulation.

■ Opening the Memory View

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [Memory] (or press the MEMORY key on the Continuous function screen).



2. The Memory View opens.



4.7.1 Basic Setting Memory

The Basic Setting Memory collectively stores the output-related settings in the Continuous function (e.g. AC/DC mode, signal source, output range, AC setting, DC setting, current limiter, setting range limit). User is required to perform some operations to save these settings into the Basic Setting Memory. Both the internal and USB memories can be selected as the Basic Setting Memory.

There are 31 internal Basic Setting Memories for each output phase configuration from No. 0 to No. 30. The memory No. 0 stores the factory defaults. The internal memory No. 1 settings are loaded at power-on of this product. User can save the settings to the memories from No. 1 to No. 30. Clearing a Basic Setting Memory resets it to the factory defaults (same as the one of No. 0). Clearing a Basic Setting Memory in the USB memory deletes the applicable file in the USB memory.

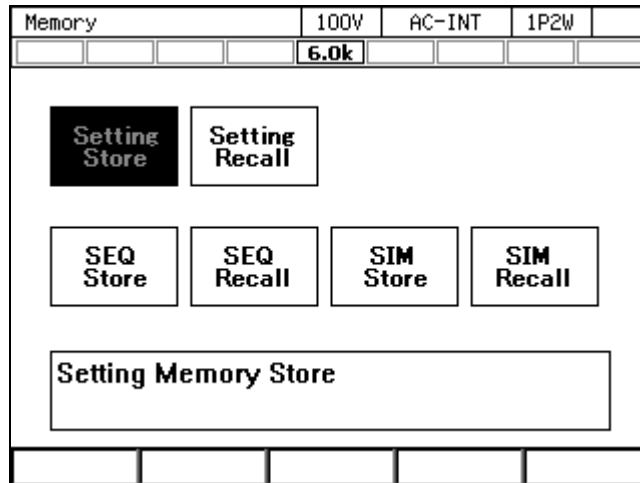
For the set content saved in the Basic Setting Memory and factory defaults, see *10.23*.

Notes

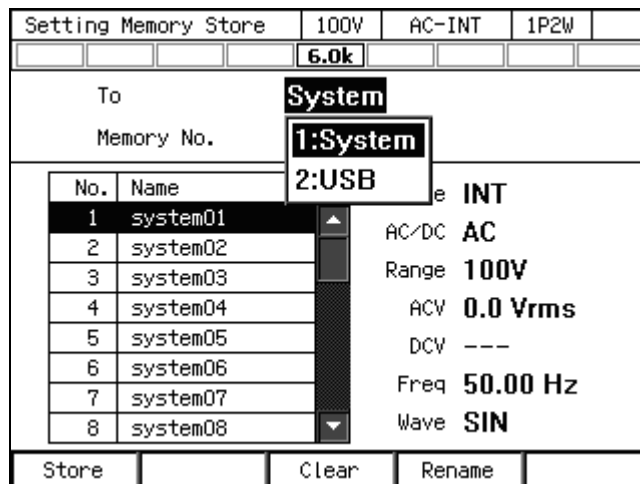
- The Basic Setting Memory content cannot be copied directly between the internal and USB memories. To copy them, load them first, then save to a new destination.
 - No overwrite confirmation message is displayed when you attempt to save under the same name as for the data that exists on the USB memory.
 - The number of basic setting data files saved in a USB memory should be 500 or less. If the number of files exceeds this limit, the product cannot recognize the basic setting data files in the USB memory.
-

■ Saving to a Basic Setting Memory (how to save the output-related settings in the Continuous function)

1. Press the MEMORY key on the Continuous function screen or select [Memory] from the root menu to move to the Memory View.
2. Select Setting Store.

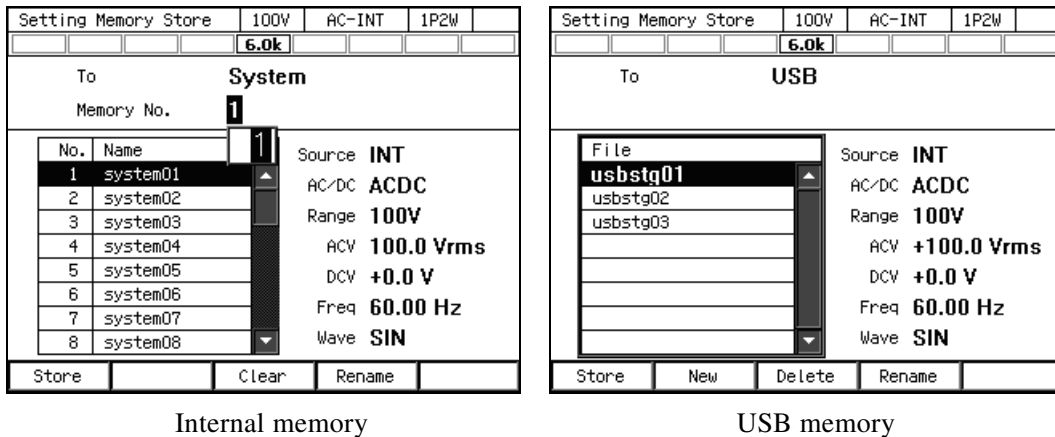


3. For the [To] item, select the destination [1: System] (internal memory) or [2: USB] (USB memory).

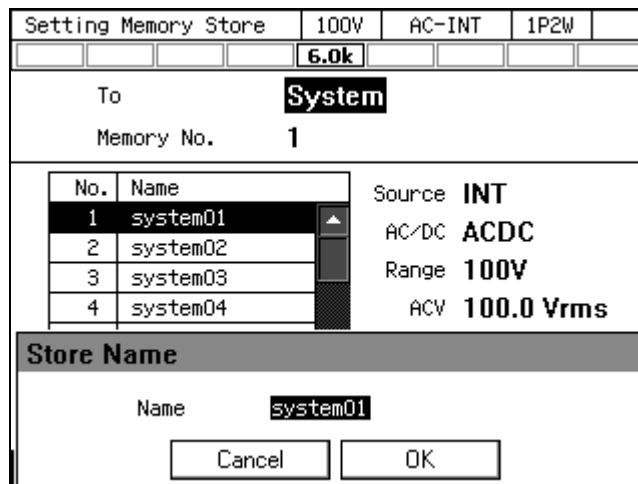


4. Specify the destination.
 - (a) For the internal memory, specify the destination memory number in the [Memory No.] item, then press the [Store] soft-key.

- (b) In the case of USB memory, push [New] soft-key to save for the first time. To overwrite the existing data, select the data to be overwritten in data list box, and push [Store] soft-key.

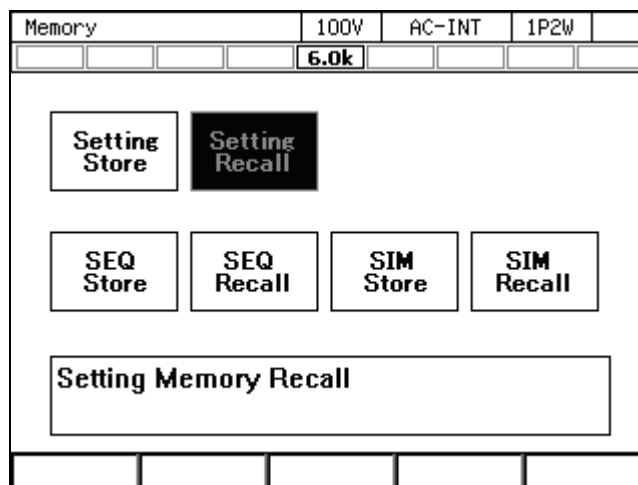


5. A window to confirm the save name opens. Enter the name, and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.



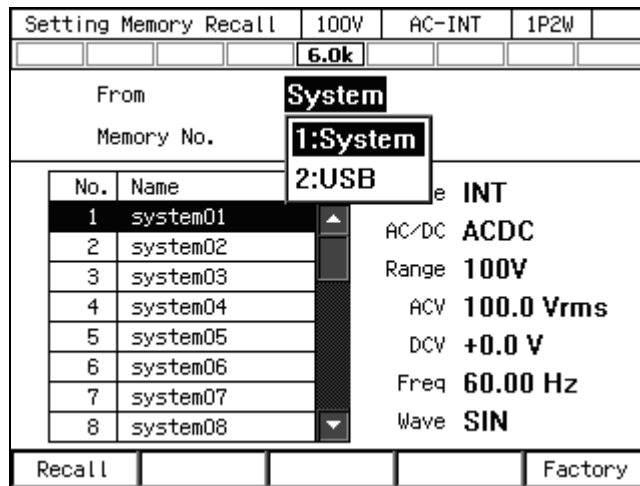
■ Loading from a Basic Setting Memory

1. In the Memory View, select [Setting Recall].

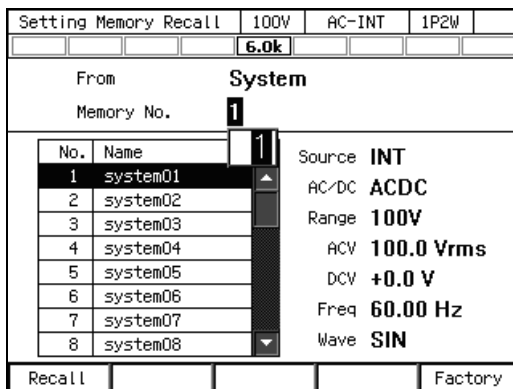


4. Advanced Operation

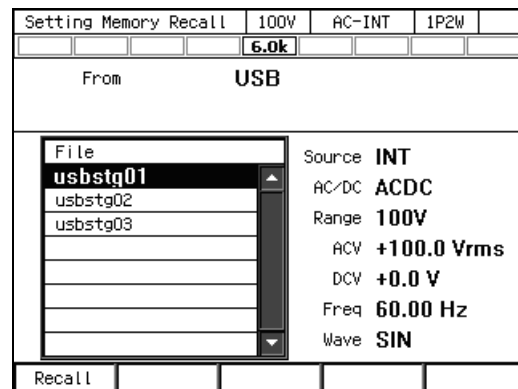
- In the [From] item, select the source [1: System] (internal memory) or [2: USB] (USB memory).



- Specify the data to load.
 - For the internal memory, specify the memory number in the [Memory No.] item, then press the [Recall] soft-key.
 - For the USB memory, in the data list box, select the data to load, then press the [Recall] soft-key.

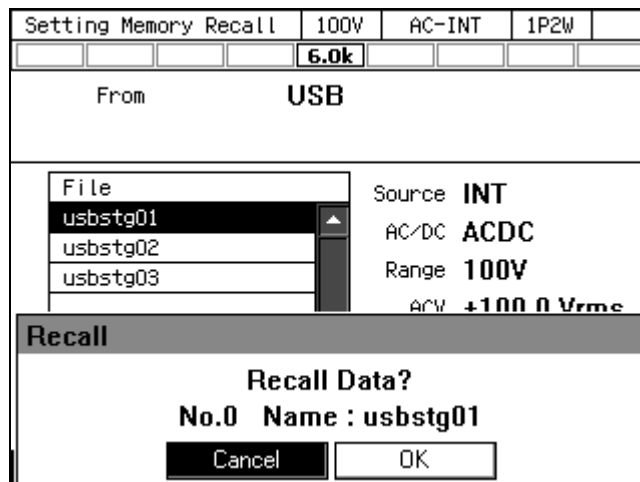


Internal memory



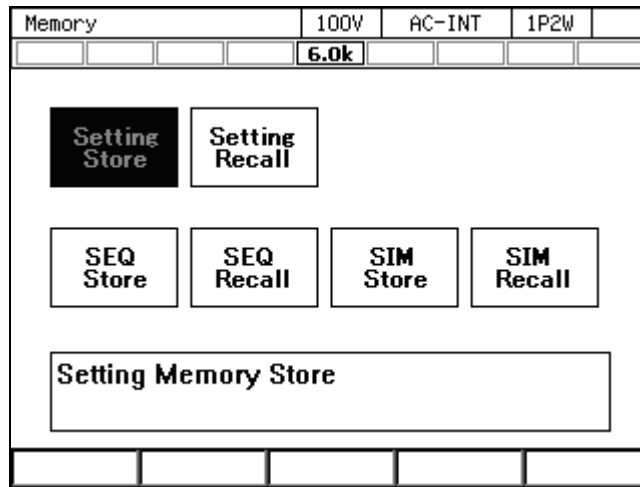
USB memory

- In the confirmation window that opens, select [OK].

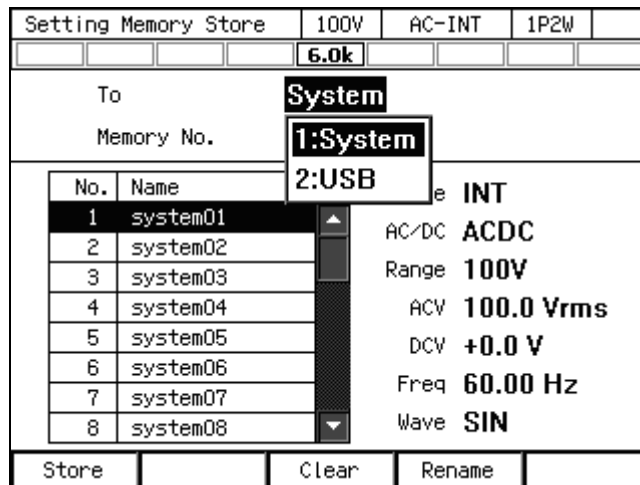


■ Clearing, erasing, or renaming a Basic Setting Memory

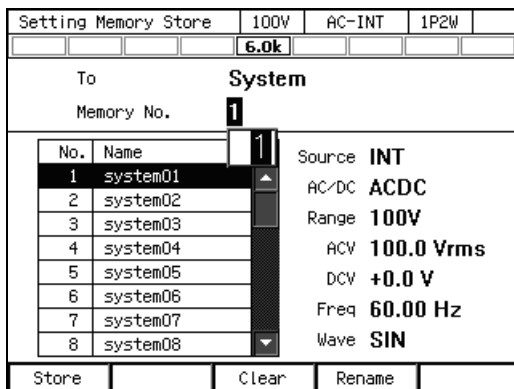
1. In the Memory View, select [Setting Store].



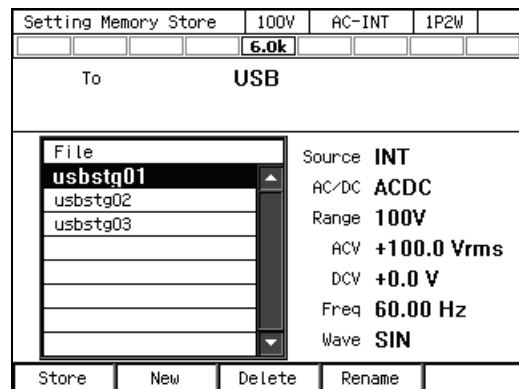
2. In the [To] item, select the object to operate [1: System] (internal memory) or [2: USB] (USB memory).



3. Specify the data to operate.
 - (a) For the internal memory, specify the memory number in the [Memory No.] item.
 - (b) For the USB memory, in the data list box, select the data.



Internal memory



USB memory

4. Advanced Operation

- To clear/delete, push [Clear]/[Delete] soft-key. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. Clearing the internal memory resets the data to the factory default (same as the one of the internal memory No. 0). Erasing the basic setting data in the USB memory deletes the applicable file.

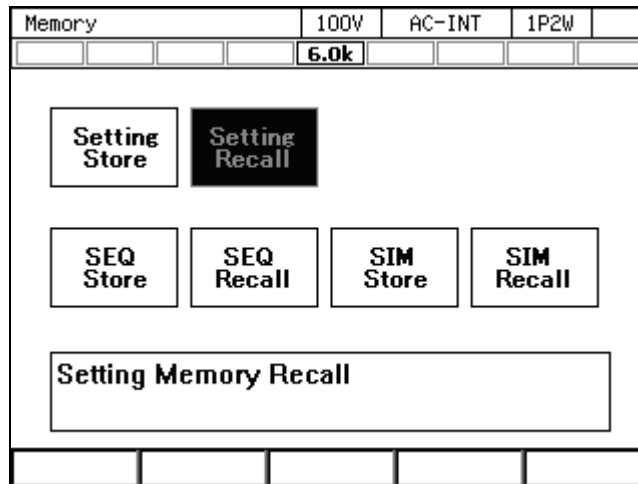
Setting Memory Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W	
				6.0k
To	System			
Memory No.	1			
No.	Name	Source	INT	
1	system01	AC/DC	ACDC	
2	system02	Range	100V	
3	system03	ACV	100.0 Vrms	
4	system04			
Clear				
Clear Data?				
No.1 Name : system01				
Cancel		OK		

- To rename, push [Rename] soft-key. Rename window opens. Enter a new name and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.

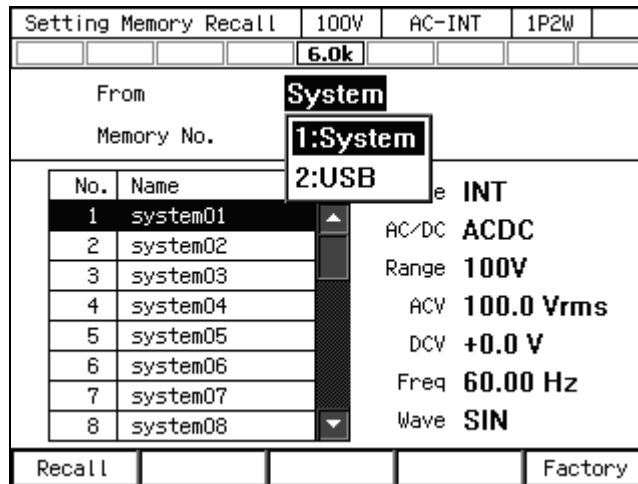
Setting Memory Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W	
				6.0k
To	System			
Memory No.	1			
No.	Name	Source	INT	
1	system01	AC/DC	ACDC	
2	system02	Range	100V	
3	system03	ACV	100.0 Vrms	
4	system04			
Rename				
Name		system01		
Cancel		OK		

■ Loading the factory defaults

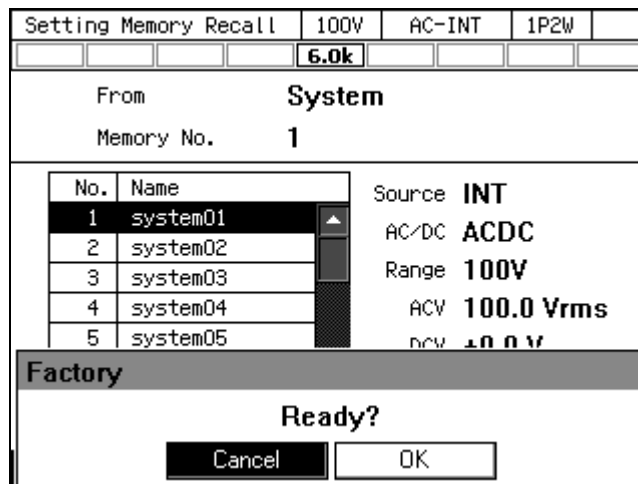
1. In the Memory View, select [Setting Recall].



2. In the [From] item, select [System].



3. Push the [Factory] soft-key. In the confirmation window that opens, select [OK]. The factory default basic setting data are loaded.



4.7.2 Sequence Memory

The user-created sequence can be saved into the Sequence Memory.

Both the internal and USB memories can be selected as the Sequence Memory. Creation and saving of a sequence are performed using the sequence menu (see 4.2) or the control software in the attached CD-ROM. For the content saved in the Sequence Memory, see Table 4-9.

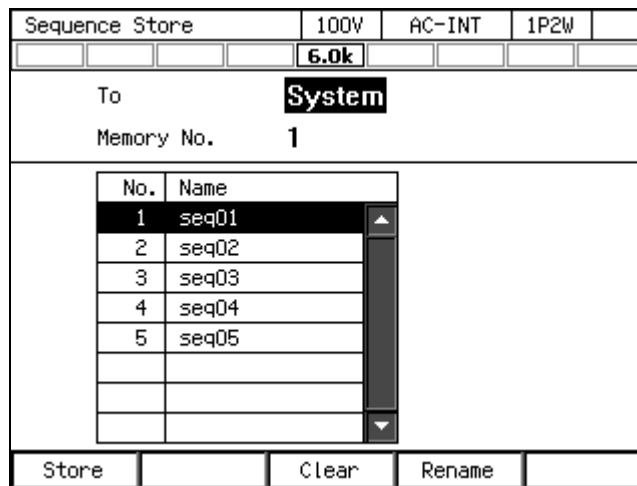
The internal memory has 5 Sequence Memories from No. 1 to No. 5.

Table 4-9 Content Saved in Sequence Memory

Setting Item	Factory default setting
Output range selection	100 V
Output mode selection	AC-INT
Parameters of Sequence Function	See 4.26

■ SEQ Store

In the Memory View, select [SEQ Store] to change to the Sequence Save View as below, allowing you to save, clear, and rename the sequence. For the operation method, see 4.2.8 and 4.2.9.



■ SEQ Recall

In the Memory View, select [SEQ Recall] to change to the Sequence Recall View as below, allowing you to load the sequence. For the operation method, see 4.2.6.

Sequence Recall	100V	AC-INT	1P2W																		
	6.0k																				
From	System																				
Memory No.	1																				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>seq01</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>seq02</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>seq03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>seq04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>seq05</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				No.	Name	1	seq01	2	seq02	3	seq03	4	seq04	5	seq05						
No.	Name																				
1	seq01																				
2	seq02																				
3	seq03																				
4	seq04																				
5	seq05																				
Recall																					

4.7.3 Simulation Memory

The user-created simulation can be saved in the Simulation Memory.

Both the internal and USB memories can be selected as the Simulation Memory. Creation and saving of a simulation are performed using the simulation menu (see 4.3) or the control software in the attached CD-ROM. For the content saved in the Simulation Memory, see Table 4-10.

The internal memory has 5 Simulation Memories from No. 1 to No. 5.

Table 4-10 Content Saved in Simulation Memory

Setting Item	Factory default setting
Output range selection	100 V
Simulation Function Parameters	See 4.26

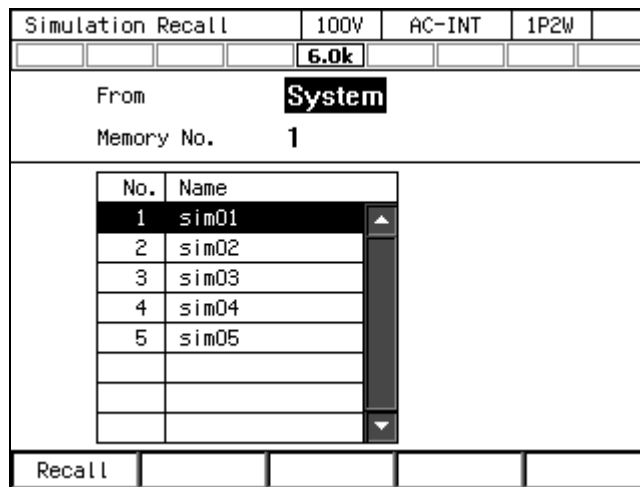
■ SIM Store

In the Memory View, select [SIM Store] to change to the Simulation Save View as below, allowing you to save, clear, and rename the simulation. For the operation method, see 4.3.8 and 4.3.9.

Simulation Store	100V	AC-INT	1P2W																		
	6.0k																				
To	System																				
Memory No.	1																				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>sim01</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>sim02</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>sim03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>sim04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>sim05</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				No.	Name	1	sim01	2	sim02	3	sim03	4	sim04	5	sim05						
No.	Name																				
1	sim01																				
2	sim02																				
3	sim03																				
4	sim04																				
5	sim05																				
Store	Clear	Rename																			

■ SIM Recall

In the Memory View, select [SIM Recall] to change to the Simulation Recall View as below, allowing you to load the simulation. For the operation method, see 4.3.6.



4.8 Using USB Memory

This product supports the mass storage class USB memory. The sequence data, simulation data, and Basic Setting Memory can be saved into and loaded from the USB memory.

When you connect a USB memory to this product, a window opens with the confirmation message "USB Memory Connected," then closes after a while.

The root folder of the USB memory should have folders as shown in Figure 4–23. Otherwise, these folders are created automatically when the USB memory is connected to this product.

To remove the USB memory connected to this product, the eject operation is necessary as explained in this section.

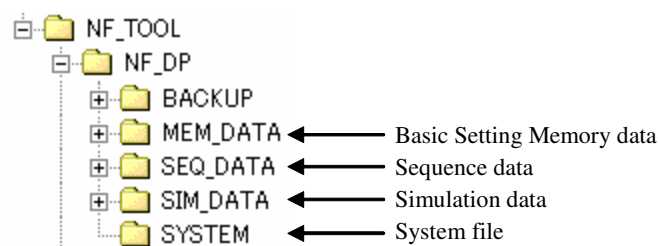


Figure 4-23 USB Memory Folder Structure



CAUTION

- Do not connect anything other than a USB memory to the front USB memory connector.
- Before removing the USB memory from this product, always perform the eject operation (see the next section). Removing the USB memory while it is being accessed may damage the data.
- Do not turn off this product while it is accessing the data in the USB memory.

 ----- Notes -----

- We do not guarantee that all USB memories can be operational with this product.
 - Use a FAT32-formatted USB memory. This product does not support the exFAT format which began to be supported from Windows Vista SP1.
 - This product does not have the USB memory formatting function.
 - The file name should consist of one byte alphanumeric characters. A file name that contains any double-byte character cannot be recognized correctly.
 - This product does not have the time information management function. Therefore, when the save operation is performed for the USB memory, its time stamp is updated to "2008/1/1 00:00:00."
 - Loading by the external control function is not available.
 - Limit the number of files to save in one USB memory up to 500 for each of the basic setting, sequence, and simulation data. If the number of files exceeds this limit, the product cannot recognize the data files in the USB memory.
 - The BACKUP and SYSTEM folders in Figure 4–23 are not used by the users. Do not delete these folders and files in them, as they are used for firmware updating of this product and other purposes.
-

■ Removing the USB memory from this product (eject operation)

1. Perform the eject operation. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation:  + 
 - (b) Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. In the System menu that opens, put the cursor on [Exec] next to the [USB Eject] item, then press the ENTER key.
2. The window opens with the confirmation message "USB Memory Disconnected." The window closes after a while.
3. Remove the USB memory.

 ----- Notes -----

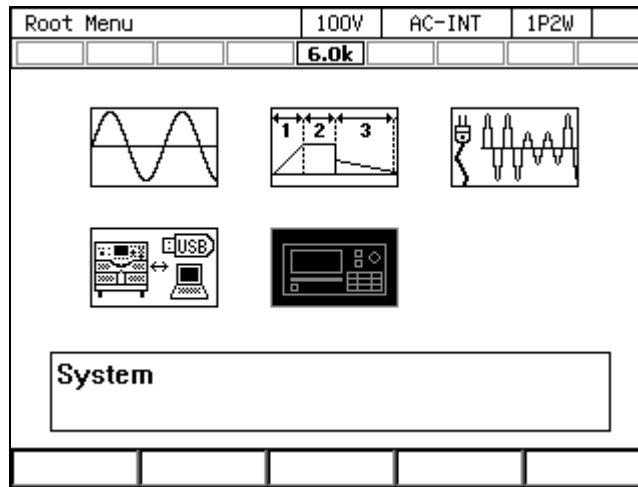
- The eject operation cannot be performed in the following cases:
 - When the Memory View is open
 - When the data list box shows the files in the USB memory
-

4.9 Using the Monitor Function

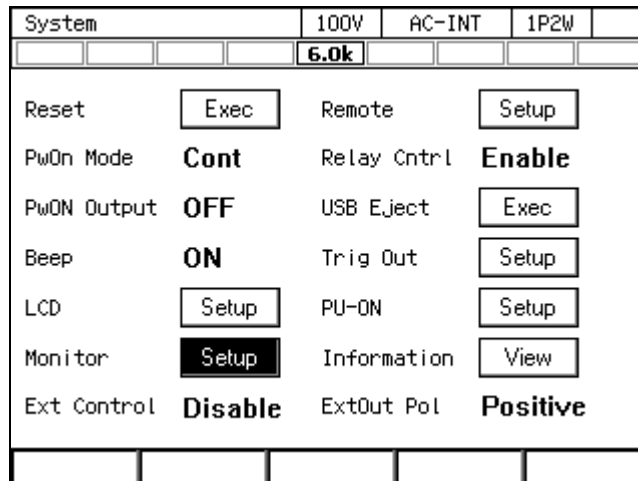
The output voltage and current waveform can be monitored using an oscilloscope connected to the monitor terminal on the rear. For the monitor output specifications, see *10.28*.

■ Switching the monitor output

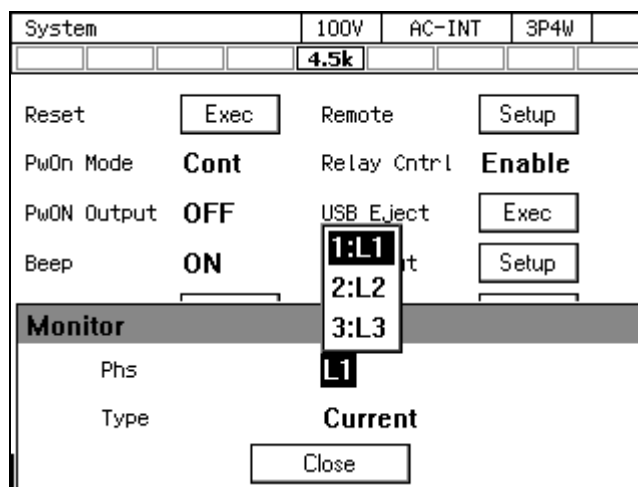
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System].



2. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key.



3. «Only for polyphase model and polyphase system» For the [Phs] item, select the desired phase.



4. For the [Type] item, select the output voltage or current.

System		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
Reset	<input type="button" value="Exec"/>	Remote	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	
PwOn Mode	Cont	Relay Cntrl	Enable	
PwON Output	OFF	USB Eject	<input type="button" value="Exec"/>	
Beep	ON	Trig Out	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	
Monitor				
Phs		1:Current		
Type		2:Voltage		
		Current		
	<input type="button" value="Close"/>			

5. Put the cursor on [Close], then press the ENTER key.

- Notes -----
- In a polyphase system, configure monitor setting for each of the phases using the L1 phase cabinet. Each cabinet's monitor output connector outputs the monitor voltage of that phase.
 - In a single-phase model, the [Phs] item is fixed to L1.
 - The output voltage monitor watches the voltage at the output terminal whether the remote sensing state is on or off.
-

4.10 Using the Remote Sensing Function

The Remote sensing function detects the output voltage at the sensing input terminal. When the Remote sensing function is on, the measured value of voltage is the voltage at the sensing input terminal, and the item symbol is displayed as "SV" on the panel display. The measured values of power (P, S, Q) and power factor (PF) are also the values that are calculated using the measured voltage value at the sensing input terminal. However, their item symbols on the panel display are not changed.

When the Remote sensing function is on, the output voltage at the sensing input terminal is calibrated by the AGC or Autocal function. Thus, by combining the Remote sensing function with the AGC/Autocal function, you can compensate the voltage drop due to wiring to the load.

The Remote sensing function can be set to on in the AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA modes. However, for the AC mode, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. When the Remote sensing function is on, the waveform cannot be changed to other than a sine wave. When the mode is changed to ACDC mode or when the Sequence or Simulation function is selected, the Remote sensing function is forcibly set to off.

However, in case the stand-by state of sequence mode (step0) effective only for AC-INT, ACDC-INT and DC-INT and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. Remote sensing cannot be activated unless either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is 0 V for ACDC-INT. Also, Remote sensing is turned off once when you change ACDC mode from AC mode of DC mode even in stand-by state. Turn ON it again when you need.

----- Notes -----

- The on/off state of the Remote sensing function is kept even if the output range is changed.
 - When the Remote sensing function is forcibly set to off, the settings saved in the System Setting Memory are not updated.
-

■ Cable connection for remote sensing

⚠ WARNING

- Before connecting the cable, turn off this product including its peripherals.

⚠ CAUTION

- Pay attention to the withstand voltage of the cable to be connected.
- Do not connect anything to the terminals that are not used.
- Do not input a signal having a different electric potential from the output terminal (for example, the signal at the secondary side of transformer) into the sensing input terminal.
- For the polyphase model or the polyphase output of Multi-phase model, cables should be connected to the sensing input terminals N1, N2, and N3 for each phase. These terminals do not have the same electric potential within this product.

Connect the sensing input terminal to the output voltage detecting end (for example, load end) using a cable. In the Multi-phase model, the sensing input terminal is common to each output phase configuration (single-phase two-wire, single-phase three-wire, and three-phase four-wire). The terminals to be used for each output phase configuration are shown in Figure 4-24. Do not connect anything to the terminals that are not used.

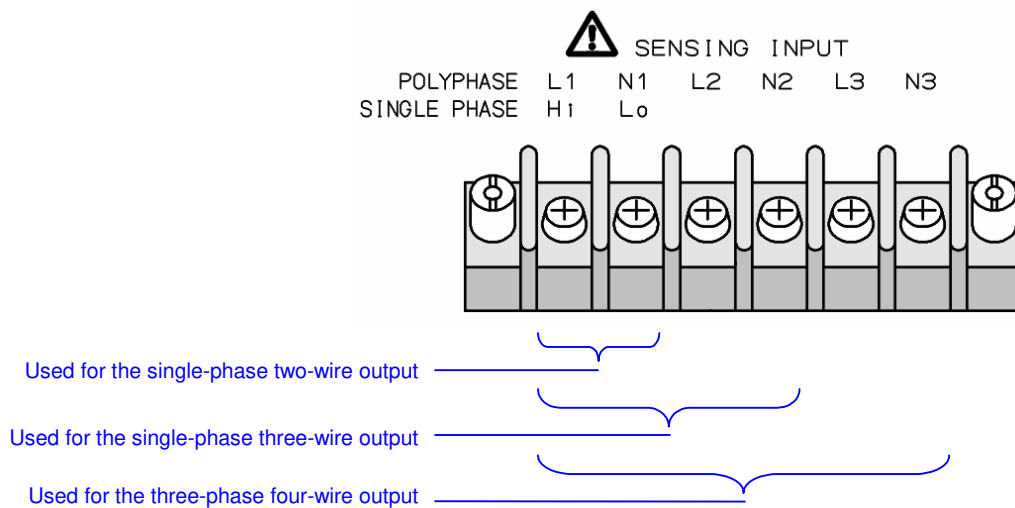
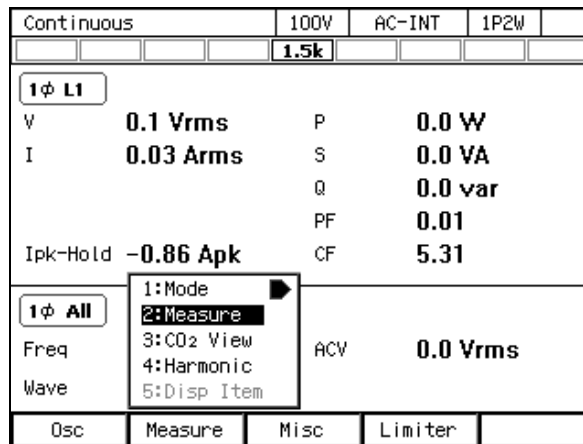


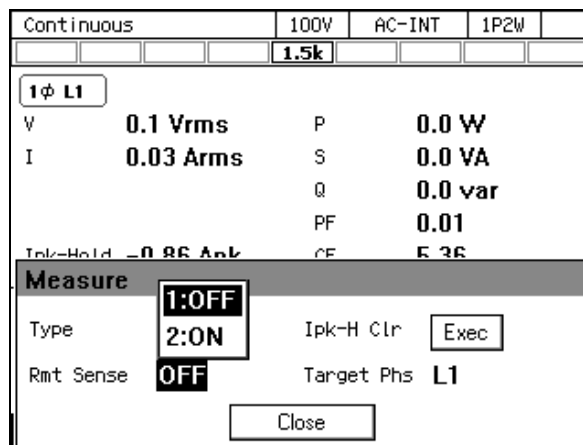
Figure 4-24 Sensing Input Terminals in Multi-phase Model

■ Turning on/off Remote sensing function

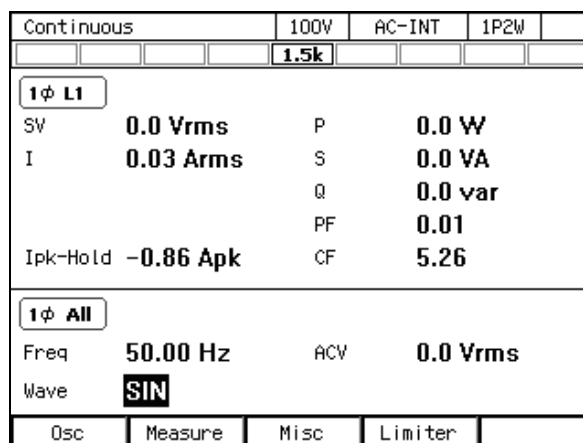
1. Press the [Measure] soft-key and select [2: Measure].



2. Use the [Rmt Sense] item to turn on or off, if necessary.




3. When the Remote sensing function is turned on, the item symbol of the output voltage measured value is changed to "SV".



----- Notes -----

- The Remote sensing function can be turned on/off also in the AGC/Autocal set window.

4.11 Using AGC Function



The AGC (Automatic Gain Control) function calculates the ratio (calibration factor) of the output voltage measured value (effective value) versus the output voltage setting value automatically and continuously while this function is on, and multiplies the gain of the output amplifier by the calculated value, intending to match the output voltage with the setting value. With this function, the output voltage fluctuation can be suppressed even when the load is fluctuated. When the AGC function is set to on, the icon  is displayed.

As the detected part of the output voltage calibrated by the AGC function, either the sensing input terminal (the Remote sensing function is on) or the output terminal (the Remote sensing function is off) can be selected. By combining the Remote sensing function with the AGC function, you can compensate the voltage drop due to wiring to the load.

The AGC function can be set to on in the AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA modes. However, for the AC mode, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. When the AGC function is on, the waveform cannot be changed to other than a sine wave. When the mode is changed to ACDC mode or when the Sequence or Simulation function is selected, the AGC function is forcibly set to off. When the Autocal function is on, the AGC function cannot be used.

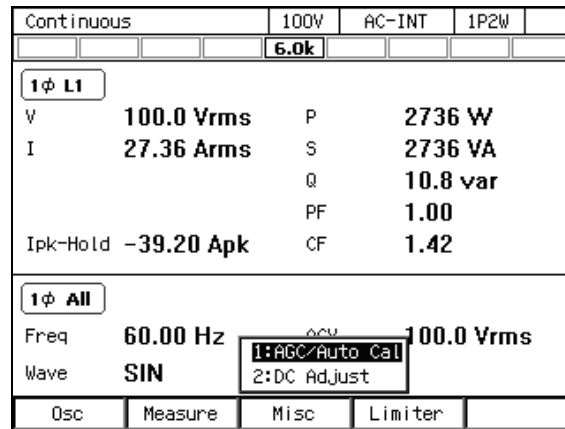
For the specification of the AGC function, see *10.16*.

Notes

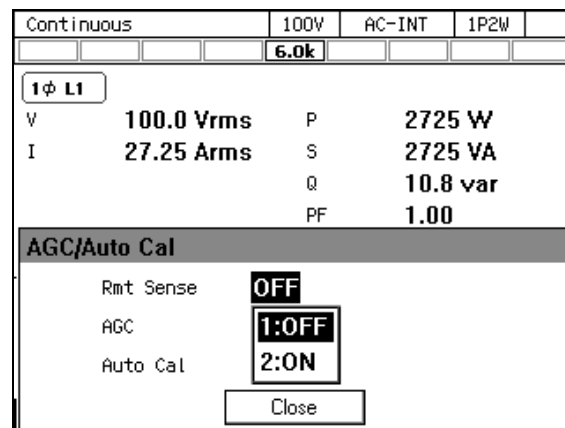
- If the output voltage setting is out of the "Operation range" shown in *10.16*, the calibration is not performed while the AGC function setting remains on and the icon  is still displayed.
- If the difference is out of the "Calibration range" shown in *10.16*, the AGC function is forcibly set to off, and the icon  disappears.
- If the limiter operates while the AGC function is on, the AGC calibration is not performed. When the limiter operation is completed, the AGC calibration restarts. If the protection function is activated, the output is turned off, but the AGC setting remains on.
- The on/off setting of the AGC function is kept even if the output range is changed.
- When the AGC function is forcibly set to off, the settings saved in the System Setting Memory are not updated.
- The AGC function updates the calibration factor continuously while the AGC function is on. In contrast, the Autocal function continues to use the calibration factor obtained when Autocal is turned on until Autocal is turned off. Therefore, in the AGC function, the output voltage is calibrated properly even when the load is fluctuated, but there is the response time to reflect the update of the calibration factor. Meanwhile, in the Autocal function, the output voltage may not be calibrated properly when the load is fluctuated, but once Autocal is turned on, there is no response time needed for calibration.

■ Turning on the AGC function

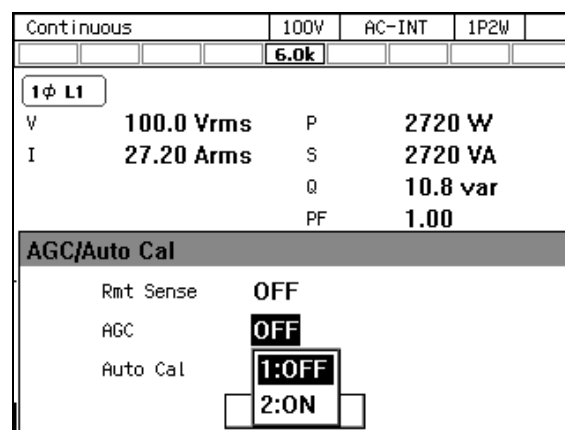
1. Turn on the output.
2. Open the AGC/Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **5**
 - (b) Push the [Misc] soft-key and select [1: AGC/Auto Cal].



3. Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.



4. In the [AGC] item, select [2: ON]. If the output voltage setting is within the AGC operation range, the AGC calibration is started when [ON] is selected here.



5. Close the window.

■ Turning off the AGC function

1. Open the AGC/Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.

(a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **5**

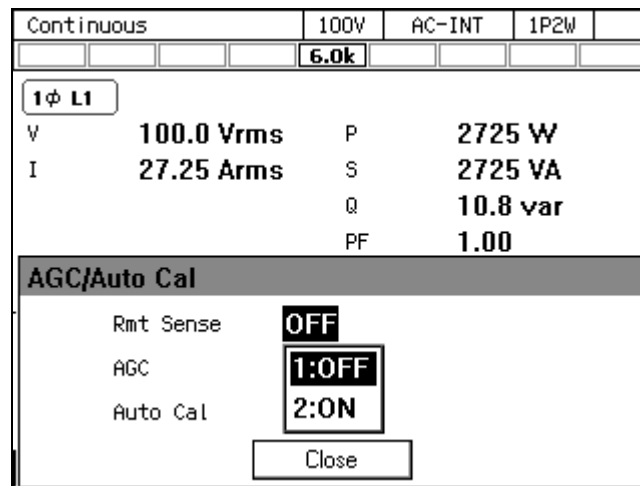
(b) Push the [Misc] soft-key and select [1: AGC/Auto Cal].

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
AGC		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2723 W	
I	27.23 Arms	S	2723 VA	
		Q	10.7 var	
		PF	1.00	
Ipk-Hold	-39.66 Apk	CF	1.42	
1φ All				
Freq	60.00 Hz	ACV	100.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN	1:AGC/Auto Cal		
		2:DC Adjust		
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. In the [AGC] item, select [1: OFF]. When [OFF] is selected here, the AGC calibration finishes.


Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
AGC		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2720 W	
I	27.20 Arms	S	2720 VA	
		Q	10.7 var	
		PF	1.00	
AGC/Auto Cal				
Rmt Sense	OFF			
AGC	ON			
Auto Cal	1:OFF			
	2:ON			

- Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.



- Close the window.

4.12 Using the Autocal Function

The Autocal (Automatic Calibration) function calculates the ratio (calibration factor) of the output voltage measured value (effective value) versus the output voltage setting value when this function is turned on, and multiplies the gain of the output amplifier by the calculated value, intending to match the output voltage with the setting value. The calculated calibration factor is used as a fixed value until the Autocal function is turned off. Therefore, even when the Autocal function is on, the output voltage fluctuation may occur if the load is fluctuated. When the Autocal function is set to on, the icon  is displayed.

As the detected part of the output voltage calibrated by the Autocal function, either the sensing input terminal (the Remote sensing function is on) or the output terminal (the Remote sensing function is off) can be selected. Combining the Remote sensing function with the Autocal function, you can compensate the voltage drop due to wiring to the load.

The Autocal function can be set to on in the AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA modes. However, for the AC mode, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. When the Autocal function is on, the waveform cannot be changed to other than a sine wave. When the mode is changed to ACDC mode or when the Sequence or Simulation function is selected, the Autocal function is forcibly set to off. When the AGC function is on, the Autocal function cannot be used.

However, in case the stand-by state of sequence mode (step0) effective only for AC-INT, ACDC-INT or DC-INT and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. Autocal cannot be activated unless either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is not 0 V for ACDC-INT. Also, Autocal is turned off once when you change ACDC mode from AC mode of DC mode even in stand-by state. Turn ON it again when you need.

For the specification of the Autocal function, see 10.17.

Notes

- When the Autocal function is on, the calibration factor is always used to perform the calibration as a multiplier.
- If the conditions for setting the [Acal] to [ON] shown in 10.17 are not satisfied, the Autocal function cannot be turned on. However, if any one of the conditions required for setting [Acal] to [ON] becomes disabled while the Autocal function is on, the ON setting of the Autocal function is retained.
- If the difference is out of the "Calibration range" shown in 10.17, the Autocal function is forcibly set to off
- If the limiter operates while the Autocal function is on, the Autocal calibration is still applied, but the limit is applied on the output. If the protection function is activated, the output is turned off, but the Autocal setting remains on.
- When the output range is changed, the Autocal function is forcibly set to off.
- When the Autocal function is forcibly set to off, the settings saved in the System Setting Memory are not updated.
- The Autocal function continues to use the calibration factor obtained when Autocal is turned on until Autocal is turned off. In contrast, the AGC function updates the calibration factor continuously while the AGC function is on. Therefore, in the Autocal function, the output voltage may not be calibrated properly when the load is fluctuated, but once Autocal is turned on, there is no response time needed for calibration. Meanwhile, in the AGC function, the output voltage is calibrated properly even when the load is fluctuated, but there is the response time to reflect the update of the calibration factor.

■ Turning on the Autocal function

1. Turn on the output.
2. Open the AGC/Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **5**
 - (b) Push the [Misc] soft-key and select [1: AGC/Auto Cal].

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	6.0k		
1φ L1			
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2728 W
I	27.28 Arms	S	2728 VA
		Q	10.8 var
		PF	1.00
Ipk-Hold	-39.66 Apk	CF	1.42
1φ All			
Freq	60.00 Hz	AGC	100.0 Vrms
Wave	SIN	1:AGC/Auto Cal 2:DC Adjust	
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter

4. Advanced Operation

- Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	6.0k		
1φ L1			
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2725 W
I	27.25 Arms	S	2725 VA
		Q	10.8 var
		PF	1.00
AGC/Auto Cal			
Rmt Sense	OFF		
AGC	1:OFF		
Auto Cal	2:ON		
<input type="button" value="Close"/>			

- Use the [Auto Cal] item to turn on or off the Autocal function. When [ON] is selected here, the calibration factor of the Autocal function is calculated, and the calibration is started.

Continuous	100V	AC-INT	1P2W
	6.0k		
1φ L1			
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2712 W
I	27.12 Arms	S	2712 VA
		Q	10.7 var
		PF	1.00
AGC/Auto Cal			
Rmt Sense	1:OFF		
AGC	2:ON		
Auto Cal	OFF		
<input type="button" value="Close"/>			

- Close the window.

■ Turning off the Autocal function

1. Open the Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.

(a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **5**

The window is toggled between the AGC setting window and the Autocal setting window every time you press the keys.

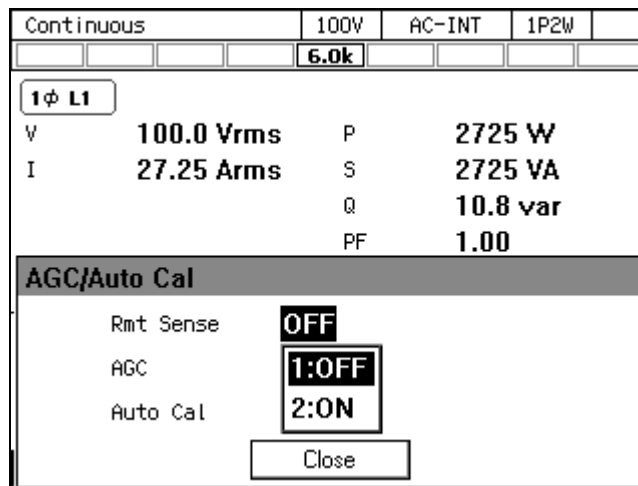
(b) Push the [Misc] soft-key and select [1: AGC/Auto Cal].

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
ACAL		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2723 W	
I	27.23 Arms	S	2723 VA	
		Q	10.7 var	
		PF	1.00	
Ipk-Hold	-39.66 Apk	CF	1.42	
1φ All				
Freq	60.00 Hz	ACV	100.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN	1:AGC/Auto Cal		
		2:DC Adjust		
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limit	

2. In the [Auto Cal] item, select [1: OFF]. When [OFF] is selected here, the Autocal calibration finishes, and the calibration factor is cleared.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
ACAL		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2708 W	
I	27.09 Arms	S	2708 VA	
		Q	10.7 var	
		PF	1.00	
AGC/Auto Cal				
Rmt Sense		1:OFF		
AGC		2:ON		
Auto Cal		ON		
		Close		

- Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.



- Close the window.

4.13 Adjusting the DC Offset

Even when the output voltage is set to 0 V, the DC offset voltage from several mV to several tens mV may exist in the output. The DC offset adjustment function can reduce such DC voltage close to zero.

For the DC offset adjustment, four types of values are retained for each output voltage range and AC/DC mode. For the polyphase model and polyphase system, the values need to be set for each phase. The setting range of the DC offset adjustment value is shown in Table 4-11.

Table 4-11 Setting Range of DC Offset Adjustment Value

AC/DC mode	Minimum value	Maximum value	Resolution	Initial value	Unit
AC	-50.0	+50.0	0.1	0.0	mV
ACDC, DC	-250	+250	1	0	mV

Note: The setting range is common to 100 V range and 200 V range.

■ Operation procedure

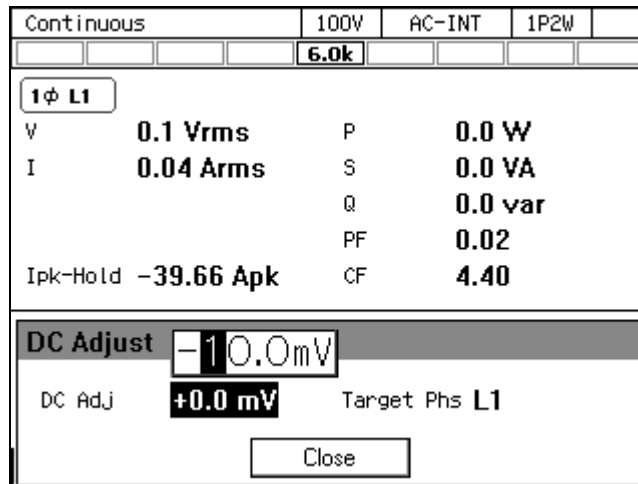
1. Press the [Misc] soft-key and select [2:DC Adjust]. The DC offset adjustment window opens.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.02	
Ipk-Hold	-39.66 Apk	CF	4.40	
1φ All				
Freq	60.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN	1:AGC/Auto Cal		
		2:DC Adjust		
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. «Only for the polyphase model, the polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, or the polyphase system» In the [Target Phs] item, specify the phase to perform the DC offset adjustment. In this example, the single-phase model is used, so this item is not specified (leave it as "L1").

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	3P4W
		4.5k		
3φ L1				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.02 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.00	
Ipk-Hold	-0.08 Apk	CF	3:1:L1	
DC Adjust				
DC Adj	+0.0 mV	Target Phs	L1	
Close				

- While checking the DC offset of the output voltage, adjust the value in the [DC Adj] item so that the DC offset gets close to zero.



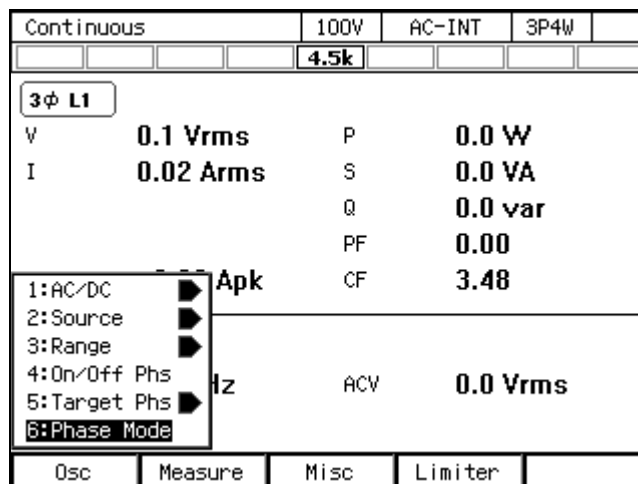
- Close the window.

4.14 Using for Unbalanced Polyphase Output

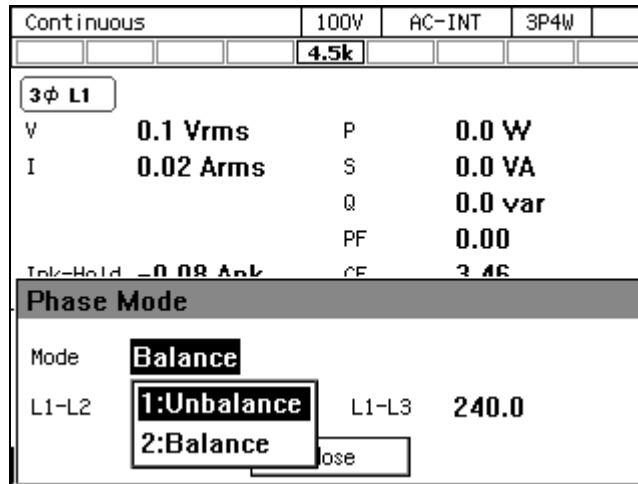
For the polyphase model and polyphase system, you can set the phase voltage and the phase to be unbalanced. For the polyphase model, the phase can be set to be unbalanced by ± 35 degrees to the balanced state. And for the polyphase system configured by connecting the configurable single-phase models, the phase can be set to be unbalanced from 0.0 to 359.9 degrees for both L2 phase and L3 phase.

■ Operation procedure

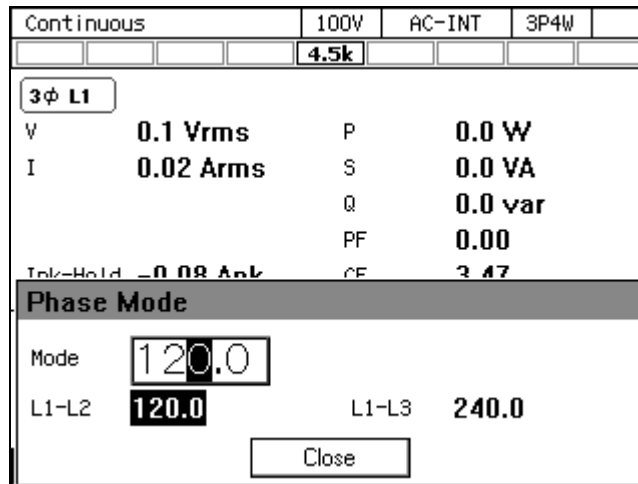
- Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [6: Phase Mode]. The setting window for the phase mode opens.



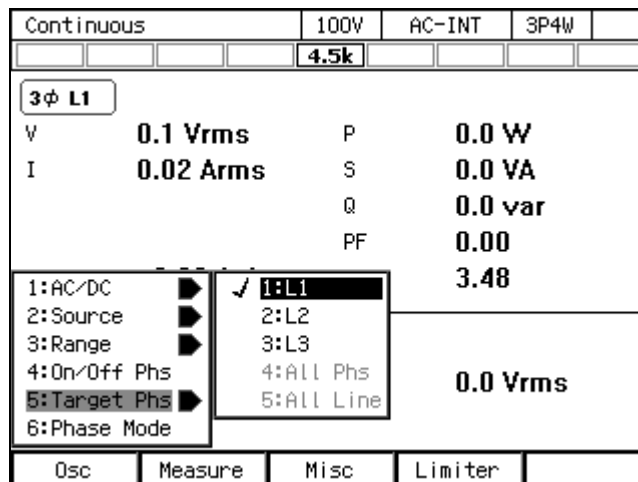
2. In the [Mode] item, select [1: Unbalance]. The mode is switched to the unbalanced mode.



3. To unbalance the phase, set the phase in the [L1-L2] and [L1-L3] items. When the setting is completed, close the window.



4. To unbalance the phase voltage, press the [Osc] soft-key and select [5: Target Phs], and then select the phase to set the phase voltage. Or perform the shortcut operation **SHIFT** + **1** to switch the phase to set. Set the phase voltage in [ACV].



----- Notes -----

- When the unbalanced mode is switched to the balanced mode, the AC voltage of each phase becomes equal to the setting value of the L1 phase. The phase setting value is the value of the balanced mode (180 degrees for single-phase three-wire output, and 120 degrees and 240 degrees for three-phase output).
 - Switching between the unbalanced mode and balanced mode is possible even in the output on state.
 - Depending on combined condition of the phase angle setting and load, an error message (ID: 53 Power Unit DCPS Overvoltage) may be displayed and the output may be turned off.
-

4.15 Using as DC Power Supply

You can use this product as a DC power supply by switching from the AC/DC mode to the DC mode or the ACDC mode. For the voltage setting range, see *10.6*.

----- Notes -----

- The polyphase model and polyphase system cannot be used as a DC power supply. The DC mode cannot be used. The DC voltage (DCV) of the ACDC mode also cannot be set.
 - The signal sources that can be combined with the ACDC mode are INT and SYNC.
 - The signal sources that can be combined with the DC mode are INT and VCA.
-

■ Operation Method

1. Enter the ACDC mode or the DC mode. Following two methods are available.

(a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **7**

Every time you press the keys, the mode is switched to AC, ACDC, and DC in this order.

(b) Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [1: AC/DC]. From the opened menu, select [2: ACDC] or [3: DC].

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ LI				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.02	
		CF	4.39	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> 1: AC/DC 2: Source 3: Range 4: On/Off Phs 5: Target Phs 6: Phase Mode </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> ✓ 1: AC 2: ACDC 3: DC </div> </div>				
		Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. Set the output DC voltage in the [DCV] item.

Continuous		100V	ACDC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ LI				
V	0.1 Vrms	P	0.0 W	
I	0.04 Arms	S	0.0 VA	
		Q	0.0 var	
		PF	0.02	
		CF	4.51	
Ipk-Hold	-39.66 Apk			
1φ All				
Freq	60.00 Hz	ACV	0.0 Vrms	
Wave	SIN	DCV	+0.0 V	
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

4.16 Setting Voltage using External DC Input Signal

In the AC-VCA mode, you can use the external DC input signal to set the AC output voltage of the internal signal source. In the DC-VCA mode, you can use the external DC input signal to set the DC output voltage of the internal signal source. The external DC signal is input to this product through the external signal input connector. When the signal source is VCA, the specifications except the output voltage setting are same as when the signal source is INT.

Notes

- For VCA, the external signal input is detected with the interval of about 100 ms.
-

4.16.1 Using External Signal in AC-VCA Mode

In the AC-VCA mode, the peak value of the output AC voltage (ACV) is set according to the following figure, by using the gain setting value and the voltage of the external DC signal.

$$\text{ACV (Vpk)} = \text{Gain} \times \text{External DC signal voltage (V)}$$

For the specifications of the gain setting range and the external DC signal input voltage range, see 10.21.2.

Notes

- The gain setting value is retained for each of 100 V/200 V ranges and for each of AC/DC modes.
 - Within the same range and the same mode, the same value is retained for the gain setting value.
 - For the polyphase model, the polyphase system, and the polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, the ACV setting using VCA is common to all phases.
 - When the switching from AC-VCA mode to ACDC mode, the signal source is forcibly set to INT.
-

■ Examples

1. When the waveform is SIN, the gain is 100, and the external DC signal voltage is 1 V, the output will be a sine wave of which amplitude is 100 Vpk (= 70.7 Vrms).
2. When the waveform is SIN, the gain is 100, and the external DC signal voltage is 1.41 V, the output will be a sine wave of which amplitude is 141 Vpk (= 100 Vrms).

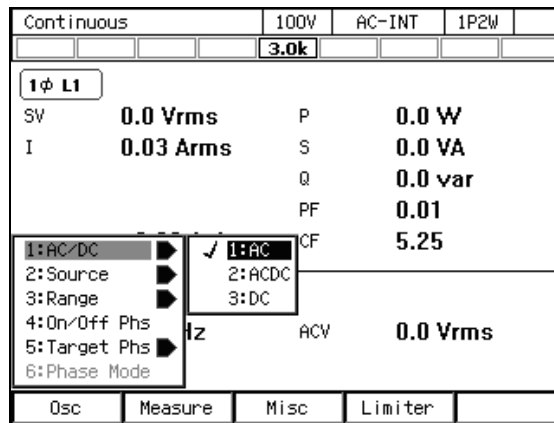
■ Operation procedure

1. Turn off the output, and enter the AC mode. Following two methods are available.

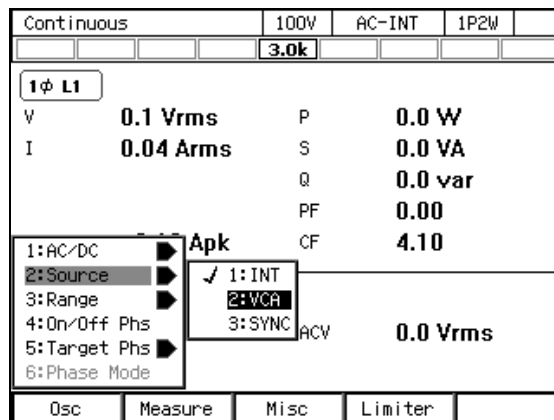
(a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **7**

Every time you press the keys, the mode is switched to AC, ACDC, and DC in this order.

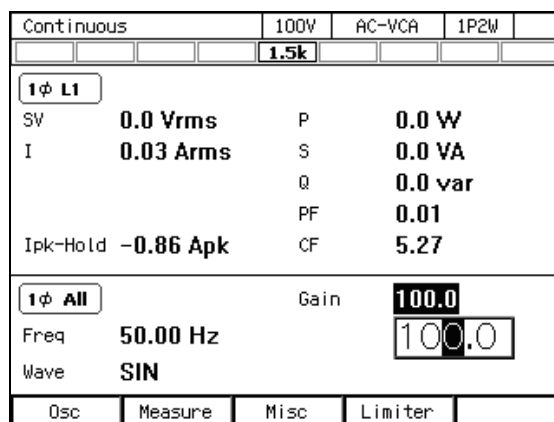
(b) Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [1: AC/DC]. From the opened menu, select [1: AC].



2. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [2: Source]. From the opened menu, select [2: VCA].



3. Set the [Freq], [Wave], and [Gain] items.



4. Supply a DC voltage to the external signal input connector.

5. Turn on the output.

4.16.2 Using External Signal in DC-VCA Mode

In the DC-VCA mode, the setting value of the output DC voltage (DCV) is set according to the following figure, by using the gain setting value and the voltage of the external DC signal.

$$\text{DCV (V)} = \text{Gain} \times \text{External DC signal voltage (V)}$$

For the specifications of the gain setting range and the external DC signal input voltage range, see 10.21.2.

----- Notes -----

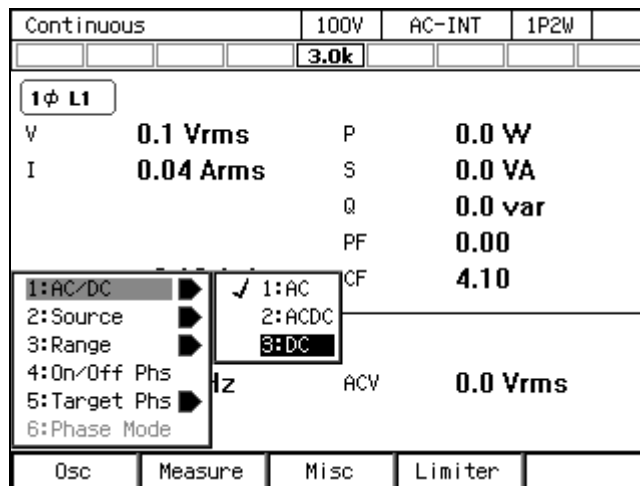
- The gain setting value is retained for each of 100 V/200 V ranges and for each of AC/DC modes.
- Within the same range, the same value is retained for the gain setting value.
- When the switching from DC-VCA mode to ACDC mode, the signal source is forcibly set to INT.

■ Examples

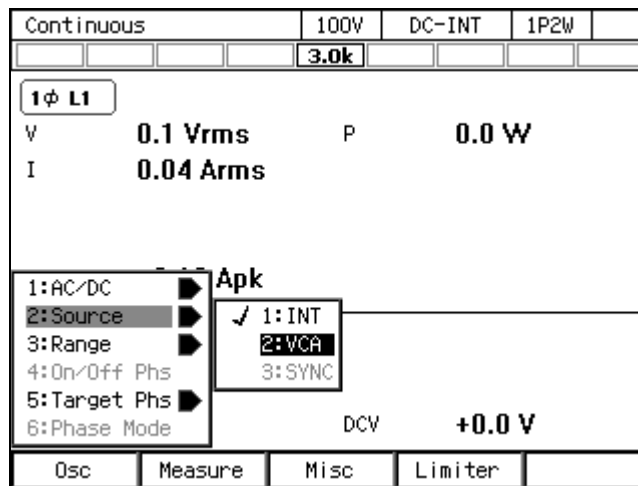
When the gain is 100, and the external DC signal voltage is 1 V, the output will be a DC voltage of 100 V.

■ Operation procedure

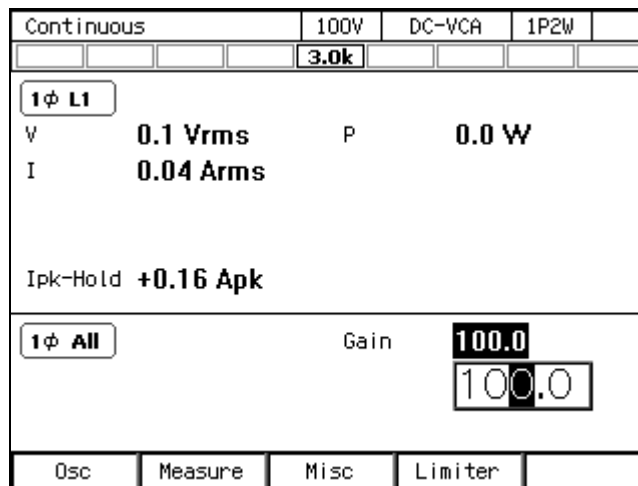
1. Turn off the output, and enter the DC mode. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **7**
 Every time you press the keys, the mode is switched to AC, ACDC, and DC in this order.
 - (b) Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [1: AC/DC]. From the opened menu, select [3: DC].



2. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [2: Source]. From the opened menu, select [2: VCA].



3. Set the [Gain] item.



4. Supply a DC voltage to the external signal input connector.
5. Turn on the output.

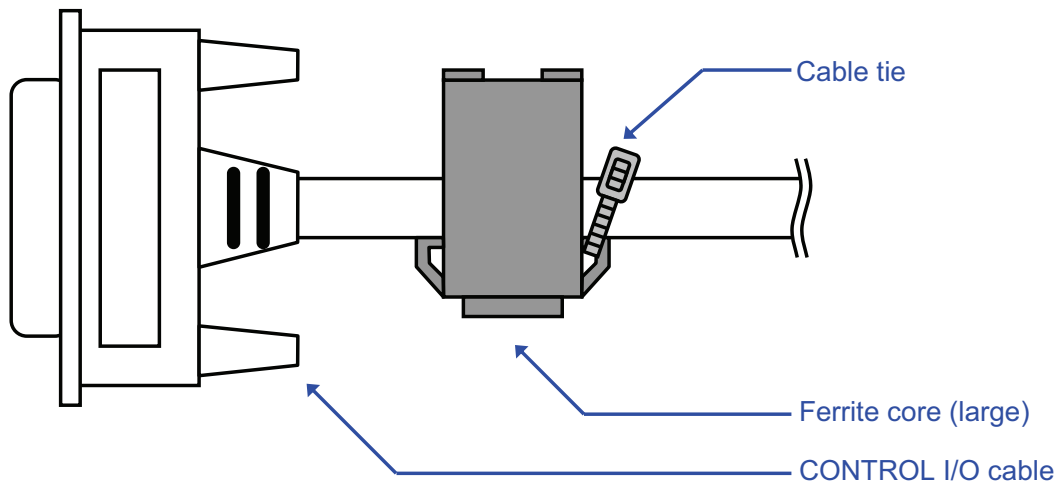
4.17 Control Using External Control Function

The following functions can be selected.

Item	Description
Disable	Disable the control input of the CONTROL I/O. The status output signal is output (See 4.17.1).
Enable	Enable the CONTROL I/O (See 4.17.1).
DevCtrl	You can control DIP (See 4.17.2).

4.17.1 Using CONTROL I/O



You can control the output on/off and the starting/stopping of Sequence by inputting the logic signal or the non voltage contact signal. You can also get the product state by using the logic signal. The polarity of state output can be switched. The connector to be used is DBLC-J25SAF-10L9E (D-sub, 25-pin, M2.6 mm screw) manufactured by JAE. For the specification of I/O signals, see 10.25, and for the pin assignment of the CONTROL I/O connector, see Table 4-12. For the multi-phase model only, attach the provided ferrite core (large) to the product side of the cable connected to the connector. If the cable is thin, bind the cable and ferrite core with the provided cable tie.



Notes

- We recommend that when the external control function is not used, the function is set to [1: Disable] to avoid malfunctioning due to any exogenous noise.
- It is not able to use CONTROL I/O with control of DIP at the same time.
- The external control input signal is ignored when the product is remote controlled via the communication interface.
- The memory 1 and 2 inputs are the inputs for specifying the memory number. For No. 1 to No. 4 memory, specify the 2 bit memory number of the Basic Setting Memory in the Continuous function, or of the Sequence Memory in the Sequence function, or of the Simulation Memory in the Simulation function.
- When the memory recall input is changed from high to low, this loads the data of the Basic Setting Memory in the Continuous function, or of the Sequence Memory in the Sequence function, or of the Simulation Memory in the Simulation function which has the number specified by the memory 1 and 2 inputs. For the Sequence and Simulation function, the compile is also performed.

Table 4-12 CONTROL I/O Pin Assignment

pin	I/O	Function	Remarks
1	Output	Power On/Off	Low: Off, High: On
2	Output	Output On/Off*	Low: On, High: Off (Negative) Low: Off, High: On (Positive)
3	Output	Protection operation*	Low: Active, High: None (Negative) Low: None, High: Active (Positive)
4	Output	Limiter operation*	Low: Active, High: None (Negative) Low: None, High: Active (Positive)
5	Output	AGC/Autocal setting state*	Low: On, High: Off (Negative) Low: Off, High: On (Positive)
6	Output	Software busy*	Low: Busy, High: Ready (Negative) Low: Ready, High: Busy (Positive)
7	Output	Output range	Low: 200 V, High: 100 V
8	Output	—	Unused
9	Output	Step sync code 1 (bit 0)	High level or Low level (see Table 4-13)
10	Output	Step sync code 2 (bit 1)	
11	Output	Trigger	Positive  or Negative 
12	Output	—	Unused
13	Input	Output Off	Falling Off
14	Input	Output On	Falling On
15	Input	Sequence start/resume	Falling Start
16	Input	Stop of sequence	Falling Stop
17	Input	Sequence is in the Hold status	Falling Hold
18	Input	Sequence branch 1	Falling Branch start
19	Input	Sequence branch 2	Falling Branch start
20	Input	Memory recall (+ compile)	Falling Recall
21	Input	Memory specification 1	Specify 0 to 3 (See Table 4-14, equivalent to memory 1 to 4, respectively)
22	Input	Memory specification 2	
23	Input	Clear the current peak-hold value	Falling Clear
24	—	GND	—
25	Reserved	Do not connect anything	Do not connect anything

Note 1: The polarity of state output marked with asterisk (*) can be switched.

Note 2: At 25th pin, +5 V is output for test in manufacturing, and the pin is not assumed to be used by user. Do not connect this pin to anything, or the product might become unstable.

Table 4-13 Step Sync Code

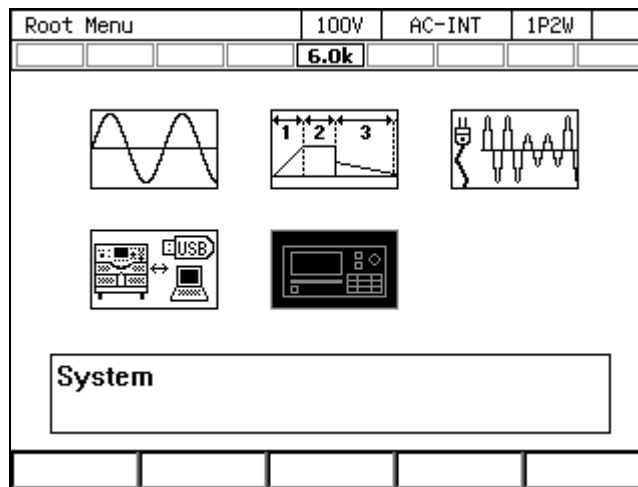
bit	Step sync code			
	LL	LH	HL	HH
0	Low	High	Low	High
1	Low	Low	High	High

Table 4-14 Memory Specification

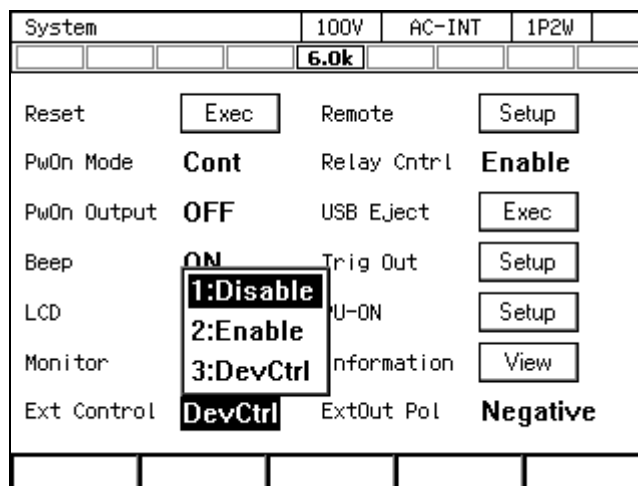
	Memory No.			
	1	2	3	4
Specify	0	1	2	3
Memory specification 1	Low	High	Low	High
Memory specification 2	Low	Low	High	High

■ Enabling/disabling external control function

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.

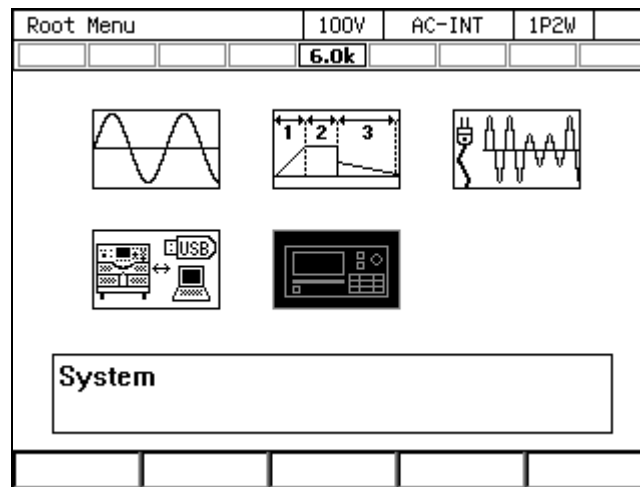


2. In the [Ext Control] item, select [1: Disable] or [2: Enable]. See 4.17.2 about [3: DevCtrl].

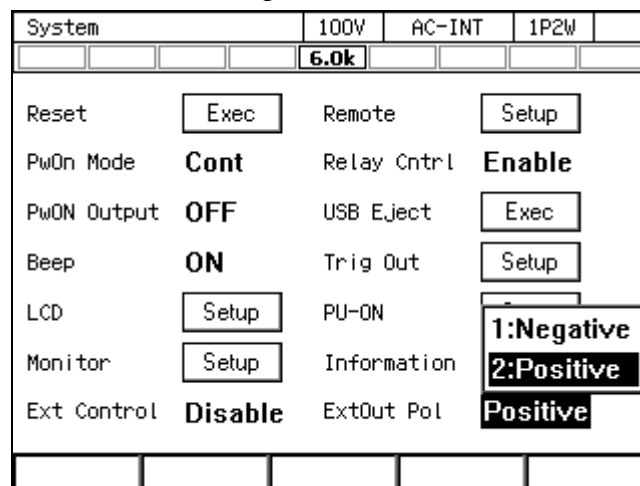


■ Setting the polarity of the state output

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.

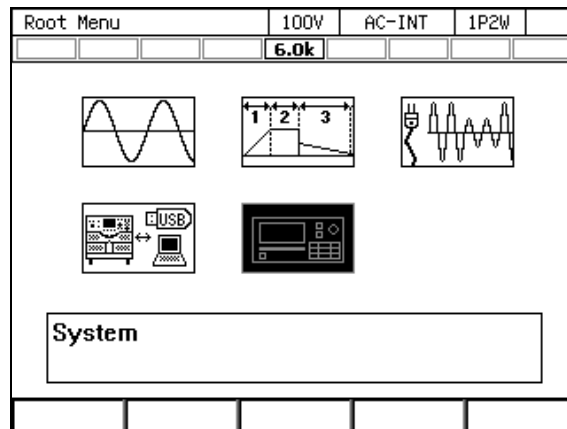


2. In the [ExtOut Pol] item, select [1: Negative] or [2: Positive].

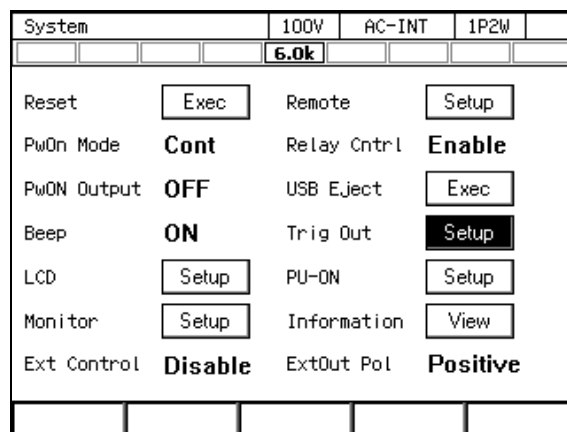


■ Setting the trigger output

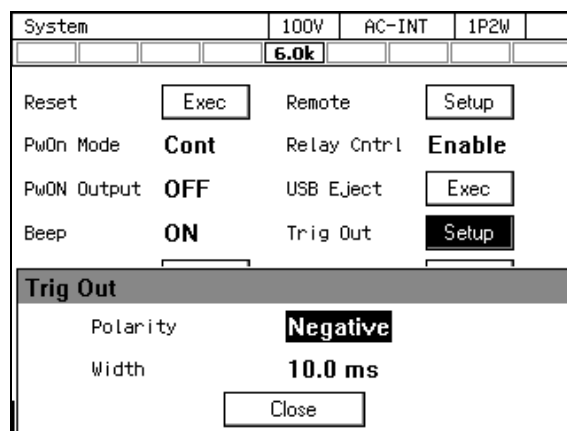
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Move the cursor to [Setup] next to the [Trig Out] item, and select it. The trigger output setting window opens.



3. Set the polarity (Positive/Negative) in the [Polarity] item, and set the pulse width in the [Width] item.



4. Move the cursor to [OK], then press the ENTER key. The trigger output setting window is closed.

4.17.2 Control of DIP

Set external control function to DevCtrl and you can control DIP.

Connect between the CONTROL I/O connector of this product and the CONTROL SIGNAL connector of DIP with the attached control cable (25 pin-37 pin +BNC) and connect the BNC connector of the control cable to the QUICK CHANGE SYNC INPUT connector. The quick change sync signal is output from this product.

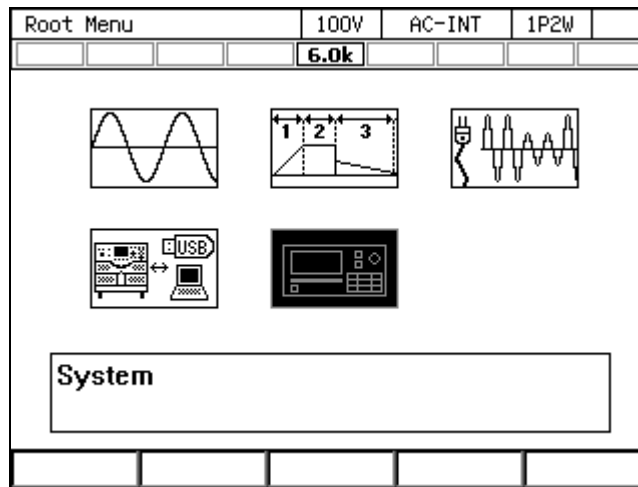
After the connection turn ON this product and set external control function to DevCtrl, and then turn ON DIP.

Notes

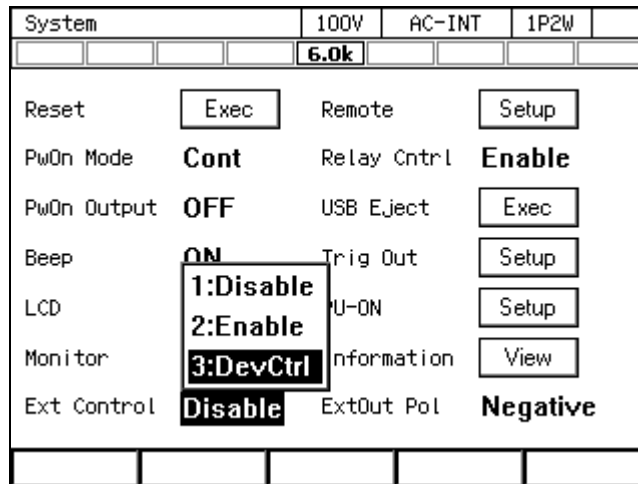
- It is not able to use CONTROL I/O with control of DIP at the same time.
- You cannot control DIP if you turn ON before this product. First of all turn ON this product.
- You cannot control DIP if you turn ON not setting external control function of this product to DevCtrl. After setting to DevCtrl, restart DIP.

■ Setting external control function to DevCtrl

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. In the [Ext Control] item, select [3: DevCtrl].



■ Connection of DIP

Connect the input terminal of DIP and the output terminal of this product. For detail on how to connect DIP, refer to the instruction manual of DIP. However, in case of connection with this product, feedback cable is not used. Figure 4-25 shows the control cable connection diagram of DP030GS and DP4172 (DIP) output for reference.

⚠ WARNING

- Turn off this product including its peripherals before connecting or disconnecting the cable. Be sure to turn off this product and switch off the breaker at the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur and it may damage the load and this product.

⚠ CAUTION

- Place DIP near this product.
 - The cable connecting between the output terminal of this product and the input terminal of DIP should be as short as possible (3 m or less) and use twisted or parallel.
-

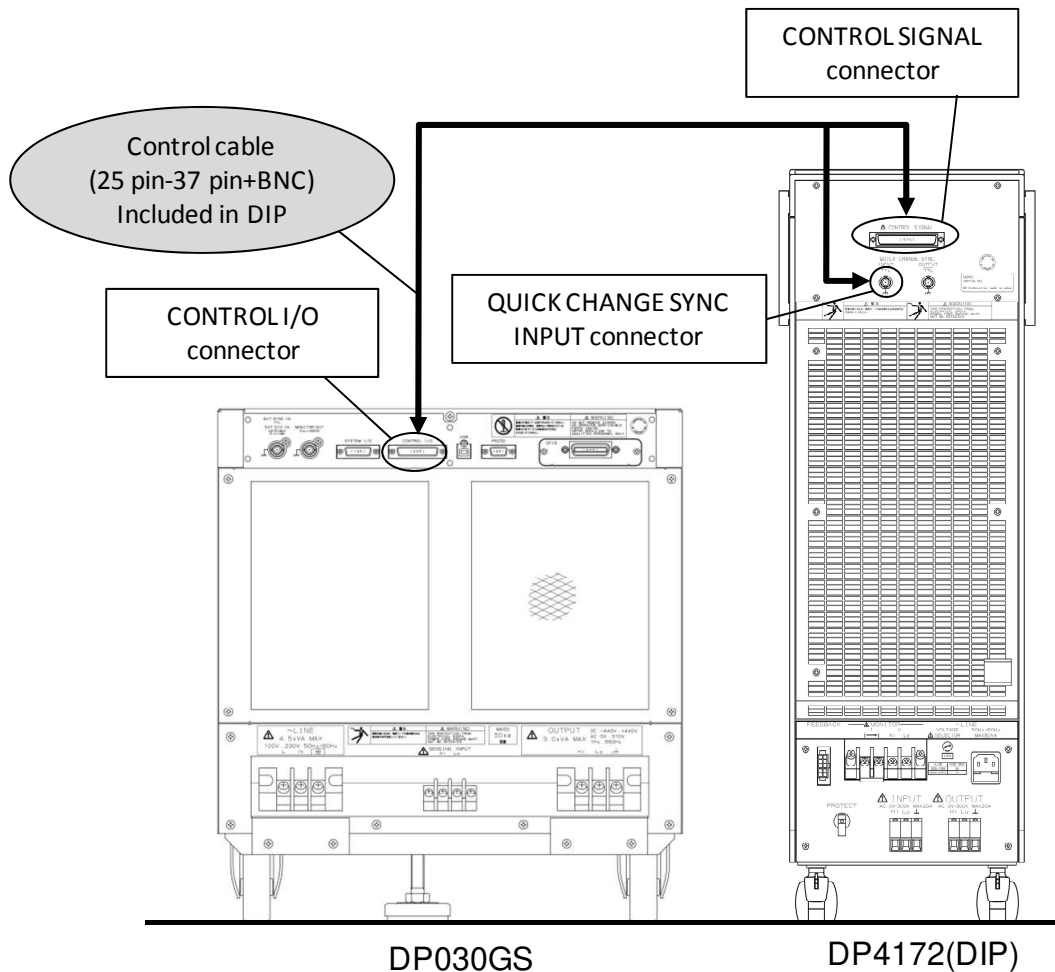


Figure 4-25 The Control Cable Connection of DP030GS and DP4172(DIP)

4.18 Synchronizing the Output Frequency with the Power Line or the External Signal

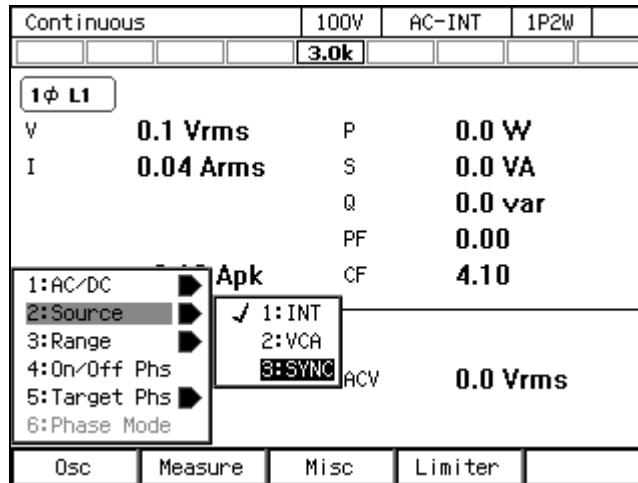
When you select SYNC for the signal source, you can synchronize the frequency of the internal signal source with the power line or the external signal. The icon **LOCK** is displayed when the internal signal source is synchronized with the external signal. The icon **UNLOCK** is displayed when the synchronization is not performed. The measured synchronization frequency value is displayed in the measured value area on the screen. See 10.11 for the measurement specification of the synchronization frequency and 10.21.1 for the interface specification of the external synchronization signal.

Notes

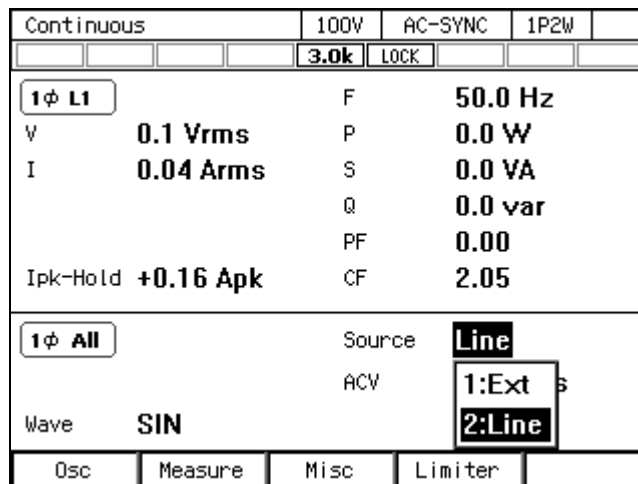
- The output on phase/off phase setting (3.4.7) is valid in SYNC also.
- You cannot make the output on if synchronization is not performed.
- When the switching from AC-SYNC or ACDC-SYNC mode to DC mode, the signal source is forcibly set to INT.

■ Operation procedure

1. If you want to synchronize the internal signal source with the external signal, input the synchronization signal by using the external signal input connector. If you want to synchronize it with the power line, this step is not necessary.
2. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [3:SYNC] from [2:Source].



3. In the [Source] item, select [Line] (power input) or [Ext] (external input signal) as the synchronization signal source.



4. When the internal signal source is synchronized with the external signal or the power line, the icon **LOCK** is displayed.

4.19 Turning the Output On or Off Rapidly

In the factory default settings, the internal output relay of this product is activated linking to the output on/off. In the output off state, the internal circuit, output terminal, and the outlet of this product are physically separated. On the other hand, if the output relay chattering causes any problem, or if you want to turn the output on or off rapidly, you can disable the activation of the output relay. In that case, the output relay is fixed to the on state and the operation to turn the output on/off is performed by the semiconductor device. The output off state means the state of high impedance. Table 4-15 shows the list of the output terminal impedance (reference values in the rear output terminal) in the output off state when the output relay control is disabled.

Table 4-15 The Output Terminal Impedance in the Output Off State when the Activation of the Output Relay is Disabled

Single-phase/Polyphase Model	Outlet Type	AC/DC mode	100 V range	200 V range
Single-phase model (Hi to Lo)	For Japan/North America NEMA 5-15	AC and ACDC modes	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{4N + 3}$	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{2N + 1}$
		DC mode	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{4N + 1}$	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{2N + 1}$
	For China CPCS-CCC	AC and ACDC modes	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{4N + 3}$	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{2N + 3}$
		DC mode	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{4N + 1}$	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{2N + 1}$
Polyphase model (L1 to N, L2 to N, L3 to N)			$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{4N + 1}$	$\frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega}{2N + 1}$

Note 1: The reference value of output terminal at rear panel.

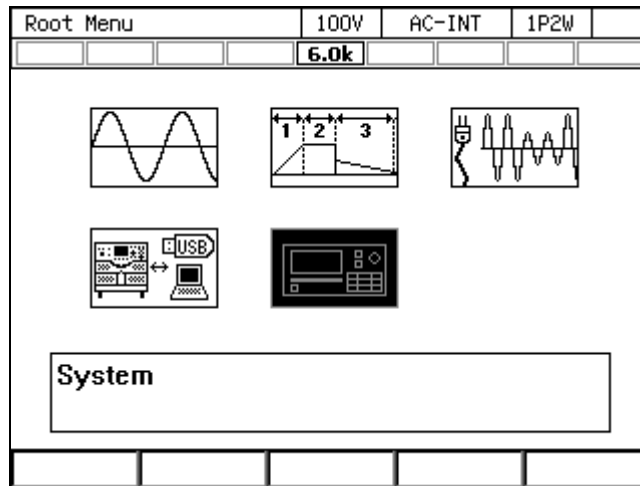
Note 2: N indicates the number of the power units energized.

Notes

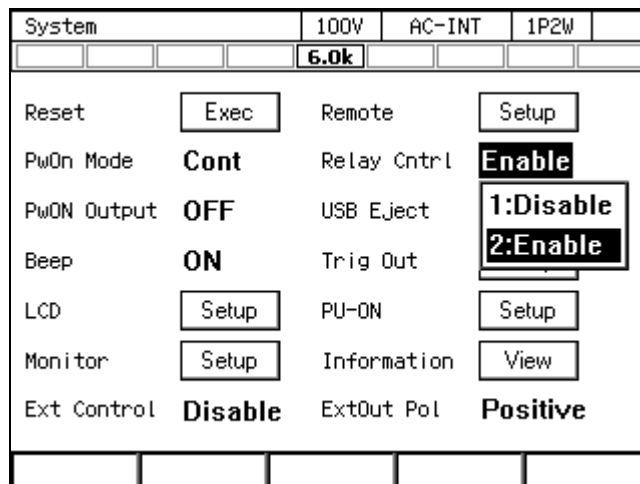
- Even when the activation of the output relay is disabled, the relay is turned off if the protection function is activated. While the error message appearing when the protection function is activated displays "Press Enter Key," pressing the ENTER key clears the message and turns on the output relay again although the output remains off.
- The output relay is in the off state during the wait time at power-on or after changing the power unit energization setting even if the activation of the output relay is disabled.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. In the [Relay Cntrl] item, select [2:Enable] or [1:Disable]. If you select [Enable], the activation of the output relay is enabled. If you select [Disable], the output relay is fixed to the on state and the operation to turn the output on/off is performed by the semiconductor device rapidly.



4.20 Enabling Automatic Output-On at Power-On

You can set the automatic output-on after power-on. If you set the output-on at power-on setting to [ON], the message window as shown in Figure 4-26 is displayed for about 10 seconds after you turn on the power and the self check at start-up, until the output becomes on automatically. If you press the ENTER key in the control panel, CANCEL key, or the soft-key under the [Cancel] button in the message window during this process, the output-on at power-on setting is set to off and the output is not enabled automatically. If you do not perform this key operation, the output on is enabled automatically after the message window is closed.

Notes

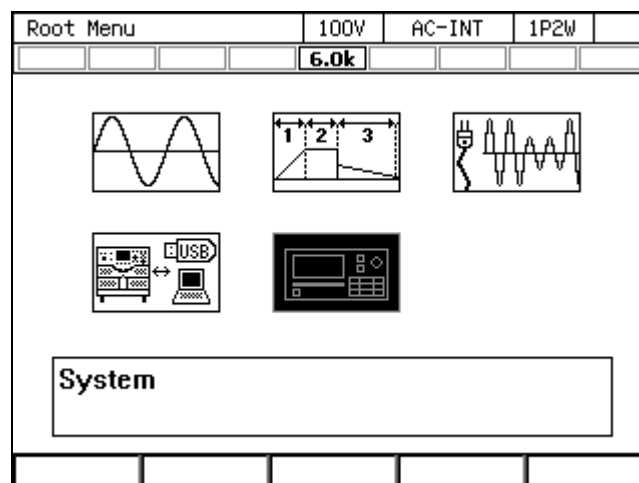
- The output-on at power-on setting is valid only in the Continuous function. If you set so that the Sequence or the Simulation function is selected at power-on (see 4.2.10 and 4.3.10), the output is not turned on automatically when turning on the power even if the output-on at power-on setting is set to on.
- If the unit is in the Remote state immediately after the start-up, the output-on at power-on setting is set to off and the output is not turned on automatically. The message window shown in Figure 4-26 is not displayed.
- If the unit enters the Remote state while the message window shown in Figure 4-26 is displayed, this message window closes and the output-on at power-on setting is set to off, therefore the output is not turned on automatically.



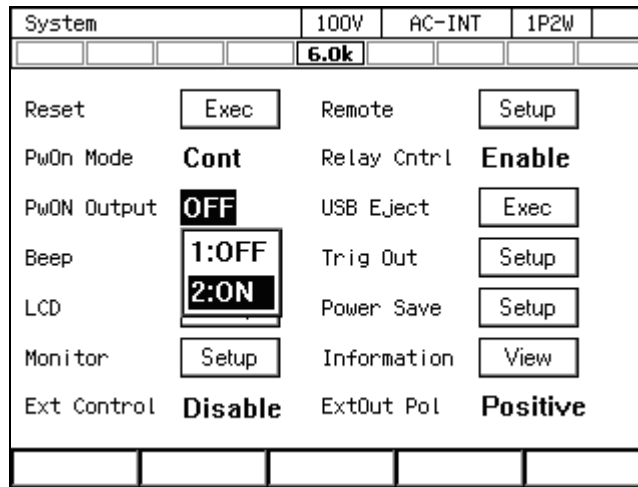
Figure 4-26 The Message Window to be Shown Before the Automatic Output-On After the Power-On

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



- In the [PwON Output] item, select [2:ON] or [1:OFF]. When you select [ON], the automatic output-on at power-on is enabled.



4.21 Using Emission CO₂ Function

This is the function for calculating and displaying the weight of the carbon dioxide (CO₂) emission based on the measured value of the internal loss or the output power of this product. Following two measuring modes are available: Instantaneous (Unit: kgCO₂/h) and Integration (Unit: tCO₂). Users can change the coefficient for the calculation. For the specification of the emission CO₂ calculator, see 10.11.

----- Notes -----

- In the polyphase system, the emission CO₂ of the cabinet is displayed on the LCD panel of each cabinet.
 - The emission coefficient (see 4.26) is not restored to the factory default setting even if you reset this product. To restore the emission coefficient to the factory default setting, follow the procedure below. For the default setting value, see 10.11.
-

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the [Measure] soft-key and select [3:CO₂ View]. The [CO₂ View] window opens.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2732 W	
I	27.32 Arms	S	2732 VA	
		Q	10.8 var	
		PF	1.00	
Ipk-Hold	-39.82 Apk	CF	1.42	
1φ All				
Freq		ACV	100.0 Vrms	
Wave				
Osc	Measure	Misc	Limiter	

2. The window shows the measured CO₂ emissions. The "Loss" represents the internal loss and the "Output" represents the output power. "Rate" represents the instantaneous and "Total" represents the integration.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	100.0 Vrms	P	2724 W	
CO₂ View				
Loss Rate	0.542 kgCO ₂ /h			
Output Rate	1.512 kgCO ₂ /h			
Loss Total	25.102978 tCO ₂			
Output Total	2.273908 tCO ₂			
Coef	0.000555 tCO ₂ /kWh			
	Clear	Close		

3. You can change the emission coefficient in the [Coef] item.

Continuous		100V	AC-INT	1P2W
		6.0k		
1φ L1				
V	1.8 Vrms	P	2.1 W	
CO₂ View				
Loss Rate	0.168 kgCO ₂ /h			
Output Rate	0.001 kgCO ₂ /h			
Loss Total	0.010245 tCO ₂			
Output Total	0.000 554 tCO ₂ /kWh			
Coef	0.000555 tCO ₂ /kWh			
	Clear	Close		

4. If you select [Clear], the measured value in the [Total] item is cleared.

4.22 Power Unit Energization Setting (Using Under the Restricted Rated Power)

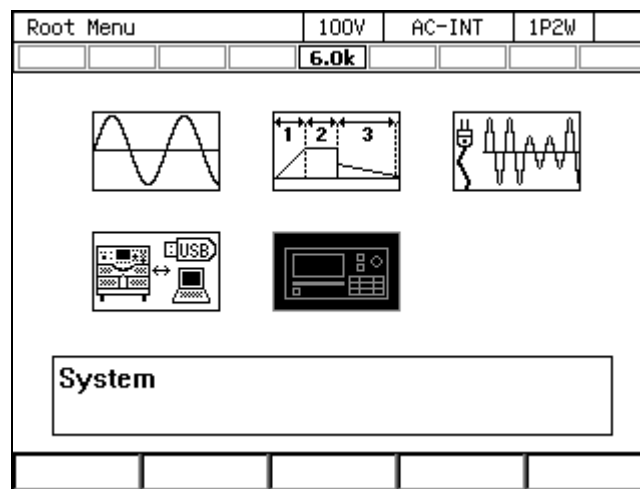
You can enable or disable the energization for each power unit (1.5 kVA per unit) within this product. If the smaller power is needed for handling the load, you can disable the energization for some power units to reduce the power consumption of this product.

If there is a power unit on which the energization is disabled, the rated power icon is displayed inverted. For details on the rated power icon, see 3.2.6 and 5.1.1.

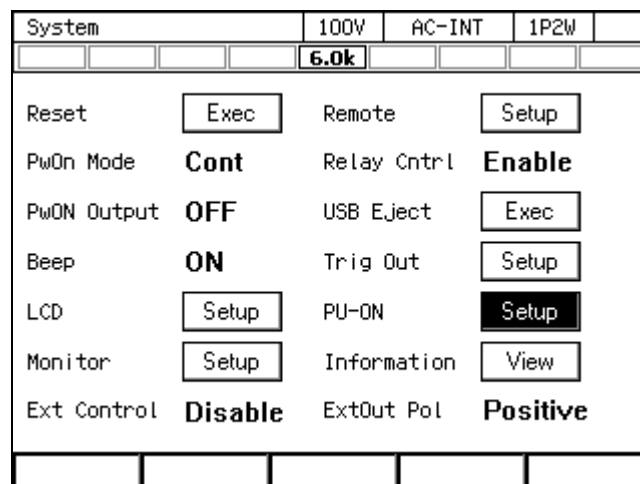
You can disable the energization for the power unit that may have a failure while continuing operation of this product by using the remaining power units. For details, see 8.1.3.

■ Operation procedure

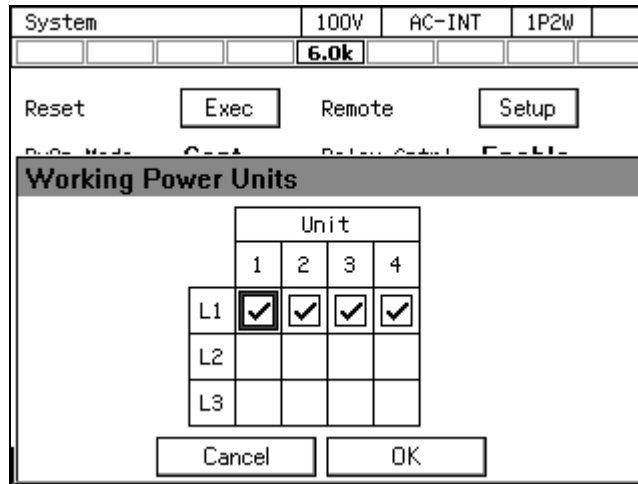
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [PU-ON] item, then press the ENTER key. The power unit energization setting window opens.



3. Enable/Disable the energization. The power unit on which the energization is enabled/disabled is represented by / respectively. Move the cursor to / and press the ENTER key to switch between and .




4. Select [OK]. The energization is enabled or disabled and the window is closed.

Notes

- The maximum current, current monitor gain, current measurement full scale, and the power measurement full scale are set to the values corresponding to the rated output power which is determined by the number of power units to be energized. However, the applied current measurement accuracy and the power measurement accuracy are the values under the condition where all power units are enabled for energization.
- If the number of the energized power units is changed, the setting values of the peak current limiter and the RMS current limiter are restored to the factory default settings corresponding to the rated power which is determined by the number of the power units to be energized.
- If you select [OK] without changing the energization settings in the power unit energization setting window, the energization settings of all power units are disabled once and enabled again. The setting values of the peak current limiter and the RMS current limiter are restored to the factory default settings corresponding to the rated power which is determined by the number of the power units to be energized.
- For a polyphase system, the number of power units on which the energization is enabled must be same on all phases.
- If a failure occurs in a power unit for some reason, you can disable the energization for that unit to restart using this product with the remaining power units. For details, see 8.1.3.

4.23 Key Lock

If the key lock is enabled, the operations using keys, jog, or the shuttle are not accepted. The acceptable operations are for enabling the output off and the key lock only. This function helps to avoid the incorrect user operations during running. The icon  is displayed when the key lock is enabled.

■ Operation procedure

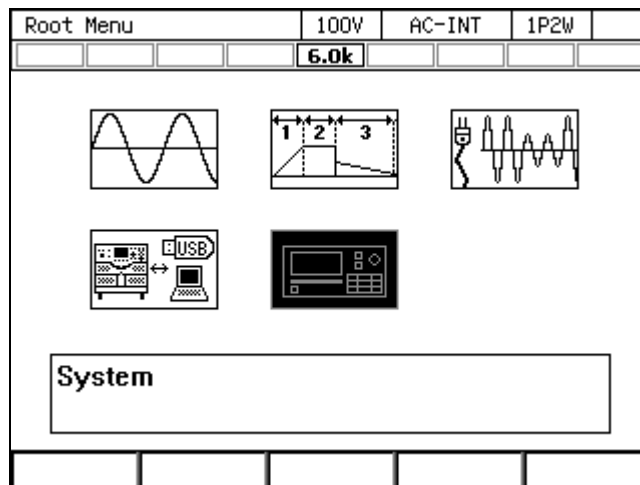
The shortcut operation **SHIFT** + **4** toggles between on/off of the key lock.

4.24 Beep

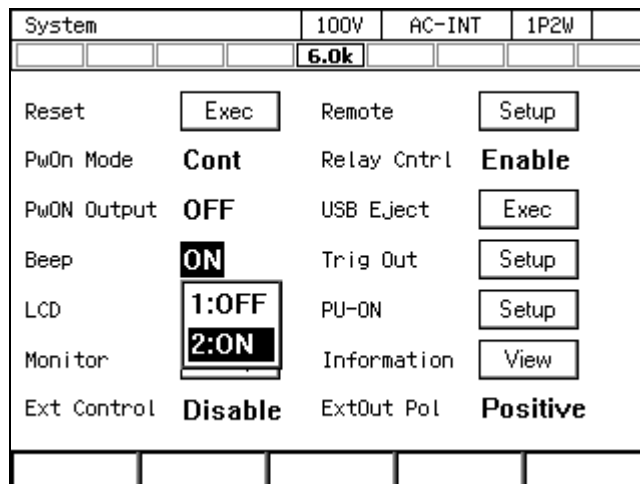
You can set whether or not the beep sounds when performing key operations. If the protection function is activated, the unit beeps regardless of the settings.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Use the [Beep] item to turn the beep sound on or off.



4.25 Changing the Background Color and the Contrast of the Screen

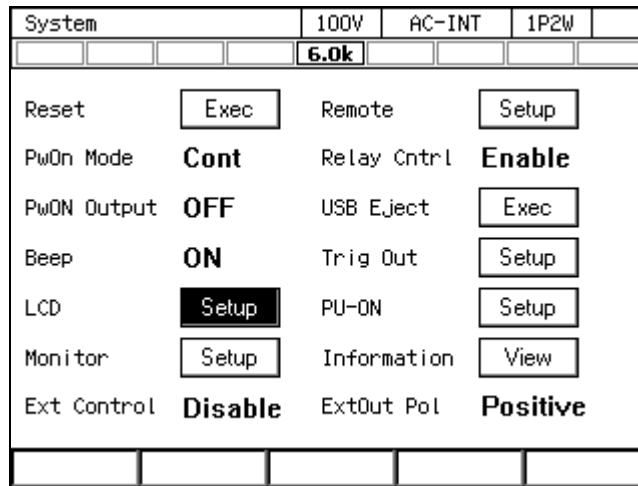
You can change the background color and the contrast of the liquid crystal display (LCD) screen on the panel. As the background color, you can select the blue tone or the white tone. You can also adjust the contrast in 100 steps. For the setting specifications, see 10.22.

■ Operation procedure

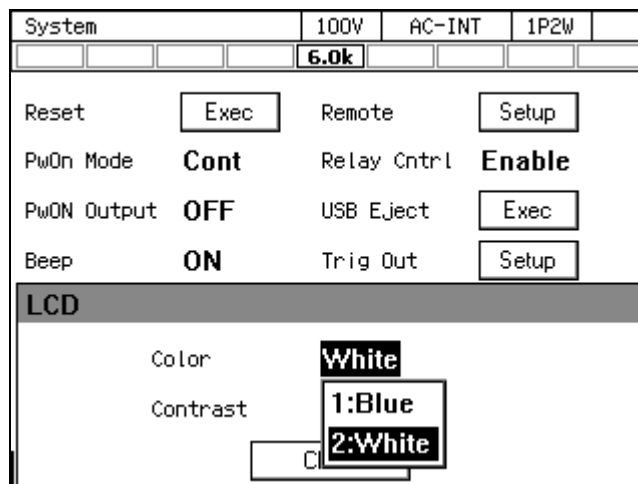
1. Open the window for adjusting the LCD. Following two methods are available.

(a) Shortcut operation: **SHIFT** + **9**

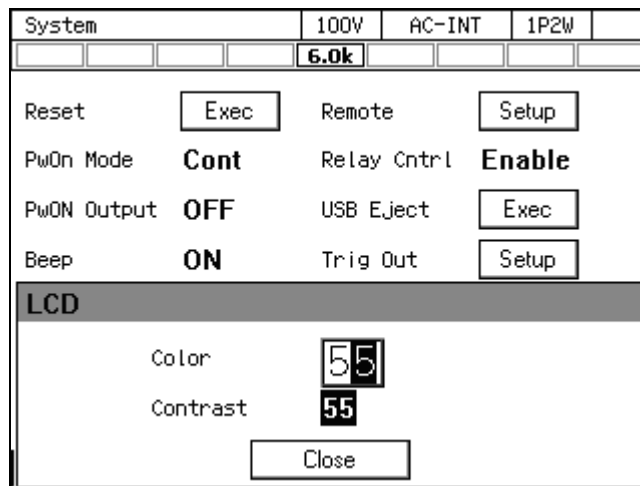
(b) Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [LCD] item, then press the ENTER key.



2. In the [Color] item, select [1: Blue] (blue tone) or [2: White] (white tone).



- In the [Contrast] item, set the contrast value.



- Close the window.

----- Notes -----

- The L2 and L3 cabinets in a polyphase system accept the shortcut operation **SHIFT** + **9** for this function. In this case, if other window such as the Emission CO₂ Calculator window is being displayed, that window closes and the window for adjusting LCD opens only on the cabinet on which you performed the operation. To open the previous window after adjusting LCD, close the window displayed in the L1 cabinet and reopen it.

4.26 Restoring to the Factory Default Setting (Reset)

If you reset this product, the setting items marked with ○ in Table 4-16 are restored to the factory default settings. Ensure that you reset this product in the output off state.

Table 4-16 Setting Items to be Reset

Setting Item	Reset	Factory default setting
Output On/Off	×	Off
Output range	○	100 V range
AC/DC mode	○	AC mode
Signal source	○	INT
External synchronization signal (LINE or EXT)	○	LINE
AC voltage setting	○	0 V
Frequency	○	50 Hz
Output waveform	○	Sine wave
Output on phase	○	0.0 deg
Output off phase	○	Enabled, 0.0 deg
Phase voltage/Line voltage setting selection	○	Phase voltage
Line voltage setting	○	0 V

Table 4-16 Setting Items to be Reset (Continued)

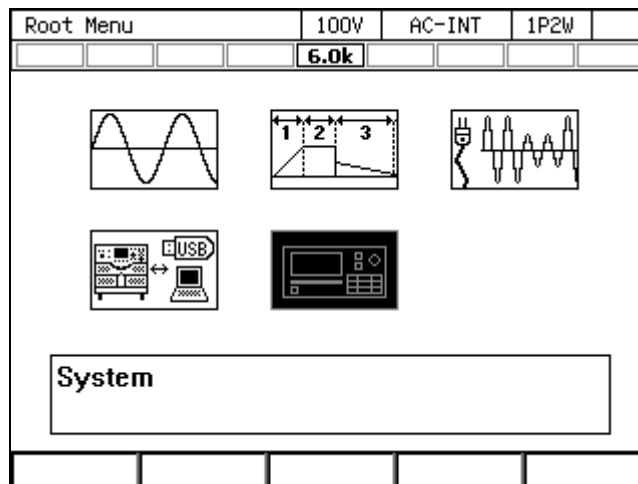
Setting Item	Reset	Factory default setting
Phase angle setting	○	Single-phase three-wire: 180 deg Three-phase: 120, 240 deg
Balanced/Unbalanced	○	Balanced
DC voltage setting	○	0 V
Current limiter	○	See 10.13
Setting range limit	○	See 10.14
External input gain	○	0
Phase to be measured	○	L1
Output function	○	Continuous
DC offset	×	0 mV
Measurement display mode	○	Normal
Measurement unit selection	○	rms
Power unit energization setting	×	All enabled (energization)
Remote sensing	○	Off
AGC	○	Off
Autocal	○	Off
CO ₂ internal loss integration value	×	0.000000 tCO ₂
CO ₂ output power integration value	×	0.000000 tCO ₂
Emission CO ₂ coefficient	×	0.000555 tCO ₂ /kWh
LCD display	×	Blue tone
Beep	○	On
Key lock	○	Off
Output relay control	○	Enable
Output setting at power-on	○	Off
Trigger output setting	○	Negative, 10 ms
Time unit	○	s
Monitor output target	○	Current (L1 phase)
External interface	×	USB
External control	×	Disabled
Clipped sine wave	○	Clip ratio specified Clip ratio: 100 % Crest factor: 1.41

Table 4-16 Setting Items to be Reset (Continued)

Setting Item	Reset	Factory default setting
Sequence parameters	×	Output range: 100 V AC/DC mode: AC-INT Step Time: 0.1000 second Intra-Step behavior: Constant Waveform: SIN Frequency: 50 Hz DC voltage: 0 V AC phase voltage: 0 V Start phase: Disabled, 0 deg Stop phase: Disabled, 0 deg Phase angle: Single-phase three-wire 180 deg Three-phase 120, 240 deg Step termination: Continue Jump count: 1 Specification of the Jump-to step: OFF Step sync output: LL Specification of the branch step: OFF Trigger output: Off
Simulation parameters	×	Output range: 100 V Step Time: 0.1 second Frequency: 50 Hz AC voltage: 0 V Start phase: Disabled, 0 deg Stop phase: Disabled, 0 deg Step sync output: LL Trigger output: Off Repeat count: Disabled 1

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Put the cursor on [Exec] next to the [Reset] item, then press the ENTER key. The reset operation is performed.

System		100V	AC-INT	1P2W	
			6.0k		
Reset	Exec	Remote		Setup	
PwOn Mode	Cont	Relay Cntrl		Enable	
PwON Output	OFF	USB Eject		Exec	
Beep	ON	Trig Out		Setup	
LCD	Setup	PU-ON		Setup	
Monitor	Setup	Information		View	
Ext Control	Disable	ExtOut Pol		Positive	

----- Notes -----

- If you reset the product, the content in the Basic Setting Memory will not be cleared. Once restarted, the setting of the Basic Setting Memory No.1 is recalled. To reset the setting after restart to the factory default setting, see 4.7.1 to clear the content of the Basic Setting Memory No.1.
-

5. Description of Screen and Menu

5.1	Screen Configuration	202
5.2	Menu Composition	206

5.1 Screen Configuration

Figure 5–1 shows the basic screen configuration. It consists of display areas marked as "a" to "i". The description of each area is shown in Table 5-1.

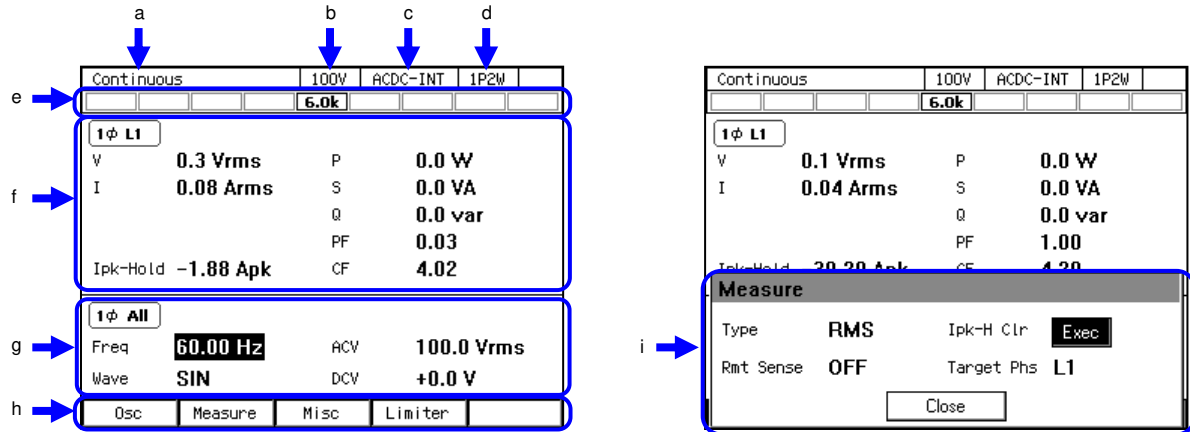


Figure 5-1 Component Name (Display Areas on the Screen)


















Table 5-1 Component Name (Display Areas on the Screen)

Symbol	Area name	Description	Refer to
a	Screen title	Title of the currently displayed screen.	—
b	Output range	Current output range.	3.4.2
c	Output mode	Current output mode. It is displayed in the format of "AC/DC mode - Signal source."	3.4.1
d	Output phase configuration	Current output phase configuration in the system. 1P2W: Single-phase two-wire/1P3W: Single-phase three-wire/3P4W: Three-phase four-wire	1.2
e	Status icon	The area where an icon is displayed when the product enters the specific state, for example, when the limiter is activated.	5.1.1
f	Measured value area	The measured values are displayed. In the Simple View, three items are enlarged.	3.4.10, 3.4.11
g	Output display area	The output setting is displayed. Make the output settings in this area.	3.4
h	Soft-key function	Shows the functions assigned to the soft-keys below.	3.3.3
i	Window	The window where the confirmation message is displayed or you change the settings. It is displayed as needed.	3.3.4

5.1.1 Status Icon

Table 5-2 shows icons displayed in specific states and their meanings.











Table 5-2 Status Icons

Icon	Name	Meaning	Refer to
	Rated power	Indicates the maximum output power. If the rated power is restricted by the power unit energization setting, the icon is displayed inverted (Example: ).	3.2.6, 4.22
	AGC	The AGC setting is on.	4.11
	Autocal	The Autocal is on.	4.12
	Busy	The product does not accept key operations for changing the setting as it is performing the internal processing. Please wait for a moment.	—
	RMS current limiter	The RMS current limiter is activated.	4.1.2
	Peak current limiter	The peak current limiter is activated.	4.1.1
	Active wattage limiter	The active wattage limiter is activated.	4.1.5
	Synchronization	With SYNC, the internal signal source is synchronized with the external signal or the power line.	4.18
	Asynchronous	With SYNC, the internal signal source is not synchronized with the external signal or the power line.	4.18
	Key lock	The key lock is enabled.	4.23
	Remote	In the Remote control state.	6.
	Editing	The edit view for the sequence or simulation is displayed.	4.2.12, 4.3.12
	Running	The sequence or simulation is running.	4.2.12, 4.3.12
	Stand by	The sequence or simulation stands by.	4.2.12, 4.3.12
	Sequence suspended	The sequence is suspended.	4.2.12, 4.3.12
	Unadjusted	Unadjusted. This icon means the abnormal state of the product. Contact us or our agent.	—

5.1.2 Measured Value Display Items

The items displayed in the measured value area are shown in Table 5-3.

Table 5-3 Measured Value Display Items

Item	Description
Icon	Represents the phase and type of the measured voltage display.
	Output voltage of the single-phase two-wire
	Phase voltage of the single-phase three-wire L1 phase
	Phase voltage of the single-phase three-wire L2 phase
	Line voltage between the single-phase three-wire L1 and L2 phases. *1
	Phase voltage of the three-phase L1 phase
	Phase voltage of the three-phase L2 phase
	Phase voltage of the three-phase L3 phase
	Line voltage between the three-phase L1 and L2 phases *1
	Line voltage between the three-phase L2 and L3 phases *1
	Line voltage between the three-phase L3 and L1 phases *1
V	Effective value of the output voltage on the output terminal
Vavg	The average DC value of the output voltage on the output terminal
Vmax	Maximum peak value of the output voltage on the output terminal
Vmin	Minimum peak value of the output voltage on the output terminal
SV	Effective value of the voltage on the sensing terminal
SVavg	Average DC value of the voltage on the sensing terminal
SVmax	Maximum peak value of the voltage on the sensing terminal
SVmin	Minimum peak value of the voltage on the sensing terminal
I *2	Output current effective value
Iavg *4	Average DC value of the output current
I _{max} *2	Maximum peak value of the output current
I _{min} *2	Minimum peak value of the output current
I _{pk} -Hold *2	Output current peak-hold value
F	Synchronization signal source frequency
P *3	Output active power
S *3	Output apparent power
Q *3	Output reactive power
PF *4	Power factor of the output power
CF *4	Output current crest factor

*1: Displays the measured phase voltage value in the Peak display format of the measured value. Displays the L1 phase voltage in the L1-L2 line voltage display, the L2 phase voltage in the L2-L3 line voltage display, and the L3 phase voltage in the L3-L1 line voltage display.

*2: Displays the phase current in the phase voltage display for the measured output voltage, the L1 phase current in the L1-L2 line voltage display, the L2 phase current in the L2-L3 line voltage display, and the L3 phase current in the L3-L1 line voltage display.

*3: Displays the phase output power in the phase voltage display for the output voltage measurement, and the all-phase total output power in the line voltage display.

*4: Displays the phase measured value in the phase voltage display for the measured output voltage. Displays nothing in the line voltage display.

5.1.3 Output Setting Display Items

The items displayed in the output display area are shown in Table 5-4.

Table 5-4 Output Setting Display Items

Item	Description
Icon	Represents the phase to be configured.
1ϕ All	Output of the single-phase two-wire
2ϕ All	All phases in the balanced mode single-phase three-wire, phase voltage setting
2ϕ Line	All phases in the balanced mode single-phase three-wire, line voltage setting
2ϕ L1	L1 phase in the unbalanced mode single-phase three-wire
2ϕ L2	L2 phase in the unbalanced mode single-phase three-wire
3ϕ All	All phases in the balanced mode three-phase, phase voltage setting
3ϕ Line	All phases in the balanced mode three-phase, line voltage setting
3ϕ L1	L1 phase in the unbalanced mode three-phase
3ϕ L2	L2 phase in the unbalanced mode three-phase
3ϕ L3	L3 phase in the unbalanced mode three-phase
Freq	Frequency of the output AC voltage
Wave	Waveform of the output AC voltage
ACV	Output AC voltage
DCV	Output DC voltage
Gain	Gain of the external signal
Source	Synchronization signal source

5.1.4 Warning and Error Display

If a warning or error occurs, an error message is displayed in the measured value area and the output display area. For details on error messages, see *8.1*.

5.2 Menu Composition

The menu composition of this product is shown in Figure 5–2. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu.

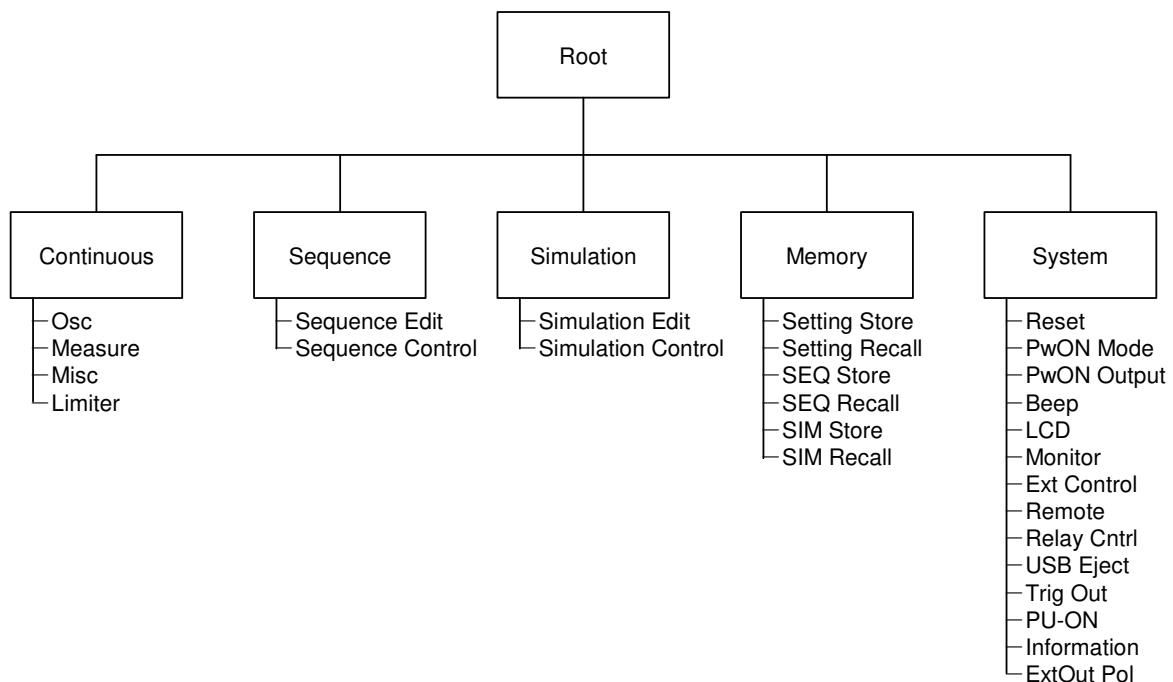


Figure 5-2 Menu Composition

5.2.1 Menus of the Continuous Function

The menus of the Continuous function are shown in Table 5-5. You can open each menu by using a soft-key.

Table 5-5 Menus of the Continuous Function

Menu	Description	Refer to	
Osc	1: AC/DC	Switches the AC/DC mode.	3.4.1
	2: Source	Switches the signal source.	3.4.1
	3: Range	Switches the output voltage range.	3.4.2
	4: On/Off Phs	Makes the on/off phase settings.	3.4.7
	5: Target Phs	Switches the phase to be configured.	3.4.5
	6: Phs Mode	Sets the phase mode in the case of polyphase output.	4.14
Measure	1: Mode	Switches the measured value display mode.	3.4.11
	2: Measure	Makes the measured value display settings.	3.4.10, 3.4.12, 3.4.13
	3: CO ₂ View	Displays and sets the CO ₂ emission.	4.19
	4: Harmonic	Displays the harmonic current measured values.	4.4
	5: Disp Item	Selects display items in the Simple measured value display mode.	3.4.11
Misc	1: AGC/Acal	Makes the AGC/Autocal function settings.	4.11, 4.12
	2: DC Adjust	Sets the DC offset adjustment.	4.13

Table 5-5 Menus of the Continuous Function (Continued)

Menu		Description	Refer to
Limiter	1: Ipk Limiter	Makes the peak current limiter settings.	4.1.1
	2: Irms Limiter	Makes the RMS current limiter settings.	4.1.2
	3: V/F Limiter	Sets the voltage/frequency setting range limit.	4.1.3,4.1.4

5.2.2 Menus of the Sequence Function

The menus of the Sequence function are shown in Table 5-6. You can open each menu by using a soft-key. For how to use the Sequence function, see 4.2.

Table 5-6 Menus of the Sequence Function

Menu		Description	
Sequence Edit	Osc	Range	Switches the output voltage range.
		AC/DC	Switches the AC/DC mode.
	Misc	Time Unit	Switches the time unit between ms and s.
		Trig Out	Sets the trigger output.
	File	Store	Saves to, clears, and renames the Sequence Memory.
		Recall	Recalls the Sequence Memory.
	Clear	Resets the edited sequence to the factory default settings.	
Compile	Compiles the edited sequence and moves to the Sequence Control View.		
Sequence Control	Start	Starts the sequence. It is displayed in the output on and sequence stopped states.	
	Stop	Ends the sequence. It is displayed in the sequence running state.	
	Hold	Suspends the sequence. It is displayed in the sequence running state.	
	Resume	Resumes the suspended sequence. It is displayed in the sequence suspended state.	
	Bran1	Branches to a step of the branch 1. It is displayed in the sequence running state.	
	Bran2	Branches to a step of the branch 2. It is displayed in the sequence running state.	
	Measure	Makes the measured value display settings. It is displayed in the sequence stopped state.	
	Edit	Displays the Sequence Edit View. It is displayed in the output off state.	

5.2.3 Menus of the Simulation Function

The menus of the Simulation function are shown in Table 5-7. You can open each menu by using a soft-key. For how to use the Simulation function, see 4.3.

Table 5-7 Menus of the Simulation Function

Menu		Description	
Simulation Edit	Osc	Range	Switches the output voltage range.
	Misc	Time Unit	Switches the time unit between ms and s.
		Trig Out	Sets the trigger output.
	File	Store	Saves to, clears, and renames the Simulation Memory.
		Recall	Recalls the Simulation Memory.
	Clear		Resets the edited simulation to the factory default settings.
Compile		Compiles the edited simulation and moves to the Simulation Control View.	
Simulation Control	Start		Starts the Simulation. It is displayed in the output on and simulation stopped states.
	Stop		Ends the simulation. It is displayed in the Simulation running state.
	Measure		Makes the measured value display settings. It is displayed in the simulation stopped state.
	Edit		Moves to the Simulation Edit View. It is displayed in the output off state.

5.2.4 Menus of the Memory Function

The menus of the Memory function are shown in Table 5-8. For how to use the Memory function, see 4.7.

Table 5-8 Menus of the Memory Function

Menu	Description
Setting Store	Saves to, clears, and renames the Basic Setting Memory.
Setting Recall	Recalls the Basic Setting Memory.
SEQ Store	Saves to, clears, and renames the Sequence Memory.
SEQ Recall	Recalls the Sequence Memory.
SIM Store	Saves to, clears, and renames the Simulation Memory.
SIM Recall	Recalls the Simulation Memory.

5.2.5 System Menus

The System menus is shown in Table 5-9.

Table 5-9 System Menus

Menu	Description	Refer to
Reset	Resets the system.	4.26
PwOn Mode	Selects the output function (Continuous/Sequence/Simulation) at power-on.	4.2.10, 4.3.10
PwON Output	Enables/disables the function to turn on the output at power-on.	4.20
Beep	Turns the beep sound on or off.	4.24
LCD	Sets the screen color and the contrast.	4.25
Monitor	Makes the Monitor function settings.	4.9
Ext Control	Switches the control by the external control function to Enable/Disable/DevCtrl.	4.17
Remote	Makes the communication interface settings.	6.1
Relay Cntrl	Enables/disables the output relay to coordinate with the output on/off.	4.19
USB Eject	Disconnects the USB memory before removing it.	4.8
Trig Out	Makes the trigger output settings in the Sequence and the Simulation.	4.2,4.3
PU-ON	Makes the power unit energization settings.	4.22
Information	Displays the system information.	9.4
ExtOut Pol	Specifies the external control state output polarity.	4.17.1

6. Remote Control

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6.1 Communication Interface

This product is provided with the USB and RS232 communication interfaces as standard and is remote-controllable by a computer. Also, either GPIB or LAN communication interface can be chosen when ordering. The remote control allows almost all the operations available on the control panel to be performed. In addition, it can read the internal state such as setting values and errors. The command language is compliant with the SCPI Specification 1999.0.

Regardless of which communication interface is used, you can create and use a program that uses the Virtual Instrument Software Architecture (VISA) library. If you do not have a license to use VISA library, you need to obtain one (generally, it requires some cost).

For details of the remote control commands and programming, see "Instruction Manual (Remote Control)" in the attached CD-ROM.

6.1.1 USB

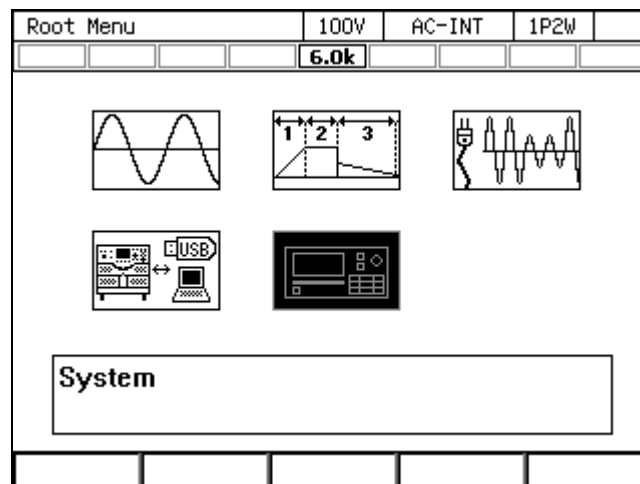
The product is compliant with the USB Test and Measurement Class (USBTMC). Normally, the USBTMC class driver supports the sub class USB488 and can perform almost the same controls as GPIB on USB.

■ Preparation

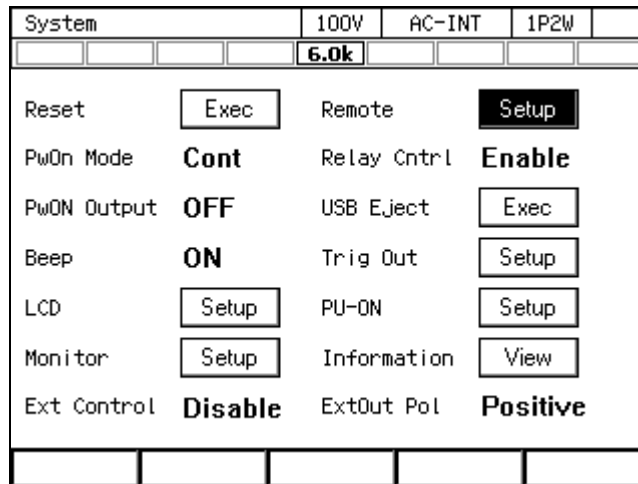
The computer used for control needs a USBTMC class driver installed on it. The USBTMC class driver is included in the hardware and software product of each company that provides the VISA library.

■ Operation procedure

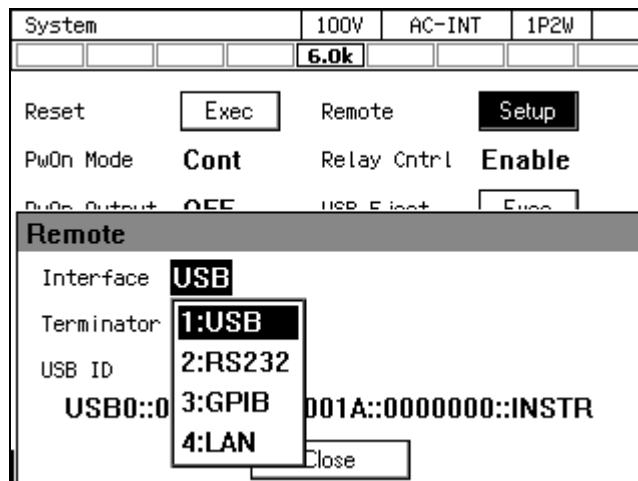
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



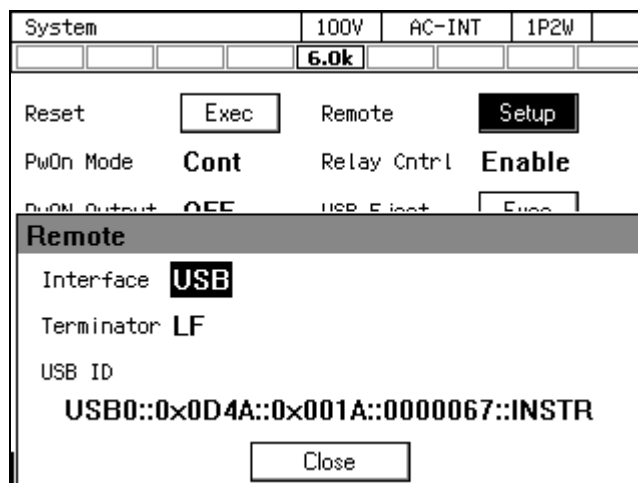
- Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



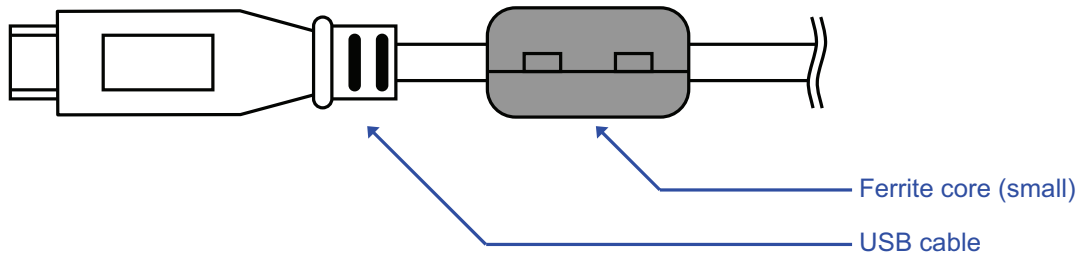
- In the [Interface] item, select [USB].



- The window shows [Terminator] and [USB ID]. For the USB ID, see the explanation in the next section. Select [OK] to close the window.



5. Use a commercially available USB cable (Type A to B) to connect this product to the computer. USB connector is available on the rear of this product. For the multi-phase model only, attach the provided ferrite core (small) to the product side of the cable.



----- Notes -----

- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
- It is recommended to use a fully-shielded, short cable.
- The use of USB hub may cause the product not to communicate properly.

■ About USB ID

Used for a system connected with multiple DP-G series programmable AC power sources through USB, to enable the application identify each source. The USB ID is represented in the following format.

USB0::[Vendor number]::[Product number]::[Serial number]::INSTR

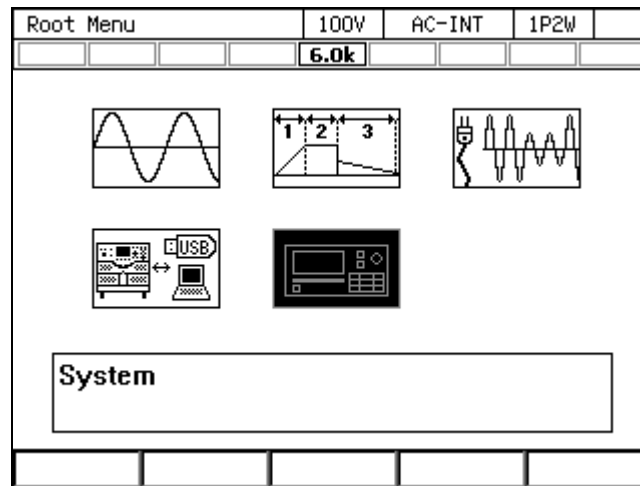
- Vendor number: Fixed to 3402 (0x0D4A)
- Product number: Fixed to 26 (0x001A)
- Serial number: A unique number (serial number) has been set for each product.

6.1.2 RS232

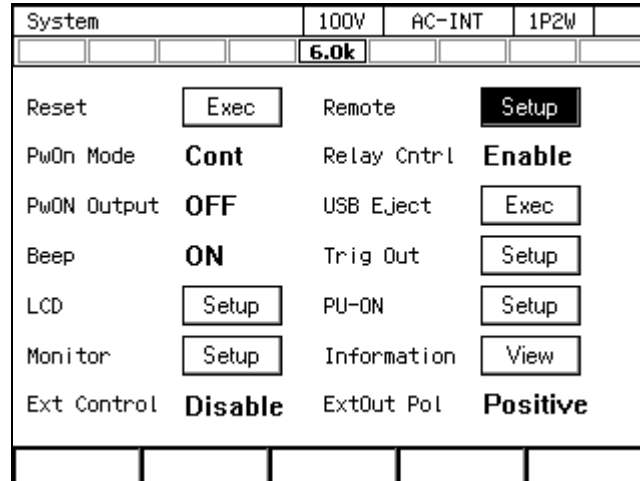
For the interface specifications, see 10.26.

■ Operation procedure

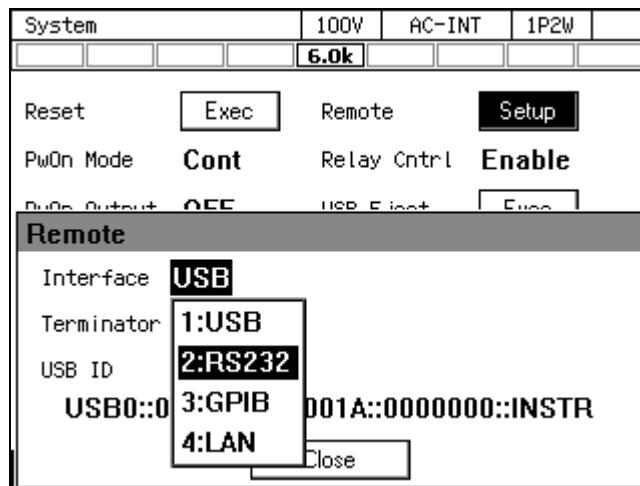
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



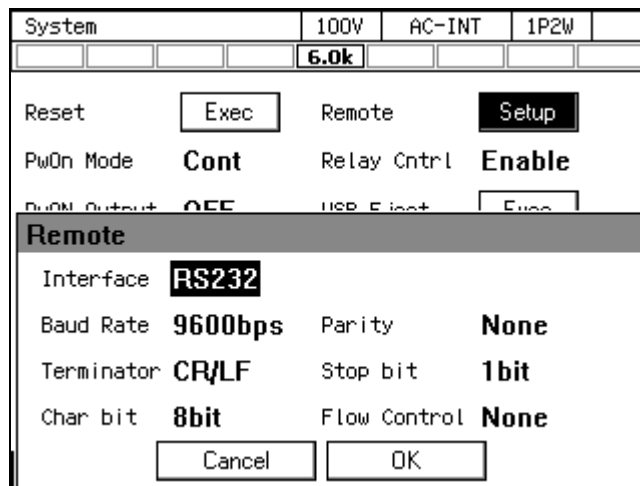
2. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



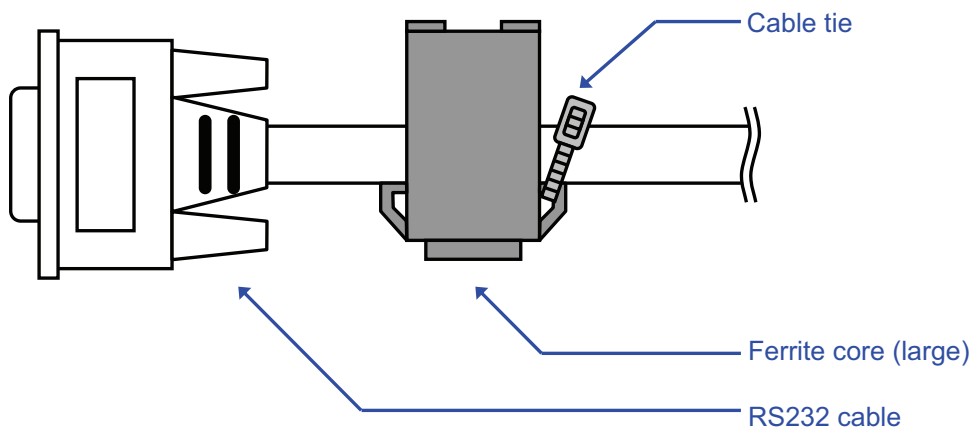
- In the [Interface] item, select [RS232].



- Set each item.



- Use a D-sub 9-pin cross cable to connect this product to the computer. The connector is on the rear of this product. For the multi-phase model only, attach the provided ferrite core (large) to the product side of the cable. If the cable is thin, bind the cable and ferrite core with the provided cable tie.



Notes

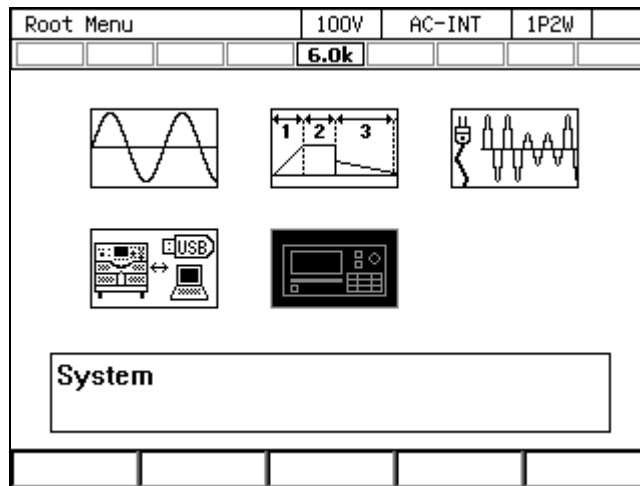
- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
- Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.
- Binary transmission is not supported.

6.1.3 GPIB

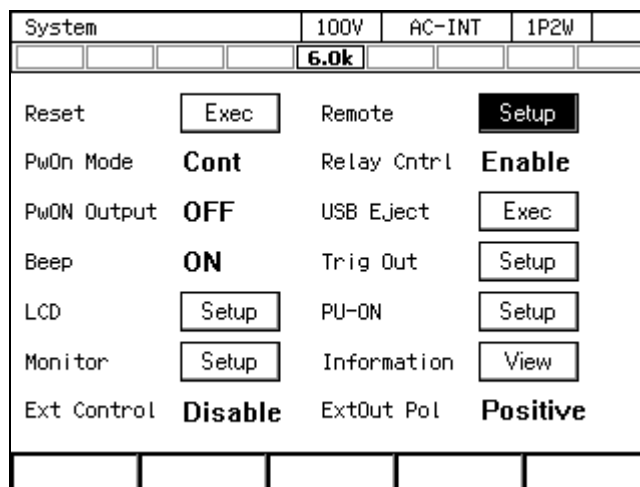
This product is compliant with the GPIB IEEE Standard 488.1-1987. The GPIB-based remote control is available. For the interface specifications, see 10.26.

■ Operation procedure

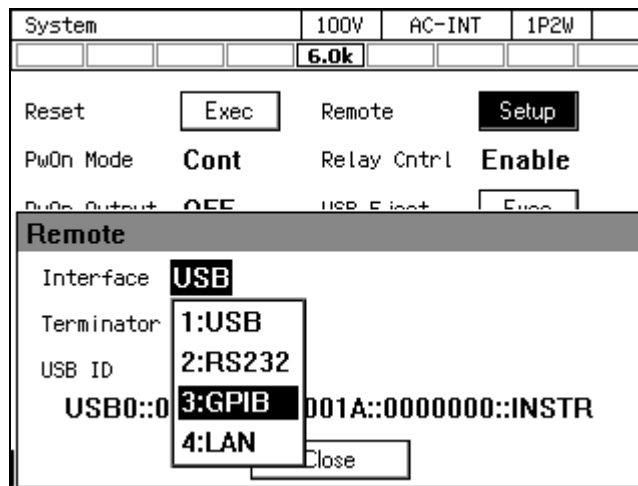
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



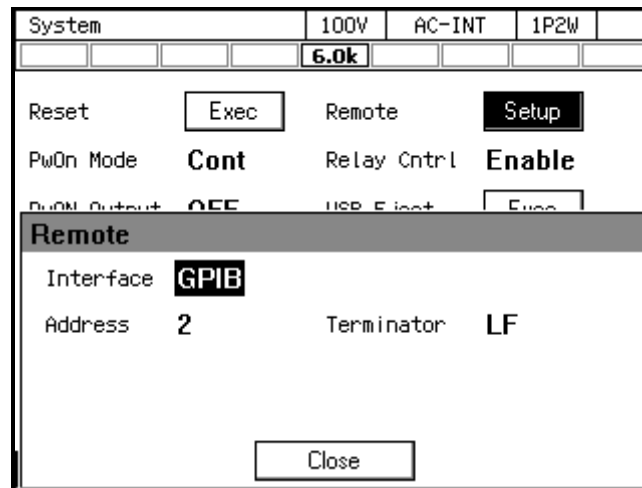
2. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



3. In the [Interface] item, select [GPIB].



4. In the [Address] item, set the address. [Terminator] is fixed to "LF".



5. Use a GPIB cable to connect this product to the computer. The connector is on the rear of this product. Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.

Notes

- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the cable, turn off the power to all devices on the bus.
- When using the GPIB, turn on the power to all devices on the bus.
- Ensure that the total cable length is within 20 meters.
- Ensure that the length of one cable is within 4 meters.
- Do not set the same address as the one used for any other device connected to the same bus. Otherwise, the product cannot communicate properly.
- Binary transmission is not supported.
- Query for the main unit status byte using a serial poll is not supported.

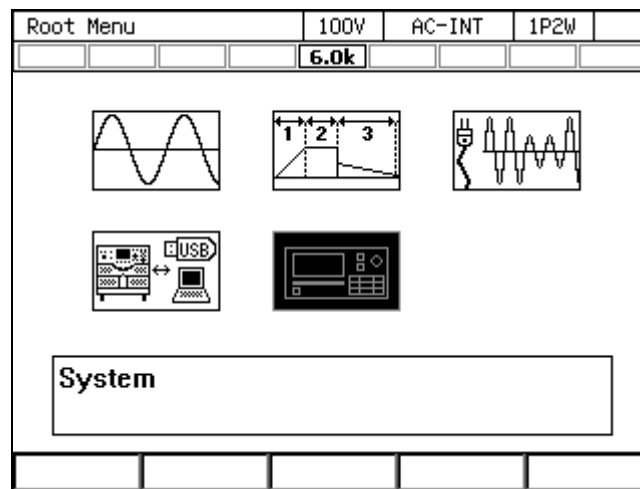
6.1.4 LAN

For the interface specifications, see 10.26.

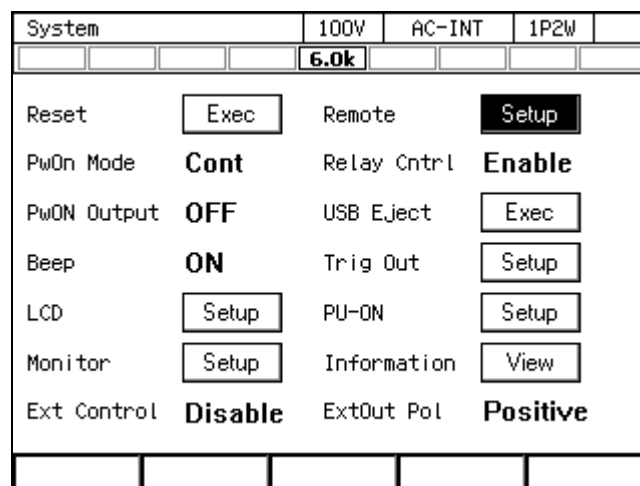
For how to set LAN interface, refer to the Instruction Manual (Remote Control).

■ Operation procedure

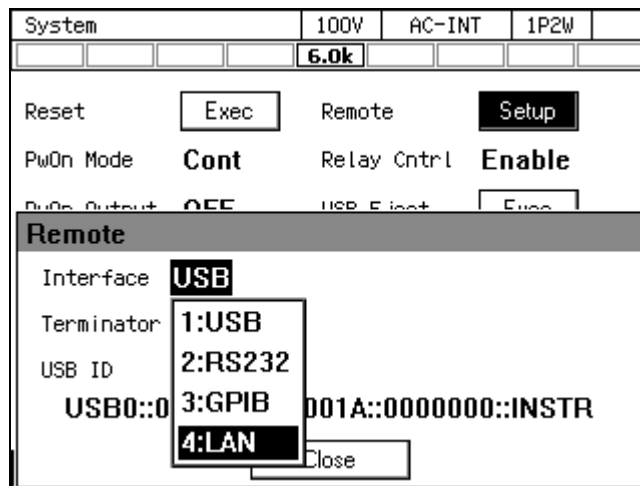
1. Connect this product and computer with LAN cable. LAN connector is available on the rear of this product. Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.
2. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



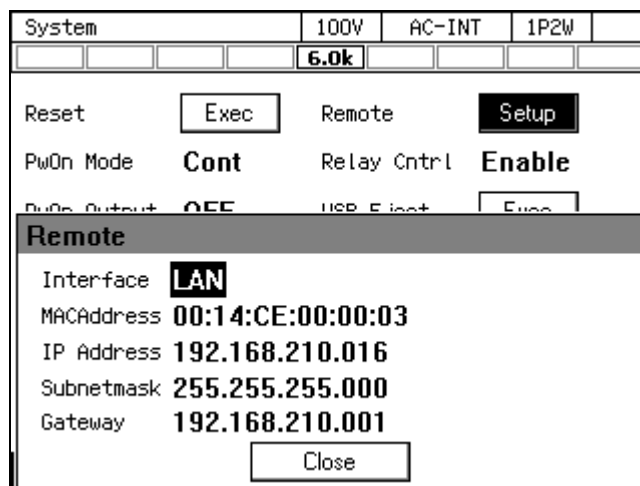
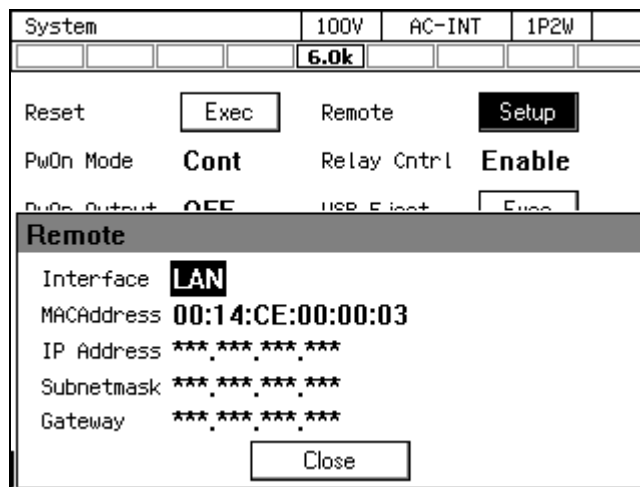
3. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



- In the [Interface] item, select [LAN].



- The current [MAC Address], [IP Address], [Subnet mask] and [Gateway] are displayed. When not using fixed IP, *** is displayed because it is uncertain except for MAC Address immediately after interface switching. After assignment, the display such as IP Address will be updated. Refer to the matters for IP address setting etc. For details, refer to “Instruction Manual (Remote Control)” contained in the CD-ROM.



- MAC Address : Device-specific address (physical address). It cannot be changed. It is 8 bit delimited, hexadecimal notation.
- IP Address : In IP (Internet Protocol), you can check the address (logical address) for identifying the device. The range from 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255 is a private IP address that you can freely use in a small local network (Class C).
- Subnet mask : You can check the mask that separates the upper network address and the lower host address from the IP address.
- Gateway : When accessing an external network, you can check the IP address of the gateway (repeater) to use implicitly.

Notes

- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
 - Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.
 - Binary transmission is not supported.
-

6.2 Remote/Local State Switching

6.2.1 Remote State

In the Remote state, the control panel key operations are not accepted. However, the output off (OUTPUT key) and the switching to the Local state (**SHIFT** + **O**) are accepted.

■ Switching to the Remote state

When communication is established after the command is sent from the computer to this product, this product switches to the Remote state.

6.2.2 Local State

Control panel key operations are accepted.

■ Switching to the Local state

The shortcut operation **SHIFT** + **O** switches to the state to Local.

7. Options

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7.1 Remote Controller

A remote controller with the numeric keypad, jog, and shuttle. It supports almost all the operations available on the main unit control panel. This option can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase. For the remote controller operations, see the instruction manual that comes with the remote controller.

Model name: DP008

Product name: Remote Controller

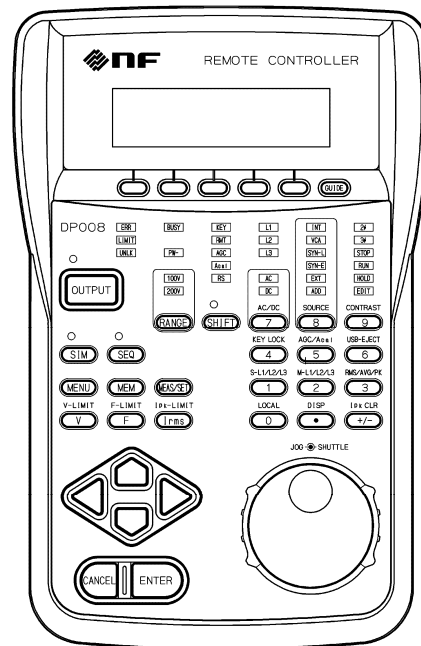


Figure 7-1 Remote Controller External View

7.2 System Cable (for Polyphase System)

This cable is used to configure the polyphase system by connecting the configurable single-phase models. This option can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase. For how to configure the polyphase system, see 2.5.4. Note that the System Cable cannot be used in the Multi-phase model.

Model name: PA-001-1720

Product name: System Cable (1P3W)

Model name: PA-001-1721

Product name: System Cable (3P4W)

7.3 Rack-Mount Adapter

The rack-mount adapter is a set of brackets used to mount the product on the EIA or JIS standard compliant rack. This option can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase.

Table 7-1 Rack-Mount Adapter Model Names

Model name	Product name	Supported model
PA-001-1728	Rack-mount adapter (inch) Type 1	DP015GS, DP030GS, DP030GD
PA-001-1729	Rack-mount adapter (inch) Type 2	DP045GS, DP045GT, DP045GM, DP060GS, DP060GD
PA-001-1730	Rack-mount adapter (inch) Type 3	DP075GS, DP090GS, DP090GD, DP090GT
PA-001-1731	Rack-mount adapter (inch) Type 4	DP090GM, DP105GS, DP120GS, DP120GD
PA-001-1732	Rack-mount adapter (mm) Type 1	DP015GS, DP030GS, DP030GD
PA-001-1733	Rack-mount adapter (mm) Type 2	DP045GS, DP045GT, DP045GM, DP060GS, DP060GD
PA-001-1734	Rack-mount adapter (mm) Type 3	DP075GS, DP090GS, DP090GD, DP090GT
PA-001-1735	Rack-mount adapter (mm) Type 4	DP090GM, DP105GS, DP120GS, DP120GD

7.4 Replacement Air Filter

A set of replacement air filters on the front grill. This option can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase. As shown in Figure 7-2, there are two types of front grill - Front grill 1 for the top row and Front grill 2 for lower ones. There are two types of replacement air filter for these types. Each set consists of two filters. For instance, if you want to replace all the air filters of the DP060Gx, you need one set for the Front grill 1 and three sets for the Front grill 2. For how to replace the air filters, see 9.2.

Table 7-2 Replacement Air Filter Model Names

Model name	Product name	Description
PA-001-1736	Replacement air filter 1	For the Front grill 1. Two-filter set.
PA-001-1737	Replacement air filter 2	For the Front grill 2. Two-filter set.

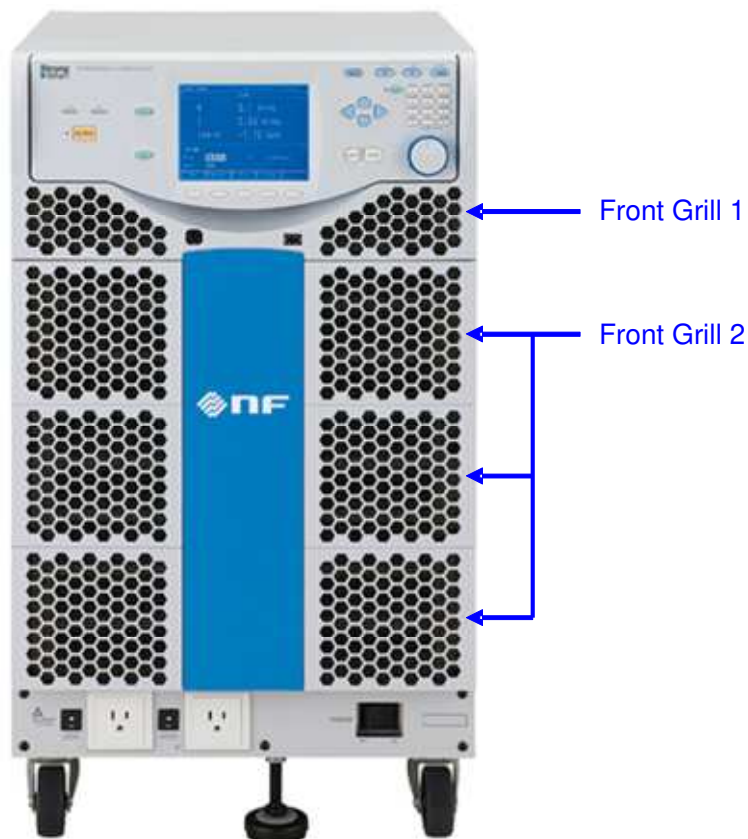


Figure 7-2 Front Grills

7.5 Power Cable

Cables for the power input. They vary in cross sectional area depending on the power input and the rated output as shown in Table 7-3. A crimp-type terminal is attached to each cable on the end which is to be connected to the input terminal of this product. The length of the cable is 3 m.

- On the power cable, the end which is to be connected to the distribution board has no terminal attached. Use a crimp-type terminal appropriate for the terminal screw diameter of the distribution board to connect the cable firmly.
- The power cable is dedicated only to this product. Do not use it with any other product.

Table 7-3 Power Cable Model Names

Model name	Power input	Rated output	Maximum power consumption	Terminal size	Nominal cross sectional area
PA-001-3251	Single-phase input (1P2W)	1.5 kVA	2.25 kVA	M6	5.5 mm ² approx
PA-001-3252		3.0 kVA	4.50 kVA		14 mm ² approx
		4.5 kVA	6.75 kVA		
		6.0 kVA	9.00 kVA		
PA-001-3253		7.5 kVA	11.25 kVA	M8	22 mm ² approx
		9.0 kVA	13.50 kVA		
PA-001-3254		10.5 kVA	15.75 kVA		38 mm ² approx
		12.0 kVA	18.00 kVA		
PA-001-3255	Three-phase three-wire input (3P3W)	4.5 kVA	6.75 kVA	M6	5.5 mm ² approx
PA-001-3256		6.0 kVA	9.00 kVA		14 mm ² approx
		7.5 kVA	11.25 kVA		
		9.0 kVA	13.50 kVA		
PA-001-3257		10.5 kVA	15.75 kVA		22 mm ² approx
		12.0 kVA	18.00 kVA		
PA-001-3263	Three-phase four-wire input (3P4W)	4.5 kVA	6.75 kVA		5.5 mm ² approx
		6.0 kVA	9.00 kVA		
PA-001-3264		7.5 kVA	11.25 kVA		14 mm ² approx
		9.0 kVA	13.50 kVA		
		10.5 kVA	15.75 kVA		
		12.0 kVA	18.00 kVA		

7.6 Cable Holder

This option is used to fix the power cable or output cable. It can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase. The different cable holders are used for each model. Please refer to the correspondence table (Table 7-5).

Table 7-4 Cable Holder Model Names

Model name	Product name	Identification number
PA-001-3245	Cable holder	1
PA-001-3246	Cable holder	2
PA-001-3247	Cable holder	3
PA-001-3248	Cable holder	4
PA-001-3249	Cable holder	5

The contents are as follows. Refer to Figure 7-3 and assemble the cable holders.

- ① Cable holder (base) 1 pc
- ② Cable holder (holder) 1 pc
- ③ Screws for base (with spring lock washer, cross recessed pan head) 2 pcs
- ④ Screws for holder (cross recessed binding head) 2 pcs

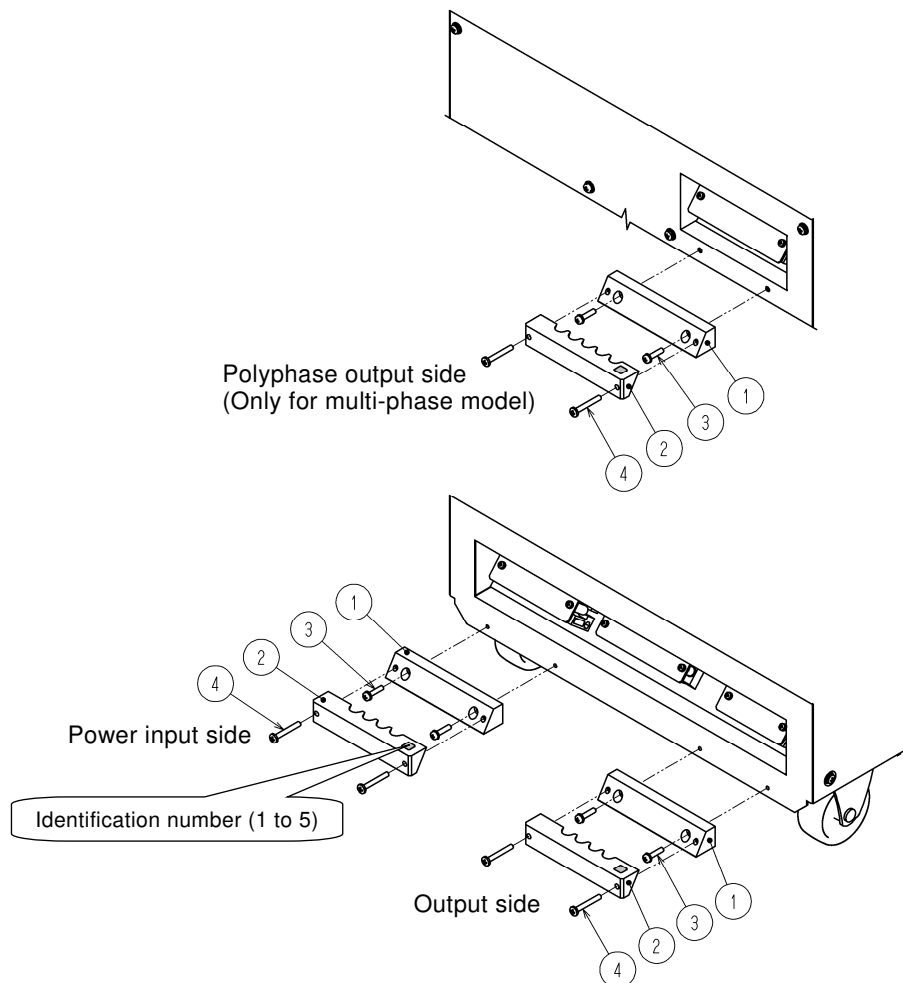


Figure 7-3 Assembly Diagram of Cable Holder

Table 7-5 Cable Holder Correspondence List

Main unit	Power input	Cable holder		
		Power input side	Output side	Poly-phase output side (Only for multi-phase model)
DP015GS	1P2W	PA-001-3246	PA-001-3245	
DP030GS	1P2W	PA-001-3247	PA-001-3245	
DP045GS	1P2W	PA-001-3247	PA-001-3249	
	3P3W	PA-001-3245		
	3P4W			
DP060GS	1P2W	PA-001-3247	PA-001-3249	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W	PA-001-3245		
DP075GS	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3248	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			
DP090GS	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3248	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			
DP105GS	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3248	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			
DP120GS	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3248	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			
DP030GD	1P2W	PA-001-3247	PA-001-3245	
DP060GD	1P2W	PA-001-3247	PA-001-3245	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W	PA-001-3245		
DP090GD	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3249	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			
DP120GD	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3249	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			
DP045GT	1P2W	PA-001-3247	PA-001-3245	
	3P3W	PA-001-3245		
	3P4W			
DP090GT	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3245	
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			
DP045GM	1P2W	PA-001-3247	PA-001-3249	PA-001-3245
	3P3W	PA-001-3245		
	3P4W			
DP090GM	1P2W	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3248	PA-001-3245
	3P3W	PA-001-3249		
	3P4W			

8. Troubleshooting

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8.1 Error Messages and Error Handling

8.1.1 Error Message Screen

An error message screen opens as shown in Figure 8–1, for example, in case that the protection function is activated. The description of each item is shown in Table 8-1.

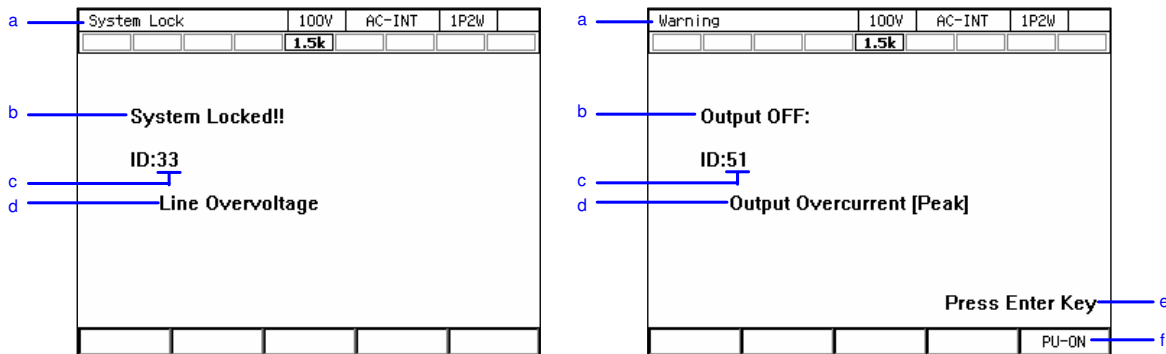


Figure 8-1 Error Message Screen Example

Table 8-1 Description of the Error Message Screen

Symbol	Name	Description	Refer to
a	Screen title	System Lock: An error whose protection type is System Lock Warning: An error whose protection type is Output Off	8.1.4
b	Protection type	System Locked: System Lock Output OFF: Output Off	8.1.4
c	Error ID	The number to identify an error.	8.1.5
d	Message	Describes the error details.	8.1.5
e	Press Enter Key display	Displayed for an error whose protection type is Output Off.	8.1.2
f	Soft-key [PU-ON]	Displayed for an error that occurred on the power unit. This key opens the power unit energization setting window, enabling you to disable the energization of the power unit that repeatedly generates the error.	8.1.3

8.1.2 If An Error Message is Displayed

If an error message is displayed, handle it by the following procedure. When the error occurs repeatedly, handle it according to 8.1.3.

■ Handling procedure

1. Check on the error content and remove the reason of the error. For each message and its handling method, see 8.1.5.
2. When the protection type says System Locked, cycle the power of the product.
3. When the protection type says Output OFF, press the ENTER key. The error message disappears.
4. Now the product is available.

8.1.3 If An Error Occurs Repeatedly

If an error message repeatedly appears even though you removed the cause of the error, the error may be resolved by restarting the power unit.



If the error still exists, this product or the power unit in the product may be faulty. Repair is needed in this case. Contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product. Even though one of the power units is faulty, the product can be used by disconnecting the faulty power unit and using the rest of them.

The following shows how to restart and disconnect the power unit in the case of an error.

Notes

- The following procedure is available only when the [PU-ON] soft-key is displayed on the error message window. Stop using this product in the case of a repeating error without the [PU-ON] soft-key.

■ Operation procedure

1. In the error message window, press the [PU-ON] soft-key. The power unit energization setting window opens.
2. The power unit with an error is marked with "E" like . Check on the power unit that has an error. First, leaving the energization setting as is, select OK. All the power units are restarted.
3. When the error message window is displayed again, press the ENTER key.
4. If the error still exists, press the [PU-ON] soft-key again to open the power unit energization setting window.
5. Check on the power unit that has an error. If the same power unit still has an error, it may be faulty. Move the cursor to this power unit, then press the ENTER key. The check mark on this power unit is removed, showing . If a different power unit has an error, leave the check mark as is. Select [OK].
6. The power unit energization setting is updated, and only the power units with the check mark are restarted. When the error message window is displayed again, press the ENTER key.
7. Repeat the step 4 and later ones until errors are resolved. After the error is resolved, the product can be continuously used using the power units with the check mark.

----- Notes -----

- The E mark does not mean it is faulty but indicates the protection operation was activated. In some cases such as the protection operation was activated in a chain-reaction manner, the E mark may appear on a normal power unit. A power unit is judged as faulty by checking whether the error repeats or not after the power unit is restarted as described in the step 2.
 - When the error message is "ID:54 Power Unit DCPS Undervoltage" or "ID:52 Power Unit DCPS Error," the error is quite likely to be resolved after the power unit is restarted as described in the step 2.
-

8.1.4 Protection Operation Types

When the protection function is activated or an error is detected, the product applies one of the following five types of protection operation and error message, according to the error level.

■ System Lock

The output turns off. No operations are accepted on the control panel and the remote controller. The panel says "System Locked." To operate the product again, it is necessary to cycle the power of it.

■ Output Off

The output turns off. The panel says "Output OFF" and "Press Enter Key." When you press the ENTER key, you will return to the previous window for further operations if the cause of the error has been removed. Otherwise, the error message window will be displayed again.

When the [PU-ON] soft-key is displayed on the error message window, pressing the soft-key opens the power unit energization setting window. If an error repeatedly occurs, you can disable the energization of the power unit that has the error to continue to use the product with the rest of the power units. For details, see *8.1.3*.

■ Message display only

The output state remains unchanged. The panel shows the error message window. Press the ENTER key to return to the previous screen for further operations.

■ Limiting action

The output is limited. The panel shows the icon indicating the limiting action, without an error message. In addition, the LIMIT LED illuminates on the front panel. The output turns off after a given period according to the limiter setting. In this case, an error message appears after the output off.

■ Icon display

The output state remains unchanged. The panel shows an icon instead of an error message. The panel operation is available as usual.

8.1.5 Error Message List

Error messages are listed in Table 8-2.

Table 8-2 Error Message List

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
2	Invalid in This Output Mode	Message display only	This output mode does not allow the setting (execution). Change the output mode.
3	Invalid with Output ON	Message display only	The output on state does not allow the setting (execution). Turn the output off, then set (execute).
4	Invalid with Output OFF	Message display only	The output off state does not allow the setting (execution). Turn the output on, then set (execute).
5	Busy	Message display only	The busy state does not allow the setting (execution). Execute after the busy icon disappears.
6	Invalid with Remote Control	Message display only	The remote control state does not allow the setting (execution). Bring the state to local control, then set (execute).
10	Sync Frequency Error	Message display only	The external synchronization signal frequency is out of the range, which does not allow the setting (execution). Enter the signal frequency within the range.
13	Auto Cal Disabled	Message display only	The Autocal setting becomes off because of out of the calibration range.
15	AGC Disabled	Message display only	The AGC setting becomes off because of out of the calibration range.
20	Invalid	Message display only	The condition cannot be set (executed).
24	USB Memory Unconnected	Message display only	No USB memory is connected. Connect a USB memory.
25	USB Memory Removed illegally	Message display only	The USB memory was removed before the eject operation. Perform the eject operation before removing a USB memory.
26	USB Memory Access Error	Message display only	The USB memory has an access error.
27	Too Many Files	Message display only	There are too many files in the USB memory. Each folder can contain 500 files or less.
29	Sync Frequency Unlocked	Message display only	The output cannot be turned on because of not locking to the synchronization frequency.
30	Remote Controller Error	Message display only	Communication with the remote controller cannot be made. Make sure the remote controller cable is connected properly.
31	Internal Memory Error	Message display only	The internal memory has an error.


Table 8-2 Error Message List (Continued)

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
32	Calibration Data Error ME	Message display only	The adjustment data is abnormal. Cycle the power. If it still occurs, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.
33	Line Overvoltage	System Lock	The power input voltage is excessive. Check if the power input is appropriate.
34	Line Undervoltage	System Lock	The power input voltage is insufficient. Check if the power input is appropriate.
36	Communication Failure PU	System Lock	There is a communication error between the firmware and the power unit. Cycle the power. If it still occurs, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.
37	Communication Failure ME	System Lock	There is a communication error between the firmware and the output measurement section. Cycle the power. If it still occurs, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.
38	Communication Failure SC	System Lock	The polyphase system communication is abnormal. Make sure the System Cable is connected properly.
40	Polyphase Connection Timeout	System Lock	In the polyphase system, the connection destination cannot be recognized in the specified time. Make sure the System Cable is connected properly, then turn on the power of all the cabinets in 20 seconds. A single-phase model connected to a polyphase model also generates this error.
41	Mismatched Firmware Versions	System Lock	In the polyphase system, the main firmware versions of the cabinets do not match.
43	Mismatched Pw Unit Versions	System Lock	All power unit versions do not match.
44	Unsupported Pw Unit Version	System Lock	A power unit of unsupported version is connected.
45	Mismatched Cabinet Connect	System Lock	In the polyphase system, the output capacities of the phases do not match.
46	Inhibited Cabinet Connect	System Lock	Polyphase models are connected with the System Cable. Use a polyphase model alone.
47	No Available Power Unit	System Lock	There is no power unit that can be started.
48	Output Overvoltage	Output Off	The output voltage is excessive. This may occur at an abrupt change in the output current due to the inductive load.

Table 8-2 Error Message List (Continued)

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
50	Output Overcurrent [RMS]	Output Off	The output current RMS value is excessive on a module in the power unit. This may occur when the output terminal is short-circuited.
51	Output Overcurrent [Peak]	Output Off	The output current peak value is excessive.
52	Power Unit DCPS Error	Output Off	The DC power supply in the power unit is abnormal, or see the notes in "8.1.3, Operation procedure."
53	Power Unit DCPS Overvoltage	Output Off	The voltage of the DC power supply in the power unit is excessive. This may occur when the power flows back from the load.
54	Power Unit DCPS Undervoltage	Output Off	The voltage of the DC power supply in the power unit is insufficient, or see the notes in "8.1.3, Operation procedure." This may occur when the overload output activated the protection function on the DC power supply.
55	Overheat	Output Off	The temperature in the power unit is abnormally high. Check if the ambient temperature is appropriate. Check the filters for clogging. For filter cleaning, see 9.2.
56	Sensing Voltage Error	Output Off	The sensing voltage is abnormal. Make sure the cable is properly connected to the sensing input terminal.
57	Sync Frequency Error	Output Off	The frequency went out of the synchronizable range, and thus the output turned off.
58	Current Limiter [RMS]	Output Off	The RMS current limiter was activated, and thus the output was turned off according to the setting.
59	Current Limiter [Peak]	Output Off	The peak current limiter was activated, and thus the output was turned off according to the setting.
60	Power Unit Internal Error	Output Off	This is a power unit internal error. If it occurs repeatedly, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.
61	WAT Ⅴ	Limiting action	The active wattage limiter is activated.
62	I _{rms} Ⅴ	Limiting action	The RMS current limiter is activated.
63	IPK Ⅴ	Limiting action	The peak current limiter is activated. The internal operation differs from that for ID 64.
64	IPK Ⅴ	Limiting action	The peak current limiter is activated. The internal operation differs from that for ID 63.
68	PU-ON Setting Updated	Message display only	The power unit energization setting was updated.

Table 8-2 Error Message List (Continued)

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
69	Polyphase Connection Updated	Message display only	A phase configuration is detected that is different from the previous one.
70, 71		Icon display	The power unit or the system has not been adjusted.
75	Calibration Data Error SH	Message display only	The adjustment data is abnormal.
77	USB Memory Connected	Message display only	A USB memory was inserted.
78	USB Memory Disconnected	Message display only	The USB memory eject operation was performed, and thus the USB memory can be removed now.
82	Sequence Compile Error	Message display only	Sequence compilation failed.
83	Simulation Compile Error	Message display only	Simulation compilation failed.
84	System Updated Please Reboot	System Lock	The firmware was updated.
85	System Updated Please Reboot	System Lock	The firmware was updated.
87	Unbalanced Line Voltage	System Lock	In the polyphase system, there is a cabinet with a different power supply voltage. Use the same power supply voltage.
-200	EXECUTION ERROR	Message display only	The panel operation (or remote command) could not be executed.

8.2 When a Failure is Suspected

When a symptom occurs that suspects a failure, take an action according to Table 8-3. If it does not solve the problem, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected

Category	Symptom	Possible Cause	Necessary Actions
Problem at power on/off	The product does not start operating when the power switch is turned on.	The power is not connected.	Connect the product to the power supply. →2.4
		The power supply is out of the rated range.	Use the power supply within the rated range. →2.4
		The internal fuse is blown.	Ask us or our agent for repair.
	The product does not stop immediately when the power switch is turned off.	It is not abnormal. The product automatically stops after the internal voltage decreases to a sufficiently safe level.	Please wait for a moment. It will stop in about five seconds.
	LCD shows nothing (fan is rotating).	The LCD contrast is low. The ambient temperature may be changed from the time when the contrast was adjusted.	Increase the LCD contrast. If the LCD display is completely invisible, perform the shortcut operation (SHIFT) + (9) to adjust the contrast. Then, the digit cursor is placed on the tenths place. →4.25
Problem at key operation	Panel operations cannot be performed.	The key lock is set to on.	Set the key lock to off. →4.23
		Keys or dials are deteriorated.	Ask us or our agent for repair.
	Numerical values cannot be entered through the numeric keypad.	It is in the shift state (the SHIFT key LED illuminates).	Press the SHIFT key to exit from the shift state. →3.3.7
Problem at output setting	At start-up, the previous settings are not kept.	They are not saved in the setting memory No. 1.	At start-up, the settings in the setting memory No. 1 are recalled. →4.7.1
	The output voltage range cannot be switched.	The output is on.	Turn the output off before switching the output voltage range. →3.4.2
	The output voltage cannot be set.	The signal source is set to VCA.	Change the signal source. →3.4.1
		You are trying to set a value that is out of the setting range.	Check for the voltage setting range limit. →4.1.3
	The output frequency cannot be set.	The signal source is set to SYNC.	This value cannot be set when the signal source is SYNC. Change the signal source. →3.4.1
		You are trying to set a value that is out of the setting range.	Check for the frequency setting range limit. →4.1.4

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible Cause	Necessary Actions
Problem at output setting	The line synchronization cannot be set.	The signal source is not set to SYNC.	Set the signal source to SYNC and the external synchronization signal source to LINE. →4.18
	The output on state cannot be achieved.	An error message is on-screen.	The output cannot be turned on while there is an error message. If the protection function is activated, remove the cause. →8.1.2 Press the ENTER key to clear the error message. When the message says "System Locked", cycle the power.
Output-related problem	The output voltage does not come up.	The state is the output off (the OUTPUT key LED illuminates)	Press the OUTPUT key to turn the output on.
		The output voltage is set to zero.	Check for the output voltage setting. →3.4.4,3.4.5
		The external signal source is not connected.	When the signal source is VCA, connect the signal source to the external signal input terminal, and set the external input gain appropriately. →4.16
		The external input gain is zero.	
	There is no output from the outlet on the front.	The output coupling mode is the DC mode.	The front output outlet can be used only in the AC mode or ACDC mode. The output does not appear in the DC mode.
		The output voltage range is 200 V.	The Japan/North America type outlet can be used only in the 100 V range. The output does not appear in the 200 V range.
	The measured voltage is different from the setting value.	Unnecessary items are set (for example, the AC voltage setting remains for the DC output).	Check for the setting again.
The limiter is activated (the limiter icon is displayed).		For a load with lower impedance, the limiter is activated to make the output lower than the setting value. Check on the limiter setting. →4.1	

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible Cause	Necessary Actions
Output-related problem	The measured voltage is different from the setting value.	The waveform is set to CLP (clipped sine wave) and the Type is set to Clip (specified clip ratio mode).	In the specified clip ratio mode, the output voltage setting means a value for the waveform before being clipped. To set a value for the clipped waveform, set the Type to the specified crest factor mode (Type: CF). →4.6
	An error message is displayed.	The protection function was activated due to overload.	Connect a load within the maximum output range or decrease the output voltage setting.
		The ambient temperature is high.	Decrease the ambient temperature when using the product. The maximum current may decrease over 40 °C.
		Air filters are clogged.	Clean the air filters by referring to 9.2.
		Around the front panel air inlet or rear panel air outlet, there is something blocking the air flow.	Install the product so as to satisfy the installation conditions described in 2.2.
Measurement function-related problem	The measured voltage or current is not displayed correctly.	The display selection is not right.	Select RMS for AC. Otherwise, the correct value is not displayed.
	The measured value is displayed as "----".	It is out of the synchronization frequency measurement display range.	Set the synchronization signal source frequency to a value within the synchronization frequency measurement display range. →10.11
	The measured value fluctuates.	A low frequency (less than 10 Hz) is set.	For a frequency lower than 10 Hz, the measurement cycle is a fixed value and thus the measured value may not be stable.

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible Cause	Necessary Actions
Limiter/setting range limitation-related problem	The output current peak-hold value (measured) is larger than the peak current limiter setting value.	The output current overshoot occurred for the limit value.	While the peak current limiter is activated, the overshoot may occur depending on the load. →4.1.1
Remote sensing problem	The Remote sensing function cannot be turned on.	The output mode is incorrect.	The Remote sensing function can be set to on in the AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA modes. For the AC mode, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. It is turned off when the Sequence or Simulation function is selected. However it can be set to ON in the AC-INT, ACDC-INT and DC-INT modes and the waveform is a sine wave or DC in case the stand-by state of Sequence mode (step0). In the ACDC mode it cannot be set to ON unless either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is 0 V. →4.10
		The waveform setting is incorrect.	
		The mode is not the Continuous mode.	
		The mode is not the stand-by state of Sequence mode.	
		In the stand-by state of Sequence mode (step0) and ACDC mode either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is not 0 V.	
Problem of AGC function	The AGC function cannot be turned on.	The output mode is incorrect.	The AGC function can be set to on in the AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA modes. However, for the AC mode, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. It is turned off when the Sequence or Simulation function is selected. →4.11
		The waveform setting is incorrect.	
		The mode is not the Continuous mode.	
		The Autocal function is on.	When the Autocal function is on, the AGC function cannot be used. Turn off the Autocal function. →4.12

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible Cause	Necessary Actions
Problem of Autocal function	The Autocal function cannot be turned on.	The output mode is incorrect.	The Autocal function can be set to on in the AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA modes. However, for the AC mode, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. It is turned off when the Sequence or Simulation function is selected. However it can be set to ON in the AC-INT, ACDC-INT and DC-INT modes and when the waveform is a sine wave or DC in case the stand-by state of Sequence mode (step0). In the ACDC mode it cannot be set to ON unless either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is 0 V. →4.12
		The waveform setting is incorrect.	
		The mode is not the Continuous mode.	
		The mode is not the stand-by state of Sequence mode.	
		In the stand-by state of Sequence mode (step0) and ACDC mode either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is not 0 V.	
The AGC function is on.	When the AGC function is on, the Autocal function cannot be used. Turn the AGC function off. →4.11		
Problem of remote control	See "Instruction Manual (Remote Control)" in the attached CD-ROM.		
Problem of CONTROL I/O	The product cannot be controlled by the CONTROL I/O.	The external control is disabled.	Enable the external control. →4.17
		The Remote state is set by the communication interface.	The external control is disabled in the Remote state.
Problem of USB memory	Files in the USB memory do not appear on the screen.	USB eject operation was performed.	Perform the USB eject operation (→4.8) again just in case, and remove the USB memory. Reconnect the USB memory and make sure the file names are displayed.
		One folder contains over 500 files.	Reduce the number of files in a folder to 500 or less.
		The format is illegal.	Use a FAT32-formatted USB memory.

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible Cause	Necessary Actions
Problem at driving an inductive load (e.g., transformer)	The current waveform is abnormal (e.g., asymmetrical or excessive) when the transformer is connected as the load and the AC voltage is output.	The output offset voltage (DC component) caused the load transformer core to reach the magnetic saturation.	In the AC mode, the control function works to eliminate the offset voltage (DC component). When the product is used in the ACDC mode, switch it to the AC mode. →3.4.1 If it does not bring much improvement, adjust the DC offset. →4.13
	The output overvoltage error occurs for an inductive load (e.g., transformer).	An abrupt change in the output current generated a back electromotive force.	When the output is off or the peak current limiter is activated, the load current may change abruptly, which generates a back electromotive force to cause the output overvoltage error. To avoid the abrupt current change, reduce the setting value of the peak current limiter sufficiently for a smaller output current, or conversely set it to a sufficiently large value to disable the limiter to be activated, or sufficiently reduce the amplitude before turning off the output. →4.1.1
Memory function-related problem	The memory cannot be recalled.	The output is on.	The output on state does not allow the recall. Turn the output off.
Sequence/Simulation-related problem	The Sequence cannot be started.	The output is off.	Turn on the output, then start the sequence.
	The specified Step Time is exceeded.	The Stop Phase is enabled.	When the stop phase setting is active, the execution waits for the Step Time that was set pass, and keeps the output setting until it reaches the Stop Phase that was set, and then transitions to the next step. As the result, the actual step time is longer than the set Step Time. To move to the next step immediately after the Step Time, disable the Stop Phase. →4.2
Problem of polyphase system	The polyphase system is not recognized at start-up.	The System Cable is not connected properly.	Check the System Cable connection for any disconnected connector, and so on.

9. Maintenance

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9.1 Preface

This chapter describes:

- daily maintenance
- cautions and storing for nonuse over a long period
- cautions and repackaging for transportation.
- checking firmware version

For the simple operation check, see 2.7.

9.2 Daily Maintenance

The product shall be installed in a location that satisfies the installation conditions (see 2.2).

■ When the panel or case is dirty

Wipe it with a soft cloth. If the dirt is heavy, wipe it with a cloth wrung out with diluted neutral detergent solution.

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not use solvents (thinners, benzene, etc.) or wipes. Otherwise, the surface may be altered or the coatings may be peeled off.
-

■ When the front grill air filters are dirty

A front grill is provided with air filters for removing dust or dirt from the intake air. Clogged air filters deteriorate the ventilation, resulting in excessive high temperature inside the product. This may activate the overheat protection, affecting the operation, or damage the internal parts, resulting in failure. Regularly check the air filters for dirt, about once a month. If air filters are found dirty, rinse with water to remove the dirt, dry completely, then remount them. You can optionally request additional air filters for replacement (see 7.4).

⚠ CAUTION

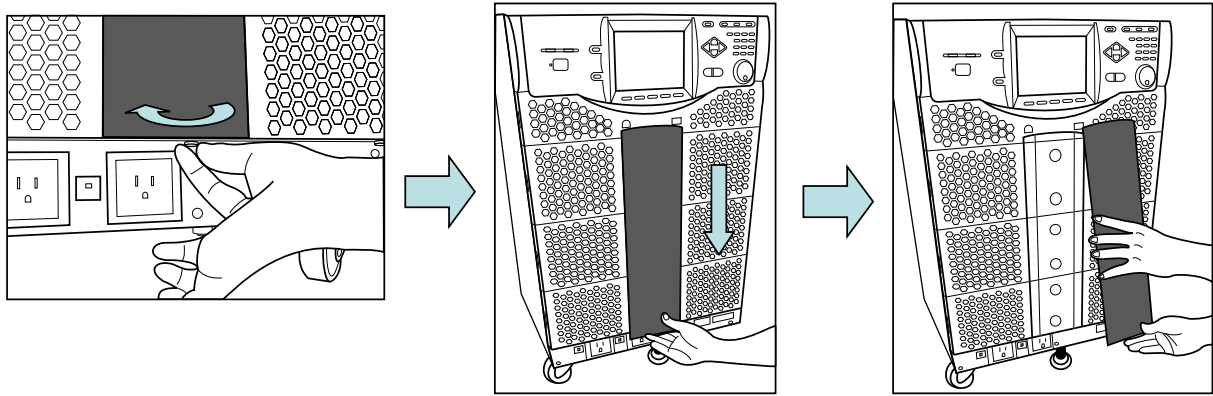
- Do not install the product in a place with a large amount of extremely fine dust (e.g., powders). The air filters may not fully work.
 - Do not install the product in a damp place prone to dew. The air filters are more likely to be clogged.
-

⚠ WARNING

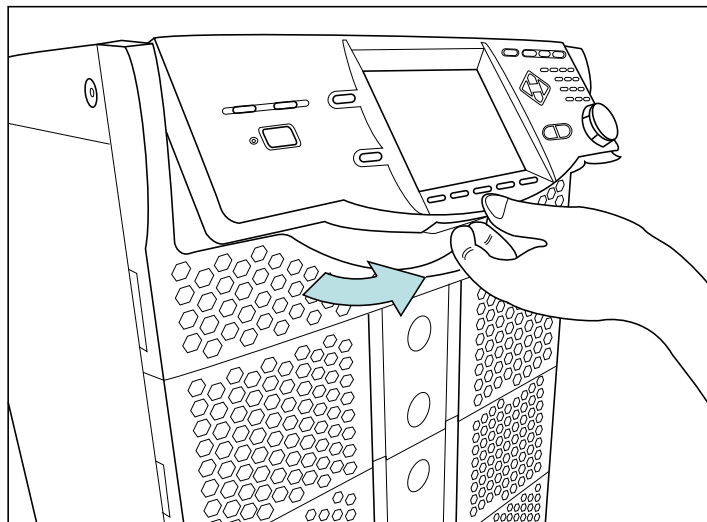
- Before removing the air filters and the front grill, be sure to cut the power to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
-

The air filters can be removed by the steps described below. In order to remount them later, check on the top and bottom of the front grill and the mounting position of the air filters as you remove them.

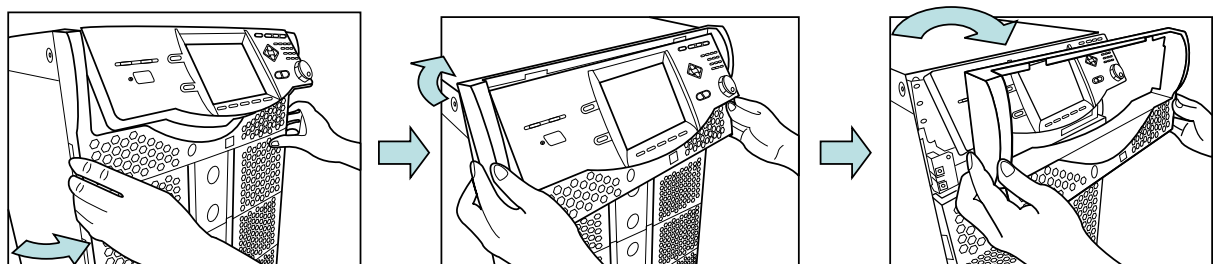
1. Loosen the screw at the bottom of the front grill holder by turning it clockwise. Slide the front grill holder downward to dismount it.



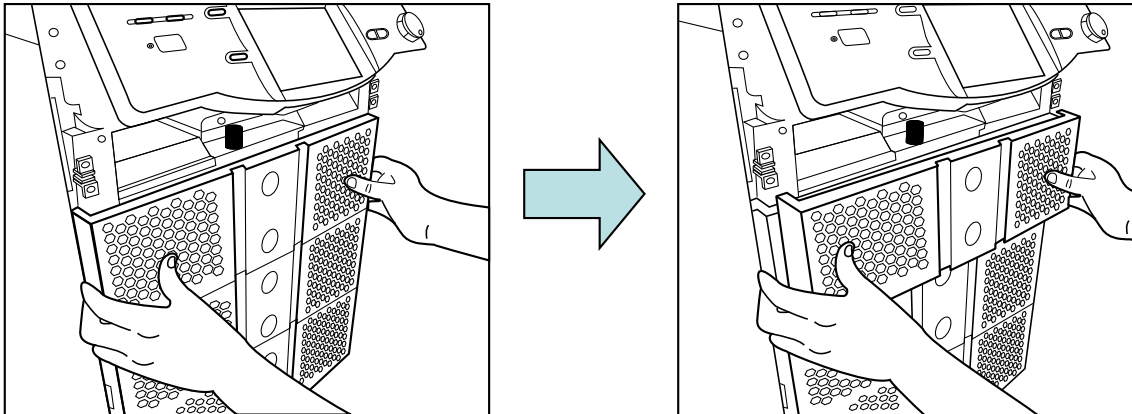
2. Flip up the control panel to its maximum angle.



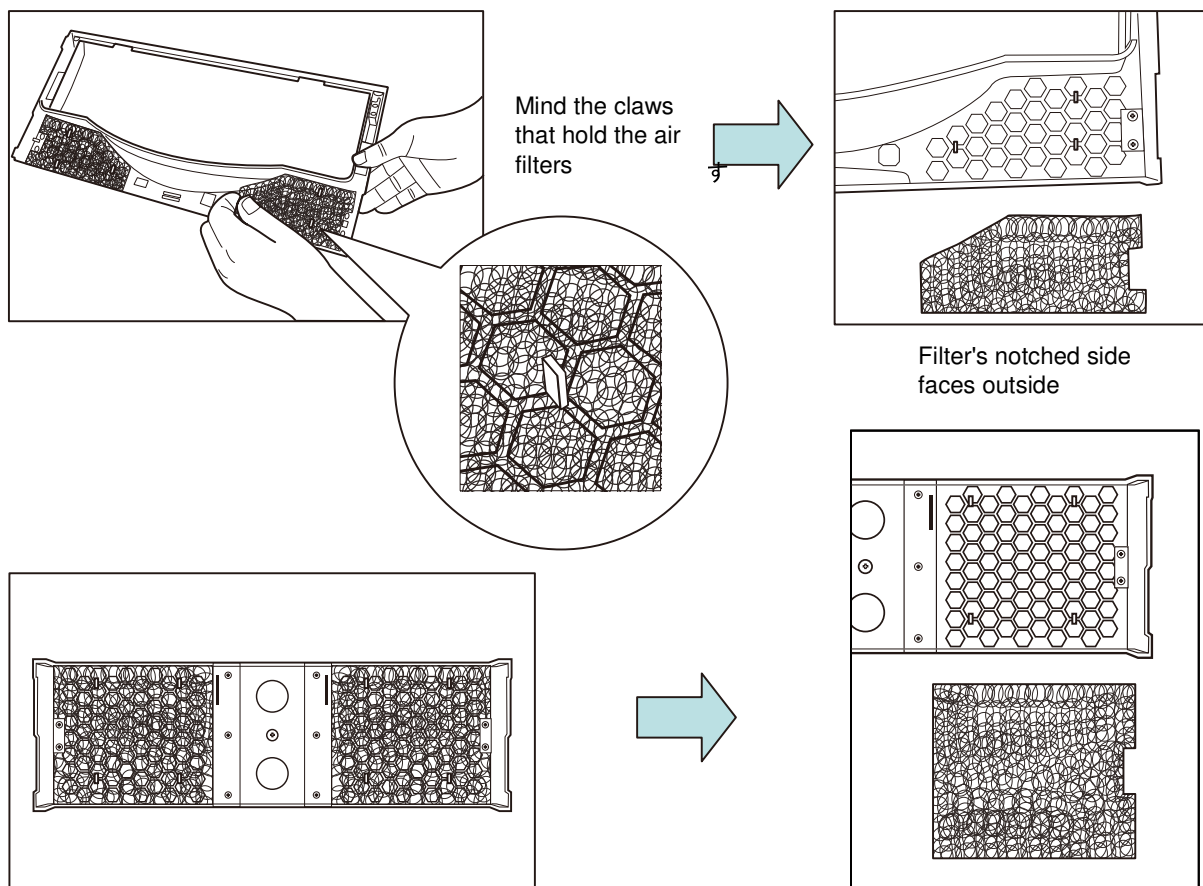
3. Dismount the front grills in turn from the top. The topmost front grill is fixed at the bottom left and right to the chassis, and hung at the top on the hook of the chassis. Hold the front grill at the bottom left and right sides, and pull it out toward you to release it. Move the front grill upward and toward you. Unhook and remove it as letting the control panel through it.



- Each of the other front grills is fixed at the bottom left and right to the chassis. Hold it at the left and right sides, and pull it out toward you to remove it.



- Remove the air filters from the back of each front grill. Be careful with the small claws on the front grill that hold the air filters.



- Rinse the removed air filters with water to remove dirt and clog. Dry them completely.
- Remount them in reverse order of steps 1 to 5.

⚠ WARNING

- While removing the air filters and the front grill, do not supply the power from the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.

9.3 Storage, Repackaging, Transportation

This product shall be stored in a location that satisfies the installation conditions (see 2.2).

■ Storage when unused for a long time

- Remove the power cable from the distribution board and the product.
- Store the product in a place with no falling object or dust. If it may be covered with dust, put the cover, such as cloth and polyethylene sheet, on it.
- Avoid a place exposed to rapid temperature change or direct sunlight. Store it under a normal temperature environment wherever possible. For the storage condition, see 10.29.

■ Repackaging and transportation

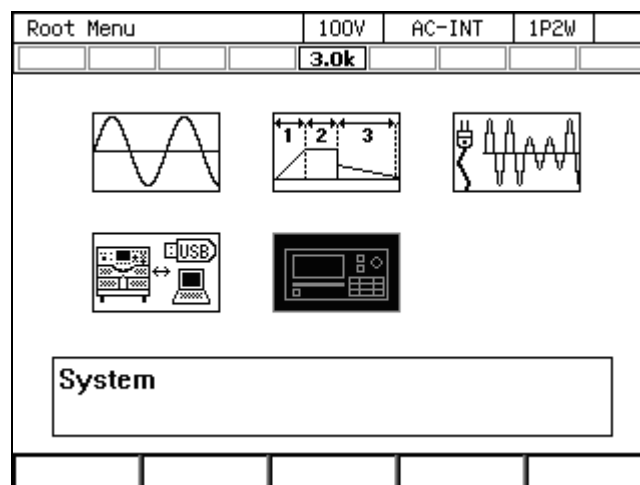
Follow the instructions below when repackaging the product due to transfer or repair.

- In order for the main unit to be sufficiently protected from impact during transportation, pack it with a shock absorber such as AirCap.
- When requesting transportation, instruct the carrier that this product is a precision equipment.
- Be sure to include the instruction manual at transportation.

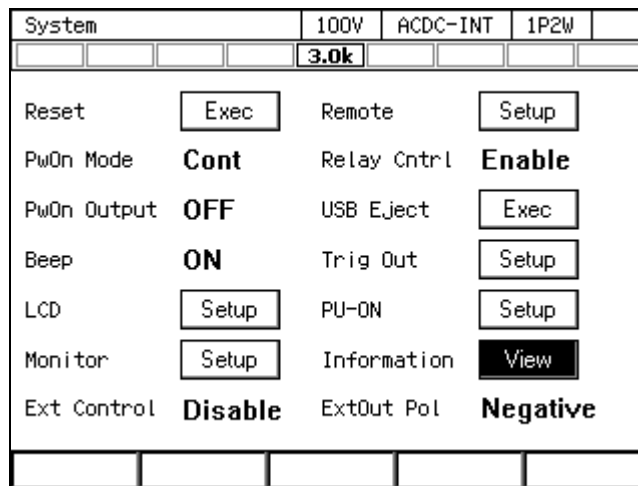
9.4 Checking Firmware Version

■ Operation procedure

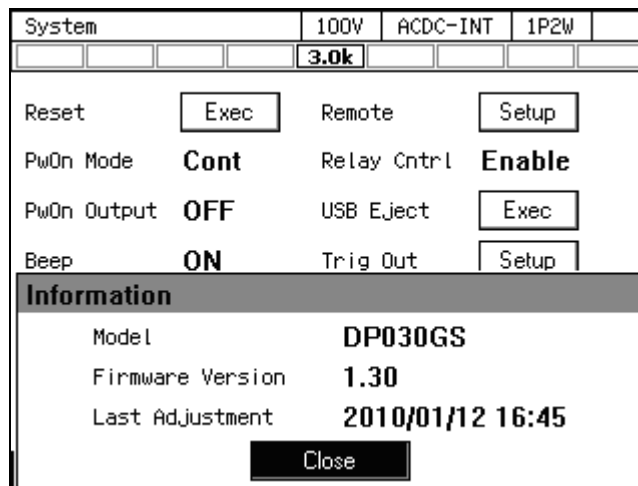
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, then select [System]. The System menu opens.



- Put the cursor on [View] next to the [Information] item, then press the ENTER key.



- The Information window opens. The firmware version is shown at the [Firmware Version] item.



Note: This is a screenshot with firmware version 1.30.

10. Specifications

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10. Specifications

Specifications are valid under the following settings and conditions and after a warm-up period of 30 minutes at least, unless otherwise noted.

Load:	Resistive load, power factor = 1.
Signal source:	INT (internal signal source).
Output voltage waveform:	sine.
Remote sensing:	off.
AGC/Autocal:	off.
Current limiter:	factory default setting.
Output terminal:	output terminal block on the rear panel.

[set] indicates a setting value, and [rdg] indicates a read value.

The description noted with "/" indicates that the specification changes by the output range, such as "100 V range specification / 200 V range specification."

The input voltage is noted as line voltage in three-phase four-wire input, unless otherwise noted.

A value with the accuracy is the guaranteed value of the specification. However, an accuracy noted as reference value shows the supplemental data for reference when the product is used, and is not under the guarantee. A value without the accuracy is the nominal value or representative value (shown as typ.).

Notes on Polyphase System

Single-phase three-wire (1P3W) system can be configured by connecting 2 single-phase models. Three-phase four-wire (3P4W) system can be configured by connecting 3 single-phase models in the same way. These are called as polyphase system. Refer to Table 1-3 for the combination of the single-phase models which can configure the polyphase system.

Firmware discriminates power capacity and polyphase type at the start-up process just after turning on the system connected with an optional system cable (either 1P3W or 3P4W type), and the system starts to operate as that power capacity and polyphase type.

Output Lo terminals connected together become a neutral point (N terminal) in both the 1P3W and 3P4W system. Hi terminals are called L1, L2, and L3, respectively (L3 exists only in 3P4W system). The cabinet to which the L1 connector of the System Cable is connected operates as master. The cabinets to which L2 and L3 is connected operate as slave. Output voltage is defined with phase voltage (L1, L2, and L3 to N) in this document unless otherwise noted.

10.1 Output Function

	All models
Output function	Continuous, Sequence, Simulation

10.2 Output Range

	All models
Output range	100 V range, 200 V range

10.3 AC/DC Mode

	Single-phase and Multi-phase models	Polyphase models and Polyphase systems
AC/DC mode	AC, ACDC, DC	AC, ACDC

	Description
AC	<p>The signal source and amplification section of this product are AC-coupled, and the DC component is canceled.</p> <p>Only the AC output setting of 40 Hz or higher is available.</p> <p>The signal sources that can be combined are INT, VCA and SYNC.</p>
ACDC	<p>The signal source and amplification section of this product are DC-coupled, and the DC component is also amplified.</p> <p>The AC and DC output settings of 1 Hz or higher are available.</p> <p>The signal sources that can be combined are INT and SYNC.</p> <p>In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, only the AC setting is available.</p> <p>Fixed to this mode in the Simulation.</p> <p>Select this mode when you want to amplify a signal including DC, to superimpose DC (DC offset), or output a frequency of 40 Hz or lower. Also select this mode when the DC component temporally occurs, for example, by sudden change of voltage or phase.</p>
DC	<p>The signal source and amplification section of this product are DC-coupled.</p> <p>Only the DC setting is available.</p> <p>The signal sources that can be combined are INT and VCA.</p> <p>It is unavailable for the polyphase model, the polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model.</p>

10.4 Signal Source

All models	
Signal source	INT, VCA, SYNC
Description	
INT	<p>Uses the internal signal source.</p> <p>Sets the output voltage, output waveform, frequency, output on phase, and output off phase by using the panel or the external interface such as USB.</p> <p>Fixed to INT in the Sequence and Simulation.</p>
VCA	<p>Uses the internal signal source.</p> <p>Controls the output voltage setting of the internal signal source with the DC signal which is input to the external input terminal. The output voltage setting cannot be set from external interfaces such as the panel or USB. All conditions except for output voltage setting are same as INT.</p> <p>In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, the setting is common to all the phases.</p> <p>Cannot be selected in the ACDC mode.</p>
SYNC	<p>Uses the internal signal source.</p> <p>Synchronizes the frequency of the internal signal source with the signal (EXT) from the external synchronization signal input terminal (also used as the external input terminal) or the power supply input frequency (LINE) of the product. The frequency setting cannot be set from external interfaces such as the panel or USB. All conditions except for output frequency setting are same as INT.</p> <p>Cannot be selected in the DC mode.</p>

10.5 AC Output

[V]=Vrms, [A]=Arms, unless otherwise noted.

	Single-phase model and Single-phase output of Multi-phase model							
	015GS	030GS	045GS 045GM	060GS	075GS	090GS 090GM	105GS	120GS
Mode	Single-phase two-wire Floating output, the Lo terminal can be grounded.							
Setting mode *1	Balanced mode, Unbalanced mode							
Rated output voltage	100 V / 200 V							
Voltage setting range *2	Phase voltage setting (for all phases in balanced mode and each phase in unbalanced mode) 0.0 V to 160.0 V / 0.0 V to 320.0 V Line voltage setting (balanced mode and sine wave only) 0.0 V to 320.0 V / 0.0 V to 640.0 V (1P3W) 0.0 V to 277.2 V / 0.0 V to 554.2 V (3P4W)							
Setting resolution	Phase voltage setting: 0.1 V, Line voltage setting: 0.2 V							
Voltage accuracy *3	$\pm(0.5\% \text{ of set} + 0.6 \text{ V} / 1.2 \text{ V})$							
Maximum current *4	15 A / 7.5 A	30 A / 15 A	45 A / 22.5 A	60 A / 30 A	75 A / 37.5 A	90 A / 45 A	105 A / 52.5 A	120 A / 60 A
Maximum peak current *5	Peak value (Apk) which is four times of the maximum current							
Power capacity *6	1.5 kVA	3 kVA	4.5 kVA	6 kVA	7.5 kVA	9 kVA	10.5kV A	12 kVA
Load power factor	0 to 1 (Phase lead or phase lag, 45 Hz to 65 Hz, external power injection or regeneration are not available.)							
Frequency setting range	40.00 Hz to 550.00 Hz (AC mode) 1.00 Hz to 550.00 Hz (ACDC mode)							
Setting resolution	0.01 Hz							
Frequency accuracy	$\pm 0.01\% \text{ of set } (23\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \pm 5\text{ }^\circ\text{C})$							
Frequency stability*7	$\pm 0.005\%$							
Voltage frequency characteristic *8	$\pm 1\%$							
Output waveform	sine wave, clipped sine wave (3 types)							
Output on phase setting range *9	0.0° to 359.9° variable							
Setting resolution	0.1°							
Output off phase setting range *9	0.0° to 359.9° variable (active/inactive selectable)							
Setting resolution	0.1°							
Phase angle setting range *1 (Unbalanced mode)	L2 phase: 0° to 359.9° (1P3W) L2 phase: 0° to 359.9°, L3 phase: 0° to 359.9° (3P4W)							
Setting resolution	0.1°							
Phase angle accuracy *10	45 Hz to 65 Hz: $\pm 1.0^\circ$ 40 Hz to 550 Hz: $\pm 2.0^\circ$							
DC offset *11	Within $\pm 20 \text{ mV}$ (typ., fine adjustment available.)							

*1: Only when polyphase system is configured with single phase model.

*2: Line voltage setting only when polyphase system is configured with single phase model.

*3: In the case of 10 V to 150 V / 20 V to 300 V, sine wave, no load, 45 Hz to 65 Hz, DC voltage setting 0 V, 23 °C \pm 5 °C.

*4: If the output voltage is higher than the rated value, this is limited (lowered) to satisfy the power capacity. If there is the DC superimposition, the active current of AC+DC satisfies the maximum current. In the case of 40 Hz or lower or 400 Hz or higher, and that the ambient temperature is 40 °C or higher, the maximum current may decrease.

*5: For the capacitor input type rectified load (crest factor=4), the rated output voltage, and 45 Hz to 65 Hz.

10. Specifications

- *6: In the case that the power input is single-phase 170 V or lower, models with 6 kVA or higher have the limit on the power capacity.
- *7: For 45 Hz to 65 Hz, the rated output voltage, no load and the resistance load for the maximum current, and the operating temperature.
- *8: For 40 Hz to 550 Hz, sine wave, the rated output voltage, the resistance load for the maximum current at 55 Hz, and 55 Hz reference.
- *9: Set for the L1 phase. The component of the phase angle setting is added for the other phases.
- *10: In the case of 50 V or higher, sine wave, and same load condition and voltage setting for all phases..
- *11: In the case of the AC mode and $23\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

	Polyphase model and Polyphase output of Multi-phase model					
	030GD 045GM	060GD 090GM	090GD	120GD	045GT 045GM	090GT 090GM
Mode	Single-phase two-wire Floating output, the N terminal can be grounded.				Three-phase four-wire (Y-connection)	
Setting mode	Balanced mode, Unbalanced mode					
Rated output voltage (Phase voltage)	100 V / 200 V					
Voltage setting range	Phase voltage setting (for all phases in balanced mode and each phase in unbalanced mode) 0.0 V to 160.0 V / 0.0 V to 320.0 V Line voltage setting (balanced mode and sine wave only) 0.0 V to 320.0 V / 0.0 V to 640.0 V					
Setting resolution	Phase voltage setting: 0.1 V, Line voltage setting: 0.2 V					
Voltage accuracy (Phase voltage) *12	$\pm(0.5\% \text{ of set} + 0.6 \text{ V} / 1.2 \text{ V})$					
Maximum current (Phase current) *13	15 A / 7.5 A	30 A / 15 A	45 A / 22.5 A	60 A / 30 A	15 A / 7.5 A	30 A / 15 A
Maximum peak current (Phase current) *14	Peak value (Apk) which is four times of the maximum current					
Power capacity *15	3 kVA	6 kVA	9 kVA	12 kVA	4.5 kVA	9 kVA
Load power factor	0 to 1 (Phase lead or phase lag, 45 Hz to 65 Hz, external power injection or regeneration are not available.)					
Frequency setting range	40.00 Hz to 550.00 Hz (AC mode) 1.00 Hz to 550.00 Hz (ACDC mode)					
Setting resolution	0.01 Hz					
Frequency accuracy	$\pm 0.01\% \text{ of set } (23\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \pm 5\text{ }^\circ\text{C})$					
Frequency stability *16	$\pm 0.005\%$					
Voltage frequency characteristic *17	$\pm 1\%$					
Output waveform	sine wave, clipped sine wave (3 types)					
Output on phase setting range *18	0.0° to 359.9° variable					
Setting resolution	0.1°					
Output off phase setting range *18	0.0° to 359.9° variable (active/inactive selectable)					
Setting resolution	0.1°					
Phase angle setting range (Unbalanced mode)	L2 phase: 180.0° \pm 35.0°				L2 phase: 120.0° \pm 35.0° L3 phase: 240.0° \pm 35.0°	
Setting resolution	0.1°					
Phase angle accuracy *19	45 Hz to 65 Hz: $\pm 1.0^\circ$ 40 Hz to 550 Hz: $\pm 2.0^\circ$					
DC offset *20	Within ± 20 mV (typ., fine adjustment available.)					

*12: In the case of 10 V to 150 V / 20 V to 300 V, sine wave, no load, 45 Hz to 65 Hz, 23 °C \pm 5 °C.

*13: If the output voltage is higher than the rated value, this is limited (lowered) to satisfy the power capacity. In the case of 40 Hz or lower or 400 Hz or higher, and that the ambient temperature is 40 °C or higher, the maximum current may decrease.

*14: For the capacitor input type rectified load (crest factor=4), the rated output voltage, and 45 Hz to 65 Hz.

*15: In the case that the power input is single-phase 170 V or lower, models with 6 kVA or higher have the limit on the power capacity.

10. Specifications

- *16: For 45 Hz to 65 Hz, the rated output voltage, no load and the resistance load for the maximum current, and the operating temperature.
- *17: For 40 Hz to 550 Hz, sine wave, the rated output voltage, the resistance load for the maximum current at 55 Hz, and 55 Hz reference.
- *18: Set for the L1 phase. The component of the phase angle setting is added for the other phases.
- *19: In the case of 50 V or higher, sine wave, and same load condition and voltage setting for all phases.
- *20: In the case of the AC mode and $23\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

10.6 DC Output

Only single-phase model and single-phase output of the Multi-phase model. [V]=Vdc, [A]=Adc, unless otherwise noted. The polarity is relative to the Lo terminal.

	Single-phase model and Single-phase output of Multi-phase model							
	015GS	030GS	045GS 045GM	060GS	075GS	090GS 090GM	105GS	120GS
Mode	Floating output, the Lo terminal can be grounded.							
Rated output voltage	100 V / 200 V							
Voltage setting range	-227.0 V to +227.0 V / -454.0 V to +454.0 V							
Setting resolution	0.1 V							
Voltage accuracy *21	$\pm(0.5\% \text{ of set} + 0.6\text{ V} / 1.2\text{ V})$							
Maximum current *22	15 A / 7.5 A	30 A / 15 A	45 A / 22.5 A	60 A / 30 A	75 A / 37.5 A	90 A / 45 A	105 A / 52.5 A	120 A / 60 A
Maximum instantaneous current *23	Peak value (Apk) which is four times of the maximum current							
Power capacity *24	1.5 kW	3 kW	4.5 kW	6 kW	7.5 kW	9 kW	10.5kW	12 kW

*21: In the case of -212 V to -10 V, +10 V to +212 V / -424 V to -20 V, +20 V to +424 V, no load, AC setting 0 V, $23\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

*22: If the output voltage is higher than the rated value, this is limited (lowered) to satisfy the power capacity. If there is the AC superimposition, the active current of DC+AC satisfies the maximum current. In the case that the ambient temperature is $40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ or higher, the maximum current may decrease.

*23: Instantaneous = within 2 ms, at the rated output voltage.

*24: In the case that the power input is single-phase 170 V or lower, models with 6 kVA (6 kW) or higher have the limit on the power capacity.

10.7 Output Voltage Stability

	All models
Fluctuation with input voltage (Phase voltage) *25 *26	Within $\pm 0.15\%$
Fluctuation with output current (Phase voltage) *27	DC (Only single-phase model and single-phase output of the Multi-phase model) Within $\pm 0.15\text{ V} / \pm 0.30\text{ V}$ 45 Hz to 65 Hz Within $\pm 0.15\text{ V} / \pm 0.30\text{ V}$ 40 Hz to 550 Hz Within $\pm 0.5\text{ V} / \pm 1.0\text{ V}$
Fluctuation with ambient temperature (Phase voltage) *28	Within $\pm 0.01\%$ /°C (typ.)

*25: In the case of single-phase input, for power input 90 V to 250 V for 1.5 kVA, 3 kVA, and 4.5 kVA models, power input 170 V to 250 V for the 6 kVA or higher models, power input 200 V reference. In the case of three-phase three-wire input, for power input 170 V to 250 V, power input 200 V reference. In the case of three-phase four-wire input, for power input is 323 V to 433 V, power input 380 V reference.

*26: For the resistance load at the maximum current, the rated output voltage, DC (only single-phase model and single-phase output of the Multi-phase model) or 45 Hz to 65 Hz. Transition state immediately after a change of the input power-supply voltage is not included.

*27: In the case that the output current is changed from 0 % to 100 % of the maximum current. For output voltage 75 V to 150 V/150 V to 300 V, no load reference. However, if the output voltage is higher than the rated value, the maximum current is limited to satisfy the power capacity.

*28: For power input 200 V (single-phase, three-phase three-wire input) or 380 V (three-phase four-wire input), no load, the rated output voltage, DC (only single-phase output) or 45 Hz to 65 Hz.

10.8 Distortion of Output Voltage Waveform

	All models
Distortion (Phase voltage) *29	0.5 % or lower

*29: 40 Hz to 550 Hz, 50 % or higher of the rated output voltage, the maximum current or lower, AC and ACDC modes, THD+N.

10.9 Power Input

For the 4.5 kVA or higher models, either single-phase input or three-phase three-wire input or three-phase four-wire input can be chosen when ordering.

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model							
	015GS	030GS 030GD	045GS 045GT 045GM	060GS 060GD	075GS	090GS 090GD 090GT 090GM	105GS	120GS 120GD
Voltage	Overvoltage Category II							
1P2W input *30	100 V to 230 V $\pm 10\%$ (250 V or lower)							
3P3W input	/		200 V to 220 V $\pm 15\%$, with limited to 250 V or lower					
3P4W input	/		380 V (phase voltage: 220 V) $\pm 15\%$, with limited to 433 V (phase voltage: 250 V) or lower					
Frequency	50 Hz ± 2 Hz or 60 Hz ± 2 Hz							
Power factor *31	Power input single-phase 100 V: 0.95 or higher (typ.) Power input single-phase 200V, three-phase three-wire 200V, three-phase four-wire 380V: 0.90 or higher (typ.)							
Efficiency *31	Power input single-phase 200V, three-phase three-wire 200V, three-phase four-wire 380V: 77 % or higher (typ.)							
Maximum power consumption	2.25 kVA or lower	4.5 kVA or lower	6.75 kVA or lower	9 kVA or lower	11.25kVA or lower	13.5 kVA or lower	15.75kVA or lower	18 kVA or lower

*30: In the 6 kVA or higher models, the output capacity is limited to 4.5 kW for the single-phase 170 V or lower input.

*31: In the case of AC- INT, the rated output voltage, the resistance load at the maximum current, 45 Hz to 65 Hz output.

10.10 Withstand Voltage and Insulation Resistance

Power input - Output/Chassis and Power input/Chassis - Output

	All models
Withstand voltage	AC 1500 V or DC 2130 V, 1 minute.
Insulation resistance	30 M Ω or higher (DC 500 V)

10.11 Measurement Function

All accuracy of the measurement function is indicated for 23 °C±5 °C.

View

All models	
Normal	Displays almost all the measured and setting values excluding the harmonic current measurement on one screen.
Simple	Enlarges and displays three items among all the measured values except the harmonic current measurement.

Voltage *32

All models		
Effective value (rms)	Full scale	250.0 V / 500.0 V
	Resolution	0.1 V
	Accuracy	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz ± (0.5 % of rdg + 0.3 V / 0.6 V) 40 Hz to 550 Hz ± (0.7 % of rdg + 0.9 V / 1.8 V)
DC average value (avg)	Full scale	±250.0 V / ±500.0 V
	Resolution	0.1 V
	Accuracy	DC ± (0.5 % of rdg + 0.3 V / 0.6 V)
Peak value (pk) (each of max and min)	Full scale	±250.0 V / ±500.0 V
	Resolution	0.1 V
	Accuracy *33	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz ± (2 % of rdg + 1 V / 2 V)

*32: The accuracy values are in the case that the output voltage is within voltage setting range. In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase, this specification is for the phase voltage and the DC average value display cannot be selected.

*33: The accuracy of the peak value is for a waveform of DC or sine wave.

Voltage (Line voltage. Only with the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model. Only with sine waveform output.)

Polyphase model, Polyphase system, Polyphase output of the Multi-phase model		
Effective value (rms) *34	Full scale	1P3W: 500.0 V / 1000.0 V 3P4W: 433.0 V / 866.0 V
	Resolution	0.1 V

*34: The displayed value is the result of calculation with the phase voltage measured value and the phase angle setting value regarding the output voltage waveform as a sine wave.

10. Specifications

Current (phase current) *35 *36

		Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
		015GS,030GD,045G T, 045GM (polyphase output)	030GS,060GD,090G T, 090GM (polyphase output)	045GS, 045GM (single-phase output)	090GD
Effective value (rms)	Full scale	20 A / 10 A	40 A / 20 A	60 A / 30 A	
	Resolution	0.01 A			
	Accuracy	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.04 \text{ A} / 0.04 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.08 \text{ A} / 0.04 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.12 \text{ A} / 0.06 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.16 \text{ A} / 0.08 \text{ A})$			
		40 Hz to 550 Hz $\pm (0.7 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.04 \text{ A} / 0.04 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.7 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.08 \text{ A} / 0.04 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.7 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.12 \text{ A} / 0.06 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.7 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.16 \text{ A} / 0.08 \text{ A})$			
DC average value (avg)	Full scale	$\pm 20 \text{ A} / \pm 10 \text{ A}$	$\pm 40 \text{ A} / \pm 20 \text{ A}$	$\pm 60 \text{ A} / \pm 30 \text{ A}$	
	Resolution	0.01 A			
	Accuracy	DC $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.04 \text{ A} / 0.04 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.08 \text{ A} / 0.04 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.12 \text{ A} / 0.06 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.16 \text{ A} / 0.08 \text{ A})$			
Peak value (pk) (each of max and min)	Full scale	$\pm 80 \text{ A} / \pm 40 \text{ A}$	$\pm 160 \text{ A} / \pm 80 \text{ A}$	$\pm 240 \text{ A} / \pm 120 \text{ A}$	
	Resolution	0.01 A			
	Accuracy (Reference Value) *37	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz $\pm (2 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.2 \text{ A} / 0.2 \text{ A})$ $\pm (2 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.4 \text{ A} / 0.2 \text{ A})$ $\pm (2 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.6 \text{ A} / 0.3 \text{ A})$ $\pm (2 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.8 \text{ A} / 0.4 \text{ A})$			
	Hold	Holds the maximum values of max and min with the polarity (with the clear function)			

		Single-phase model, Single-phase three-wire model, Single-phase output of Multi-phase model				
		060GS, 120GD	075GS	090GS, 090GM	105GS	120GS
Effective value (rms)	Full scale	80 A / 40 A	100 A / 50 A	120 A / 60 A	140 A / 70 A	160 A / 80 A
	Resolution	0.01 A				
	Accuracy	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.16 \text{ A} / 0.08 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.24 \text{ A} / 0.12 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.32 \text{ A} / 0.16 \text{ A})$				
		40 Hz to 550 Hz $\pm (0.7 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.16 \text{ A} / 0.08 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.7 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.24 \text{ A} / 0.12 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.7 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.32 \text{ A} / 0.16 \text{ A})$				
DC average value (avg)	Full scale	$\pm 80 \text{ A} / \pm 40 \text{ A}$	$\pm 100 \text{ A} / \pm 50 \text{ A}$	$\pm 120 \text{ A} / \pm 60 \text{ A}$	$\pm 140 \text{ A} / \pm 70 \text{ A}$	$\pm 160 \text{ A} / \pm 80 \text{ A}$
	Resolution	0.01 A				
	Accuracy	DC $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.16 \text{ A} / 0.08 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.24 \text{ A} / 0.12 \text{ A})$ $\pm (0.5 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.32 \text{ A} / 0.16 \text{ A})$				
Peak value (pk) (each of max and min)	Full scale	$\pm 320 \text{ A} / \pm 160 \text{ A}$	$\pm 400 \text{ A} / \pm 200 \text{ A}$	$\pm 480 \text{ A} / \pm 240 \text{ A}$	$\pm 560 \text{ A} / \pm 280 \text{ A}$	$\pm 640 \text{ A} / \pm 320 \text{ A}$
	Resolution	0.01 A				
	Accuracy (Reference Value) *37	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz $\pm (2 \% \text{ of rdg} + 0.8 \text{ A} / 0.4 \text{ A})$ $\pm (2 \% \text{ of rdg} + 1.2 \text{ A} / 0.6 \text{ A})$ $\pm (2 \% \text{ of rdg} + 1.6 \text{ A} / 0.8 \text{ A})$				
	Hold	Holds the maximum values of max and min with the polarity (with the clear function)				

*35: The accuracy values are in the case that the output current is 5 % to 100 % of the maximum current.

*36: The accuracy of the peak value is for a waveform of DC or sine wave.

*37: In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase, these are the specifications for the phase current. The DC average value display cannot be selected.

Power *38 *39 *40 *41

		Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
		015GS, 030GD, 045GT, 045GM (polyphase output)	030GS, 060GD, 090GT, 090GM (polyphase output)	045GS, 045GM (single-phase output)	090GD
Active (W)	Full scale	1800 W	3600 W	5400 W	
	Resolution	0.1 W / 1 W (1000 W or higher)			
	Accuracy *42	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz			
		±(1 % of rdg + 1.5W)	±(1 % of rdg + 1.5W)	±(1% of rdg + 2.25 W)	±(1 % of rdg + 3 W)
Apparent (VA)	Full scale	2250 VA	4500 VA	6750 VA	
	Resolution	0.1 VA / 1 VA (1000 VA or higher)			
	Accuracy	45 Hz to 65 Hz			
		±(2 % of rdg + 3 VA)	±(2 % of rdg + 3 VA)	±(2% of rdg + 4.5 VA)	±(2 % of rdg + 6 VA)
Reactive (var)	Full scale	2250 var	4500 var	6750 var	
	Resolution	0.1 var / 1 var (1000 var or higher)			
	Accuracy *43	45 Hz to 65 Hz			
		±(2 % of rdg + 3 var)	±(2 % of rdg + 3 var)	±(2% of rdg + 4.5var)	±(2 % of rdg + 6 var)

		Single-phase model, Single-phase three-wire model, Single-phase output of the Multi-phase model				
		060GS, 120GD	075GS	090GS, 090GM	105GS	120GS
Active (W)	Full scale	7200 W	9000 W	10800 W	12600 W	14400 W
	Resolution	0.1 W / 1 W (1000 W or higher)				
	Accuracy *42	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz				
		±(1 % of rdg + 3 W)	±(1 % of rdg + 4.5 W)		±(1 % of rdg + 6 W)	
Apparent (VA)	Full scale	9000 VA	11250 VA	13500 VA	15750 VA	18000 VA
	Resolution	0.1 VA / 1 VA (1000 VA or higher)				
	Accuracy	45 Hz to 65 Hz				
		±(2 % of rdg + 6 VA)	±(2 % of rdg + 9 VA)		±(2 % of rdg + 12 VA)	
Reactive (var)	Full scale	9000 var	11250 var	13500 var	15750 var	18000 var
	Resolution	0.1 var / 1 var (1000 var or higher)				
	Accuracy *43	45 Hz to 65 Hz				
		±(2 % of rdg + 6 var)	±(2 % of rdg + 9 var)		±(2 % of rdg + 12 var)	

*38: All in the case of sine wave, 50 V or higher output voltage, and that the output current is 10 % or higher of the maximum current.

*39: In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase, these are the specifications for each phase.

*40: In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase, the all-phase total display is available.

*41: The apparent and reactive powers are not displayed in the DC mode.

*42: The active power is for the load with the power factor 1. In the case of the load with the power factor 0.5 to lower than 1, the accuracy is twice the value with the power factor 1.

*43: The reactive power is for the load with the power factor 0.5 or lower.

10. Specifications

Load power factor, Load crest factor

		All models
Power factor *44	Measurement range	0.00 to 1.00
	Resolution	0.01
Crest factor	Measurement range	0.00 to 50.00
	Resolution	0.01

*44: The power factor is not displayed in the DC mode.

Synchronization frequency (only SYNC)

		All models
Display range		38.0 Hz to 525.0 Hz
Resolution		0.1 Hz
Accuracy		±0.2 Hz

Harmonic current (AC-INT, fundamental wave 50 Hz/60 Hz only, phase current) *45

		Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
		015GS,030GD, 045GT, 045GM (polyphase output)	030GS,060GD, 090GT, 090GM (polyphase output)	045GS, 045GM (single-phase output)	090GD
Effective value (rms)	Measurement range	Up to 40th order of the fundamental wave			
	Full scale	20 A / 10 A 100 %	40 A / 20 A 100 %	60 A / 30 A 100 %	
Percent (%)	Resolution	0.01 A 0.1 %			
	Accuracy (at RMS, reference value)	Up to 20th ± (1 % of rdg + 0.2 A / 0.2 A)			
		21st to 40th ± (1.5 % of rdg + 0.2 A / 0.2 A)			

		Single-phase model, Single-phase three-wire model, Single-phase output of the Multi-phase model				
		060GS, 120GD	075GS	090GS, 090GM	105GS	120GS
Effective value (rms)	Measurement range	Up to 40th order of the fundamental wave				
	Full scale	80 A / 40 A 100 %	100 A / 50 A 100 %	120 A / 60 A 100 %	140 A / 70 A 100 %	160 A / 80 A 100 %
Percent (%)	Resolution	0.01 A 0.1 %				
	Accuracy (at RMS, reference value)	Up to 20th ± (1 % of rdg + 0.8 A / 0.4 A)				
		21st to 40th ± (1.5 % of rdg + 0.8 A / 0.4 A)				

*45: The measurement does not conform to the IEC or other standard.

Display of emission CO₂

All models	
Displayed items	Displays the instantaneous (kgCO ₂ /h) and integration (tCO ₂ , can be cleared) values for the internal loss and the output power
Full scale	Instantaneous: 20 kgCO ₂ /h, Integration: 2000 tCO ₂
Resolution	Instantaneous: 0.001 kgCO ₂ /h, Integration: 0.000001 tCO ₂
Emission CO ₂ coefficient	Variable (resolution 0.000001 tCO ₂ /kWh) Factory default: 0.000555 tCO ₂ /kWh

10.12 Power Unit Energization Setting

The power consumption can be decreased by decreasing the number of the power units in operation according to the load capacity. Each power unit can be enabled (energized)/disabled (not energized) separately. (1.5 kVA or 1.5 kW/power unit)

	Single-phase model and Single-phase output of Multi-phase model							
	015GS	030GS	045GS 045GM	060GS	075GS	090GS 090GM	105GS	120GS
Number of units	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Energizing setting *46	No	Yes						

*46: Can be set for only a model with more than one unit.

	Polyphase model and Polyphase output of Multi-phase model					
	030GD	060GD	090GD	120GD	045GT 045GM	090GT 090GM
Number of units (per phase)	1	2	3	4	1	2
Energizing setting *47	No	Yes			No	Yes

*47: Can be set for only a model with more than one unit per phase.

10.13 Current Limiter

This controls the output voltage for the output current to be within the limiter setting value when the peak value or RMS exceeds it. The output can be configured to be turned off when the limited state continues over the specified time.

In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, the settings are made for the phase current and common to all the phases.

Peak current limiter

		Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
		015GS, 030GD, 045GT, 045GM (polyphase output)	030GS, 060GD, 090GT, 090GM (polyphase output)	045GS, 090GD, 045GM (single-phase output)	060GS, 120GD
Positive current *48	Setting Range (Peak value)	+7.5 A to +63.0 A / +3.7 A to +31.5 A	+15.0 A to +126.0 A / +7.5 A to +63.0 A	+22.5 A to +189.0 A / +11.2 A to +94.5 A	+30.0 A to +252.0 A / +15.0 A to +126.0 A
	Factory default	+63.0 A / +31.5 A	+126.0 A / +63.0 A	+189.0 A / +94.5 A	+252.0 A / +126.0 A
Negative current *48	Setting Range (Peak value)	-63.0 A to -7.5 A / -31.5 A to -3.7 A	-126.0 A to -15.0 A / -63.0 A to -7.5 A	-189.0 A to -22.5 A / -94.5 A to -11.2 A	-252.0 A to -30.0 A / -126.0 A to -15.0 A
	Factory default	-63.0 A / -31.5 A	-126.0 A / -63.0 A	-189.0 A / -94.5 A	-252.0 A / -126.0 A
Resolution		0.1 A			
Limiter operation		Select whether to recover automatically (continuous) or turn the output off when the limited state continues over the specified time (1 s to 10 s, resolution 1 s). Factory default setting is output OFF when the limit state continues for 10 s.			

		Single-phase model and Single-phase output of Multi-phase model			
		075GS	090GS, 090GM	105GS	120GS
Positive current *48	Setting Range (Peak value)	+37.5 A to +315.0 A / +18.7 A to +157.5 A	+45.0 A to +378.0 A / +22.5 A to +189.0 A	+52.5 A to +441.0 A / +26.2 A to +220.5 A	+60.0 A to +504.0 A / +30.0 A to +252.0 A
	Factory default	+315.0 A / +157.5 A	+378.0 A / +189.0 A	+441.0 A / +220.5 A	+504.0 A / +252.0 A
Negative current *48	Setting Range (Peak value)	-315.0 A to -37.5 A / -157.5 A to -18.7 A	-378.0 A to -45.0 A / -189.0 A to -22.5 A	-441.0 A to -52.5 A / -220.5 A to -26.2 A	-504.0 A to -60.0 A / -252.0 A to -30.0 A
	Factory default	-315.0 A / -157.5 A	-378.0 A / -189.0 A	-441.0 A / -220.5 A	-504.0 A / -252.0 A
Resolution		0.1 A			
Limiter operation		Select whether to recover automatically (continuous) or turn the output off when the limited state continues over the specified time (1 s to 10 s, resolution 1 s). Factory default setting is output OFF when the limit state continues for 10 s.			

*48: If you increased or decreased the number of units by the power unit energization setting, the factory default setting corresponding to the capacity is used. (Example: In the case that only 3 units operate in 6 kVA model, the factory default setting of 4.5 kVA model is used.)

RMS current limiter

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
	015GS,030GD, 045GT, 045GM (polyphase output)	030GS,060GD, 090GT, 090GM (polyphase output)	045GS, 090GD, 045GM (single-phase output)	060GS, 120GD
Setting range (effective value) *49	0.8 A to 15.8 A / 0.8 A to 7.9 A	1.5 A to 31.5 A / 1.5 A to 15.8 A	2.3 A to 47.3 A / 2.3 A to 23.7 A	3.0 A to 63.0 A / 3.0 A to 31.5 A
Factory default	15.8 A / 7.9 A	31.5 A / 15.8 A	47.3 A / 23.7 A	63.0 A / 31.5 A
Resolution	0.1 A			
Limiter operation	Select whether to recover automatically (continuous) or turn the output off when the limited state continues over the specified time (1 s to 10 s, resolution 1 s). Factory default setting is output OFF when the limit state continues for 10 s.			

	Single-phase model and Single-phase output of Multi-phase model			
	075GS	090GS, 090GM	105GS	120GS
Setting range (effective value) *49	3.8 A to 78.8 A / 3.8 A to 39.4 A	4.5 A to 94.5 A / 4.5 A to 47.3 A	5.3 A to 110.3 A / 5.3 A to 55.2 A	6.0 A to 126.0 A / 6.0 A to 63.0 A
Factory default	78.8 A / 39.4 A	94.5 A / 47.3 A	110.3 A / 55.2 A	126.0 A / 63.0 A
Resolution	0.1 A			
Limiter operation	Select whether to recover automatically (continuous) or turn the output off when the limited state continues over the specified time (1 s to 10 s, resolution 1 s). Factory default setting is output OFF when the limit state continues for 10 s.			

*49: If you increased or decreased the number of units by the power unit energization setting, the factory default setting corresponding to the capacity is used. (Example: In the case that only 3 units operate in 6 kVA model, the factory default setting of 4.5 kVA model is used.)

10.14 Setting Range Limit Function

This is the limit function for the setting of the internal signal source. It works when the signal source is INT, VCA (frequency setting limit only), or SYNC (voltage setting limit only). The limitation does not work for the Sequence and Simulation.

In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, the setting is common to all the phases.

Voltage setting limit 1 (in the AC mode, and sine wave or clipped sine wave is selected)

		All models
Setting range (effective value)	*50	Phase voltage setting 0.1 V to 160.0 V / 0.1 V to 320.0 V
		Line voltage setting (single-phase three-wire) 0.2 V to 320.0 V / 0.2 V to 640.0 V
		Line voltage setting (three-phase four-wire) 0.2 V to 277.2 V / 0.2 V to 554.2 V
Factory default		Phase voltage setting, 160.0 V / 320.0 V
Resolution		Phase voltage setting: 0.1 V, line voltage setting: 0.2 V

*50: The line voltage setting is available only when the output voltage setting is set as the line voltage and sine wave is selected in the balanced mode of the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model.

Voltage setting limit 2 (other than Voltage setting limit 1, phase voltage setting only) *51

		All models
Positive voltage	Setting Range (Peak value)	+0.1 V to +227.0 V / +0.1 V to +454.0 V
	Factory default	+227.0 V / +454.0 V
Negative voltage	Setting Range (Peak value)	-227.0 V to -0.1 V / -454.0 V to -0.1 V
	Factory default	-227.0 V / -454.0 V
Resolution		0.1 V

*51: The limitation is applied to the additional values of the AC voltage setting (recalculated to a peak value) and the DC voltage setting.

Frequency setting limit (the lower limit \leq the upper limit) *52

		All models
Upper limit	Setting Range	1.00 Hz (AC mode : 40.00 Hz) to 550.00 Hz
	Factory default	550.00 Hz
Lower limit	Setting Range	1.00 Hz (AC mode : 40.00 Hz) to 550.00 Hz
	Factory default	1.00 Hz (AC mode : 40.00 Hz)
Resolution		0.01 Hz

*52: In the AC mode, the setting range is 40.00 Hz to 550.00 Hz.

10.15 Remote Sensing

This switches the voltage used for measurement. When the remote sensing is on, the sensing input terminal voltage is used. When it is off, the output terminal voltage is used.

By combining with AGC or Autocal, a voltage drop due to wiring to the load can be compensated. When the remote sensing is on, the output voltage detection point corrected by the AGC or Autocal function is switched to the sensing input terminal. When AGC or Autocal is off, only the detection voltage used for measurement display is switched.

Effective only for AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. It is turned off when the Sequence or Simulation is selected.

However, in case the stand-by state of sequence mode (step 0) effective only for AC-INT, ACDC-INT and DC-INT and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. Remote sensing cannot be activated unless either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is 0 V for ACDC-INT. Also, remote sensing is turned off once when you change ACDC mode from AC mode of DC mode even in stand-by state. Turn ON it again when you need.

	Measurement voltage, power, power factor	AGC/Autocal	
		Off	On
On	Use the sensing input terminal voltage	Not active	Active
Off	Use the output terminal voltage	Not active (factory default)	Active

10.16 AGC

When the AGC (Automatic Gain Control) is on, the detection point voltage is always measured, and the output voltage is continuously corrected so that its effective value is equal to the output voltage setting value. The fluctuation of the detection point voltage can be suppressed even when the load is fluctuated. The detection point can be switched between the sensing input terminal (remote sensing on) and the output terminal (remote sensing off).

Effective only for AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. It is turned off when the Sequence or Simulation is selected. It cannot be selected when the Autocal is set to on.

	All models
Response time	Within 100 ms (typ.) (DC/50 Hz/60 Hz, at the rated output voltage)
Operation range	The output voltage setting is 8 V or higher
Calibration range	Within $\pm 10\%$ (difference between the output voltage and measured value) The output voltage should be within the allowed voltage setting range of the product.
Accuracy	Within $\pm 0.5\text{ V} / \pm 1.0\text{ V}$ (in the case of DC, 40 Hz to 550 Hz, 50 V or higher output voltage, resistance load, the output current is the maximum current or less)

10.17 Autocal (Output Voltage Compensation)

When the Autocal (Automatic Calibration) is on, the detection point voltage is always measured, and the output voltage is continuously corrected so that its effective value is equal to the output voltage setting value. The ratio (correction factor) of the detection point voltage to the output voltage setting value is used until the Autocal or the power is turned off. Therefore, the detection point voltage is not necessarily maintained if the load changes while the Autocal is on. The detection point can be switched between the sensing input terminal (remote sensing on) and the output terminal (remote sensing off).

Unlike the AGC, it cannot follow a load fluctuation because it does not keep track of the voltage. On the other hand, when the load is stable, it has a merit of short response time on changing the output voltage setting.

Effective only for AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. It is turned off when the Sequence or Simulation is selected. It cannot be selected when the AGC is set to on.

However, in case the stand-by state of sequence mode (step 0) effective only for AC-INT, ACDC-INT and DC-INT and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. Autocal cannot be activated unless either AC voltage or DC voltage setting is 0 V for ACDC-INT. Also, Autocal is turned off once when you change ACDC mode from AC mode of DC mode even in stand-by state. Turn ON it again when you need.

		All models
Restriction when on		The output voltage setting is 8 V or higher
Calibration range	*53	Within $\pm 10\%$ (difference between the output voltage and measured value) The output voltage should be within the allowed voltage setting range of the product.
Accuracy	*53	Within $\pm 0.5\text{ V} / \pm 1.0\text{ V}$ (in the case of DC, 40 Hz to 550 Hz, 50 V or higher output voltage, resistance load, the output current is the maximum current or less)

*53: The values of the calibration range and accuracy are the ones at the time when the Autocal is turned on.

10.18 Sequence

Effective only for AC-INT, ACDC-INT, and DC-INT.

	All models
Number of memories	5 (non-volatile)
Number of steps	Maximum 255 (for each sequence)
Setting range of Step Time	0.0010 s to 999.9999 s
Intra-Step behavior	Constant, Keep, Linear Sweep
Parameter *54 *55 *56 *57	Output range AC/DC mode (The signal source is fixed to INT) (The above 2 items are common within one sequence) AC phase voltage, frequency, waveform DC voltage Start Phase Stop Phase Phase angle Step termination Jump count (1 to 9999, or infinite) Specification of the Jump-to step Synchronous step output (2bit) Specification of the branch step Trigger output
Sequence control	Start Stop Hold Resume Branch 1, Branch 2

- *54: The output of AC voltage, Frequency and DC voltage of step 0 can be changed on Sequence Edit View during output ON.
- *55: For DC-INT, the AC phase voltage, frequency, waveform, Start Phase, and Stop Phase cannot be set.
- *56: The DC voltage cannot be set in the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model.
- *57: The Phase angle can be set only in the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model. The Start Phase and Stop Phase are specified for the L1 phase, and the component of the Phase angle setting is added to them for the other phases.

10.19 Simulation

This allows you to simulate power line abnormalities, such as blackout, voltage rise, voltage drop, abrupt phase change, and abrupt frequency change. It can be used only for AC, sine wave, and ACDC-INT. Note that it does not support IEC or other standards test. When performing the tests specified by the standards, use appropriate peripheral equipment. In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, only the balanced mode is available.

All models	
Number of memories	5 (non-volatile)
Number of steps	6 (Initial, Normal 1, Trans 1, Abnormal, Trans 2, Normal 2)
Setting range of Step Time	0.0010 s to 999.9999 s (0 s is available only for the Transition Step)
Parameter	<p>Output range (The above item is common within the Simulation) AC voltage Frequency Waveform (sine wave only) Start Phase (excluding the Transition Step) Stop Phase (excluding the Transition Step) Synchronous step output (2bit) Trigger output Repeat count (1 to 9999 times or infinite)</p>
Simulation control	Start Stop

10.20 Clipped Sine Wave

The peak clipped sine wave can be output, based on the crest factor (CF) setting or the percent setting to the peak value.

		All models
Number of memories		3 (non-volatile)
CF *58 *59	Variable range	1.10 to 1.41
	Factory default	1.41
	Setting resolution	0.01
	Effective value correction	Yes
Clip ratio *58 *60	Variable range	40.0 % to 100.0 %
	Factory default	100.0 %
	Setting resolution	0.1 %
	Effective value correction	None

*58: In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, these are the settings for the phase voltage.

*59: The crest factor is represented as "voltage peak value/voltage effective value." It is 1.41 for sine wave.

*60: When the clip ratio is specified, the peak is clipped by the voltage corresponding to the specified % to the peak value of the setting voltage (100 %).

Example) For the output voltage setting of 100 Vrms and the clip rate of 80 %, the peak is clipped at 113.1 Vpk.

10.21 External Signal Input

The external signal input works differently depending on the selection of the signal source.

10.21.1 External Synchronous Signal Input (Signal Source SYNC only)

This is the signal to synchronize the frequency of the internal signal source with the one of the external signal source.

When the signal source is SYNC, you can select whether to synchronize with this external signal input or the power input frequency of the product. When synchronizing with the power input frequency, no signal input is needed.

	All models	Factory default
Synchronization signal source switch	External synchronization signal (EXT) or Power input (LINE)	LINE
Synchronization frequency range	40 Hz to 500 Hz	
Input terminal	BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced)	
Input impedance	1 MΩ	
Threshold of input voltage	TTL level	
Minimum pulse width	500 μs	
Nondestructive maximum input voltage	±10 V	

10.21.2 Voltage Setting Signal Input (Signal Source VCA only)

This is the signal to set the output voltage amplitude of the internal signal source (DC input).

Output voltage (Vpk) = Voltage setting signal (Vdc) × Gain (Vpk/Vdc)

Example 1) For the AC mode, signal source = VCA, the gain of 100.0, and the voltage setting signal input of 1 Vdc, the output voltage is 100 Vpk.



Example 2) For the AC mode, signal source = VCA, the gain of 141.4, and the voltage setting signal input of 1 Vdc, the output voltage is 141.4 Vpk (=100 Vrms).

		All models	Factory default
Gain setting range	*61	100 V range: 0.0 to 227.0 times	100
		200 V range: 0.0 to 454.0 times	200
Setting resolution	*61	0.1	
Gain accuracy	*62	±5 %	
Input terminal		BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced) Also used as the external synchronization signal input	
Input impedance		1 MΩ	
Input voltage range		±2.2 V (A/D resolution 10 bit)	
Nondestructive maximum input voltage		±10 V	

*61: In the polyphase model, polyphase system, and polyphase output of the Multi-phase model, the setting is common to all the phases.

*62: DC or 45 Hz to 65 Hz, the gain is the factory default, the rated output voltage, no load.

10.22 General Function

		Description	Factory default
LCD display setting	Contrast	0 to 99	
	Color	Blue tone or white tone	Blue tone
Beep (key operation, erroneous operation)		On or Off Alarms on abnormal situation regardless of the setting	On
Key lock		On or Off On: Only key lock-off and output-off are available	Off
Output relay control		Enable: The output relay is used to turn the output on/off Disable: The output relay is not used. High impedance to turn the output off	Enable
Output setting at power-on		On or Off On: Output on after power-on	Off
Trigger output setting		Polarity: positive  or negative  Pulse width: 0.1 ms to 10 ms (resolution 0.1 ms)	Negative 10 ms
Time unit setting for Sequence and Simulation		ms or s	s
Reset function		Resets the items stored in the System Setting Memory (excluding the external interface and external control setting) and the items that are to be reset at power-on, to the factory default settings.	

10.23 Memory Function

You can save basic settings (AC/DC mode, signal source, output range, AC setting, DC setting, current limiter, setting range limit, etc.) for each output phase configuration in the non-volatile Basic Setting Memory of No.1 to No.30, and recall them to use when the output is off. The No.1 setting is restored at power-on. The No.0 setting includes the setting items for the factory default.

The external control, display, and other settings are saved in non-volatile System Setting Memory when they are changed by the panel operation or remote command.

The Sequence, Simulation and clipped sine wave are saved in their own non-volatile memories.

Items in the Basic Setting Memory *63

	Factory default
Output range	100 V range
AC/DC mode	AC mode
Signal source	INT
External synchronization signal (LINE or EXT)	LINE
AC voltage setting	0 V
Frequency	50 Hz
Output waveform	Sine wave
Output on phase and output off phase	0.0°
Phase voltage/Line voltage setting selection	Phase voltage
Phase angle setting	Single-phase three-wire: 180° Three-phase four-wire: 120°, 240°
Balanced/Unbalanced	Balanced
DC voltage setting	0 V
Current limiter	See 10.13
Setting range limit	See 10.14
External input gain	100 / 200

*63: Some items do not exist depending on the AC/DC mode or signal source.

Items in the System Setting Memory

	Factory default
Output function	Continuous
DC offset setting	0 mV
Measurement display mode	Normal View
Measurement unit selection	rms
Power unit energization setting	All enabled (energization)
Remote sensing	Off
AGC	Off
General function	See 10.22 (excluding the time unit setting of the Step Time for the Sequence and Simulation)
Monitor output target	Current (L1 phase)
External interface	USB
External control	Disabled

10.24 Self-diagnosis/Protection Function

At power-on	Description
ROM check	Checks the internal ROM.
RAM check	Checks the internal RAM.
Basic setting Memory check	Checks the Basic Setting Memory.
System Setting Memory check	Checks the System Setting Memory.
Waveform Memory check	Checks the Waveform Memory.
Sequence Memory check	Checks the Sequence Memory.
Simulation Memory check	Checks the Simulation Memory.
Adjustment value memory check	Checks the adjustment data memory.
Version check	Checks the version of the internal software.
System configuration check	Checks the polyphase system.

While energizing	Description
Abnormal output	Turns off the panel display and output when an output overvoltage or overcurrent is detected.
Power unit error	Turns off the panel display and output when a power unit error is detected.
Internal control error	Turns off the panel display and output when an internal communication or other error is detected. Also stops all the operations excluding power-off.

10.25 External Control I/O



The following functions can be selected.

Item	Description
Disable	Disable the control input of the CONTROL I/O. The status output signal is output. (See 10.25.1)
Enable	Enable the CONTROL I/O. (See 10.25.1)
DevCtrl	You can control DIP. (See 10.25.2)

10.25.1 CONTROL I/O

When you enabled the external control from the menu, you can control this product by using the external signal (or non voltage contact). The state output is always on. The detection and state switching is done at 10 ms-cycle. If the Remote state is achieved by the external interface, a control input is ignored.

It is not available to use *10.25.2* at the same time.

Item		Description	Factory default	
Control input	External control input		Enabled or Disabled	
	Input level		TTL *64	
	Nondestructive maximum input		+10 V / -5 V	
	Input impedance		Pull-up to +5 V via 47 kΩ	
	Control	Output Off		Falling Off
		Output On		Falling On
		Sequence start/resume	*65	Falling Start
		Stop of sequence	*65	Falling Stop
		Sequence is in the Hold status		Falling Hold
		Sequence branch 1		Falling Branch start
		Sequence branch 2		Falling Branch start
		Memory recall (+ compile)	*66	Falling Recall
		Memory specification 1		Specify 0 to 3 (Equivalent to memory 1 to 4, respectively)
		Memory specification 2		
Clear the current peak-hold value		Falling Clear		
State output	Output level		TTL *67	
	Output impedance		220 Ω	
	Polarity *68		Positive or negative	negative
	Status	Power On/Off		Low: Off, High: On
		Output On/Off*		Low: On, High: Off (Negative) Low: Off, High: On (Positive)
		Protection operation*		Low: Active, High: None (Negative) Low: None, High: Active (Positive)
		Limiter operation*		Low: Active, High: None (Negative) Low: None, High: Active (Positive)
		AGC/Autocal setting state*		Low: On, High: Off (Negative) Low: Off, High: On (Positive)
		Software busy*		Low: Busy, High: Ready (Negative) Low: Ready, High: Busy (Positive)
		Output range		Low: 200 V, High: 100 V
		Sequence operation Step sync 1	*65	High level or Low level
		Sequence operation Step sync 2	*65	
		Trigger		positive  or negative 
Terminal	D-sub 25-pin multi-connector (rear panel, female, M2.6 screw)			

*64: Low: 0.8 V or lower, High: 2.6 V or higher, the chassis potential.

*65: Sequence start and stop of the control input are effective for the Simulation as well. Also, step sync output 1 and 2 of the control output are effective for the Simulation as well.

*66: The memory recall input of the control input recalls the setting memory for the Normal (Continuous), the Sequence Memory for the Sequence, and the Simulation Memory for the Simulation. For the Sequence and Simulation, the compile data is also included.

*67: Low: 0.4 V or lower, High: 2.7 V or higher, the chassis potential.

*68: Polarity reverse (collective) is available only for the state with *.

10.25.2 Control of Peripherals by Device Control

You can control DIP.

Set external control function to DevCtrl and connect between CONTROL I/O connector of this product and CONTROL SIGNAL connector and QUICK CHANGE SYNC INPUT connector of DIP with the attached cable of DIP. The quick change sync signal is output from this product.

It is not available to use 10.25.1 at the same time.

10.26 External Interface

This is the interface to control the product from an external computer. The RS232 and USB interfaces are provided by default, and either GPIB or LAN interface can be chosen when ordering. (Both GPIB and LAN cannot be chosen.)

The command language is compliant with the SCPI Specification Version 1999.0. (Factory default is USB).

USB interface (USB1.1) *69

Item	Description
Device class	USBTMC
ID	Already assigned for each device
Terminator	“LF”

*69: The use of USB hub may cause a communication failure. It is recommended to use a fully-shielded, short cable.

RS232 interface *70 *71

Item	Description or Selection	Factory default
Terminal	D-sub 9-pin (male, UNC #4-40 screw)	
Baud rate	9600 / 19200	9600 bps
Terminator	“CR” “LF” / “CR” / “LF”	“CR” “LF”
Parity	None/Odd/Even	None
Stop bit	1 / 2	1 bit
Data bit	7 / 8	8 bit
Flow control	None/Hardware/Software	None

*70: Binary transmission is not supported.

*71: Use a cross cable.

GPIB interface (IEEE488.1 std 1987) *72 *73

Item	Description or Selection	Factory default
Address	0 to 30	2
Terminator	“LF”	

*72: Binary transmission is not supported.

*73: Query for the main unit status byte using a serial poll is not supported.

LAN interface (IEEE802.3, LXI 1.4 Core 2011) *74

Item	Description or Selection	Factory default
Terminal	RJ-45 modular jack	
Transmission method	Ethernet(100BASE-TX / 10BASE-T)	
Communication protocol	SCPI-RAW	
Terminator	“LF”	
IP address setting	Auto, Fixed	Auto

*74: Binary transmission is not supported.

10.27 USB Memory Interface

Commercial USB memory sticks can be used.

		Description
Available memory	*75	USB 1.1 or USB 2.0-compliant product
Connector		USB-A (front panel)
Format		FAT32
Writable/readable contents		Basic Setting Memory, Sequence, Simulation
File operation	*76	Create dedicated directory, rename, load, and save 2-byte characters (Japanese, etc.) are not supported.

*75: We do not guarantee that all USB memories can be operational with this product.

*76: The time stamp recorded on a file is different from the actual date and time.

10.28 Waveform Monitor Output

This can monitor the waveform of the output voltage or current. (only one terminal)

		Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
		015GS,030GD, 045GT, 045GM (polyphase output)	030GS,060GD, 090GT, 090GM (polyphase output)	045GS, 045GM (single-phase output)	060GS, 090GD, 120GD
Monitored		Output phase voltage or output phase current (switched)			
Gain	Phase voltage	$\frac{1}{200} / \frac{1}{400}$			
	Phase current *77	$\frac{1}{50} / \frac{1}{25}$	$\frac{1}{100} / \frac{1}{50}$	$\frac{1}{150} / \frac{1}{75}$	$\frac{1}{200} / \frac{1}{100}$
Accuracy	*78	$\pm 5\%$			
Output terminal		BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced)			
Output impedance		600 Ω			

		Single-phase model and Single-phase output of Multi-phase model			
		075GS	090GS, 090GM	105GS	120GS
Monitored		Output phase voltage or output phase current (switched)			
Gain	Phase voltage	$\frac{1}{200} / \frac{1}{400}$			
	Phase current *77	$\frac{1}{300} / \frac{1}{150}$		$\frac{1}{400} / \frac{1}{200}$	
Accuracy	*78	$\pm 5\%$			
Output terminal		BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced)			
Output impedance		600 Ω			

*77: If you increased or decreased the number of units by the power unit energization setting, the gain corresponding to the capacity is used for the current monitor. (Example: In the case that only 3 units operate in 6 kVA model, the current gain of 4.5 kVA model is used. However, in 7.5 kVA or higher model, the current gain of 6.0 kVA model is used for 4.5 kVA output, and the one of 3.0 kVA model is used for 1.5 kVA output.)

*78: No load on the monitor output, the rated output voltage, the resistance load at the maximum current.

10.29 Operation Environment

	All models
Operation Environment	Indoor, Pollution Degree 2
Altitude	2000 m or lower
Operating temperature/ humidity	0 °C to +50 °C, 5 % to 85 %RH The absolute humidity should be 1 to 25 g/m ³ , without dew condensation. On some specifications, the temperature range limit is stricter.
Storage temperature/ humidity	-10 °C to +60 °C, 5 % to 95 %RH The absolute humidity should be 1 to 29 g/m ³ , without dew condensation.

Figure 10–1 shows the ranges of the ambient temperature and the humidity.

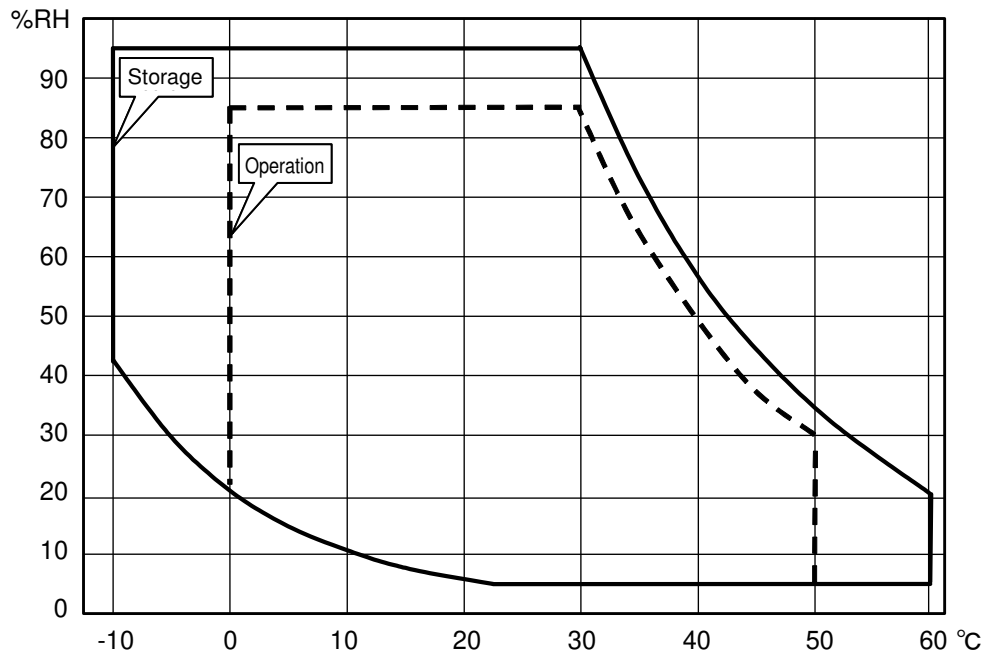


Figure 10-1 Range of Ambient Temperature/Humidity

10.30 Externals, Weight, and Terminal Block

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model			
	015GS	030GS,030GD	045GS, 045GT	060GS, 060GD
Dimensions (W×H×D) (Excluding projections)	430×398×562 mm		430×665×562 mm	
Weight	38 kg approx.	50 kg approx.	70 kg approx.	82 kg approx.
Power input terminal (rear)	Single-phase, three-phase three-wire, three-phase four-wire input: M6 screw			
Output terminal (rear)	M6 screw			
Outlet (Only for the single-phase model) (Front, 15 Amax)	For Japan/North America/Canada (NEMA 5-15, 100 V range only) Or for China (CPCS-CCC, model names are followed by "C".)			
Sensing input terminal (rear)	M4 screw			

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model			
	075GS	090GS,090GD, 090GT	105GS	120GS, 120GD
Dimensions (W×H×D) (Excluding projections)	430×1021×562 mm		430×1287×562 mm	
Weight	110 kg approx.	125 kg approx.	140 kg approx.	155 kg approx.
Power input terminal (rear)	Single-phase input: M8 upset bolt Three-phase three-wire, three-phase four-wire input: M6 screw			
Output terminal (rear)	M6 screw (polyphase model), M8 screw (single-phase model)			
Outlet (Only for the single-phase model) (Front, 15 Amax)	For Japan/North America/Canada (NEMA 5-15, 100 V range only) Or for China (CPCS-CCC, model names are followed by "C".)			
Sensing input terminal (rear)	M4 screw			

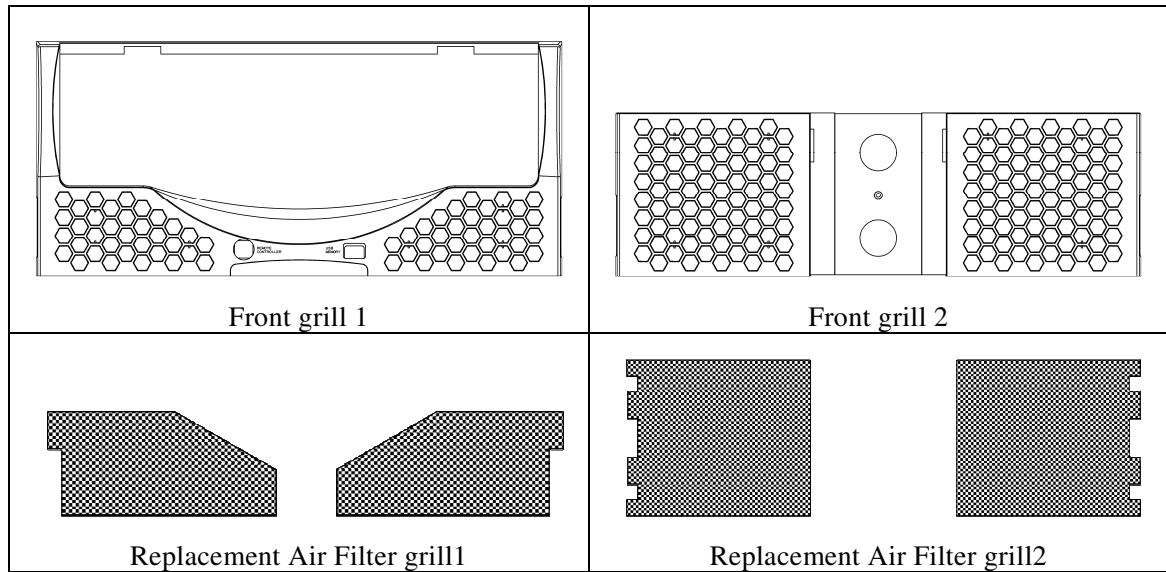
	Multi-phase model	
	045GM	090GM
Dimensions (W×H×D) (Excluding projections)	430×665×562 mm	430×1287×562 mm
Weight	75 kg approx.	130 kg approx.
Power input terminal (rear)	Single-phase, three-phase three-wire, three-phase four-wire input: M6 screw	Single-phase input: M8 upset bolt Three-phase three-wire, three-phase four-wire input: M6 screw
Single-phase Output terminal (rear)	M6 screw	M8 screw
Polyphase Output terminal (rear)	M6 screw	
Sensing input terminal (rear)	M4 screw	

10.31 Option

Option name	Description	Remarks
Remote Controller DP008	Multifunctional remote controller with numeric keypad and jog shuttle.	On order and after purchase
System Cable (1P3W) PA-001-1720	Allows you to configure the Single-phase three-wire system by using two of the configurable single-phase models.	On order and after purchase
System Cable (3P4W) PA-001-1721	Allows you to configure the Three-phase four-wire system by using three of the configurable single-phase models.	On order and after purchase
Rack-Mount Adapter EIA (inch) PA-001-1728 (Type1) PA-001-1729 (Type2) PA-001-1730 (Type3) PA-001-1731 (Type4) JIS (mm) PA-001-1732 (Type1) PA-001-1733 (Type2) PA-001-1734 (Type3) PA-001-1735 (Type4)	The rack-mount adapter is a set of brackets used to mount the product on the EIA or JIS standard compliant rack. Provided for each cabinet size.	On order and after purchase
Replacement Air Filter PA-001-1736 (grill 1) PA-001-1737 (grill 2)	Replacement air filters. Two types, double filters. Please refer to the correspondence table.	On order and after purchase
Power Cable (3 m) PA-001-3251 PA-001-3252 PA-001-3253 PA-001-3254 PA-001-3255 PA-001-3256 PA-001-3257 PA-001-3263 PA-001-3264	Cables for the power input. Please refer to the correspondence table.	On order and after purchase
Cable Holder PA-001-3245 PA-001-3246 PA-001-3247 PA-001-3248 PA-001-3249	Allows you to fix power cables and/or output cables by mounting it to this product. Please refer to the correspondence table.	On order and after purchase

10. Specifications

Correspondence table of air filter



Correspondence table of power cable

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
	015GS	030GS, 030GD	045GS, 045GT, 045GM	060GS, 060GD
Single-phase input	PA-001-3251	PA-001-3252		
Three-phase three-wire input	/		PA-001-3255	PA-001-3256
Three-phase four-wire input			PA-001-3263	

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
	075GS	090GS,090GD, 090GT,090GM	105GS	120GS,120GD
Single-phase input	PA-001-3253		PA-001-3254	
Three-phase three-wire input	PA-001-3256		PA-001-3257	
Three-phase four-wire input	PA-001-3264			

Correspondence table of cable holder

Power input side

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
	015GS	030GS, 030GD	045GS, 045GT, 045GM	060GS, 060GD
Single-phase input	PA-001-3246	PA-001-3247		
Three-phase three-wire input			PA-001-3245	PA-001-3249
Three-phase four-wire input			PA-001-3245	

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model, Multi-phase model			
	075GS	090GS,090GD, 090GT,090GM	105GS	120GS,120GD
Single-phase input	PA-001-3248			
Three-phase three-wire input	PA-001-3249			
Three-phase four-wire input				

Output side

	Single-phase model, Polyphase model		
	015GS,030GS,030GD, 060GD,045GT,090GT	045GS,060GS,090GD, 120GD	075GS,090GS,105GS, 120GS
Output	PA-001-3245	PA-001-3249	PA-001-3248

	Multi-phase model	
	045GM	090GM
Single-phase output	PA-001-3249	PA-001-3248
Polyphase output	PA-001-3245	

10.32 Outline Dimensional Drawing

The outlet of the single-phase model and the phase mode setting switch of the multi-phase are omitted.

The rear I/O terminal panel of the multi-phase consists of the upper and lower sections. (Upper: polyphase output terminal, Lower: power input terminal, sensing input terminal, single-phase output terminal)

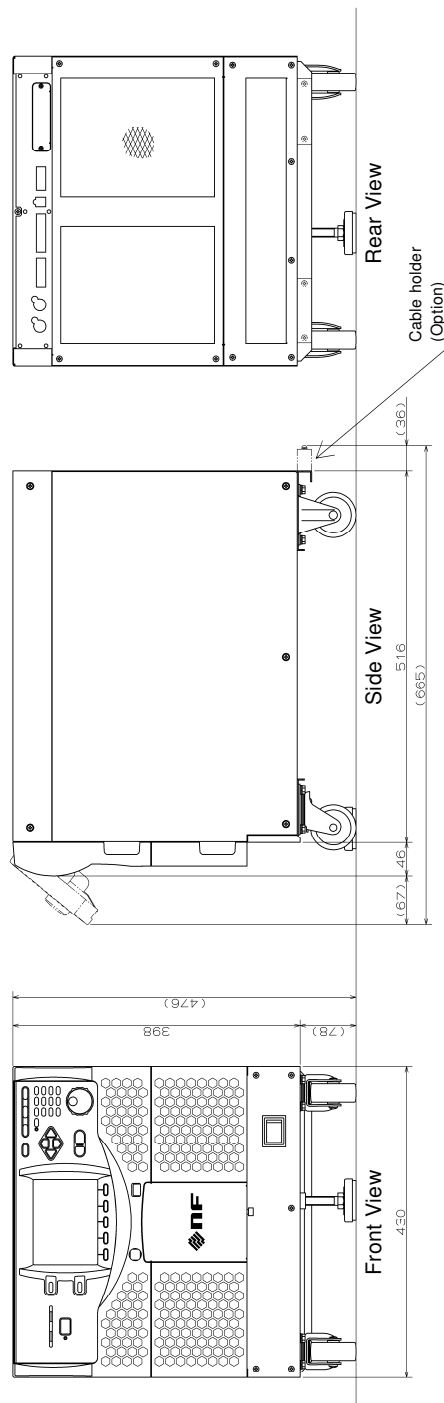


Figure 10-2 DP015GS, DP030GS, DP030GD (Type 1 cabinet)

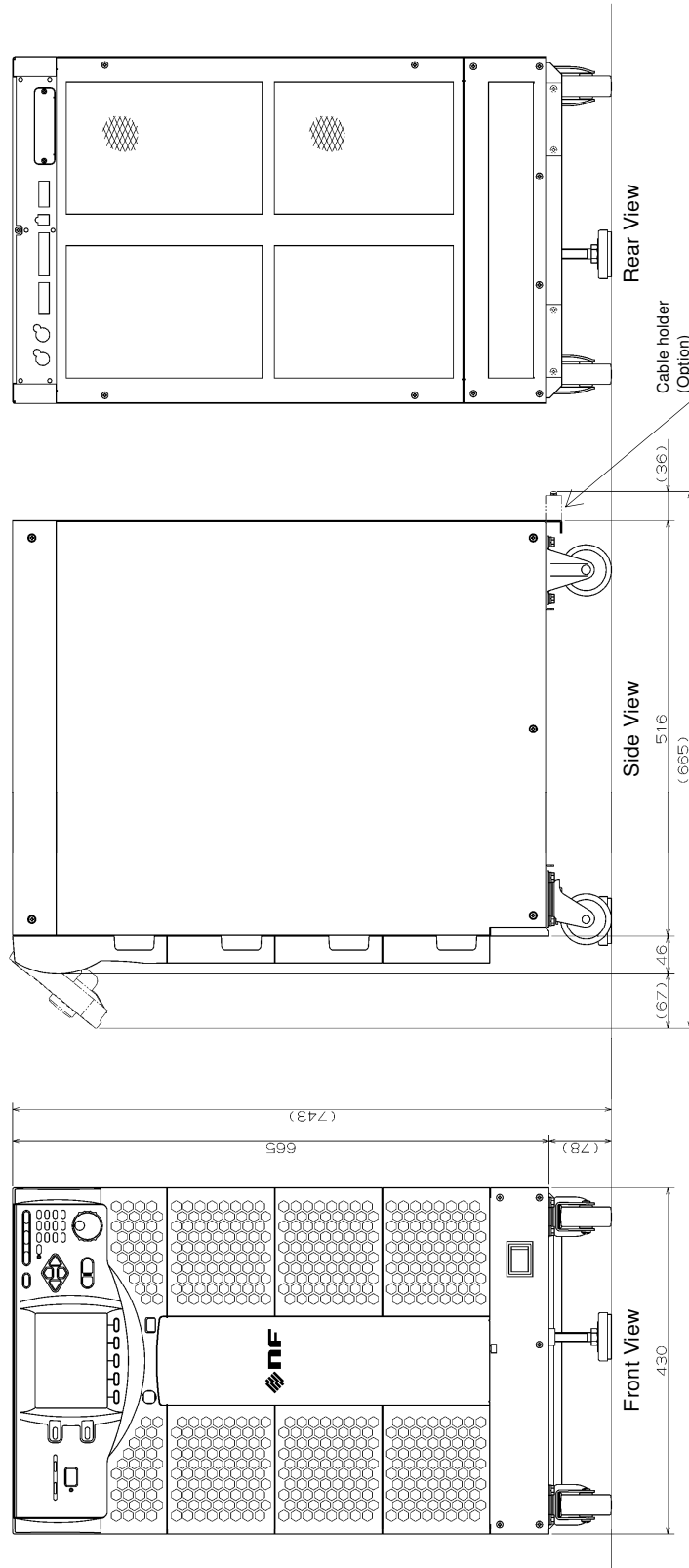


Figure 10-3 DP045GS, DP045GT, DP045GM, DP060GS, DP060GD (Type 2 cabinet)

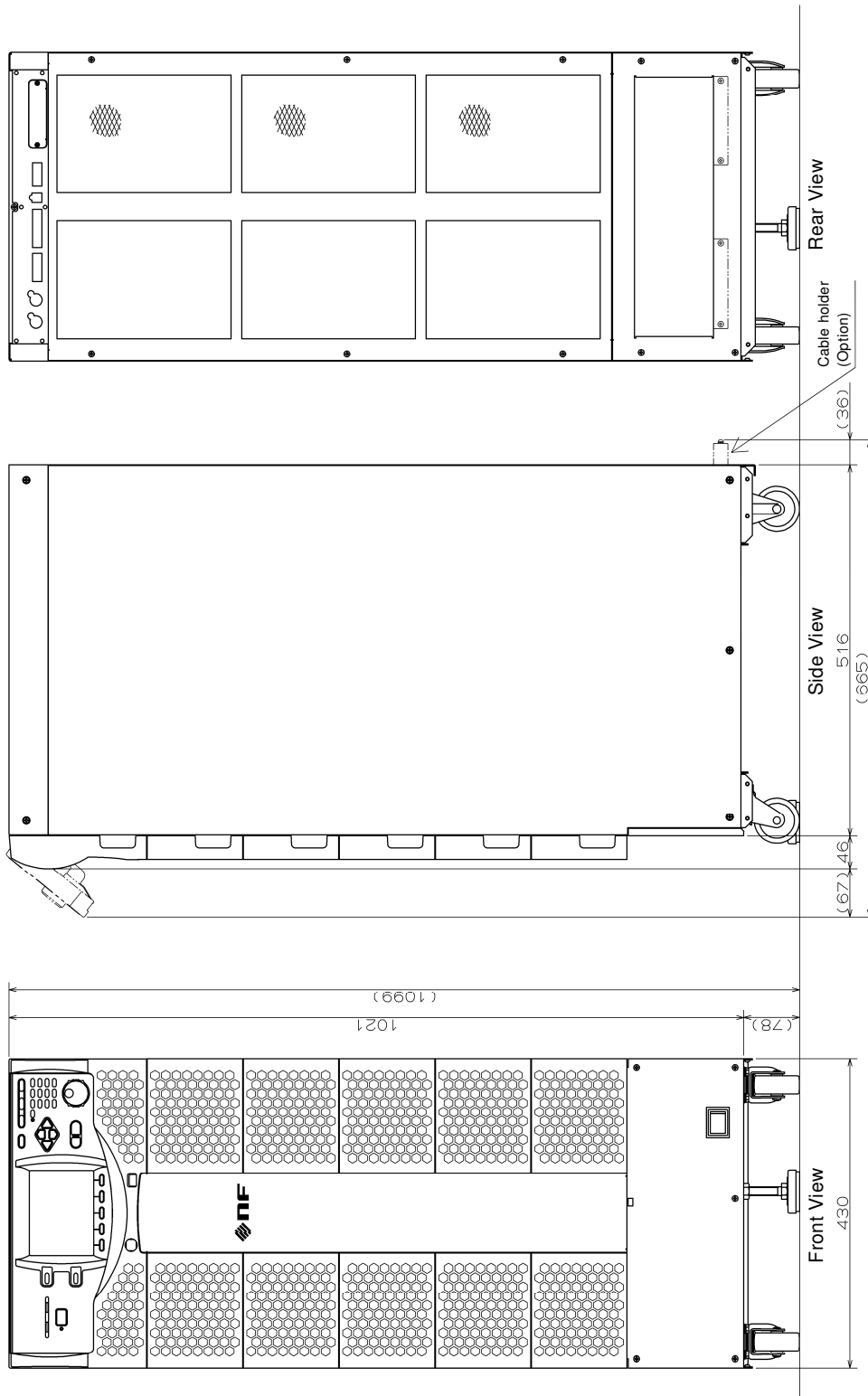


Figure 10-4 DP075GS, DP090GS, DP090GD, DP090GT (Type 3 cabinet)

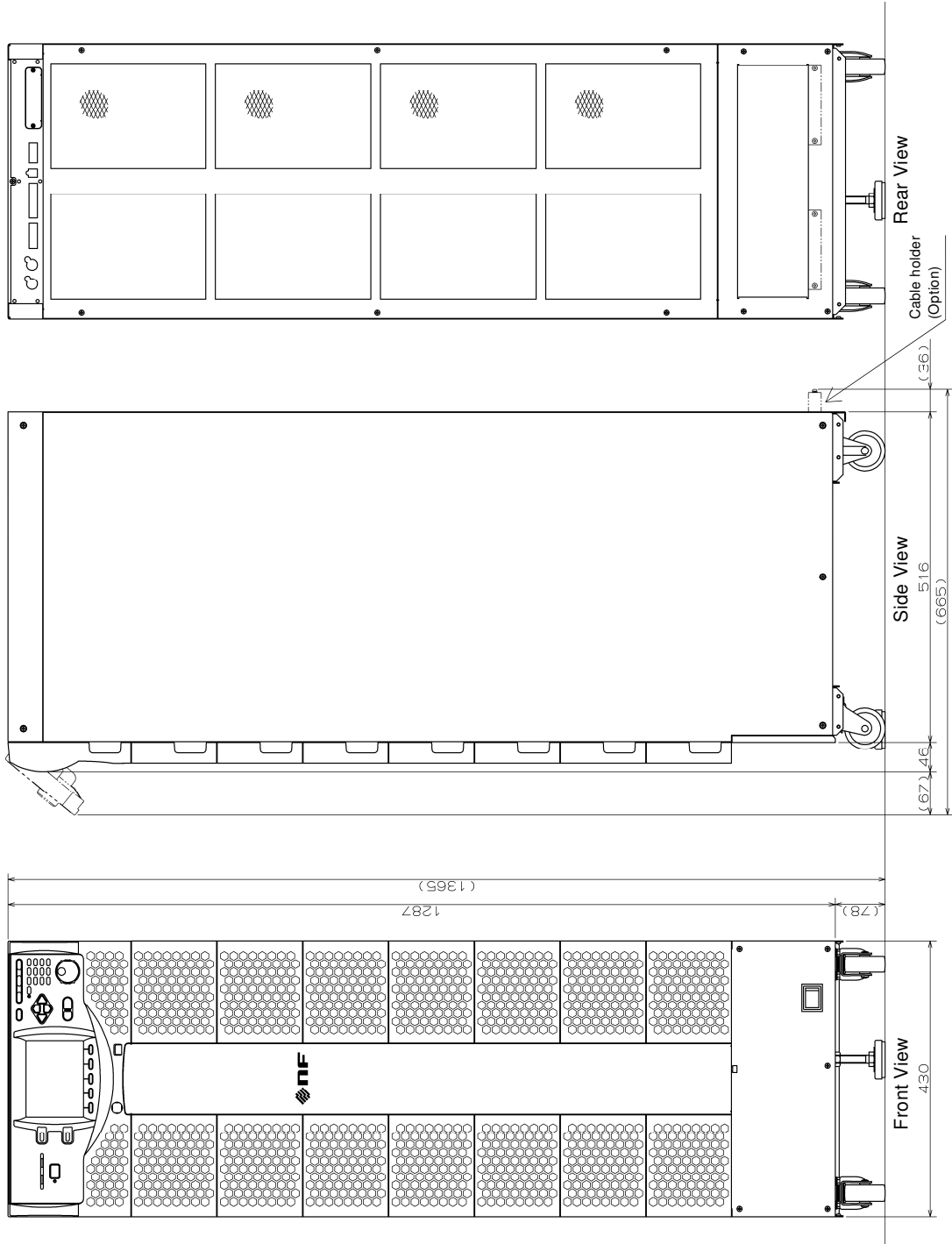


Figure 10-5 DP090GM, DP105GS, DP120GS, DP120GD (Type 4 cabinet)

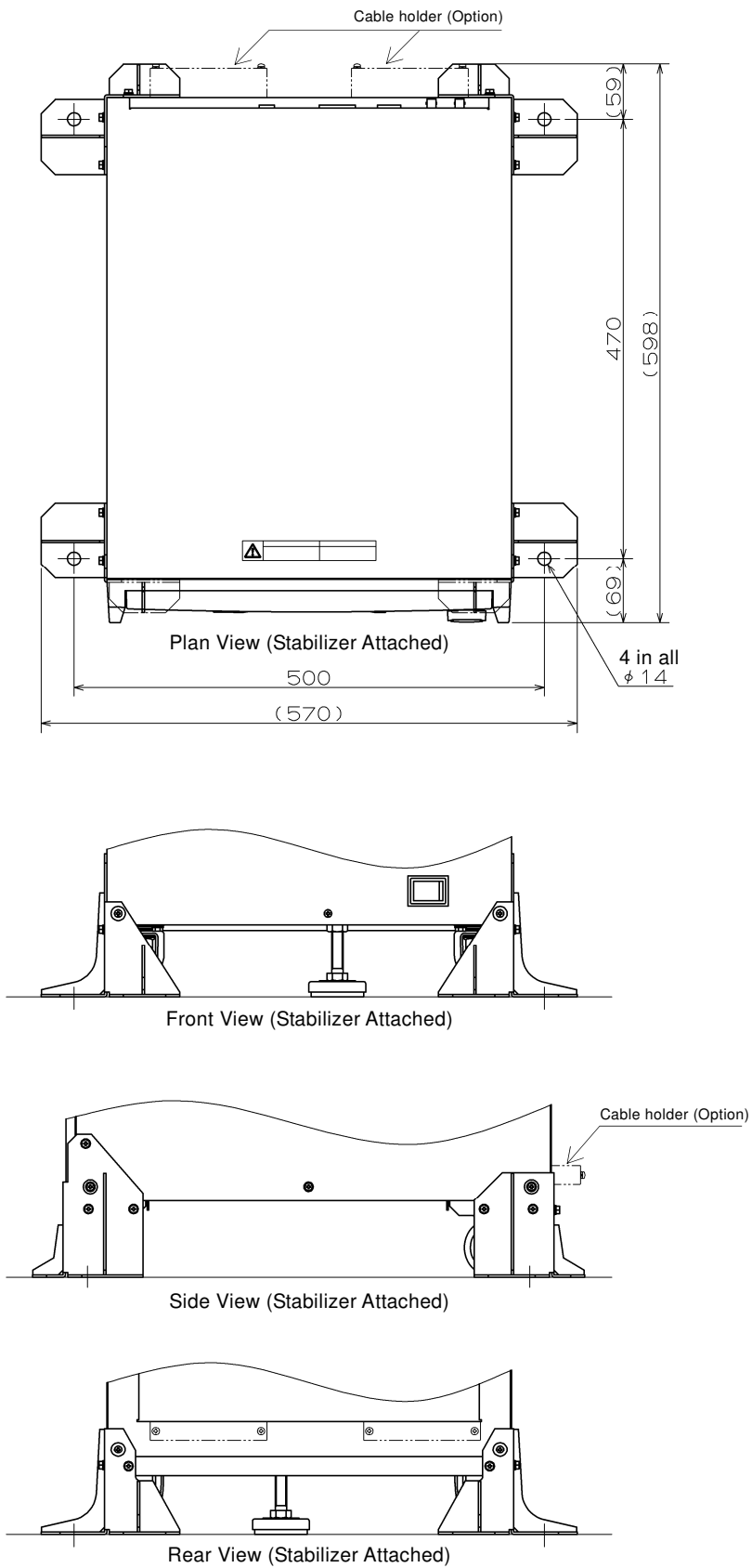


Figure 10-6 Stabilizer Installation Drawing (Type 3, Type 4 cabinet only)

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All NF products are warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment. During the warranty period, NF will repair the defective product without any charge for the parts and labor.

For repair service under warranty, the product must be returned to either NF or an agent designated by NF. The Purchaser shall prepay all shipping cost, duties and taxes for the product to NF from another country, and NF shall pay shipping charges to return the product to the purchaser.

This warranty shall not apply when corresponding to following particulars.

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- C) Failure caused by repair, adjustment, or modification of the product by a company, organization, or individual not approved by NF.
- D) Failure caused by abnormal voltage or the influence of equipment connected to this product.
- E) Failure caused by the influence of supply parts from the customer.
- F) Failure caused by such as corrosion that originate in the use of causticity gas, organic solvent, and chemical.
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Programmable AC Power Source DP-G Series
Instruction Manual

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